"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and warmer today; Tuesday cloudy, probable showers; moderate south winds.
For full weather report see Page 22.

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TROOPS SENT TO OMAHA; MOB FIRES COURT HOUSE WITH BOMBS, ATTACKS NEGROES, LYNCHES ONE, NEARLY LYNCHES MAYOR; STEEL STRIKE TEST TODAY; BRITISH CRISIS WELL IN HAND

WILSON RETURNS TO WASHINGTON WORN AND SHAKEN

Is Able to Walk from Train to Motor Car, but Plainly Shows Weakness.

SECLUDED AT WHITE HOUSE

Takes a Short Afternoon Drive and Is Reported Improved Last Night.

MAY LEAVE THE CAPITAL

Forbidden to Receive Political Callers and, Especially, to Discuss the Treaty Struggle.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—President Wilson arrived in Washington at 11 o'clock this morning. He walked unsupported through the station to his automobile, and went immediately to the White House, where the doors were closed to all visitors except members of his family. This afternoon he was taken for a brief motor ride.

Mr. Wilson's general condition appeared to be somewhat improved tonight. At 10 o'clock Admiral Grayson, after visiting the President, issued this bulletin:

The President has had a fairly comfortable day. He had a short motor ride this afternoon. GRAYSON.

Admiral Grayson will endeavor to keep the President in seclusion for many days to come, and has suggested that he might demand that Mr. Wilson leave Washington if it is found impossible to obtain for him here a period of complete rest.

The President experienced an uncomfortable night on the way from Pittsburgh to Washington. On the train at 10 o'clock this morning Dr. Grayson issued this bulletin:

The President had a poor night's rest but he is doing as well as could be expected in the circumstances.

When the President stepped from the special train this morning his face was drawn and there were other evidences of his extreme nervous condition. The first to greet the President was his daughter, Miss Margaret Wilson, who came running down the trainshed when the special pulled in.

As soon as the train arrived the President got off and passed through the station with Mrs. Wilson, his daughter, Admiral Grayson and the bodyguard of Secret Service men. A crowd of perhaps 1,000 men and women had collected in the station, all anxious to see how the President would look in view of the reports which had been sent out from the train. Cheering was started when the President appeared, and he raised his hat several times in response. There was a group of wounded soldiers on a bench in the Red Cross canteen, and when they applauded him, the President smiled and nodded.

Word had gone out that no one should attempt to arrange for an engagement with the President or bring to his attention in any manner whatsoever the question of the contest over the Peace Treaty or other problems which are holding the stage.

This order, issued by Admiral Grayson, extended even to Senator Hitchcock, leader of the Administration forces in the Senate.

It is Dr. Grayson's intention, if he can enforce the schedule, to insist that the President shall not receive any of the Democratic Senators or discuss with any one the treaty situation in the Senate until he is satisfied that Mr. Wilson has made a very material gain in strength. It is probable that Admiral Grayson will call other physicians in consultation and that a definite decision then will be made as to whether the President will be permitted to remain in Washington.

Admiral Grayson is satisfied that the President is not suffering from any organic trouble. But the nervous exhaustion had reached a point where the President found it exceedingly difficult to control himself at times, and it was obvious that further effort on his part to keep actively in the fight might bring about serious complications.

The President was able to take his short automobile ride this afternoon, but vigorous exercise of any kind was forbidden. Dr. Grayson hopes that open-air treatment, with complete rest, may bring relief. But exercise such as golf has been tabooed for some time to come.

Of chief concern to those who are watching the President's health is his evident disinclination to give up participation in the treaty contest, and to consider a situation where he would not be able to take an active part in the conference between labor and capital which he has called for Oct. 6. But unless there is a very great improvement in the President's condition

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TRY McK & R CALOX
The Oxygen Dentrifice.—Advt.

Post and Telegraph Strike Threatened in Holland

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 28, (Associated Press.)—The possibility of a general post, telegraph, and cable strike in Holland depends upon interpellations in Parliament by Socialist members on Tuesday.

At a meeting here today the employes decided to follow any demand of the leaders, but it is reported that the plan to begin the strike tonight has been abandoned until the Government answers the Socialists regarding higher wages.

Because of the strike in England no mails reached Holland today.

SAY AMENDMENTS HAVE NO CHANCE

Observers of Treaty Fight Think Reservations Will Be Adopted, One Being Modified.

THAT RELATES TO ARTICLE X.

With Compromise on This One, Republicans Count on 51 Votes for Their Program.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—With President Wilson back at the White House, leaders in the Senate battle over the League of Nations covenant in the Versailles Treaty were ready today to enter into the last stage of the struggle, with both the Republicans and Democrats claiming the advantage.

Although Democratic leaders are anxious to confer with the President to discuss the situation as it now exists after his transcontinental trip, Senator Hitchcock, leader of the minority forces, said he did not expect to see Mr. Wilson for several days. The President, he understood, had been forbidden by his physician, Dr. Grayson, to take up the treaty situation, or any other pressing matters, until entirely rested.

Mr. Hitchcock would tell the President, he said, that the treaty situation was exactly where it was when Mr. Wilson left on his tour. That meant, he said, that the fight of the Republican leaders for textual amendments would be ineffectual and that the prospects for putting through the stringent reservations urged by the majority of the Foreign Relations Committee likewise would be defeated.

The Nebraskan wired President Wilson toward the middle of last week, it develops, telling him that no change had come in the situation since Mr. Wilson's departure from the capital. This telegram was sent about the time President Wilson came out with his denunciation of Democratic Senators who, Mr. Wilson had been informed, were secretly talking of supporting the Johnson amendment to equalize the votes of the United States and Great Britain in the League of Nations Assembly, together with reservations similar to those reported out by the committee.

While Mr. Hitchcock feels confident that the Johnson amendment will be defeated, some of the Republican leaders are disposed to challenge his prophesy, contending that, when the vote comes, they will muster enough support to win. As THE NEW YORK TIMES has frequently stated in these dispatches, Republican leaders are making no claims for any amendment except that of Senator Johnson. They never have been able to count enough votes to adopt any of the others.

As the Situation Appears Now.

As the Senate situation appears, upon the President's return, to unbiased observers, this is the way the battle is likely to go:

1. The majority amendments will all be defeated.

2. The four reservations urged by the majority will be adopted, but with the assured prospect of an appreciable change as to that relating to Article X.

The three committee reservations, touching upon withdrawal, with, the United States determining if its obligations have been fulfilled; the Monroe Doctrine, and purely domestic questions, such as immigration and the tariff, are declared by the Republican leaders to have the support of every Republican, together with the votes of at least two Democrats, Reed of Missouri, and Gore of Oklahoma.

As the majority leaders view the situation, a compromise will be effected upon the reservation of Article X, involving the guarantee of territorial integrity of members of the league, by the time the vote on reservations is reported. They consider it probable that the reservation submitted to the President on his trip, and which he read to an audience at Salt Lake City, denouncing it as a "knife thrust at the heart of the league," may be the one upon which the compromise will be based.

With a compromise on Article X, the Republican leaders predict that the vote that will carry the reservations will be: Republicans, 49; Democrats, 2.

It may be, the Republican leaders say, that they will have two or three more

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FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES
Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

BRITISH OFFICIALS SHOW OPTIMISM AS STRIKE GOES ON

Are Utilizing Against Railroad Tieup Plans Framed to Meet German Invasion.

GREAT RUSH OF VOLUNTEERS

Skilled Drivers Offer Services, and 80,000 Private Motors Are Tendered Government.

SITUATION LITTLE CHANGED

Traffic Virtually Suspended, but Food Distribution Is Reported "Proceeding Smoothly."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, Sept. 29.—The Government has the strike situation well in hand. This assurance was given last night as the reply to an inquiry addressed to one in authority at Downing Street. Ministers were coming and going all day yesterday, and there was great organizing activity in all the departments concerned with the strike; but there were no signs of a crisis anywhere about Whitehall.

Certain measures to meet the emergency had to be thought out before the decisive action taken by the railway men's executive, and these measures have been applied swiftly and with complete absence of ostentation, so that very few Londoners know of them at all. The Transport Ministry, the War Office, the Ministry of Food, the Home Office, and the Board of Trade have been jointly and principally concerned in the organization of such a system of road transport as would have been brought into operation had England been invaded in the course of the war and the capital had been cut off. This is operating to maintain a supply of necessary foodstuffs and is increasing in efficiency with the help of volunteer workers, skilled and unskilled.

What has encouraged the Government as much as anything during the past two days is the promptness with which citizens of all classes have come forward in response to the call for volunteers. This is why it has been possible to dispatch trains in certain directions and thus to limit the hardships of a number of strike-bound passengers. This service, it is hoped, will gradually be extended so as to insure, if not regular passenger traffic, at least the maintenance of mail services.

80,000 Private Motors Offered.

Volunteer workers have come forward in thousands to assist in the transport of food. The headquarters of the Royal Automobile Club and the Automobile Association were scenes of activity and the officials there have had no rest since 8 o'clock Saturday morning.

Important conferences have taken place between the heads of Government departments and these private owners' associations which resulted yesterday afternoon in the development of a big scheme of food distribution. Approximately 80,000 motor vehicles in all parts of the kingdom and the complete resources of the motor associations have been placed at the disposal of the Government.

So extraordinary was yesterday's response to the official request for skilled volunteer motor drivers that at the London divisional office in Portman Square the doors had to be closed periodically to enable the clerks to deal with the rush. Titled women in rich furs stood at the registration desks with discharged members of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps and soldiers who had just been demobilized. A very large proportion of women volunteers were included in the registration. By canceling the sale of motor transport the Government can supply all the volunteers it needs, and yesterday loads of motor cycles were being removed from the depots where they had been deposited since they were withdrawn from war service.

As a result of a conference of railway superintendents Sunday, each railway system today will begin a skeleton service of trains run on suburban lines from daybreak to sundown. The trains will run at fairly frequent intervals, but not after dark, as, owing to the signalmen being on strike, hand signals will have to be used. A few main line trains are being arranged for, but preference everywhere will be given to food transport. Yesterday a few trains were run on various lines, but there was nothing approaching a regular service.

Notwithstanding the strike, thousands of people traveled into the suburbs, mostly on pleasure trips, with the result that street cars and buses were crammed everywhere to overflowing.

Ministers Against Extra Session.

The parliamentary correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says:

"While no steps toward reopening negotiations were in evidence this

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HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 71 Broadway.—Advt.

Spanish Troops in Morocco Storm Raisuli's Positions

MADRID, Sept. 28.—Dispatches from the Spanish High Commission in Morocco say that Spanish troops from Tetuan, acting against the bandit Raisuli, have occupied the positions of Conice and Harcha, while detachments from El Arish and Ceuta are still fighting.

Raisuli is said to be endeavoring to provoke uprisings among the Douars, who had given their submission to Spain, his object apparently being to prevent the concentration of Spanish troops.

The High Commissioner reports defections among the new recruits of the Spanish forces in the operations against Raisuli. A detachment of police trying to join a column operating against the Waras fell into ambush and part of the detachment went over to the enemy.

CONFIDENCE VOTE GIVEN TO NITTI

Italian Premier Wins Victory by 208 to 140 After Fist Fights in Chamber.

TITTONI WARNS DEPUTIES

Says Break with Allies Would Be Folly of Which Nation Would Soon Repent.

ROME, Sept. 28, (Associated Press.)—A vote of confidence in Premier Nitti was given by the Chambers of Deputies, which continued in session, last night. The Government received 208 votes to 140.

The Assembly was extremely tumultuous. There were personal encounters between several of the Deputies.

Says Italy Would Lose Place in World.

Tommaso Tittoni, the Foreign Minister, in his speech dealing with the situation growing out of the Fiume incident, insisted that Italy must remain in unity with her allies. He offered to resign in favor of any member who believed that he could handle the problem better.

The Foreign Minister had gone over the course of the peace negotiations at Paris, paying particular attention to the status of President Wilson in the peace activities, and pointing out that the Italian delegates had had to adopt an attitude of compromise because, while France and Great Britain had assured Italy of their support, they had avoided going beyond the point in which they would have come into conflict with President Wilson. The Foreign Minister went on:

"I should be a traitor if I did not recommend the avoidance of a course which would put Italy in open opposition to the Peace Conference, which would mean Italy's abandonment of the conference, with the loss of all the advantages coming from the peace treaties, with our complete isolation, with the renunciation of our position as a great power—the committing of a folly of which we would soon repent.

Offers to Resign as Minister.

"If any one will rise in the Chamber who is confident he could attain better conditions, I am ready to cede my place immediately in the interests of the country, thanking him for the relief from the heavy burden.

"It is indispensable that Italy be united in an accord with her allies. The alliance formed for the war must necessarily continue during the peace."

Speaking of Italy's former enemies, the Foreign Minister said:

"We wish a democratic evolution to occur in Germany to obliterate any remains of Prussian militarism; we wish Hungary and Bulgaria to become elements of the peace and equilibrium of Eastern Europe, while as for Austria, now that we have reached the tops of the Alps, our natural frontier, we are ready to consider the Austrians as brothers."

Referring to Asia Minor, he said:

"This problem will return for the Peace Conference at the end of October, when President Wilson will declare whether America will accept a mandate in Turkey or Armenia."

The Foreign Minister's statement was followed by a lively discussion in the Chamber. Deputy Don Colonnas di Cesaro, a Nationalist, strongly criticised what he referred to as the submissive attitude of the Italian delegation at the Peace Conference. As to the Council of Four, he said, where three of the members spoke English while Premier Orlando did not understand a word, he resembled another figure, "not between two, but among three thieves."

The majority of the members in the Chamber and the Government representatives protested against this comparison.

"No formula will be acceptable which does not give Fiume to Italy," the Deputy concluded.

The Socialists interrupted with cries of "Italy does not want another war!" and "The soldiers will desert!"

Deputy Eugenio Chiesa, who had just

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

UNION CHIEFS RALLY WORKERS FOR TEST OF STRENGTH TODAY

But Steel Companies Predict That Thousands of Strikers Will Return to Old Jobs.

APPEAL TO PITTSBURGH MEN

Organizers Address Many Meetings and Visit Homes to Exhort Employes to Remain Out.

GATHERINGS ARE ORDERLY

Carnegie Steel Company Reports Still More Men Back, and Key Plant Operations Near Normal.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28.—The Pittsburgh steel district is at high tension tonight awaiting the supreme effort tomorrow morning to break up the deadlock in the steel strike. Both the unions and the companies took advantage of Sunday to line up their supporters. Speakers from the strike headquarters were sent to indoor meetings in steel towns to rally the strikers, and hundreds of paid organizers and volunteers visited homes to exhort the men to stand firm and to resist the influences set at work by the company to bring them back tomorrow when a general resumption of work will be attempted in mills.

Quiet prevailed throughout the entire district during the day. The meetings were orderly, but the audiences appeared to be somewhat apathetic. By the order of the Sheriff, English was the only language in which speeches were permitted, and the fact that many in the audiences could not understand, and that many were understood imperfectly, probably led to the appearance of indifference which marked the meetings.

The Carnegie Steel Company reported that more strikers returned to work today than on any day since the strike began, and that the next few days would see a breaking up of the strike. Big desertions from the ranks of the strikers tomorrow are predicted.

Twenty automobiles belonging to strikers were parked outside the strike meeting at Large, Penn., which was attended by 400 strikers from Clairton, who had no hall of their own town. Each of the speakers told the strikers that they had the strike won if they stood fast and resist all efforts to induce them to break back to work tomorrow. The speakers also admonished the men to be orderly, not to congregate in groups, and not to allow themselves to be drawn into altercations with the State constabulary. They told the strikers not to be worried about the activity in the mills, because the smoke pouring from the stacks was produced by the clerical forces of the companies to deceive the newspapers as to the extent of the success of the strike.

Predict Victory in a Week.

The pretence that the men were striking because of oppression and poor wages was discarded by the organizers in their addresses in the prosperous towns to men who came frequently in automobiles and wearing clothes which would not be inconspicuous at a race track. The substance of their talks was that they had the power, if they stood by the American Federation of Labor, to force the companies to give them more and more money and shorter and shorter hours. In one week, predicted the speakers, whose addresses bore a close family resemblance, Judge Gary and their representatives would be meeting at a big round table and settling things.

Secretary W. Z. Foster of the committee organizing the strike said today that he believed the strikers were in a much stronger position than they were last Monday. He predicted that the Bethlehem strike today would be a success and that the strikers would make their power heavily felt in the works of Jones and Laughlin in Pittsburgh, the largest independent plant in the district, which has so far kept its working force almost intact.

Foster's attack tomorrow morning will be characterized by an effort to call out skilled labor, which generally failed to join the strike in the first instance. The attack on the Jones & Laughlin plant on Monday will be led by General Organizer C. J. Boyle of the Electrical Workers, who will make an effort to get the Electrical Trainmen and Electricians in that plant and other large plants to join the strike. Two years ago the Jones & Laughlin plant had to be closed down, chiefly because of the strike of less than twenty electricians, who were engaged in running the electric trains moving steel from plant to plant. The defection of a handful of skilled men in most of the big plants would cripple them more seriously than the loss of several hundred common laborers. Very few skilled men have joined Foster's organization, and very few are striking, but the organizers hope to win men from strategic positions in the plants by pointing out that they hold the balance of

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Strike Leader Foster, as Late as 1915, Advocated Overthrow of All Government and Law Courts

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Before the Senate in Washington, John Fitzpatrick and Samuel Gompers explained away "Syndicalism," the book of which W. Z. Foster, organizer of the steel strike, was a co-author with Earl C. Ford in 1912, as the impressionistic views of a young man who has since discarded them and taken a constructive position. But late in 1915 Mr. Foster wrote a second book, this time on "Trade Unionism, the Road to Freedom." A perusal of its pages shows the author still agitating for an economic revolution which would put the workers in control of the means of production and abolish the wage and profits system.

Here are a few excerpts which seem to be an extremist radical interpretation of the destiny of trade unions:

"It is purest assumption to state that the trade unions would balk at the overthrow of the wages system. True, the trade union movement itself doesn't generally propagate the idea that it aims at the overthrow of the wages system. But this is because it has not yet become conscious of its full mission."

In Chapter VI, after "a glimpse into the future," Mr. Foster is found extolling the "anti-Stateism" theory as popular with the syndicalists. He dwells upon the beauties of a society without government.

"Under the new order, as pictured above," says the book, "government such as we know it would gradually disappear in an era of science and justice. This makeshift institution, having lost its usefulness, would shrivel and die.

"Criminal courts, police, jails, and the like, would go also. Crime is due almost wholly to poverty. In a reign of plenty for all it would practically disappear."

BETHLEHEM READY FOR STRIKE TODAY

Extra Police are Equipped and Mayor Warns Disorder Will Not Be Tolerated.

WILLIAMS PREDICTS TIEUP

Union Leader Says He Wants Arbitration, and if Refused Will Ask for Senate Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Sept. 28.—Tension everywhere in Bethlehem, on the streets, at police headquarters, and in the offices of strike leaders, marked the eve of the walkout of the 30,000 employes in the steel plants of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation called for 6 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Police from the Northampton Heights force were rushed to 704 William Street to break up a meeting of an alleged Soviet school conducted by a group of radical Russians. Mounted men patrolled the vicinity of the plants. Riot sticks were issued to the 150 new police sworn in during the last few days, and all have been ordered to be present at police headquarters tomorrow morning at 5 o'clock. Orders have been issued to keep everybody moving and to frustrate all attempts at picketing.

Archibald Johnston, Mayor of Bethlehem, issued a proclamation warning all persons against assembling in the streets in groups of more than three persons. Two hundred copies have been placarded broadcast over the town. A similar proclamation was issued this afternoon by George Brown, Burgess of Northampton Heights.

David Williams, general organizer for the American Federation of Labor, said that all of the steel plants would be tied up in the morning. He said that all organized labor in the Bethlehem plants wanted was Government regulation of private industry to insure the steel mill employes the same rate of wages granted to the miners, the shipyard workers, the railroad men, the navy yard employes, and the sailors. He denied that he was a Bolshevik, and said if he caught any man expressing Bolshevist sentiments he would have him arrested.

Says Labor Wants Arbitration.

Arbitration is the only thing that will settle the difficulty and organized labor is ready now to arbitrate, Mr. Williams said. He added that the Bethlehem Steel officials would be given a few hours to agree to arbitration and that if they refused a letter will be sent to Senator Kenyon asking him to investigate the conditions in the Bethlehem Steel plants.

"Somebody will get into trouble if the Senate investigates the condition of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation's business, and it will not be the employes," said Mr. Williams.

The proclamation of Mayor Johnston reads:

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, Printed notices, dated Pittsburgh, Penn., Sept. 25, 1919, have been posted and distributed in our vicinity by certain persons, calling upon employes in the iron and steel industry in our city, and in other cities, to strike, and

Whereas, The great majority of wage earners requested to strike are not affiliated with labor organizations and desire to exercise their lawful right to continue to earn a living for themselves and those depending upon them, and

Whereas, Our citizens resent being dictated to by persons not connected

Continued on Page Two.

GRILL ROOM AT THE PLAZA
NOW OPEN.
Tea, Dinner and Supper Dances.—Advt.

BLOW OPEN 7 SAFES IN LOFT BUILDING

Watchman, Discovering Intruders, Beaten Into Unconsciousness by the Thieves.

POLICE RAID COFFEE HOUSES

$15,000 Apartment Burglary Reported; Auto Bandits Hold Up Cafe and Take $1,400.

Seven safes were blown open early yesterday morning in the loft building at 103 Canal Street. Going his rounds for the last time before quitting for the day, Samuel Lazarus, a watchman, found the front door open. As he entered the hallway six men seized and beat him. Lazarus then was thrown out on the sidewalk, where he was found unconscious and was taken to Gouverneur Hospital.

Detectives from the Clifton Street Station assigned to the case discovered the safes. The police said "nothing was taken" from the safes. Members of the firms involved could not be reached for their version.

On the second floor, occupied by Richmond Brothers, three safes were blown. Two safes in the offices of Masir & Herman, on the third floor, were opened, and two others on the fourth floor, occupied by Weimar & Schear. Several hours after the discovery, Harry Feinberg, a cloakmaker of 122 Hester Street, was arrested on suspicion of burglary.

In the same precinct that the cracksmen picked for their work a series of raids on east side coffee houses was staged by a big squad of raiders under Inspector Boettler. The visits of the police, aimed ostensibly at alleged gamblers—the frequenters of the small restaurants often play cards for coffee—resulted in much damage to several places. Last night at least one proprietor was preparing to seek legal redress.

Burglars entered the apartment of Frederick Bruce, at 869 Madison Avenue, late in August and stole $15,000 worth of clothes, furs, and furniture, it was learned yesterday. They also smashed furniture and scattered it about the rooms.

At the time of the entry the Bruce family was in the country. They returned yesterday. Mrs. Bruce said the police notified them of the burglary when it occurred.

Automobile bandits visited the café and hotel of John J. Hanley, at Broadway and Ninety-fourth Street, early yesterday, and, after holding up Mr. Hanley, escaped with nearly $1,400. Hanley said four bandits entered the café as he was about to close up. A six-footer, apparently the leader, pointed a revolver at him and said:

"Now, Mr. Hanley, we know you have lots of money. Besides the money, you have lots of brains. Use your brains and give us all your money."

While Hanley was kept "covered" by the spokesman his three companions took $300 from the cash register. They then ordered Hanley to open the safe. When he said he had forgotten the combination the leader fired a shot over his shoulder. Hanley then remembered the combination, and $1,007 was taken from the safe.

The robbers then went back of the bar and took several drinks. Smoking some of Hanley's best cigars, they slowly strolled up Broadway, with the

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion.—Advt.

THOUSANDS ENGAGE IN RIOT

City, Roused by Negro Attacks on Women, Turns to Violence.

MAYOR HANGED TWICE

He Is Taken Away Unconscious from His Hurts and Is in a Critical Condition.

NEGRO SECTION MENACED

Six to Eight Men Killed and a Score Wounded in Clashes With Police.

OMAHA, Neb., Monday, Sept. 29.—Will Brown, a forty-five-year-old negro, was lynched here last night by a mob of 5,000 after the new $1,000,000 Douglas County Court House here, upon the top floor of which the jail is situated, had been practically destroyed by flames caused by fire bombs thrown into the building from the other side of the street.

From six to eight men were killed, probably twenty injured, many negroes dragged from street cars and beaten and thousands of dollars' damage done by the mob.

In the midst of the turmoil an abortive attempt was made to "lynch" Mayor E. P. Smith, when he appeared to appeal to the mob.

A report came from police headquarters early this morning that Mayor Smith died of his injuries, but this proved untrue. It was said that his condition was critical, however.

The Mayor had gone to the Court House and held a consultation with Sheriff Clark. Emerging from the Court House, he met the mob and began to make an appeal for law and order. Somebody shouted "lynch him," and a member of the mob threw a rope around his neck.

Several men dragged the Mayor half a block and threw the loose end of the rope over a trolley pole. Twice they drew the Mayor's body from the ground. Each time two policemen cut the rope.

Following the second attempt officers got the Mayor into a motor car and rushed him to a surgeon's office. The Mayor was bleeding from the mouth and nose and after a brief examination was taken to a hospital. At midnight he was unconscious.

According to another story the Mayor came out of the jail with a pistol.

"Give us the nigger," yelled the crowd.

"I can't do it, boys," answered the Mayor.

The report that Mayor Smith had shot a soldier spread through the mob. He was seized by some of the rioters and rushed down Harney Street to Sixteenth, where stands a traffic box.

"Hang the Mayor; he won't give us the nigger," yelled some of the mob.

Somebody got a rope. The Mayor's face was cut and bruised and covered with blood but he was game.

The Central Police Station, where one last automobile load of police was being held for an emergency, was telephoned, and reserves were rushed to the rescue of the Mayor.

The mob met the police car, and as the policemen piled out of the car they were captured and the car was overturned and set on fire.

The attempt to lynch him, according to this version, was then given up.

In response to the call of the city authorities Federal troops are on the way from Fort Crook and Fort Omaha. They had been held under arms for four hours, awaiting permission from Washington.

Just before midnight the fire in the Court House was brought under control, the mob was dispersing fast, and it was believed that the Sheriff's force and his prisoners were safe.

At midnight some of the mob had

gone to the North Side, where 3,000 negroes live. They were dragging with them the dead body of the negro who was lynched by being strung up to an electric light pole. The mob threatens to burn out the negro settlement.

At a late hour some of the rioters started for the house of Police Commissioner Dean Ringer with threats to lynch him. The report has spread among the mob that Ringer shot and killed a nine-year-old boy.

A patrol wagon was stopped by the mob, overturned and burned. The mob appeared to be bent on still more depredations.

The riot centred about the Court House building, which was attacked in efforts to reach Brown, who was charged with attacking Agnes Lobeck, a white girl, a few days ago.

At 10 o'clock a fire bomb was thrown into a window of the Court House. Cans filled with gasoline were thrown through other windows. Soon the building was ablaze in every window and on four floors.

The police retreated to the fifth floor and the mob tried to follow. The police fired.

One man, supposed to be Charles Clancey, wearing a soldier's uniform, was shot through the heart. Four other members of the mob were shot and were taken to the Y. M. C. A. across the street. Police on the fifth floor screamed out of the windows for help.

"Jump out of the window," answered the mob, "or throw out the nigger."

With the flames mounting steadily from floor to floor, Sheriff Michael Clark and his deputies fought a grim battle of hours to save Brown from those who clamored for his life, but at 11 o'clock, with the cries of the 100 or more prisoners on the top floor (the jail floor) ringing in his ears, he was compelled to surrender the prisoner who was promptly hanged.

After the lynching the firemen were for the first time able to get a stream on the flames. At the same time additional extension ladders were sent to the third and fourth floors, where many of the occupants were standing on window ledges on the one side of the building that had not been touched by the flames.

The entire fire department was on the scene and many of the trucks were rushed to fire houses to secure extra hose, as the mob had cut much of it.

The negro had been pulled out on the south side of the Court House, giving the firemen an opportunity to work on the north side, where the fire started.

It was in the afternoon that the crowds first began to assemble in the vicinity of the Court House and Sheriff Clark, who feared for his prisoner, massed a number of deputies in the jail. To his force was added uniformed police officers.

Chief of Police Eberstein climbed on top of a box and appealed to the crowd to disperse, but he was hooted down and had considerable difficulty extricating himself and getting into the Court House building.

Just after dark a mob began sacking downtown gun and ammunition stores and supplied themselves with weapons and explosives, the police being powerless to prevent them.

Soon the crowd about the Court House reached large proportions, every street within a radius of four or five blocks being jammed with humanity.

Two negro policemen who were among the officers rushed to the scene were badly beaten, one of them receiving dangerous injuries. Several other officers were hurt.

Three streams of water were turned on the crowd from windows, but this apparently only served to anger them further, and a fusillade of bricks and other missiles followed, during which every window in the building was smashed. Hundreds of shots were also fired.

The mob continued its attack, breaking every window on the south side of the structure. The door was guarded by uniformed officers, but the rioters obtained a rope and ladder and began pouring through the second-story windows. The police and deputies inside fought desperately and succeeded in throwing them out.

Every police reserve in the city had been summoned, but by 8 o'clock the situation had got quite beyond the local force and a request was made to the War Department to send troops from Fort Crook and Fort Omaha. Major Weiss, commandant at Fort Crook, at once began putting his men into readiness to entrain on street cars for the city.

The interior of the Court House became a mass of flames by 10 o'clock, and, forced by the heat, a large part of the mob moved back from the building on the north side. They gathered again, however, on the south side, where the heat had not become so intense.

At this point a Barbara Fritchie appeared at a window at the north end of the building in the person of an aged woman, wildly waving an American flag, and appealed to the mob to desist.

There were mingled cheers and hoots from the rioters, who yelled for the prisoner whom they sought to lynch. It had the effect, however, of giving the firemen an opportunity to run an extension ladder to the fourth floor from which to take the Sheriff and his deputies and his prisoners who were about to become victims of the flames.

After the flames had burned two hours, a sailor clambered up the side of the building on an unguarded side and got through a window on the fourth floor. He carried a rope with him and this he attached and lowered the end. Other men climbed the rope, and soon fifty members of the mob were in the building, just one floor below the jail.

Finally, the police in the jail waved a white flag from the window. The crowd yelled.

The negro was turned over to the mob on the fourth floor. Ladders were brought from a nearby fire barn and placed against the building.

The negro, absolutely naked, was brought down the ladder. When thirty feet from the ground, those on the ladder threw him off, and he was seized and rushed across the street where he was hanged to a electric light pole.

As quickly as the body got above the heads of the mob, hundreds began shooting. Shot guns, pistols, and rifles were fired until the body was riddled.

After the negro had been surrendered to the mob the police attempted to leave the burning building. The rioters met them at the entrance, took their guns and badges away from them, and beat several of them.

One policeman, a negro, came out of the door on a dead run and kept going so rapidly that he got away from the mob without being injured.

BAKER AGREES TO TROOPS' USE

Those at Forts Omaha and Crook at Disposal of the State.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 28.—Permission to use the troops at Forts Omaha and Crook to help restore order in Omaha, where rioting broke out tonight, has been obtained, according to announcement made by Chief of Police Johnstone here tonight.

Word to this effect had been received, the chief said, by State officials here following a request made to Secretary of War Baker, for authority to employ troops in handling the disturbance.

LOOKS FOR A 'WET' EXODUS.

Many Will Visit Latin America After January, Says Editor.

The arrival of prohibition in the coming year will see a large increase in the flow of people from the United States to other countries, especially to the West Indies and the nations of South America, according to Franklin Adams, editor of the Pan American Union Bulletin, in Washington, who is now traveling on the southern continent.

One result of this, which will react to the advantage of the countries thus invaded, he said in an interview in the Herald of Buenos Aires, Argentina, will be the erection of more and better hotels.

"There are scarcely any places in South America," he is quoted as saying, "where the hotel accommodation is adequate to meet the demand. More Americans will come here, and the American traveling man always wants first-class hotel accommodations."

Travel to the republics in the south will be greatly increased, Mr. Adams predicted, when the United States Shipping Board completes its program of establishing a line of oil-burning steamships which will make the voyage from New York to Buenos Aires in fourteen days.

"These boats," he said, "will be used not so much for cargo as for passengers. Their convenience and rapid transit facilities will attract many to South America. They also will carry some light cargo, such as fruits. Even now apples from California, Washington and Oregon are being sold in Buenos Aires. Goods of all descriptions will be sent as soon as ships can be built to carry them.

"The last year before the war the United States sold more goods in Latin America than any of her competitors, including Great Britain, France, and Germany. America showed her goods were satisfactory and had genuine worth back of them."

FINDS STONE AGE ESKIMOS.

Explorer Discovers Village and Frozen Bodies in Northern Alaska.

NOME, Alaska, Sept. 27.—Discovery of a buried Eskimo village, together with the frozen bodies of eighty of its ancient inhabitants, was made recently by W. B. Van Vallin, of the University of Pennsylvania, who has arrived here on his way to the United States. He has been in the Barrow country for nearly two years gathering relics of what is termed the "Stone Age" of the natives of far northern Alaska.

The bodies of several of the prehistoric Eskimos, which Van Vallin said, differed in the shape of the head, and in other particulars, from present-day Eskimos, have been shipped to the Museum of the University of Pennsylvania.

Boston Park Police Get New Trial.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—The nineteen Metropolitan Park policemen who were discharged recently, after having been found guilty of disobedience of orders for refusing to perform riot duty on Sept. 10, are to have a new trial on Oct. 1, it was announced today by their counsel.

HONORS FOR HEROES.

Medals Given to 3,000 Soldiers at Great Open-Air Meeting.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Sept. 28.—"Let us see that the institutions of this Republic, the American ideals of civilization and right living for which these men fought, are maintained; let us perpetuate them in integrity and strength as a lasting memorial to those who have laid down their lives," declared Governor William G. Sproul today in his address at the first day's ceremony in Harrisburg's welcome to its soldiers and sailors in the war.

Almost 3,000 Harrisburg men who served in the army, navy or marine corps were honored at a great open air meeting. The city gave each a medal, relatives of 125 who were killed or died in the service receiving the posthumous honors. Major S. W. Fleming, Jr., Captain E. J. Stackpole, Jr., and Sergeant Grover C. Sheckard received American or French decorations and their citations were read. The citation of Captain William McCreath was also read.

EXTRA TAX FOR CONSUMER.

Exemption laws in some States should be changed so that debtor merchants may not take advantage of exemptions really intended by the statutes in question to safeguard men with families from the perils of poverty in the event of failure or insolvency, according to J. H. Tregoe, Secretary-Treasurer of the National Association of Credit Men.

The unwarranted return of merchandise, Mr. Tregoe added, in a statement last night, imposes upon business a tax of $25,000,000 annually, which eventually reaches the consumer. Taking advantage of unearned discounts, he said, adds a similarly large burden. The officers and directors of the association believe, according to Mr. Tregoe, that when a merchant finds his affairs in an involved but not necessarily insolvent condition "his first impulse should be toward those who granted him credit, confidence, and capital." This spirit frequently would lead, he thought, not only to saving the debtor's business affairs, but his spirit as well.

Commercial arbitration is urged as a supplement to courts with crowded dockets, that there may be avoidance of burdensome and expensive delays. The statement closes with an appeal for the prevention of needless fire losses.

CHURCH WORKMEN STRIKE.

First Presbyterian Congregation Will Have to Worship at University Place.

A strike was reported at the University Place Presbyterian Chrch, corner of Tenth Street, yesterday. The strike was for $10 a day for workmen on the changes making in the old First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Twelfth Street, and will probably result in the University Place church having to be used all Fall and Winter, instead of the place intended as the home of the recently united churches.

The work was the enlarging of the sanctuary, the installment of a new organ, and the remodeling of the parsonage. Some changes in decoration were also ordered. It was said yesterday that almost no work has been done, owing to the strike. It was also said to be likely that the churches will be retained permanently for part of the Old First work.

CHILEAN LIBERAL PLANS.

They Contemplate a Coalition in View of the 1920 Elections.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 27.—The political situation is clarifying somewhat with the taking of steps for the organization of a great convention of the Liberal parties to nominate a candidate for President in next year's elections. Which way the Liberal strength will be thrown, however, is not yet apparent. The expected Liberal coalition, it is pointed out, may either unite with the Conservatives to nominate a candidate of moderate tendencies, or with the Radicals in choosing a nominee of a well-defined advanced Liberal type.

The Ministry recently named will conduct the Government as an administrative Cabinet until the alignment of the parties has been definitely decided, which is expected to be within the next few days.

TEST OF STRENGTH IN CHICAGO DISTRICT

Unions Exhort Strikers to Hold Out, but Mills Expect Many Men to Go Back Today.

NIGHT SHIFT FORCE GAINS

Eight Arrests in Gary, Two for Seditious Utterances and Five on Charges of Intimidation.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Increased tension but no violence in the Chicago district marked the eve of Monday's test of strength in the steel strike.

In the Calumet district the whistles for the night shifts saw more workers straggling back through the gates. The smoke pall at Gary and South Chicago began to thicken a bit over some of the plants. Nightfall saw more of the red glare back in the sky.

Eight men were arrested in Gary today. Two, Joe Nemeth, a carpenter, and John Rozza, a bricklayer, were taken at a mass meeting of strikers. They are charged by George Bragdon of the Department of Justice with seditious utterances and will be held to the Federal Grand Jury at Crown Point, Ind. Five others were arrested by the Gary slot squad on charges of intimidation. They are: Tony Valencs, Ed Tolentus, Mike Slakus, Joe Gust, and Joe Thaciak.

The eighth arrest was of Joe Sukel, who is held for the Federal authorities.

In the industrial centres the strikers held mass meetings and their leaders spent the day in the field stiffening up the ranks and exhorting the men to stand together. At Gary 4,500 strikers assembled in East Side Park, jumped and yelled when John Klkulski, one of their chiefs and the organizer of the Stock Yards strike, spoke. When the question was put, "Will you go back to work or stay out?" the men gave one howling shriek.

"We'll stay out."

At Gary it was said by United States steel men that more steel was being made than on Friday or Saturday. Four of twelve blast furnaces were said to be in operation and the bessemer plant was going. The slab, rail, billet, plate and merchants mills were said to be running up to the capacity of the steel they were able to get.

Unofficial estimates were that by tomorrow 40 per cent. of the workers will be back at their jobs.

On the streets of Gary and South Chicago there were evidences that a disintegrating process has set in among the older unionists as well as among other elements. The cleavage between the conservative laborites and the radicals seems to be growing.

Where on Monday and Tuesday the strikers talked of little else than the shorter working day, Sunday found many discussing the "poring in" process which Foster and some others urged upon the I. W. W. a few years ago with a view of capturing control of the American Federation of Labor by driving out conservative leaders.

The workers inside the plant at Gary went to church inside the mills on their off shift. A pulpit was put up in the garage and a relay of ministers talked on various subjects.

At Waukegan, Mayor J. F. Bidinger announced the police station would be a central strike distributing agency for families of strikers, none of whom are to go hungry if the city authorities can prevent it through the use of two or three traveling soup kitchens such as men used in the army. The Mayor said the only interest the city officials have in the strike is to preserve order and that if any families went hungry difficult situations might arise.

That the union leaders are preparing for a prolonged tie-up is indicated by the fact two of them are now in Wisconsin, where they have bought two carloads of potatoes at $1.75 a bushel, which will be sold to strikers at cost. It is planned to purchase other commodities in a similar manner.

They are also depending upon the Co-operative Trading Company, which operates a grocery, bakery, butcher shop and dairy, to extend liberal credit to strikers. This concern is capitalized at $55,000 and is backed by national organizations with large resources.

The Socialist Party's National Executive Committee has issued a statement that "an early alignment of the miners and the railroad workers behind the striking steel workers would insure a speedy victory." The committee is meeting at 220 South Ashland Boulevard, this city. It declares the Socialists rejoice in the fact that the steel workers have accepted "the challenge of one of the largest and most powerful combines of capital in the United States."

GOMPERS PREDICTS VICTORY.

Denounces Gary's Attitude to the Steel Strikers.

A full victory for the steel strikers was predicted last night by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, just before he departed for Washington after a two days' visit to New York. Mr. Gompers expressed himself very hopefully regarding the conference of capital and labor which the President has called for October.

"In all probability," he said, "the subject of the steel strike will be taken up at the conference."

The labor leader criticised the attitude of Judge E. H. Gary of the United States Steel Corporation, and declared that the charges that the strike had been inspired by radicals and aliens were absolutely false. He added that "no group of men, such as are represented by Judge Gary, can rob the workers of the benefits of the new order of things."

He supplemented this by declaring that he had the highest personal regard for Judge Gary, "but the time has passed when a corporation can regard its employes as its wards."

Mr. Gompers declared his belief that public opinion is back of the strikers in their fight for collective bargaining. He reviewed the position taken by Judge Gary and declared that, despite Judge Gary's contention that John Fitzpatrick and William Z. Foster did not represent the men, about 300,000 steel workers were now on strike.

"How did Judge Gary know that they did not represent a majority of the workers?" asked Mr. Gompers. "If he had met Fitzpatrick and Foster he might be in a position to know."

The head of the American Federation of Labor defended Foster against the charges of syndicalism, and also championed Fitzpatrick as not an extremist.

"You have not heard of them making any revolutionary speeches in this strike," he declared, "both of these men renounced those preachings long ago."

LABOR INVITES CAPITAL.

New Jersey Federation Asks Employers to Speak at Convention.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 28.—New Jersey is to take the lead among the States in the campaign to bring together capital and labor. For the first time in the history of the State Federation of Labor manufacturers and large employers of labor have been invited to appear before the sessions of the annual convention, which opens tomorrow.

Announcement of the program was made tonight by the Executive Committee of the Federation. There will be more than forty delegates here representing all the twenty-one counties of the State. Among the well-known men representing capital invited to address the convenuon are: President Freeman of the New Jersey Chamber of Commerce, J. F. Bird of the Manufacturers' Association, and W. C. King of the Manufacturers' Council. Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, is expected on Tuesday or Wednesday.

BRITISH OPTIMISTIC AS STRIKE GOES ON

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

(Sunday) evening, it is regarded as likely that some overtures might be made to the Ministers tomorrow in the shape of feelers from an interested intermediary. The proposal that Parliament should be called together immediately has no present sanction from the Government, or, indeed, from any party outside the coalition. The House will resume in due course on Oct. 22, in accordance with the resolution passed before adjournment. There is nothing in the situation, in the opinion of the Government, that calls for an earlier meeting of Parliament. They regard the emergency as one for administrative treatment and not one in which parliamentary discussion would help toward a settlement."

Cabinet Ministers in Conference.

LONDON, Sept. 29, (Associated Press.)—The railway system of the whole country with the exception of Ireland is almost at a complete standstill. The great London terminals are deserted and the gates closed, a few policemen proving a sufficient guard. Noteworthy is the absence of any disorder. The completeness of the tieup seems to have rendered picketing needless, and this common source of friction, therefore, is lacking. Moreover, the strike leaders have been constantly impressing the men with the importance of keeping order.

There were informal conferences of the Cabinet Ministers yesterday and meetings of the executives of the National Union of Railwaymen and the railway managers. The managers are endeavoring to run skeleton services wherever possible, with the special aim of meeting as far as possible the needs of London's suburbs and nearby seaside and holiday resorts. For this purpose a few men are still willing to work, and volunteers from the railway clerical staffs have been employed.

James Henry Thomas, Secretary of the union, declares firmly against widening the issue, unless compelled to do so, and says he will call a strike in Ireland and ask the assistance of the "Triple Alliance" only if he finds that he is unable to fight the railway question unaided.

The effects of the railway stoppage have already been seen in notices issued at some places closing mines and other industrial establishments.

Robert Smillie, the miners' leader, speaking at Glasgow last night, said that within a few days 10 per cent. of the miners would be idle, because all industries were so interlinked. He was desirous that there should be no ground given to the Government for using armed forces against the people.

"Let us keep our heads," he urged, "and be 'passive resisters' as far as possible, and not allow the Government to stampede us into giving them the opportunity of shooting down our people."

Woman Controls London's Food.

The food distribution in London during the crisis has been placed under the control of a woman—Miss Eleanor Hopwood—who has long been assistant commissioner in the Ministry of Food, and was previously Secretary to a big commercial firm. Miss Hopwood takes an optimistic view. She is not worried about the strike, and the public need not worry, in her view. She is confident that the strikers will be defeated.

The Food Controller closed Hyde Park to the public last night, explaining that this step was necessary to facilitate supplying London with milk.

The people of Great Britain have not spent a quieter Sunday than yesterday since the times of stage-coach travel. With railway traffic suspended and a great curtailment of street-car facilities in the larger cities, most of the population had nothing to do but stay at home. Even the usual Sunday rush of motor cars along the country roads was missing, because car owners generally were saving gasoline against the expected shortage.

London was oppressed with funereal quiet, because there was little stir in the streets, except that of pedestrians. The seaside resorts were without their week-end crush of visitors. Towns remote from the large cities went without the Sunday papers.

Hyde Park was the centre of interest for Londoners. The gates had not yet been closed, but long lines of army motors loaded with milk cans and the mobilization of Government gasoline and other stores were reminiscent of war days.

Great crowds stood about all day, but all were quiet. There were no demonstrations by the strikers against the official forces, which many had expected. Steamers are constantly arriving, and most of the passengers are unable to get to their destinations. Certain companies have managed to distribute some of their passengers by motors. Several hundred who arrived at Dover from Belgium slept aboard the steamers. The passengers who got ashore had to handle their own baggage.

The first American steamer affected will be the Adriatic, due at Southampton today.

The London & Brighton Railway has announced the suspension of Continental service by way of Newhaven and Dieppe. Two boat trains from Folkestone, with volunteer crews, reached London Sunday afternoon. The passengers were cheered by the bystanders, who helped them get their baggage off.

Government Appeals to the Public.

The Government in an appeal to the country has asked the public to assist in fighting the strike by economizing in the use of gasoline, light, coal and food, and the telegraph, telephone, and postal services. The Post Office has announced that no parcels will be accepted save for local delivery. Several airplanes departed for Paris, Brussels, and Holland today, carrying passengers and mails.

The most important questions engaging the public are how long the strike will continue, and how long the supplies of coal and gasoline will last. Apart from the heavy losses business has already suffered the damage will increase progressively with each day of the strike. Some businesses are already demoralized, notably the theatres and newspapers. Several theatrical touring companies, which play week stands and travel Sunday, are held up. One company came from Bristol to London by airplane, but left behind several of the women members who feared to embark on the air journey.

The Sunday papers were able to distribute only a fraction of their usual out-of-town circulation by the use of furniture vans, all the motors owned by the big department stores and any miscellaneous vehicles that could be procured; but the daily papers cannot depend on these sources.

Motor Cars Reap a Big Harvest.

Owners of motor cars are one class making enormous profits from the situation. Fabulous prices are being charged for out-of-town trips, and legal taxi charges are ignored.

The Superintendent of the North British Railway reported partial service of the trains in Scotland on Saturday and Sunday, which cleared a large number of passengers and a quantity of perishable goods; but there is no prospect of running trains Londonward.

At a mass meeting of strikers in Edinburgh Sunday it was announced that 90 per cent. of the railway men in Scotland were out and that others were coming out. In many cases the men operated the trains on Saturday and Sunday in order to reach their homes.

Irish Unions Ready to Strike.

DUBLIN, Sept. 28, (Associated Press.)—A railway strike has not been declared in Ireland, but the men are awaiting instructions and are ready to obey. The Irish Labor Party and the Trades Union Congress have issued an official statement, warning the workers to be ready to assist the railwaymen in every possible way.

Numerous meetings of railway workers were held here, in Belfast and other Irish towns today, and solidarity with the English strikers was professed.

Secretary Birmingham of the Irish section of the National Union of Railwaymen, speaking in Dublin, said:

"Our friends in England are aware that martial law in Ireland is a dangerous thing to tamper with; therefore they do not desire to precipitate matters. But we must regard ourselves as a reserve force and be ready to act when the generals call."

All cross-Channel service to England has been suspended.

SAVING BRITISH STEAM COAL.

Coaling Privileges to Our Vessels Will Probably Be Abrogated.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The British Embassy has informed the State Department that, owing to the railroad strike in England, the supply of bunker coal at Gibraltar, Malta, in Egypt, Sierra Leone and British coaling stations in the Atlantic will probably be restricted for the present to outward-bound British vessels.

Closing of some of the principal ports of the United Kingdom will also probably be necessary during the strike, it is said, in order to prevent congestion, while an order holding all British vessels bound for the British Isles either in their outward ports or at ports of call was said to be imminent.

Regret at any inconvenience such measures might cause American shipping was expressed by the Embassy.

BETHLEHEM READY FOR STRIKE TODAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

with our city or our industries as impugning their intelligence;

Now, therefore, I, Archibald Johnston, Mayor of the City of Bethlehem, Penn., by virtue of the authority conferred upon me by the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and in order that the peace of our city and the rights of its citizens may be maintained and that their lawful pursuits shall not be interfered with;

Hereby give notice that: An affray is the fighting of two or more persons in a public place to the terror of the public.

An unlawful assembly: Consists essentially of the meeting of three or more persons for the disturbance of the public peace.

A rout: Consists essentially of three or more persons meeting to do an unlawful act, and making some motion to execute it.

A riot: Consists essentially of three or more persons putting their design into actual execution and performing an unlawful act of violence.

Prohibits All Disorders.

I further give notice that under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, if any person or persons shall be concerned in either:

An affray, unlawful assembly, rout, or riot, and shall be thereof convicted, they shall be guilty of misdemeanor and shall be subjected to a fine or imprisonment or both.

I further give notice that any person or persons unlawfully assembled who shall with force demolish or pull down or destroy any buildings used in carrying on trade or manufacture, or any machinery, whether fixed or movable, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be subjected to imprisonment by the courts.

I also give notice that it is the duty of all citizens to preserve the peace, and when called upon, to aid the authorities in maintaining law and order and enforcing city ordinances, to the end that

Prosperity, peace, and the pursuit of happiness shall continue to be enjoyed by our people and

With this end in view, I call upon all people within our city, men, women, and children, to obey the laws, and keep away from all gatherings or meetings, and,

I herewith proclaim that gatherings shall not be permitted;

Interference with our citizens will not be tolerated, and I call upon the police to keep all persons on the move.

I further proclaim that all persons refusing to obey the orders of the constituted authorities shall be summarily arrested and punished.

ARCHIBALD JOHNSTON,
Mayor, Bethlehem.

Bethlehem Steel Company officials would make no statement on the situation. They intend to operate their plants in the morning.

Expects Men to Work.

C. E. Underwood, Manager of the Northampton division of the Bethlehem plant, said that he did not think any of his men would go out.

"I have talked personally with all of my men and I am confident they will not go out. Some of them are union men and some are not. Many men said they did not want to go out, but were afraid of violence if they attempted to work."

Mr. Williams, the strike organizer, was confident of success this afternoon.

"All of the Bethlehem plants will be tied up tomorrow morning," he said, "all of the men at Lebanon but the mechanics were called out some months ago, and the mechanics will go out tomorrow morning. About 65 per cent. of the men in the Lebanon plant are organized. A conservative estimate of the number of union men at Bethlehem plant would be about 85 or 90 per cent. We have every trade organized, and the mechanics, electricians, the forgers, the molders, and the blacksmiths will be bound to go out. Our men will be called out of the big structural steel shop at Steelton. This shop is making material for the shipyards, and when they are tied up the shipyards will have to shut down."

The action to close the alleged Soviet school in Northampton Heights, was the first move of the police against agitators here. For four or five years this school, it is said, has been teaching revolutionary doctrines, and spreading inflammatory literature. Four years ago, Nick Yelesuck, President of the school, was arrested by L. H. Schweitzer, Chief of the Northampton police. Three other members of the school were arrested, and all were sent to the detention station at Gloucester.

Careful watch is being maintained for the arrival of professional agitators. The minute any men of suspicious character arrive they will be taken into custody and held until their identity and the purpose of their visit have been ascertained.

PRIEST DEFEATS AGITATORS.

Gets 5,000 Steel Workers at Sparrows Point to Reject Strike Order.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 28.—The walkout tomorrow morning will have little effect on the operations of the plant of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation at Sparrows Point.

The plant is an open shop, but there is a local labor union with a membership of 5,000 of the 5,500 men employed. The men as a unit today voted not to joint in the strike tomorrow. Of the remaining 500, about 250 are affiliated with the Federation of Labor and they may decline to work, although the indications are that they will stick to their jobs.

The decision of the 5,000 men at the Point was brought about by the local Catholic priest. Ever since unrest has beset labor conditions the priest has been doing missionary work among the men, pointing to them the futility of strikes and exhorting them to remain steadfast with their employers. This missionary is Rev. John Gaymor, and the men swear by him.

Today he preached a vigorous sermon against the strike and within a few hours after his utterances the men met and voted not to leave their jobs.

Special to The New York Times.

LEBANON, Penn., Sept. 28.—The mills of the Lebanon plant have been idle for almost six months by a strike. The men refused to accept a wage cut. The Bethlehem Corporation has made no effort to operate these mills but has been able to continue the operation of the big bolt and nut factory here by supplying iron made at its other plant and by purchasing in the Pittsburgh region. Only a few days ago it resumed operations of the second of its twin North Lebanon furnaces because of booking new orders for foundry iron after an idleness of nine months.

Mayor Speng has promised police protection for all men wishing to go to work, and has had Chief of Police Nye arrange to have policemen on duty near the plants.

Special to The New York Times.

READING, Penn., Sept. 28.—Bethlehem Steel Corporation workers here, 1,500 in number, are far from unanimous for the strike. More than half of the men, it is believed, will report for work. It is expected that the strike will have no effect on other local plants or on business in general here.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 28.—The Steelton plant of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, which employs 7,000 men, plans to continue operations tomorrow.

The unions claim that 3,500 men are organized. The company today hired 25 more extra police, increasing its former force by 100 per cent.

RALLY STEEL MEN FOR TEST TODAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

power at the present stage of the strike and could turn the tide overwhelmingly against the steel companies by walking out.

Foster Claims 60,000 Gain.

"I don't see where any one figures that many men are going back tomorrow," said Foster. "Why should they go back tomorrow, any more than on any other day. We have gained about 60,000 men since the first day of the strike, and have not been losing any. The men have received no concessions, beyond the offer of 2 or 3 cents an hour increases by a few independent mills, which have been laughed at. They are not going to go back.

"The situation at present is something like the deadlock which is reached after a big offensive. You see, we have organized for months, and filled the men with enthusiasm for the strike, until they are boiling over. The strike goes off with such a rush that its momentum carried it ahead for several days in Chicago, Youngstown, and some other points. We have to break through and put an end to the opposition here in Pittsburgh. Our momentum carries us along further and further, but it finally wears out, and we have to dig in. At present we have dug in, and the company is boiling up its counter attacks. We are ready to meet it. The deadlock will continue until we are ready for another movement. It is necessary to judge the strike, as you would a military movement, to understand it correctly."

"Would you call it a revolutionary movement?" he was asked.

"That is all nonsense;" the strike organizer denied that he was preparing any statement to show how far his present views had been modified from those which he put forth in his book on "Syndicalism." He said it would depend on how things developed whether he would make any statement at all of his present views.

The Carnegie Steel Company announced that they had considerable gains at Homestead, Clairton and McKeesport today, while continuing at 100 per cent. capacity at Duquesne. It was stated that the influence of a Slovak priest, who was fighting for the success of the strike, had prevented the company from making further gains at Rankin and Braddock.

A Carnegie official, who has expressed himself every day during the past week as very dubious whether the strike was developing well or badly for the company today said:

"I think we have got them licked."

Carnegie Steel Statement.

The official bulletin of the Carnegie Steel Company tonight follows:

"All along the line we are working tonight with increased forces and more mills were put on by reason of the return of more men to work.

"We might say that the situation meets with our every expectation. The intimidation, which we know kept many from work, is passing, and the men are gaining confidence with every hour. We look for a repetition of those gains tomorrow, when we expect to be able to make what, to us at least, will be a good report made better by relieved conditions.

"There has been no disorder reported from the vicinity of any of our plants despite the Sunday holiday, and this we take as an encouraging feature when it is considered that so many meetings were being held. At the plants in the Mahoning Valley, where conditions were so disorderly earlier in the week, the return of men tonight and the working of the mills was most cheering.

"In the Monongahela Valley, too, we not only held our own, but made good gains, and have held all that we gained."

HOLD MEETING IN WHEELING.

2,000 Strikers Are Urged to Hold Out and to Maintain Peace.

Special to The New York Times.

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 28.—A mass meeting was held here today at which more than 2,000 were present and was addressed by leaders and members of the organization on strike. It was the first meeting held in the district since the strike started. The men were asked to remain away from the plants, and to show no feeling of resentment. It was an enthusiastic and peaceful gathering.

The strike situation locally, at the beginning of the second week, remains very quiet. No change has been made either by the strikers or the companies, each side apparently waiting for developments elsewhere before taking any steps here.

The march of striking steel workers of Steubenville on Weirton tomorrow has been abandoned, according to a statement given out tonight by union headquarters at the Ohio city tonight. It said:

"The Weirton Iron & Steel Company plant is now unionized 85 per cent. Not enough non-union workers being left to enable the officials to reopen the mill Monday and the march is unnecessary."

STRIKE HOLDS UP ORE BOATS.

Twenty-two Are Tied Up in Detroit —Other Lake Ports Congested.

DETROIT, Sept. 28.—Twenty-two ore carriers, including many of the largest ships on the Great Lakes, are anchored in the Detroit River tonight, because of the congestion of Lower Lake ports caused by the closing of the steel mills by the strike of steel and iron workers.

All dockage room at Cleveland, Ashtabula, and other Lake Erie ports is reported occupied, while it is also understood the strike has prevented removal of ore from the docks.

The anchored ships are awaiting orders from their owners.

DOCK WORKERS TO AID STRIKE.

Several Hundred in Cleveland Vote for Sympathetic Walkout.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 28.—Several hundred dock workers, members of the International Longshoremen's Union, voted today to go on strike here tomorrow in sympathy with the steel strike. The walkout will involve every dock except those handling package freight, passenger traffic and fishing.

Workers on the iron ore storage yard at Randall were also called out. They are not members of any of the twenty-five unions co-operating in the steel strike.

The dockers' strike will have practically no effect on the situation here, as no plants are producing. To what extent the walkout will affect mills still operating in parts of Ohio and Pennsylvania was a matter of conjecture.

Several ore docks are already tied up or being operated with skeleton crews.

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CALLS TREATY ISSUE ONE OF AMERICANISM

Republicans Accept Is as Opposed to Wilson's Internationalism, Says Fess.

DISSECTS TOUR SPEECHES

Declares That His Party Sought to Prevent the League Becoming a Party Matter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—President Wilson by his tour accentuated the issue of Americanism vs. internationalism, according to Representative S. D. Fess, who issued a statement today, reviewing some of the President's utterances.

As head of the Republican Congressional Committee, Mr. Fess apparently assumes that the treaty and the League of Nations will be issues in the next Presidential campaign. And he goes on to suggest that the Republicans will accept the battle and defend "Americanism," as he calls it.

His statement reads as follows:

"The second 'swing around the circle,' the purpose of which was to compel a legislative branch to obey an executive decree, is ended.

"President Johnson's efforts to force the House to accept his view on reconstruction did not succeed, notwithstanding the presence in the House of the members who were not satisfied with the plans of his opponents.

"There never has been any substantial belief that President Wilson could compel the Senate to accept his view on the League of Nations. The tour has accentuated the President's estimate of the importance of the league which he demanded in his recent address to Congress 'at whatever cost of independent action' of the Government.

"This statement, which many of the President's friends contended did not mean that we should surrender the independence and sovereignty of the United States for the sake of the league, has had reinforcement by the President's astonishing frankness at Des Moines when he said, 'I stand for a cause greater than the Senate, greater than the Government itself.'

"Between Portland and San Francisco he uttered what his admirers are pleased to call the President's new creed. 'Let us, every one of us, bind ourselves in a solemn league and covenant of our own, that we will let no man stand in our way of leadership and that in leading we must lead not along the paths of national advantage, but along the lines of human rights, and the salvation of the world.'

"The 'swing around the circle' has demonstrated so far as language can do so the superior importance of the League of Nations over our independence as a nation as viewed by the President and his demand for internationalism as against nationalism. The issue henceforth which he has made prominent—a surrender of 'Americanism' on behalf of a far cry from foreign countries, in whose atmosphere the President has been submerged for months—must be fought to a finish in the open where the American voter may have a chance to register his own conviction upon so important an issue.

"The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate has accepted the challenge, has determined to maintain our independence and sovereignty, and has therefore declined to accept the President's position that the league is greater than our Government.

"The President's statement in New York that he would bring the league back so intertwined with the treaty that they could not be separated and to reject the league would necessitate the rejection of the treaty, has been fulfilled in the degree that it may be impossible to separate them. This situation is unfortunate for the nation.

"The President has such confidence in the perfection of the league as written that he does not only demand the rejection of all the amendments and reservations proposed by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, designed to maintain an undiluted Americanism, but insists upon its acceptance just as it is written and tied up in the treaty.

"From the very beginning of the controversy Republican leaders have endeavored to prevent the league being made a partisan issue, that every American of whatever party affiliation might be free from party bias for individual action. In spite of this the Administration leaders close to the President have assiduously pushed the measure in Congress and out of it for party advantage as evidenced by the action of the National Committee in Atlantic City.

"The attitude of these leaders, headed by President Wilson himself, will inevitably make it an issue in spite of the efforts of citizens of our country, including the Republican leaders of the Senate, who stand for undiluted Americanism and who demand the preservation of American sovereignty. The President and the Democratic leaders who are following him must accept the consequences of a contest on an issue made on the foreign-made league now demanded by the President without the slightest alteration.

"No party ever did, nor ever can win a contest before the American people upon a foreign issue. The country will accept this challenge against an American policy for the complete retention of genuine Americanism, built upon our sovereignty and independence, reserving to itself all rights that belong to a sovereign nation, without possible dictation from foreign countries whose interests are not ours.

"Upon this issue of an altruistic internationalism as against an undiluted Americanism now forced by this administration upon the country by a command to ratify the present league without the crossing of a 't' or the dotting of an 'i' made prominent by the 'swing around the circle,' Republicans, not as Republicans but as American citizens, will neither hesitate in acceptance nor falter in defense of our national ideals.

"We demand first of all the security and preservation of our nationality both in its spirit and life, and reserve to ourselves the unchallenged right to say when and how we will enter into the quarrels of foreign nations among themselves. Let the issue stand as now made up by the President and his friends."

METHODISTS FOR TREATY.

Indiana Conference Urges Senate to Take Speedy Action.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 28.—A resolution indorsing the League of Nations plan was adopted yesterday by the Indiana Conference of Methodist Episcopal Churches in session here. The resolution says:

"The Indiana Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in annual session at Indianapolis, hereby approves the principle of a League of Nations, and it urges the Senate to make a speedy settlement of the treaty of peace.

"We are certain that the American people are unequivocally in favor of some league that shall bind the nations together in support of peace based on righteousness.

"We favor a league as a conscientious effort to substitute reason, co-operation, and good will for hatred and violence."

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 14.

SAY AMENDMENTS HAVE NO CHANCE

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Democratic votes on the four reservations, Senator Thomas of Colorado, Senator Smith of Georgia, and Senator Shields of Tennessee, having indicated that they will support some character of reservations. But until these Senators formally announce the reservations they want the Republicans will not put them down as assured for the committee's program.

The middle-ground Senators in the Republican camp, who have come around to the majority reservations, excepting that relating to Article X, upon which they now are out for compromise, are insistently demanding a reservation as a substitute for the Johnson amendment and threaten to vote against the amendment if it is not abandoned by the leaders. While Senator Johnson is opposed to making his amendment over into a reservation, and has said he will demand a vote on the amendment itself, so as to put the Senate on record, other Republican leaders are disposed to believe that compromise will be the only practicable way out of the difficulty.

The threat of President Wilson to pigeonhole the treaty if the contemplated reservation on Article X, as submitted to him on his trip, is adopted, has not deterred the middle-ground reservationists, much less the conservative group led by Mr. Lodge, from proceeding with their effort to reach a compromise upon it. Any threat of holding up the treaty is met with a sense of profound satisfaction on the part of the "battalion of death," led by Senators Johnson, Borah, Brandegee and Knox, who have announced that they favor absolute rejection of the pact by the Senate, even with the adoption of the amendment and reservation program.

Practically No Chance of Rejection.

As to the ultimate prospect of rejection of the treaty by the Senate, if the committee reservations are adopted, there is believed to be little chance. The Republican majority, it is thought, could not muster more than eighteen votes against the treaty in that eventuality, although some of the irreconcilables insist that they can come dangerously near getting the thirty-three votes necessary.

What effect President Wilson's return to the capital to direct the fight of the Administration forces in the Senate may have on the reservation situation the Democratic leaders today did not venture to predict. The Republican leaders insisted that with the battle for reservations virtually won, the President could not make a dent in the situation.

That the President did swing the tide against some potential Democratic votes for the Johnson amendment in his open declaration last week at Cheyenne, in which he mentioned the names of seven Senators who were reported to be drifting toward the opposition camp, is not denied. If these seven Democrats were to vote with the Republican forces the Johnson amendment would be sure to pass. Since that time at least three of the Democrats referred to by the President have announced that they will vote with the Administration forces for unreserved ratification.

While the Administration leaders argue that President Wilson clinched the victory against the committee amendments on his tour, the Republican Senators say that the situation is not any different with respect to amendments than when he left Washington. They never predicted, with any show of confidence, that the amendments would win, excepting that of Senator Johnson which, they still profess to believe, has a chance of being adopted. The difficulty all along, the Republican leaders admit, has been to wean the "mild reservationists" to their side. The President, they said, has had no effect upon the attitude of this group of Senators, who have never at any time assented to the amendment program.

Senator Hitchcock's View of It.

In discussing the treaty situation tonight, Senator Hitchcock said he intended telling the President that the amendment battle had been won by the proponents of the treaty, while the fight against reservations was still on.

"In my telegram to the President last week I made it plain that there had been no change in the situation, broadly speaking, since he went away," said Mr. Hitchcock. "When I see him, I shall go into detail, telling him that the amendments are beaten in advance of a vote. The Republican majority may claim they can put the Johnson amendment through, but they will be fooled when the vote comes. No amendment will be adopted. That may be put down as absolutely assured.

"When it comes to reservations, the fight is still being waged and I am confident that the drastic ones offered by the committee will not be adopted. But the reservation situation is one that will be handled when we reach it."

Asked if the Administration forces would be apt to consent to a compromise on milder reservations, Senator Hitchcock replied:

"We are opposed to any reservations that would recommit the treaty to the principal signatories or to the Paris conference, as the committee amendments would do. Whether there may be some sort of reservations expressing the understanding of the Senate, will be decided later."

A considerable coterie of Democratic Senators, it is known, would vote for interpretative reservations, covering the points touched upon by the committee reservations, but not as a part of the ratifying resolution, so that they would not have to be submitted to the other signatories to the treaty. These the President had indicated he would not oppose.

If it looks to the Administration leaders as if the majority reservations, with a compromise on Article X, are apt to prevail, they are expected to bring forth interpretative reservations as a substitute at the last moment.

The Senate will debate this week the Fall amendments, to eliminate the United States from participation in various commissions created under the treaty. The debate is expected to run over into next week, when the Senate will vote upon the entire thirty-five Fall amendments en bloc.

Senator Hitchcock thought, he said tonight, that final vote on ratification would not be reached until after Nov. 1. The Administration leaders, he said, would endeavor to expedite the debate, but could not hope to see its end for at least four weeks.

One thing unquestionably developed by the President on his trip, it is conceded by leaders on both sides of the Senate battle, is that the country is impatient to have the ratification of the treaty speeded up. The Republican leaders, yielding to this sentiment, say they will endeavor to reach final vote without undue delay. But they point out that there is much debate ahead and, that until it is over, there is no use trying to force the vote.

Senator Lodge, the majority leader, shares Mr. Hitchcock's view that the final vote will not come until some time in November.

SEE WEEKS OF TALK IN FRANCE ON TREATY

Five Deputies Scheduled for Long Speeches and 27 Others Ready to Debate.

GOVERNMENT'S CASE IN

Newspapers Demand Speedy Action and Criticise as "Sorry Spectacle" Action of the Deputies.

PARIS, Sept. 27, (Associated Press.)—At the close of the fifth week of the debate on the Peace Treaty in the Chamber of Deputies, no one dares to prophesy when the discussion will be concluded. Deputies Renoult, Franklin-Bouillon, Augagneux, Ybarnegaray and Lefevre are still on President Deschanel's list as orators who will deliver long addresses in criticism of the treaty, while twenty-seven other deputies will explain in speeches of unknown duration the reasons why they will vote for or against the pact.

All Government speakers have been heard and the Cabinet will not interfere further in the discussion unless directly interpellated. Newspapers are unanimous in asking the Chamber to expedite action, the Socialist, Radical, Liberal and Conservative papers being, for once, agreed that the Chamber is "giving France a sorry spectacle," and openly accuse the members of "wishing to prolong their political lives by all possible means."

A strange and unprecedented situation exists in the Chamber, no party wishing to assume the responsibility for delay and all professing to be in the utmost haste to ratify the treaty. The opposition is accusing the Government of procrastinating tactics, while Premier Clemenceau charges the opposition with wishing to obtain an adjournment until the treaty is passed upon by the United States Senate.

Several deputies have expressed the opinion that the present Chamber would not be dissolved until December, and it is generally believed parliament will not be prorogued before the middle of October and that the elections will be held in December. There is a well-defined offensive against M. Clemenceau, with the object of overthrowing him and preventing him from making the election.

NAME LABOR DELEGATES.

South Africa Picks Men for Congress Here—Australia Refuses.

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 28, (Via Montreal.)—William Gemmil, Joint Secretary and Actuary of the Transvaal Chamber of Mines, and Mr. Crawford, Secretary of the South African Industrial Federation, will represent the Union of South Africa at the International Labor Congress at Washington. They are the nominees of the employers and workers respectively, and will sail from Africa Sept. 30 for the United States.

MELBOURNE, Australia, Sept. 28.—The Trades Councils in the various Australian capitals have refused to nominate delegates to the Washington Labor Congress.

GREEKS APPROVE TREATY.

Loyalists' League for Ratification Without Reservation.

Almost 2,000 Greeks evidenced their approval of the Peace Treaty without reservations when resolutions embodying a demand for its prompt ratification were unanimously adopted by an audience which attended a mass meeting at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon. It was held under the auspices of the Loyalists' League of America, which had held a three-day convention at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel just preceding yesterday's meeting. The speakers were State Senator John J. Boylan, who is the director of the Greek-American National Union; D. J. Theophilatos, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the League, and P. Sioris, editor of The Loyal, a Greek newspaper in this city.

During the course of introductory remarks by Mr. Theophilatos, who presided, a man who was seated in the rear of the auditorium hissed when the speaker told of some of the aspirations of the Greeks and their desire for Thracian independence. When the hisses were followed by a remark hostile to the aims of the audience, four of the men near him pounced upon him to eject him from the hall. The disturber left quietly and ran away without giving his name.

A resolution was adopted that "beseeched the President and the Government of the United States to take the necessary steps to restore to the Greek people their rights and liberties and to remove the foreign forces from Greece."

Senator Boylan was elected to appear for the League in Washington before President Wilson and the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations to press the accomplishment of the purpose of this resolution.

A message was sent to the President expressing the organization's wishes for his "speedy recovery from his illness caused by his excessive labors during his patriotic campaign in the interest of world peace and humanity."

$25,000 JEWEL ROBBERY.

Taken from Country Home of Mrs. Robert Gamble at Millbrook.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Diamonds, sapphires, pearls, and rubies to the value of about $25,000 were stolen from the country home of Mrs Robert Gamble at Millbrook on Saturday. The robbery has been surrounded with mystery by Sheriff Morehouse and New York detectives, and not until tonight would they give a description of the jewels.

Efforts to find how the burglars entered the house have failed, the house being in the morning as it was when the family retired. Apparently not a lock or window had been disturbed.

The family refused to allow the officers to examine the servants. The least suspicion attached to them said the Gambles, would result in clearing the house of every servant and this would cause more inconvenience than they would experience should the stolen articles never be recovered.

OLD PARK ROW CAFE CLOSED

Site of Brewers' Academy Opened by Koster & Bial in 1874.

David Rothschild's café, 200 Worth Street, corner of Park Row, closed Saturday night after having been opened for forty-six years. The old landmark was opened as a one-story shanty in April, 1874, by Koster, Bial & Co., pioneers of the music hall in this city. Mr. Rothschild was a member of the firm. A few years later Mr. Rothschild bought the interest from Koster & Bial and erected the present five-story building.

The café was never open on Sunday or after hours. The upper floors are occupied by the American Brewers' trade paper and the U. S. Brewers' Academy. It is known as the first scientific station for the art of brewing and malting. At this academy most of the prominent brewers of the country were students. Busch of St. Louis, Ehret and Ruppert of New York, and Liebmann and many others attended this academy.

Several years ago Mr. Rothschild turned the business over to his sons. The Corn Exchange Bank will open a branch on the old site.

WOULD DODGE PROHIBITION.

Edge Advises Jersey Republicans to Stick to Bugbee Platform.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 28.—The Republicans, if prudent, when they hold their State Convention at Trenton, Tuesday, will disregard prohibition as an issue, said United States Senator Walter E. Edge before leaving for Washington today.

The Senator added that the Republicans should adhere strictly to the conservative platform on which Newton A. K. Bugbee won the Gubernatorial nomination. He added that any other course would be fatal to the hope of avoiding an embarrasing situation such as prevailed in the Assembly last Winter.

Lansing Starts for Washington.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Secretary of State Lansing left here tonight for New York, on his way to resume his duties at Washington. He has been here for a three weeks' rest at his Summer home at Henderson's Harbor.

BLOW OPEN 7 SAFES IN LOFT BUILDING

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

café man, blowing a police whistle, back of them. All the way to Ninety-sixth Street Hanley kept trying to get a policeman, but before one arrived the men stepped into a waiting automobile and made off. Hanley bitterly condemned the tardiness of the police.

While on his way home early yesterday John Selza of 107 Sullivan Street was held up in front of his house by two men. He had a small sum of money in his possession. Two Italians later were arrested, charged with highway robbery.

Jack Sorecilli, Joseph Sylvester, and Toney Acquiadocia were held in $3,000 bail each yesterday by Magistrate Schwab in the Washington Heights Court, charged with complicity in the holdup of Joseph Friedman in a United Cigar Store at Eighth Avenue and 130th Street on May 13.

Seven men, charged with suspicion of robbery, were arraigned before Magistrate Frothingham in Jefferson Market Court and held in $1,000 bail each. They were charged with stealing $8,000 worth of furs from 840 Sixth Avenue, Sept. 16. They gave their names as Abraham Heffle, Morris Klae, Hyman Side, Max Maeyer, Isadore Goldwasser, Meyer Englander, and Morris Eisman.

Samuel Meyar of 71 West 100th Street and Edward Buckley of 344 Manhattan Avenue were arrested by Detectives Fitzpatrick and Love of the West 100th Street Station, on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery of Mrs. Jessie Muntz of 66 West 101st Street. Mrs. Muntz, the police said, was followed from Columbus Avenue and 102d Street to her home by two men, who robbed her of a small sum of money and two diamond rings valued at $745.

TWO DIE IN FEUD MURDER.

Third Man Wounded in Automobile Raid by Brooklyn Italians.

Two men were killed and a third seriously wounded early yesterday morning when more than forty shots were fired at Catharine and Madison Streets in a feud fight. Joseph Magnefecco of 855 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, and his brother, Richard Magnefecco of the same address, were arrested charged with homicide.

A big touring car drove up to Madison and Catharine Streets shortly before 1 o'clock. The police say that Joseph Magnefecco walked around the corner and waited at 78 Catharine Street until Louis Valenti of that address and James Grazino of 74 Oliver Street came out of a café. The police said that Magnefecco then opened fire with an automatic pistol, while shots from other quarters rang out. Valenti and Grazino were killed instantly, while John Blocco of 41 Henry Street was removed in a critical condition to Gouverneur Hospital with a wound in his abdomen.

Policeman Manning of the Oak Street Station heard the fusillade and ran up. He says he found Joseph Magnefecco standing with his back against the wall, shooting into Valenti's body. Manning drew his revolver and rushed over, ordering the Italian to drop his weapon, and when he hesitated, felled him with a punch. In the meantime, the touring car had disappeared.

With Assistant District Attorney Keenan directing the search, a number of detectives were hurried to the scene of the street fight. What they learned there caused them to visit a garage in Thirty-third Street, between Third and Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, where they learned that Richard Magnefecco's car was being used by himself and some friends. Leaving the garage, the detectives went to Magnefecco's saloop at 855 Third Avenue, Brooklyn. They found Magnefecco inside the cafe and arrested him. Sam Glodano of 125 East Houston Street and Michael Cantelo of 975 Third Avenue, who were in the machine, were held as material witnesses.

In holding the Magnefecco brothers for trial, Magistrate Tobias complimented Manning on his daring, and wrote a letter to Commissioner Enright, recommending the policemen for promotion. The murder is said to be the result of a feud between the Italians of Brooklyn and Manhatten.

After Stephen Coblitz of 220 East Seventy-fifth Street had died in the Reception Hospital yesterday from a stab wound in the neck, William Schneider of 211 East Eighty-ninth Street was arrested charged with the stabbing. The police said the two men were in a party returning from a Harlem dance when an argument started. When on Seventy-sixth Street, near Second Avenue, knives were drawn and in addition to Coblitz, Joseph Burton of 223 East Seventy-fifth Street, and Sylvester Shapiro of 1,466 Second Avenue, were badly wounded.

RECOVER $40,000 IN FURS.

Two Men Arrested in Philadelphia for Robbery Here.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—Furs, alleged to have been stolen in New York more than a month ago, and valued at from $40,000 to $60,000, were recovered by detectives today, when two men were arrested, accused of being agents of New York thieves. The suspects are Samuel Popkava, Viola Street, near Forty-second, and Joseph Holstein, Callowhill Street near Sixty-third. They were arrested at their homes by Detectives Clark and Malone, and will have a hearing tomorrow in the Central Police Station.

A search of their homes revealed two trunks filled with furs. These are alleged to be part of $80,000 in loot taken from the fur establishments of George Brodsky, 20 West Thirty-ninth Street, and Grusken Brothers, 640 Sixth Avenue, on the night of Aug. 27.

The arrests were made on information furnished by the New York police, following the arrest in that city of a brother-in-law of Holstein, who is said to have confessed.

GLASS URGES THRIFT DAY.

Secretary of the Treasury Addresses Letter to America's School Children.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Thrift Day will be celebrated in the public schools as the result of a movement by the Government to encourage saving among school children. Educators favor instilling this habit into the rising generation, in the hope that they may redeem America's reputation as a nation of prodigal spenders.

Secretary Glass has addressed a letter to the school children, which it is planned to have read at the Thrift Day exercises. The letter reads:

To the School Boys and Schbol Girls of America:

In addressing the 20,000,000 or more school boys and girls of this country, I am addressing the citizenship—the business and professional men and women, the producers and consumers and the homemakers of only a few years hence. The responsibility of all the problems of our country will ultimately fall upon you. The spirit of patriotism and helpfulness which you displayed during the world war has proved your fitness for your future responsibility. Your record in production of needed materials during the war; your saving of food and money, and your investment in Government securities is a record of which every American citizen is justly proud.

It is the earnest desire of your Government that you should continue to practice and make permanent those same habits of industry and economy that through your influence and example America may soon become a nation of savers and cease to be a wasteful nation; that this may be a nation of people who always save some part of their earnings, who spend money with greatest care, and who invest what they save in some safe place.

I am glad to see that our school boys and girls have continued during the vacation months to save their money and are buying War Saving and Thrift Stamps, thus laying aside a portion of the money they earn for some future purpose, and while they are continuing to render some service to their Government they are at the same time providing for their own needs.

The habit of earning and saving money is a most interesting and happy one. I am sure that this habit has become so fascinating to you that you will continue to earn and to save through all the months and years to come and keep investing what you save in Government securities.

It is my personal hope that the lessons of thrift that are being taught in your school may help you to develop in your life permanent habits of saving, and thereby lay a foundation for your personal happiness and usefulness and ultimately for a bigger and better America. Sincerely yours,

CARTER GLASS.

Designation of the day for the thrift observance will be in the hands of the savings directors of the twelve Federal Reserve Districts, it was announced by the Savings Division of the Treasury Department.

In several districts, Friday, Oct. 3, has been named as the day.

SCHNEIDER HEADS MISSION.

Steel Manufacturer, with French Economists, Coming Here.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The French economic mission which, with similar missions from Great Britain, Belgium, and Italy, will sail from Brest for New York on Oct. 6, will be headed by Eugene Schneider, the steel manufacturer, and Alexandre Tirman, former French Commissioner to the San Francisco Exposition, representing the Ministry of Commerce.

With a view to the object of the visit, which is to inform the American public of the economic situation in Europe and present the view of the necessity of organizing financial co-operation between the powers during the period of reconstruction, the French mission is made up of high authorities from the domains of finance, transportation, food supply, and the metal, chemical, textile, and clothing industries.

To Publish Guide for Voters.

The September number of The Quarterly Bulletin of the Women's City Club, to be issued this week, is a "Voter's Number," designed as a voter's guide for the election this November. Besides a complete list of candidates, the Bulletin contains instructions as to how to register and how to vote. There are special articles by women and an article on "The Surrogates of New York County," by Harold E. Lippincott, former Assistant Surrogate.

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ALL ABOUT BOOKS AND AUTHORS.

The New York Times Book Review every Sunday gives precise and entertaining presentations of the contents of the chief books of the week. One dollar a year by mail.—Advt.

CONFIDENCE VOTE GIVEN TO NITTI

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

returned from a visit to Fiume, followed with a fiery speech advocating the annexation of Fiume. He said that he was glad President Wilson did not accept either of the projects submitted concerning the Adriatic, as neither would have satisfied the country.

Deputy Chiesa read to the Chamber the minutes of a conversation which he said had occurred in Paris, in the presence of former Premier Orlando, between President Wilson and Andrea Ossoinach, Deputy for Fiume, in which President Wilson was quoted as stating that there was no question of Fiume belonging to Jugoslavia, but that it would serve the countries needing it as an outlet to the Adriatic, and would render such a service better by being a free city with its expenses met by the countries making use of it. In addition, according to the minutes, President Wilson was of the opinion that the ports of Trieste and Fiume should not work together, but be in competition. The minutes record the objections of Deputy Ossoinach, who ended by declaring that the only solution of the problem would be annexation to Italy, otherwise he would disclaim all responsibility for the consequences.

Says Entire City Is Mined.

"Fiume is mined," continued Deputy Chiesa; "its harbor is mined; its historic tower, its City Hall are mined; its beloved churches are mined and all its houses. If any dominion dares impose itself upon the city except that of Italy it will not a town, but a heap of ruins."

The Deputy said that the Government and the Supreme Army Command should have prevented the raid on Fiume, which he attributed chiefly to a decision of the inter-allied Military Commission in which General Robilant, in command of the Italian forces along the frontier, had approved "anti-patriotic" conclusions. He added:

"This produced a state of desperation among the population of Fiume, which understood that it was to be abandoned to the mercy of the Jugoslavs.

He declared that the Jugoslavs had prepared for an invasion of Fiume and that on Sept. 10 they began to march toward it.

"This could not be tolerated," he continued. "I solemnly declare that the raid was decided upon solely by the soldiers who had been forced to leave Fiume and insisted upon returning to defend it. D'Annunzio only put himself at their head."

The entire Chamber with the exception of the Socialists, the members of the Cabinet, and the tribunes, arose at this and stood crying out vivas for the soldiers and for Fiume.

Premier Nitti at this juncture begged the Chamber to continue the discussion with serenity and calmness, as it was a grave responsibility that both the Government and the Deputies would have to assume. He added that he wished to state that the only instructions given to General Robilant were to take part in the proceedings of the inter-allied commission with loyalty to the Allies.

In public expressions of opinion regarding measures for dealing with the Adriatic question the three principal suggestions seem to be first, the immediate annexation of Fiume and its territory regardless of international complications and financial difficulties; second, the military occupation of Fiume by Italy, thus displacing the d'Annunzio insurgents, but keeping the city at the disposal of the Peace Conference for a definite decision as to its fate, while the third proposes a general election as an expedient which, while not solving the problem, would not commit the nation to any decision, leaving it for the next Chamber. The chief opposition to the last mentioned plan is that in order to bring about a general election in November the Chamber will be obliged to dissolve without discussing or approving the peace treaties with Germany and Austria, the latter of which at least grants Italy one of her principal desires, the Brenner Pass frontier.

Admiral Cagni returned to Rome today from Fiume and had a long talk with Premier Nitti, after which the Admiral went to the palace to report to King Victor Emmanuel concerning his visit to Fiume and the conditions prevailing there.

ALLIES TO STAND ASIDE.

Will Leave Settlement of Fiume Trouble to Italian Government.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—The Peace Conference will let the Fiume situation strictly alone for the present in a sincere desire not to embarrass Italy in dealing with the very difficult case.

No statement is to be had as to how long the Supreme Council will wait for a solution by Italy. It appears to be willing to wait for some time, as long as there is a chance of an Italian Government, either the present one or another, being able to handle the affair.

As the situation stands in Paris, President Wilson's latest reply to the Italians makes it impossible that Fiume be given to Italy. The political situation in Italy makes it impossible for her to accept a settlement just now which doesn't give Fiume to Italy.

In American circles here there is strong hope that the Nitti Government will be able to smooth out the affair with the Allies, American interest is naturally very keen. The delegates do not for a moment agree with the Italian assertion that President Wilson is to blame for the whole difficulty.

As Americans here see it, there are three sides to the situation in Italy. There is the Nitti Government with its backers, anxious to effect a compromise; there is the military faction, backed by a majority of the conservatives, who would keep Fiume because that stand promises the best road for the Military Party, and there are the Socialists, who say that, Fiume or no Fiume, there must not be another war or there will be a revolution.

Of these three factions the Military Party is making the most noise and its propagandists are working overtime. At a luncheon in Paris, at which General "Peppino" Garibaldi declared that there were 5,000,000 Italians of military age who would die rather than see Italy lose Fiume.

D'Annunzio's appeal to the French people, published in the Paris newspapers this morning, has not greatly excited the populace, who have much more interest in their Deputies' debate on the Peace Treaty and the probabilities of its early ratification. There is much more French interest in Washington today than there is in Fiume. It appears to be a fair statement that if President Wilson can secure the ratification of the Peace Treaty by the Senate at any time soon, he can do as he wishes with Fiume so far as French interests go.

In the meantime, there is a soft pedal on Fiume in Paris. Nobody but the Italians is talking about it. All the other statesmen refrain from comment because they want to give Nitti every possible chance to get Italy out of the dilemma in which d'Annunzio has placed her.

AMERICAN ANGERS SWISS.

Expulsion Demanded of Man Who Offered d'Annunzio Fortune.

GENEVA, Sept. 28, (Associated Press.)—A Swiss naturalized American named Adolf Carmine, who is said to have made a fortune in Chicago supplying the American Army with foodstuffs and who recently returned to his birthplace, Bellinzona, is reported to have telegraphed Gabriele d'Annunzio, praising his capture of Fiume and expressing the hope that the Swiss canton of Ticino, in which Bellinzona is situated, soon will become Italian.

Carmine is declared to have placed his fortune at the disposal of d'Annunzio.

The Swiss newspapers express indignation over the incident and are demanding the expulsion of Carmine, declaring he no longer is a Swiss, but an American citizen.

The Canton of Ticino lies on the Italian slopes of the Alps. It originally belonged to Italy, but was taken by the Swiss in 1512.

RIOT OVER WILSON NOTE STORY

Americans Are Insulted in Trieste and Y. M. C. A. Windows Smashed.

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TRIESTE, Sept. 28.—Publication in La Nazione of a reported demand by President Wilson that d'Annunzio quit Fiume, caused a riot here and wound up in a raid on the Palace Hotel, where the crowd tore down and smashed all signs in English and French. The mob hurled assorted vegetables through the windows of the Y. M. C. A. at Trieste until the Italian flag was flown alongside the American.

A United States officer returning from Fiume reports passing twenty-four trucks loaded with supplies for d'Annunzio ten miles from Fiume. He says truck trains nightly bring supplies through the Italian lines to Fiume from Trieste, and meet no opposition from Italian sentries at intervals all along the road. He says absolutely no supplies for d'Annunzio come from the Croatian back country nor from the sea.

Americans on the streets of Fiume and Trieste meet with constant insults. This officer is one of the new Americans in Fiume who passed d'Annunzio and refused to salute. D'Annunzio used broken English, in a loud voice saying, "If is just like those Americans who will not recognize that we are the commanding officers of this city or show ordinary courtesy."

DETAILS OF TRAU LANDING.

American Mission Was Solely Diplomatic and Did Not Plan on Fight.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Here are the facts concerning the landing of the Americans at Trau on the Adriatic coast.

On Thursday, Sept. 25, d'Annunzio declared at Fiume that he would seize Spalato and Cattaro. That night four truckloads of Italian soldiers, partisans of d'Annunzio under an officer crossed into the territory held by the Jugoslav troops and took possession of the village of Trau.

Trau lies across a small estuary from Spalato, where 2,000 Serbian troops are stationed.

Hearing what had happened and hearing that the Serbian troops from Spalato were about to go to Trau to oust the Italians, Admiral Milo, commanding the Italian naval forces off Spalato, asked the commander of the American S. S. Olympia if he couldn't avoid a clash. Spalato and Trau lie on that part of the coast assigned to the American patrol under the Armistice terms. Therefore the American officer agreed to do what he could and sent one officer and party to Trau to confer with the Italians.

This officer pointed out to the Italians the seriousness if not the hopelessness of their situation, and at the end of the conference the Italians withdrew.

The American party was small and did not land with the intention or power to do any fighting in any direction. It was a diplomatic mission which was entirely successful and saved a nasty situation. The Americans naturally had an interest in preserving order in their patrol zone.

These are the salient facts of the report of today to the Navy Department by Admiral Andrews, commanding the American naval forces in the Adriatic.

SENATOR FLIES TO FIUME.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Sept. 27.—Casagrande, the patriot Senator, has forsaken his newly-wed bride at Nice and gone to Fiume, stirred by the poet's grave deeds and eloquent words. He arrived at Venice and thence proceeded by motor-launch to Pola where, his friends helping him, the party released three seaplanes and flew to Fiume.

D'Annunzio was delighted, kissed his noble recruit and made him commander of Fiume's air fleet.

More volunteers have arrived. President Wilson's "message" does not disturb the city, and D'Annunzio is remaining there until annexation, as he desires it, is assured.

ITALY MOST DREADS ITS OWN LABOR PARTY

Jugloslavs or Economic Blockade Is Feared Less Than Internal Upheaval.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—In Italian circles here it is thought Nitti will try to oppose the demand for the annexation of Fiume, which appears to be the desire of a majority of the Italian Parliament. If the Premier is beaten on a vote, his resignation is likely to follow. It is suggested that Tittoni may form a ministry with a policy of exceedingly cautious imperialism—that is, of real if not admitted support for Nationalist action on the eastern coast of the Adriatic.

Another suggestion which shows a better realization of the dangers in the internal situation is a ministry on "union sacrée" lines to deal with a problem hardly less grave than war.

I talked today with a well-informed Italian journalist just arrived from Rome. Though an ardent Nationalist and devoted admirer of d'Annunzio, he admitted that the Labor Party had greatly increased its strength since Spring, and he expressed fear they will take an "anti-Italian," that is, anti-Nationalist, stand with every serious complication with the Jugoslavs. Like the rest of the Italians here, he professed to consider the military danger of war with the Jugoslavs as negligible, but added that the present state of affairs was very critical and causing great anxiety to all true Italians.

"You mean," I asked, "that if the Fiume affair drags on without a settlement or if d'Annunzio gives them further provocation the Jugoslavs will resort to arms?"

He nodded.

"But you declare you are not afraid of them. Isn't the real cause of your anxiety a feeling in your mind almost amounting to certainty that the Labor Party will not only decline to support a war but even attempt to upset the régime under which these Nationalist adventures are possible?"

My question had struck home. My Italian friend tried to evade it, saying I exaggerated Labor's importance and that its Parliamentary leaders, Turati, Treves, and others, were moderate men opposed to violent measures. But despite evasions it was evident that the attitude of labor is the real crux of the Italian problem. That is why a newspaper like The Secolo, by no means Socialist in its sympathies, writes in reference to d'Annunzio's action, "Whither are we going?" and concludes that if this Chauvinistic madness does not end, Italy is on the road to dissolution.

Italian Nationalists do not fear any external enemy or even economic pressure from America, but against a rupture of the country's unity they are powerless, and toward that rupture events are inexorably tending.

WILSON RETURNS WORN AND SHAKEN

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

within the next week, he will be put under strict orders as to what he may and may not do in this connection.

Admiral Grayson has taken the stand that, for the present at least, there must be no conferences between the President and Administration Senators who have expressed a desire to talk over the treaty situation with him and determine just what course they must follow out to meet his views as to interpretation of the treaty which might, under some circumstances, prove acceptable.

It is a discussion of these topics which Admiral Grayson wishes to avoid above all things, as long concentration on the treaty and the League of Nations, along with the physical effort in connection with the tour just ended, have been the chief causes of the President's illness.

There was a chill in the air when the President arrived this morning and Mrs. Wilson insisted that he wear a warm overcoat. The President insisted that he was strong enough to walk from his private car, the Mayflower, and he started out briskly. That he was worn and shaken, however, was evident before he had completed the walk a few hundred yards.

The President's restless night was due partly to the fact that the private car in which he rode was attached to the rear of the train and was rocked by the speed attained. Because this motion annoyed the President and added to his nervousness, three hours was added to the schedule and the train arrived here at 11 o'clock instead of at 8 o'clock, as at first planned.

The President was able to eat a light breakfast, but he showed the evidence of his loss of sleep. His nervous condition has made sleep difficult under any circumstances, and while the accomm

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We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only

Store hours 9 to 5:30
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Have you noticed lately any newspaper articles dealing with the problems of the increasing costs of nearly everything and the decreasing purchasing power of the dollar? It occurs to us at this time that this store has been serving the thrifty people of New York for more than sixty-one years and during all that period we have argued that a dollar will buy more *good* merchandise here than at any other *good* store and no *other store has disputed our claims.*

A Case in Point: Shoes—

We have shoes in stock that were bought when shoe prices were "another thing entirely." We might have marked these at the new prices, but preferred to pass on the savings to our customers. Until these shoes are sold men will be able to purchase shoes for $5.94 and $6.49. Women may purchase shoes as low as $5.94!

Macy's — Second Floor, Rear, and Main Floor, Balcony, 35th St.

FAIL TO TAKE VOTE ON PRINTERS' STRIKE

Big Six Meeting Voices Confidence in Its Officials and Upholds Shorter Week.

FEAR LOSS OF CHARTER

Rouse Disclaims Any Purpose of Violating Laws of the International Union.

There will be no strike by members of "Big Six" Typographical Union employed in the commercial plants of New York City on Oct. 1 because of the failure of the employers to grant the demands of the union for a forty-four hour week and $14 a week wage increase, it was announced at the close of the mass meeting of the printing trades, called by "Big Six," and held in the New Star Casino, Park Avenue and 107th Street, yesterday afternoon.

The meeting adopted two resolutions, one approving the efforts that are being made to obtain the forty-four hour week for the men in the commercial plants, and the other expressing confidence in the fight that is being made for the demands by President Leon Rouse and other officials of "Big Six," but no strike vote was taken. A further conference with employers will be held, it is said, and another meeting of "Big Six" is planned for next Sunday afternoon.

It was explained, after the meeting, which was open only to members of the various branches of the printing trades, that a strike without the sanction of the International Union would be in violation of the laws of the International Union and would mean the forfeiting of "Big Six's" charter from the parent organization. There never had been any intention, it was pointed out, of taking any action that would not conform to the requirements of the International Union in every particular. A strike vote had been looked for by many as a resolution adopted the last Sunday contained the clause "a strike vote may be taken." To obtain a strike vote, it was explained yesterday it would first be necessary to get the sanction of the International Union, and no application had yet been made for such action.

Most of the meeting, which lasted for three hours, was taken up with an address by President Rouse, in which he assailed Marsden G. Scott, President of the International Union, and told the members of the negotiations with the employing printers.

President Rouse said that he had not done anything in the fight for the union demands that was in violation of the International Union and that he did not purpose to ask that any action be taken at any time that would jeopardize the charter with the International.

Voice Confidence in Officials.

The Executive Committee, he said, had prepared two resolutions, one voicing a vote of confidence in the "Big Six" officials, and the other approving the fight for the forty-four-hour week. Those resolutions, when called up later, were adopted.

Mr. Rouse also replied to an attack upon the officials of "Big Six" contained in a letter sent to each member of the union a few days ago by Mr. Scott, in which Mr. Scott warned the members of "Big Six" against following "false prophets" and declared that the International would "not support the officers or members of any local union which rejects fair arbitration."

A resolution offered by John F. Dobbs reaffirming loyalty to the International Union and the intention of "Big Six" to abide by International rules, was tabled, it being explained afterward that this subject had been fully covered in the vote of confidence given to the officials of "Big Six."

The Casino was crowded. About 5,000 men and a sprinkling of women getting inside, while several hundred, unable to find even standing room, waited on the outside for the result of the meeting. The doorkeepers had been given instructions to see that only union men, whose cards indicated that they were in good standing, be admitted. Among those at the meeting were members of the Union Printers League, of Newark and Jersey City; members of the so-called "outlawed" Franklin Union, No. 23, headed by James Bagley, and New York Printing Pressmen, No. 51, headed by Bernard Nolan. Mr. Bagley, who entered with Mr. Rouse, told newspaper men he hoped "Big Six" would not vote to strike.

Ready to Meet Committee.

The employing printers, it was learned last night, are willing to continue negotiations with the committee from "Big Six," composed of Mr. Rouse, John O'Connell, Secretary, and Theodore Douglas, organizer. The employers expect to get some word this morning from the officials of the union relative to the action taken yesterday, and it is not unlikely that conferences between the employers and the committee from the union will be resumed today. Negotiations were abandoned last week, so far as Mr. Rouse was concerned, when he would not agree to arbitration of the forty-four-hour week demand.

A peculiar situation exists as regards the pressmen employed in the commercial shops. The contracts with the Franklin Union, No. 23, and the New York Printing Pressmen, No. 51, expire at midnight Sept. 30. These two unions have been declared suspended by international officials, and the employing printers have declined to negotiate with them for a new contract because they are not affiliated with the international.

On the other hand, the two unions maintain that they are still in good standing with the international, and that they are depositing their dues in New York banks until such time as there is a settlement of the legal controversy now pending in the courts for an accounting by the international officials. The two unions report that they have about 7,000 members, composed of both pressmen and feeders.

At a mass meeting last Wednesday they reiterated their demands for a forty-four-hour week and an increase of $14 a week in wages, and also appointed a Settlement Committee to sign up such shops as would agree to these conditions.

MINERS GET REPLY TODAY.

Soft Coal Operators Expected to Reject 60 Per Cent. Wage Increase.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The soft coal operators of the central competitive field will submit at tomorrow morning's session of the joint conference of operators and miners their reply to the demands of the miners for a 60 per cent. increase in pay, a six-hour day and a five-day week. After the reply is read it is probable the miners will ask for an adjournment to consider it.

The operators completed the drafting of the document today, but no inkling of its contents was known outside their circle. Following the procedure of previous conferences the miners naturally would expect counterproposals, but there were intimations today that the operators might take the stand that the demands of the men are so extraordinary that it would be impossible to grant them and continue the operation of the mines, and that their reply tomorrow merely would state reasons why they must be rejected, thus leaving it to the miners to restate their original demands or to modify them if they saw fit.

None of the operators would admit today that the reply would be a flat rejection of the scale proposed by the United Mine Workers' Convention. All that was known about the document was that it was brief and that it would not close the door to further negotiations.

The leading operators insist that the 60 per cent. increase would double the cost of soft coal and that not enough could be mined on a six-hour day and five-day week basis to provide a normal supply.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 14.

NEW DEGREE FOR MERCIER.

Columbia to Make Cardinal Doctor of Sacred Theology.

Columbia University will grant the degree of Doctor of Sacred Theology to Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium, on Tuesday, Oct. 7, it was announced yesterday. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler will confer the degree in the south court of the university, facing the library, Broadway and 116th Street, at 3 o'clock, in the presence of faculties and students of the university.

Later a reception in honor of the Cardinal will be held in the home of Dr. Butler, 60 Morningside Avenue.

During his visit to Columbia Cardinal Mercier will see the many changes in the university as a result of the war, it was said. Among them will be the institution of Professor Anatole le Braz, a well known Breton scholar, as visiting French professor during the academic year. Professor le Braz, who is Professor of French Literature at the University of Rennes, Brittany, succeeds Professor Fernand Baldensperge.

INDORSE DAYLIGHT SAVING.

Many Urge Passage of City Ordinance, Says President Moran.

Robert L. Moran, President of the Board of Aldermen, said last night that the Daylight Saving Ordinance, now before the Welfare Committee, has been indorsed by representatives of every walk of life in the city.

"The first to advocate the measure was the Merchants' Association," he said. "Then came the labor unions and leaders of organized workers; banks added their indorsement, and leading Stock Exchange firms notified me of their approval. The Flatbush Chamber of Commerce, the Bronx Board of Trade, hundreds of individual firms, and thousands of citizens also indorsed the ordinance.

"Opposing them are a few men and women, most of whom, without signing names, have notified members of the board they are against it. I trust those who oppose it will make themselves known. So far only a few have expressed dislike."

A daylight saving ordinance will be considered in Cincinnati tomorrow, according to advices to the National Daylight Saving Association.

PAY TRIBUTE TO DOWLING.

His Public Services Commemorated in Downtown League's Testimonial.

A testimonial of appreciation for the public services of Borough President Frank L. Dowling was adopted in the form of resolutions by the Downtown League yesterday. The resolution read:

"Resolved, That in the death of Frank L. Dowling, President of the Borough of Manhattan, the people of the City of New York have lost one of its most valued citizens and public officials. He was an upright man, fair, just and aggressive; an official who was ready to serve the people. He was unostentatious and quick to take up what was equitable in the handling of problems in his official life. He was a great believer in the improvement of lower Manhattan and showed his interest in it by making the streets and pavements better in every way. In the death of Mr Dowling the Downtown League has sustained a great loss."

Hundreds of men and women called yesterday at the Dowling home, 334 West Twenty-second Street, to express their sympathy at Mr. Dowling's death. Among them was City Magistrate Henry H. Curran, who was the Republican candidate defeated by Mr. Dowling in the borough election.

The Manhattan Aldermen, who will elect Mr. Dowling's successor, will probably meet the latter part of the week to name a candidate. Several of the Aldermen said yesterday that no one had yet been considered for the position. The regular session of the Aldermen tomorrow will be adjourned, it was said, because of the funeral of the Borough President. The unexpired term of Mr. Dowling ends on Jan. 1, 1921.

MORE FREE SCHOLARSHIPS.

Knights of Columbus Extend Offer to Former Soldiers.

A remarkable showing has been made by the several hundred former soldiers, sailors and marines in the entry examinations conducted by the various colleges and universities selected by the Knights of Columbus in their award of 100 free scholarships; so great, in fact, that the committee at a meeting in the Hotel Commodore yesterday decided to give to each man who came through with a high percentage a scholarship even if it went beyond the original number of 100.

According to William J. McGinley, Supreme Secretary, who has been in charge of the Scholarship Award Committee, the Knights planned at the outset to place fifty men who qualified at universities where they could pursue academic courses. The other fifty were to be sent to colleges to take up scientific, mining, and agricultural courses. More than forty-four states were represented in the contest, which provides for a four-year course, board, lodging, books and tuition.

Clark & Weinberg

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Cloth Coats
Evening Wraps

634 Fifth Ave., Opp. Cathedral

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Saks

CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

A TAILOR does not necessarily become a better tailor simply because he works for us. But (and get this!) by working for us he is allowed to give more time to each garment and in fine tailoring you can only make haste slowly.

Properly Priced

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

George Bernard Co.

OUR Evening Gowns, Suits, Tailored and Dancing Frocks and Hats are readily distinguished by their incomparable cachet and youthful loveliness.

Prices Surprisingly Modest

673 FIFTH AVENUE at 53d St

8½ ton Brockway owned by J. Dobbins, Coal dealer, 138th and Madison Ave.

CONTINUOUS OPERATION

The 3½ ton Brockway shown above is owned by J. Dobbins, Coal dealer at 138th and Madison Ave. It is giving the service that typifies the Brockway dump truck everywhere.

Day and Night Service in our up-to-date service station insures you against the time and money lost while your truck is laid up for repairs. We see to it that the operation of your Brockway is practically uninterrupted. Call, write or phone.

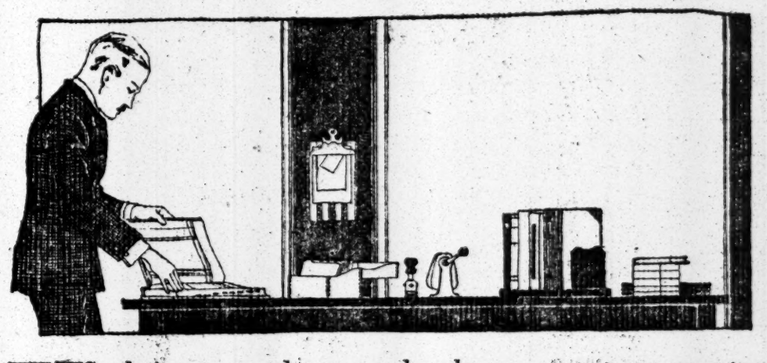
BROCKWAY
"THE RIGHT WAY"
544-546 WEST 38TH STREET
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE

CHRISTY MATHEWSON
is reporting the
WORLD SERIES GAMES
for
THE NEW YORK TIMES

The former champion pitcher of the Giants and later manager of the Cincinnati Reds is thoroughly qualified to describe these important games. Every baseball fan will be interested in Mathewson's articles.

Macy's

The annual sale of
commercial stationery
and office supplies
begins this morning



THIS sale is an annual event and each year presents an opportunity for business men and women, institutions, and professional people to save substantial amounts on their purchases. It will continue throughout the week, but that is no reason for delay. Our stocks are plentiful, but we may be "Sold Out" soon in the case of some items. Place your order today!

Loose Leaf Ledger—bound in canvas; complete with 200 sheets and Index from A to Z. size 7½x10⅜. Reg. $3.24, $2.69. size 9½x11⅜. Reg. $3.96, $3.24.

Bound Blank Books—Record-Journals, Ledgers, Day and Cash Books and column ruled books in various bindings at Lowest-in-the-City prices.

1920 Diaries and Calendars.—At almost the same prices as last year.

Esterbrook Pen Points—assortment of styles to each box; a gross in a box, at 49c.

Pencils, Lead—all have metal tips with erasers in round or hexagon shapes, 29c a doz.

Inks, Paste and Mucilage—in all sizes at Lowest-in-the-City prices.

Business Envelopes—good quality and size. Size 6¾. Box of 500 at 79c.

Self Inking Daters—with renewable ink pad; metal type, regular $1.39, special $1.19.

Boston Sharpeners $1.09

Scratch Pads—size 6x9, 100 sheets to a pad, for 4c.

Gem Clips—at 39c per M. Reg. price, 50c per M., other styles at very low prices.

Package Receipt Books—canvas cover, regular 9c, Special, 7c.

Mahogany Book Racks—will hold about 14 books. Reg. price 89c; special 74c.

Pay Envelopes—of manila paper, good quality. Box of 1,000, regular $1.02, special, 84c.

Desk Pads—with leather corners:

Size.	Reg. Price	Sale
12x19	27c	24c
16x21	29c	24c
19x24	34c	29c

Desk Pads with Red or Black Padded leather corners; size 19x24, 69c.

An exceptional offering of small size scratch pads, different grades in white and colors. Reg. price 29c a doz. Special, 23c a doz. Larger sizes and better grade, 47c a doz.

Hammermill Bond Typewriting Tablets—Legal size at 23c per pad.

Our Own Reliable Typewriting Tablets—100 sheets to a pad, 23c.

Manila second sheets, good quality, size 8½x11. 29c per ream.

Blotters for Desks—are 19x24, at 46c a doz. Reg. price was 72c doz.

Hand Blotters—size 4½x9, in white only, at 46c a gross. Reg. price 72c a gross.

Our Own Pure Food Cooking Recipe Cabinets—complete with 460 recipes and 460 extra blank cards for records of new recipes; size 6½x5, at 98c.

Steel Erasers—with black handle, at 29c each.

Moistener—glass bowls, complete with red rubber sponge, at 29c.

Telephone Index—either to hang on the mouthpiece of phone or to hang on wall. Index A to Z, at 29c each.

Typewriter Shields—for erasing—will protect balance of letter while erasing, at 5c each.

Glass Inkstand—complete with pen tray and compartments for pens, rubber bands, etc. Single well for black ink, at 39c; same, double wells, one for black and the other for red ink, at 74c each; we are also showing a very large assortment of wooden base Inkstands, either oak or mahogany, also cut glass inkstands, in single or double, with square or oval bases, at very low prices.

Filing Cabinets—Oak, with hinge covers; size 3x5 inches—complete with 100 cards and Index from A to Z. 34c each.

Filing Cabinets—oak—two drawers to hold 3x5 cards. Regular price $3.96, special $3.24.

4 drawers, 3x5, regular $8.89, special $7.89.

Stenographers' Note Books—good quality paper; 42c a dozen.

Star File—Letter size, durably constructed, with Index from A to Z. Regular price 32c. Special 29c ea.

Frankfort File is dust proof, with brass snap lock, at 34c.

Memorandum Books—large assortment, open at side or end; various rulings, many indexed A to Z, 5c to 39c each.

Bond Typewriter Paper—good quality, wrapped 500 sheets to a package, 99c.

Our Own Reliable Typewriter Ribbons—for all machines, in one or two colors, record or copy. Reg. price 54c. Now 47c each.

Our Own Reliable Carbon Paper—standard weight, in letter or legal size; black or blue; 100 sheets to a box, $1.49.

Wire Letter Trays—Reg. price 27c—23c each.

BUSINESS ENGRAVING

Our engraving and printing department is prepared to execute orders for business engraving of every description. We merely suggest here the various kinds of business engraving which we are constantly handling. All work in our studio on the premises at lowest-in-the-city prices. Announcements of removal, retirements, co-partnerships, business cards and announcements, appointment cards and letter heads, etc. We will be glad to give estimates on any work that may be desired.

Mail Orders

If you wish to order by mail, fill out this blank, check off items you want or put in general showing quantity before each item and mail to Macy's, Herald Square, N. Y.

Name.....
Street and No.....
City..... State.....

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Toys

From time immemorial Christmas has been practically the sole time for the giving of Toys. But why confine your giving to Christmas alone?

You will find at F. A. O. Schwarz Toys suitable for every day in the year. Toys the children will appreciate.

Don't wait for Christmas to make your children happy—it is a long way off. Buy them a toy or two now!

F. A. O. SCHWARZ
5th AVE. cor. 31st ST.

Introducing to you a new collar
BARRACKS
designed for comfort and style.
Now on sale.
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

WATERFRONT STORAGE

WE HAVE ACQUIRED THE BLOCK BETWEEN 19TH AND 20TH STS., BROOKLYN, WITH 720 FEET OF DOCKS. CONVENIENT TO ALL S. S. LINES AND R. R. TERMINALS.

BERTHS FOR STEAMSHIPS AND BARGES

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE WE HAVE SEVERAL WAREHOUSES IN N. Y. AND BROOKLYN WITH R. R. SIDINGS AND DOCKS IN THE FREE LIGHTERAGE ZONE.

MOTOR TRUCKING

WE HAVE THE LARGEST FLEET OF HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS IN NEW YORK, CONSISTING OF 58 TRUCKS OF 8 TONS CAPACITY EACH.

SERVICE GUARANTEED ON ONE HOUR'S NOTICE

CALLAN BROS.
MAIN OFFICE, 214 E. 135TH ST., N. Y.
Phones: Melrose 2281-2282-2283.

PIEDMONT
Peanut Oil

—makes a delicious salad dressing, is an economical shortening and fries "deep" without burning.

Ask for Piedmont PEANUT OIL

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PAWN TICKETS
PROVIDENT PURCHASING CO
Created for the purchase of ALL PAWN TICKETS, diamonds, pearls, gold, platinum, silver, jewelry. Our finely erected offices offer you absolute privacy, or our representative will call.
166 West 46th St. At B'way. Tel. Bryant 6588.

SOUTHERN HOSPITALITY

If you've ever enjoyed it in one of Dixie's old-fashioned, white-columned houses, then you know the delights of Mammy's hot biscuits.

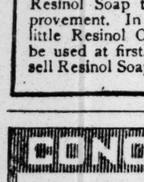
Brought in several times during the meal, feather-light with golden butter melting in, you simply can't resist them.

CHILDS famous butter cakes are made like Mammy's biscuits—brown and crisp on top and bottom, light and fluffy inside.

Served piping hot with real country butter, they blend perfectly with any dish.

Childs

Salto-Nuts
Ap-pe-tiz-ing



Chick says:
Luscious, appetizing, Salto-Nuts keep you in training the year round

Bi a Box

Hatch
HATCH - HE KNOWS THE PARCEL POST
35th St & Herald Sq. Bway & 30th Bway & 45th

A BETTER GRAND PIANO
A BETTER PLAYER PIANO
A BETTER UPRIGHT PIANO

for the money than offered by the Christman Piano Co. cannot be obtained among the higher grade instruments.

Bargains: Steinway Baby Grand, $425. Other used grand and upright pianos $100 and up.

CHRISTMAN SONS,
753 6th Ave. (43rd St.)

Clear your complexion completely with Resinol Soap

If you find yourself "left out" because of a poor skin, and want a clear, fresh complexion, use Resinol Soap at least once a day. Wash thoroughly with a warm, creamy lather of it, then rinse the face with plenty of cold water.

It does not often take many days of such regular care with Resinol Soap to show an improvement. In severe cases, a little Resinol Ointment should be used at first. All druggists sell Resinol Soap and Ointment.

CONCRETE
WHITE
CONSTRUCTION CO. INC
NEW YORK

5-6 Ton Motor Truck
At Very Attractive Price

For sale—popular worm drive standard unit truck, with 16-foot half van type body; adaptable for long-distance hauling or furniture work. Run only 1,700 miles. Will demonstrate.

Colt-Stratton Company
1847 B'way—Phone Columbus 7100

PURIFIED SUGAR
First Quality Maximum of Polarization.
Am Buyer of Many Shipments,
as well as
RICE, CHOCOLATE, LARD
Give prices C. I. F. Antwerp or Marseilles
in Transit Lisbon or Porto.
ADALBERTO DE CARVALHO,
70 Rue de Spa Bruxelles, Belgique,
or 339 Rue Fernandez Thomaz, at Porto, Portugal.
Correspondence in French for both places.

QUIZZES CANDIDATES ON LABOR PROBLEMS

Citizens Union Seeks Views on Unionization of City Workers and Right to Strike.

INCLUDES PUBLIC UTILITIES

Assembly Nominees Also Questioned on Changes in Terms of Traction Franchises.

In submitting its usual questionnaires to candidates for the Assembly and Board of Aldermen, the Citizens Union this year has asked for the views of the nominees on the unionization of city employes and their right to strike on the same basis as industrial laborers. The questions propounded on this subject art.

We should like to have your views as to the unionization of city employes.

Would you differentiate between the uniformed forces and other civil service employes?

Do you believe that such unions, if permitted, should be allowed to affiliate with outside organizations of nonofficial employes?

Do you believe that city employes and the uniformed forces, (firemen, policemen, and street cleaners,) in particular, should be prohibited from striking, and, if so, what other opportunities should be provided for a redress of their grievances?

Candidates for the Assembly are being asked for views in regard to strikes on public utilities. On this subject the questionnaire says:

"New York has had two bitter experiences with strikes on public utility traction lines during the last year. Strikes on public utilities involve factors that ordinary industrial strikes do not involve. There is a tendency on the part of both employers and employes to consider that the question of disputes between them are matters to be decided by themselves alone. Such a view does not take into consideration the interest of the public, which is the chief sufferer, and, therefore, one of the parties most deeply concerned.

"We should like to have your opinion as to whether or not a law should be enacted providing for compulsory delay pending attempts at conciliation, compulsory arbitration or other plan of settlement of questions likely to lead to a strike on public utilities."

Another question to Assembly nominees is:

"At the last session of the Legislature a measure was introduced authorizing the Public Service Commission to alter rates of fare on street railways, notwithstanding the fact that existing franchises fixed the rate.

"Do you believe the Public Service Commission should have this power?

"Do you believe if such power is conferred it should be coupled with a grant of authority to the city to demand a readjustment of the terms of franchises, so as to terminate perpetual franchises, eliminate existing preferentials, and otherwise improve the contracts in the public's interest?"

WILL TEACH AMERICANISM.

Hebrew Orphanage to Set Aside Fund for This Purpose.

Leo Lerner, President of the Hebrew National Orphan House which is conducting a campaign to raise $500,000 for its new home on the Tuckahoe Road, announced yesterday at a special meeting of the Board of Directors that a large part of the money will be set aside for teaching Americanism at the institution.

Special teachers of history and civics will be obtained for this purpose, as well as a complete set of books, flags, pictures and works of art, illustrating American history. Mr. Lerner also announced that in accordance with the plan elaborated by Secretary Lane, a series of pageants and plays chronicling the glorious past of the nation will be presented by the children themselves. In this endeavor Mr. Lerner said he had obtained the hearty co-operation of Congressman Florello La Guardia, who had endorsed the campaign in addition to making a liberal subscription to it.

WRECKED EXPLORERS HOME

Reach Newfoundland After Loss of Yacht in Hudson Bay.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Sept. 28.—Christian Leden, the Norwegian explorer, chief of the arctic expedition on the American yacht Finback, which was wrecked in Hudson Bay last August, arrived here Friday with the other members of the party.

The Finback sailed from New York in July, carrying a large cargo of beads, tools, knives, and toilet articles for trade with the Esquimaux. On Aug. 20 she struck a reef off Cape Fullerton, and the crew in two boats proceeded to Chesterfield Inlet. There they boarded the steamer Nascopie, which brought them to this port. 100

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 14.

N. Y. LEGION EXCEEDS QUOTA

More Than 100,000 Members Enrolled, and More to Join.

A total of slightly more than 100,000 members in the New York branch of the American Legion was announced yesterday by Ogden L. Mills, the State Chairman. A membership of 100,000 had been set as the New York quota by the National Headquarters of the veterans' organization.

"The accomplishment of the task set us early in June has been effected only through the united and almost unanimous support of the veterans of the great war," Mr. Mills said yesterday. "In June we set the goal as 500 posts and 100,000 members in New York State before the State convention in Rochester, Oct. 10 and 11. So enthusiastic was the response throughout the State that today, two weeks before the convention, we have exceeded our allotment with a total of 508 posts and slightly more than our hundred thousand members. By the middle of next week we will have reached the 104,000 mark set by the National Committee as our quota in the national drive for a million members, and by the time of the convention we fully expect an additional ten thousand members."

EMMA GOLDMAN TO FIGHT.

Says She Cannot Be Deported, as We Do Not Recognize Lenin

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Emma Goldman, following her release from the Missouri State Penitentiary, where she served a two-year term for violation of the Espionage act in preaching resistance to the selective draft, arrived in Chicago today on her way to New York, where, on Oct. 3, she faces deportation proceedings before a Federal Commissioner at Ellis Island.

She was cheerful and celebrated her release in a Michigan Boulevard hotel, where she was questioned about the deportation proceedings.

"I'll fight them every inch of the way," she said. "Deport me? Why, I've put in thirty years of work in America and have an affection for it, if it's only the affection one has for trouble. But do you know of Russia?" And the anarchist, who was born in Russia, talked of Russian factional politics and the influences of Bolshevism, then declared the reason the Americans are not being returned from Russian areas is that they are Bolshevists.

"Will they deport me to Russia?" she asked. "Well, they can't, because they don't recognize the Government there; but if they should I could keep up my work, and there would be a great welcome for me, I am sure."

She became reminiscent.

"But all the throngs that have cheered me and all else are forgotten today," she said, smiling. "Of all the tributes I ever had, the best was on the day I left prison, when the women filed past, some sobbing, to clasp my hand.

"What I am most interested in just now is prison reform," she added.

"No, prison isn't amusing," she concluded.

SHOOTS GIRL, KILLS HIMSELF

Chicago Broker Turns on Companion in Paris Restaurant.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Ernest C. Ladd, who is said to have been a Chicago broker, last night shot a young woman named Adrienne Policioni, with whom he was having dinner, and then cut his throat, dying shortly afterward. Although wounded several times, the condition of Miss Policioni is not considered serious.

Ladd, who was about 40 years old, had been living at the Hotel Continental for six months. The police assert that the shooting of the woman was due to jealousy on the part of Ladd, declaring that the couple previously had quarreled.

MAKE 'BLACKHAND' ARREST.

Brockton Police Say Prisoner Threatened Shoe Manufacturer.

BROCKTON, Mass., Sept. 28.—Miner W. Thompson, 66 years old, was arrested last night, charged with sending a "blackhand" letter to George E. Keith, a shoe manufacturer, and threatening him with death unless he left $2,500 at a designated place. Mr. Keith received the letter on Sept. 3. He paid no attention to it, but after receiving a threatening telephone call ten days later, notified the police.

Policemen sent to the spot mentioned in the letter reported that they saw Thompson lift a stone in the woods and examine a wallet underneath in which the letter had directed Mr. Keith to place the money. Thompson said he had seen two men examining the stone and had gone there out of curiosity. A few days later Mr. Keith was threatened again over the telephone, and Thompson's arrest followed.

Hears Germans May Emulate Poet.

WARSAW, Sept. 28.—The Gazette Poranny says it has proof that the Germans are preparing for "a d'Annunzio move" against Danzig.

DIES IN FALL FROM TRAIN.

George Pearson, Found Near Track, Former Aid to Governor Beaver.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 28.—The body of George Pearson, Prothonotary of the State Supreme Court for the Western District, and prominent throughout Pennsylvania, was found early today beside the Panhandle Railroad tracks in Rennerdale, following an all-night search. It is believed that he walked from a moving train.

Mr. Pearson, who is 69 years old, left his home Saturday afternoon, supposedly to purchase a newspaper, and when he did not return, the police were notified. In 1886 Mr. Pearson entered public life as Secretary to Governor James A. Beaver.

POULET TO START OCT. 1.

French Aviator Announces Stops on Proposed Paris-Melbourne Flight.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Lieutenant Poulet, the French aviator, who recently announced his plans for a flight from Paris to Melbourne, Australia, will leave Paris on Oct. 1.

Lieutenant Poulet, in telling of his proposed flight, said he planned to make the principal stops at Rome, Brindisi, Constantinople, Bombay, Calcutta, Bankok, Singapore, and Batavia.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
THE AUTOMATIC FIREMEN
Our idea of service
When you equip your building with GLOBE Automatic Sprinklers, you also get the GLOBE Sprinkler Inspection Service. This is a new service which insures the efficiency of your system at all times. Ask us for full information.
GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
149 Broadway Cort. 6790
Packard Motor Car Co. building at Hartford, Conn., protected by GLOBE Sprinklers.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES

Buy One Today—
$5 Gillette Razors at $3.95
In fine LEATHER case, with twelve blades. Unequalled at $3.95. *Main Floor.*

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Business Hours 9 to 5:30 — Store Open All Day Saturdays

Enroll Now!
In the American Legion. Soldiers, Sailors, and Marines join this week, and stand together for 100 per cent. Americanism.

Fashion's Most Distinctive SUITS
For Women are Offered at Saks Today
Special
At $39.50 and $49.50

Fifteen distinct models at each price, exact duplicates of suits of a much costlier type, possessing all the chic and daring of their wonderful originals.

Dressy, Sports and Tailleur Models
Expertly tailored in Chevrona, Wool Velour, Broadcloth, Silvertone, Velour de Laine, and Fullwool Healthers, handsomely silk lined and warmly interlined.
Fourth Floor.

Limited to Monday—
A Very Special Offering of
Women's Smart Coats
in the two swagger models pictured
Priced Very Low

At $65—
Handsome Normandy Cloth Coats, direct reproductions of costly imports, with luxurious collars of Natural Raccoon, as *pictured.* Tailored so skilfully that lengthy service is assured; lined and interlined.
Obtainable in Brown, Taupe, Tan and Navy Blue.

At $39.50
Beautiful Bolivia Cloth Coats, in smart belted models, that have an unusual grace and ease of line, showing exclusive adjustable collar of self material. Tailored with great care, fully lined and interlined. Obtainable in all wanted colors and sizes 34 to 48.
Fourth Floor.

MISSES' FROCKS
That Have Been Selling at $25, $29.50 and $35
Reduced to
$15 and $18.50
These are all up-to-the-moment in styling and material, but have been marked at these low prices for prompt disposal because the size ranges in the various models are incomplete. Beautifully fashioned of
Chiffon Taffeta and Georgette Crepe in Combination with Taffeta
in Navy Blue, Copenhagen Blue, Brown and Black. If your size is here you will have found a wonderful value in a really smart frock.
Second Floor.

La Vida, Stylish Stout and W. B. Reduso Corsets
Are among America's best productions in well proportioned Corsets for well-dressed women
Each is to be seen at Saks in full assortment
No better moderate priced Corsets are to be had, and nowhere are they to be seen in better size ranges than at Saks. The new models are developed in Plain and Novelty Broche, Coutil, Brocade and Satin, with low, medium or girdle top. Prices:

La Vida Corsets	$5.00 to $22.50
Stylish Stout Corsets	$8.50 to $23.50
W. B. Reduso Corsets	$5.00 to $6.50
W. B. Nuform Corsets	$2.00 to $4.50

Third Floor

Nothing Smarter for Fall!
New Baby Louis XV Pumps
Saks & Company feature the latest model
Today at $8.50
A very graceful, scientifically proportioned pump that will lend added beauty to even the most perfect foot. Made of Patent Leather or a fine Gun Metal Calfskin, with baby Louis XV heels and hand-turned soles. *Pictured.*

Also at $8.50—A Distinctive Pump in Patent Leather and Black Glazed Kidskin with regulation Louis XV heels and hand-turned soles.

High-Grade Spats, Special $2.50
Worn with a pump they give the appearance of a smart high-cut boot. They come in light and dark Fawn, new shades of Grey, and Black, and at $2.50 are wonderful value.
Second Floor.

FOR EARLY FALL—
Street Frocks of Tricotine and Serge
Are most practical. We offer a splendid collection of Women's Frocks in these materials today
At Very Special Prices

The illustration at left shows a beautiful All Wool Serge Frock, smartly embroidered with Soutache and Novelty Silk Braid. No frock more distinctive has been shown in Paris for Fall. To be had in Navy Blue and Black.

Special Today
At $35

Pictured at right is a very charming Tricotine Frock, reproducing with marked fidelity all the charm of its expensive imported original. Note the looped panels and hand-embroidered belt. To be had today
Special $45

Saks & Company also direct particular attention to a special collection of
Beautiful Afternoon Frocks for Women
assembled on the Fourth Floor, all exact duplicates of late imports by Europe's most famous couturiers. Produced in

Fine Quality Satin	at $39.50 to $150
Soft, Silky Duvetyne	at $95.00 to $150

Fourth Floor.

The Saks Hair Goods Shop
is chiefly notable for its reliability
Every hair piece in the Saks Hair Goods Shop is made of the finest hair obtainable, and unless a perfect match, is possible a sale is never made. As a special inducement for you to visit our department today, we offer
Naturally Wavy Switches at $4.45
Third Floor.

Buy Your Sweater Coat NOW
Saks & Company are showing a wonderful collection today at

$6.95 to $15
Every Sweater in the collection is worth from 15% to 25% more than when we placed our orders—by making your selection now the saving is yours.
All New Models
and beautiful weaves—including the very fashionable Jumbo weave. The yarns include Zephyr Wool, Shetland Wool, and Alpaca, in Brown, Buff, Green, Purple, Copenhagen Blue, Rose, Navy Blue, Peacock Blue.
Third Floor.

PASTORS DISCUSS NATION'S PROBLEMS

League of Nations, Radicalism, and Steel Strike Themes of Pulpit Discourses.

DR. J. H. JOWETT RETURNS

Plea for Middle Classes by the Rev. William Carter—Rabbi Wise on the Treaty.

Sermons in New York churches yesterday covered a wide range of topics, though the League of Nations, radicalism, and the steel strike came in for a major share of attention. The Rev. Dr. John H. Jowett, who recently accepted a pastorate in England, is back in this country for a brief visit, and preached at his old church home, the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, telling a large congregation which gathered to welcome him that in these world-troubled times there was need as never before to call upon Jesus for help.

"In these present days of tumult and trying conditions there is crying need for the help of Jesus," said Dr. Jowett. He referred to Jesus as a "doctor who never lost a patient and who always went to the help of those who placed their faith in Him." "If ever there was a time when Jesus is needed," said Dr. Jowett, "it is now. We need His power and His leadership. With His help we can lay all of our antagonisms in the dust."

Dr. Jowett will return to London in a few weeks, but meantime he will conduct the 11 o'clock services at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church on Sundays, Oct. 5, 12, and 19.

A plea for the middle classes was voiced in the Troop Avenue (Brooklyn) Presbyterian Church by the Rev. Dr. William Carter, who chose for his topic "The Man That Is Down," and said:

"There is one class that needs attention and has had very little of it, and that is the one between the upper and nether millstones of Capital and Labor, the middle class of clerks, small business men, office men, professional men, teachers, writers, newspaper men, &c.—the men and women who never strike and therefore are never thought of when it comes to consideration of the low price of work and the high price of living. That is 'the man that's down,' and I wonder that he has stayed down so long. He has got to be considered. He represents by far the larger part of the working world. Give him his due, or he will assert himself and organize for protection."

Opening the religious services of Columbia for the academic year, Chaplain Raymond C. Knox preached against radicalism.

"They speak of our Constitution as a fraud. They sneer at our forefathers and see in the founding of our land nothing of nobility and sacrifice," he said. "But we will not be dismayed or fearful because of any assault on all that the centuries have won and reared. The fate of those who attempt it will be as that which befell the King of Syria and the King of Prussia. Mightier than all the material strength of America shall be its spiritual force, and we shall behold God marching on."

Addressing many of his own parishioners in All Souls' Church, loaned to him because of the recent fire in the Community Church, the Rev. Dr. John Hayes Holmes moved his hearers telling of his grief in the loss of the old edifice by fire.

"We have lost our church building," he said, "but we have not lost our Church. Yes, we have lost our home, but we have not lost one another."

Rabbi Wise in the Free Synagogue had for his subject "The Senate Comedy versus World Comity." He pleaded for ratification of the treaty.

"The League of Nations that the Senate seems to desire," he said, "is one that shall be Wilsonless, from the American point of view burdenless, and from the viewpoint of the Republican Party riskless, that shall redound to the glory of the party of moral ideals and assure the election as the next President of the United States of at least one of the leading opponents of the League."

In the Bedford Avenue (Brooklyn) Presbyterian Church Dr. S. Edward Young said:

"Labor's grievances in the past have been heavy," he said, "and only the excesses of the present hour by such men as Foster and Fitzpatrick turn back the sympathies of broad-minded people from labor's cause. How needful that some voice labor would heed might speak in labor's inner councils where just now the alien professional agitator is crowding the old-time safe leader to the wall and inflaming laborers with hatred of their fellow-men and rebellion against the Government."

The Manhattan Congregational Church at the morning service yesterday accepted the resignation of its pastor, the Rev. William T. McElveen, who is to go as minister to the First Congregational Church of Portland, Ore.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 14.

FOWNES
NAME IN EVERY PAIR
Whatever the material—leather silk or fabric; whatever the occasion, you can *depend* on the fit and style of Fownes
GLOVES
FOR MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN

1019—Book-ends—Pair $7.50

EASE

THE arrangement of wares on tables according to price makes shopping at Ovington's pleasant and simple. Tables are marked at $3.50—$5.00—$7.50—$10.00—$12.50 and $15.00 and each table contains unusual values.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave."
314 Fifth Av., near 32d St.

ORDER
Ballantine's
GOLDEN GLOW
GINGER ALE

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT
CASH PAID IMMEDIATELY
for Pawn Tickets, Diamonds, Precious Stones and Jewelry. Appraising free. Strictly confidential. (Call or write.)
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503 Fifth Ave., New York.
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LB

The foundation of American business—

As business grows and expands today, efficient filing methods become more necessary. These are the brick and stone and mortar of every commercial structure. These are the foundations that stand-up or collapse under the strain of sudden growth and expansion.

Go into ten large representative businesses in the country and ask what filing systems they use. The majority will answer—"Library Bureau".

There are 75,000 Library Bureau customers. Gather them together as a filing community and you have a varied sky-line. But dig deep and you find three things fundamental in their filing systems—accuracy, speed and simplicity.

Never such business activity as now. Never such need—such extraordinary need—for efficient office systems. Never was haphazard buying or experimenting fraught with more danger. Library Bureau takes the guess-work out of filing and makes it an exact science.

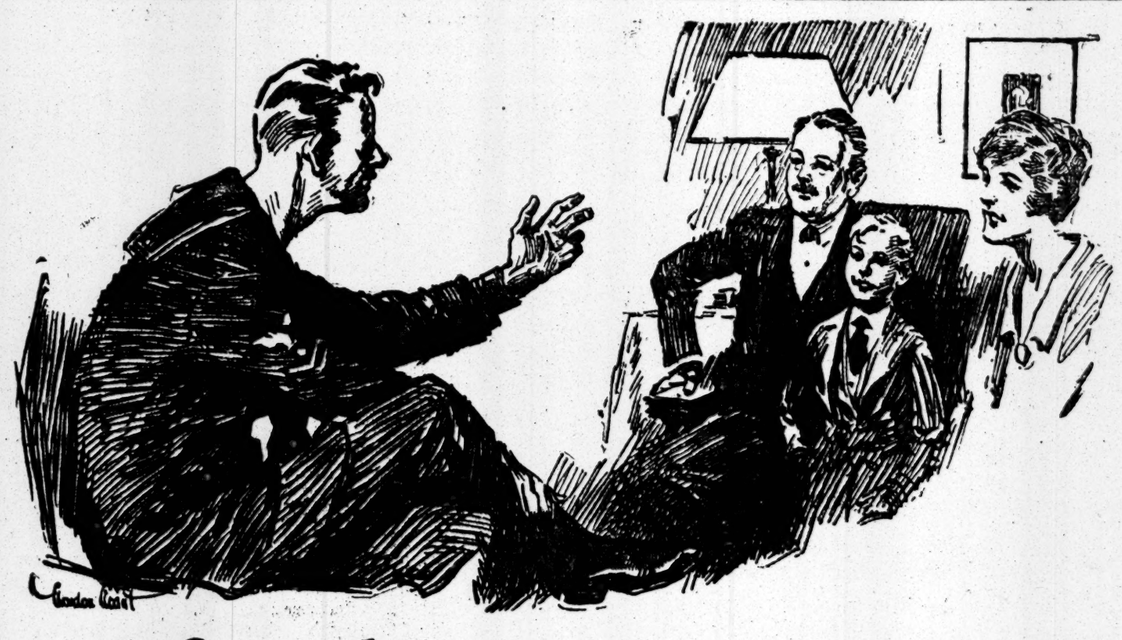
The experience of 43 years is yours to command whether your order is small or large.

Write for catalogs and folders on
Filing Stock record Card ledger Card and filing supplies
Steel card and filing cabinets Unit filing cabinets in wood

Library Bureau
Card and filing systems Founded 1876 Filing cabinets wood and steel
O. H. RICE, Manager
316 Broadway, New York
Salesrooms in 49 leading cities of the United States, Great Britain and France

RARE and beautiful imported French kidskin gloves—
Over seventy styles for whim and fancy to rove among—
Each with its certain appeal to the refined sense of the fastidious—
Made, as ever, with the traditional Centemeri care and exquisite craftsmanship—
Of the same lovely *Nationale Quality* kidskins from the river valleys of France.
Our stock this season is the largest we have ever received from our Grenoble factory.
For Centemeri Gloves, you must know, are *Grenoble Gloves*, made from kidskins "dressed" in Annonay—a combination that has produced for centuries the most beautiful kid gloves in the world.
The Perfect Christmas Gift
The Centemeri Seven *The Centemeri Wardrobe*

Centemeri Gloves
400 Fifth Ave.
Philadelphia Store 123 South 13th St.



"—and from there we went to Japan"

Talk about adventures!

Men in the Navy come home with the kind of experiences that most chaps read of only in books.

Here's your chance if you are a *he fellow!*

Uncle Sam has, as you know, a big Navy and gives red-blooded young fellows like you an opportunity to step aboard and "shove off".

What will you get out of it? Just this:

A chance to rub elbows with foreign folks in strange parts of the world.

The chance for good honest work on shipboard—the kind of work that teaches you something real; the kind of work that puts beef on your shoulders and hair on your chest.

You will get 30 care-free vacation days a year, not counting shore leave in home or foreign ports.

You will have the kind of comradeship in travel that sailors know.

You will have regular pay, over and above your meals, lodging, and first uniform outfit—good stuff, all of it.

You can join for two years. When you get through you'll be physically and mentally "tuned up" for the rest of your life. You'll be ready through and through for SUCCESS.

There is a Recruiting Station right near you. If you don't know where it is, your Postmaster will be glad to tell you.

To any father and mother:
In the Navy, your boy's food, health, work and play, and moral welfare are looked after by responsible experts.

Shove off!-Join the U. S. Navy

Stopped But Not Defeated

Eight million dollars for humanity hangs in the balance; eight million dollars to be devoted to Americanizing the stranger within our gates and to helping the helpless in foreign lands.

With the means to accomplish one of the greatest educational projects almost within our reach—we are stopped. Stopped in sight of the summit of service.

Peace and prosperity, honor and industry, owe much to the church. Today, during the present period of unrest, the strong, understanding arm of the church is about the shoulders of the nation, calming, restraining, persuading into paths of reason.

To continue this work, to spread understanding, to educate where education is most needed, to teach the joy of industry, to help build a stronger, more unified nation at home, and to show the stricken peoples for whom our armies fought that we are still their friends and helpers; to do this intensely practical work, we must have help.

Our plans have the recommendation of John D. Rockefeller. He is so convinced we are right he offers two million dollars if we raise six million. More than five and one-half millions have been secured. Less than one-eighth of the total is lacking.

Your help is needed, desperately needed, now. The insuring of an enduring service is just beyond the limit of our outstretched desires. Make your memorial offering to civilization today. Build for posterity.

Of course you will help. We are sure of it. The need is so great. The time so short. Your reward so certain.

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A Doralis Pearl and an Oriental Pearl side by side in an oyster would be twins even Mother of Pearl herself could not tell apart.

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$39.50 to $300.00

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$7.50 to $95.00

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

THE NEW "84" CIGAR
IS NOW READY FOR YOU

YOU can get this wonderful smoke at your favorite cigar store. There's oodles of goodness wrapped in with the *ripe* Sumatra and long filler.

The New "84" Cigar has a band and sells for 8c (2 for 15c).

Your dealer may have a few without bands. They were purchased before the recent strike and sell for 7c (3 for 20c)—PAY NO MORE.

If you can't get any, send $3.50 and we'll send a box of 50 postpaid.

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84 Montgomery St.,
Jersey City, N. J.

THE NEW "84"
HAS A BAND AND IS SOLD AT THE NEW PRICE
8¢
2 for 15 CENTS

PROTESTS TO BAKER AGAINST ARMY BILL

Major McIlvaine Calls Plan of War Secretary Expensive and Un-American.

WOULD "HALF TRAIN" MEN

Military Camps Association Urges That Kahn-Chamberlain Measure Be Adopted.

In a letter to Secretary of War Baker in advocacy of the Kahn-Chamberlain bill for military training, Major Tompkins McIlvaine, acting Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Military Training Camps Association, which prepared the bill, assails the Baker-March Army bill, terming it a patchwork and thoroughly unsound. Major McIlvaine sums up his objection to the large standing army provided in the so-called Administration bill by saying it provides for a system expensive, uneconomic, and un-American, and the antithesis of a league of nations, since it runs counter to the idea of a reduction of armament. The letter, which was made public by the National Security League yesterday, says in part:

"In my opinion, the bill in its main features is thoroughly unsound, and would perpetuate our worst mistakes. It provides for a standing army of some 576,000 peace strength, and for three months' training, (for rather half training, since the period of training should be six not three months,) of the male youth of the country during their twentieth year.

"No attempt is made to organize the young men so half-trained into a citizen army, and to give to any selected percentage of them the further progressive training necessary to qualify those selected to become reserve officers, non-commissioned officers and enlisted specialists, without whom no citizen army can be organized, and without whom we must rely solely on professionals.

System of "Half-Training."

"There is a great difference between half-training and then turning loose a number of young men as private soldiers and creating an organization—a citizen army—that can be mobilized in an emergency, and that, when mobilized, will be ready to take the field and function efficiently.

"The Administration bill altogether loses sight of the fact that it takes longer to train the officers, non-commissioned officers and enlisted specialists than it does the privates. Without training these leaders in advance, it is, from the citizen army standpoint, largely a waste of time and money to train the private soldiers."

Major McIlvaine expresses doubt as to the efficiency of giving educational and vocational training to enlisted men as a stimulus to enlistment. He believes the strength of the Regular Army will be no larger in the future than in the past. In the event of war, it would be necessary to raise a citizen army again, as it would be fallacious to assume that the regular forces alone could fight our battles, he adds. Thus, the Baker-March bill leaves the country in the same position from a military standpoint as it was before the war, he contends. Continuing, he says:

Objects on Four Grounds.

"From the military standpoint the universal training provisions are valueless because: First, the period of training is too short; second, the young men trained are not organized territorially—according to the places of residences—into a reserve; third, no adequate provision is made for the training of citizens as officers, non-commissioned officers and enlisted specialists to act as the leaders of the citizen army; fourth, because no citizens, not even the half-trained young men, can be summoned to the colors or organized into units until after a 'formal declaration of war,' and even then we shall have to wait until, through the slow machinery of the draft law, they can be registered, examined, selected, called to the colors, given additional training and knit into some organization.

"As a whole, the bill is really as bad as can be. It seems like patchwork—not the logical development of a practicable system."

On the other hand, Major McIlvaine writes the Kahn-Chamberlain bill provides a citizen army system based on the American and democratic principles of equality of obligation and opportunity for all. This system has been tried out in Switzerland and Australia, and has proved a success, he says. Major McIlvaine discusses the Kahn-Chamberlain bill, which provides for a universal six months training for youths in their nineteenth or twentieth year, at option, with further progressive training for those who desire to become officers or non-commissioned officers. This, he says, provides an adequate system of national defense which will cost less by hundreds of millions of dollars than the Baker-March bill.

Driven to Suicide by Son's Death.

Grieving over the death of his son, Edwin Eckstein, a young aviator, who was killed in a Texas army aviation field more than a year ago in an accident to his airplane, Charles Eckstein, an electrical and mechanical engineer, committed suicide yesterday at his home, 429 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, by shooting himself. Eckstein, who was 56 years old, was found by his wife lying on the floor, dead, near an urn which contained the ashes of his son.

CHEER FOR BOLSHEVIKI.

Organization Formed at Lexington Avenue Theatre—Voices Radical Policies.

An organization to be known as the League of Oppressed Peoples was formed yesterday afternoon at a mass meeting held in the Lexington Opera House, where speakers attacked the rule of Great Britain in India, Ireland, Egypt and other places. References to "British imperialism," Lloyd George, Kolchak and Denikin were greeted with boos and hisses and the declaration that all "class war and political prisoners" must be released was received with applause.

The name of Lenin uttered by one of the speakers evoked great applause and there were cheers for the Bolshevik leader and for Soviet Russia.

As representing allegedly oppressed peoples there sat on the platform Irishmen, Hindus, Koreans, Persians, Russians and others. The speakers were Dudley Field Malone, B. Charney Vladek, Norman Thomas, Lajpat Rai, Gregory Ziboorg, formerly secretary to the Minister of Labor in the Kerensky Cabinet; Harry Boland, secretary of the "Irish Republic," and Dr. James Grattan Mythen, Assistant Rector of Christ Church, Norfolk, Va.

Mr. Vladek said there is now on the way to the United States a register containing the names of 40,000 Jews said to have been killed in the pogroms in the Ukraine, and declared that the people bringing the register say that 40,000 more were killed whose names have not been recorded. He asserted that the army of Denikin killed every Jew in a town in Russia, "in the name of democracy."

Mr. Boland declared that the strike which started in London on Saturday "may forever end the British Empire." Mr. Ziboorg said that if Russia should ask England for help she would get it not from the England of Downing Street "but from the England which is now striking." He quoted Lloyd George's characterization of the strike as an "anarchist conspiracy" but claimed that it was "a vital effort of the English to rule themselves."

Resolutions were adopted calling on Congress not to lend money "to any nation guilty of defeating the purposes of the war."

SEA BEACH PALACE DAMAGED

Fire in One-Time Centennial Building Alarms Coney Island.

Flames were discovered in the old Sea Beach Palace at Coney Island early yesterday morning and for a time a disastrous fire was feared. The Palace is owned by the Sea Beach Land Company and is 46 years old. During the centennial at Philadelphia it was known as Machinery Hall, and after that exposition was brought to Coney Island in sections and reconstructed. It extends 500 feet parallel to Surf Avenue and is 700 feet in depth. It is a frame building with a heavy tar roof.

William Kister, in a hotel opposite the palace, saw flames coming out of the windows near the entrance and summoned the Fire Department. Companies 244 and 245 under Battalion Chief William Rogers responded and Coney Island volunteers assisted, stretching hose lines from fire hydrants in Luna Park and other places. The fire was subborn and it took an hour and a half to conquer it. The flames spread to the L. A. Thompson Scenic Railway, which was slightly damaged.

The damage to the Palace is estimated at between $5,000 and $10,000. During the summer "Breaking the Hindenburg Line" was shown there.

SEES NO NEED FOR GERMAN.

Mme. Aida Says Wagner Opera Is Just as Good in English.

Mme. Frances Aida, operatic prima donna and wife of General Manager Gatti-Casazza of the Metropolitan, declared herself yesterday in sympathy with the movement of the New York County Organization of the American Legion to prevent the singing of German opera in the German language.

"I have no hesitation in saying that Wagnerian opera can be sung in English or Italian without the slightest detriment to the composition and that its rendition in either of these tongues would be more pleasing than in the original German," she said.

"I have no interest in German opera, no matter in what language it is sung," said Mme. Destinn.

HOLY NAME PARADE HELD.

25,000 March in Annual Demonstration Against Profanity.

Members of the Diocesan Union of the Holy Name Society in all the Roman Catholic churches of Brooklyn, and the rest of Long Island, took part yesterday in the annual public parade and demonstration against the use of profanity. It is estimated that over 25,000 men were distributed in the various parades arranged for twenty-one church districts in the diocese.

Following the custom of previous years, the members of the society assembled at their respective churches, and then marched in a body to the rallying church designated for the district. Special services were held for the occasion at each rally church.

Unveil Monument to Fallen in War.

More than 3,000 persons witnessed the unveiling of a memorial monument in Bedford Park, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, in honor of twenty-four men of the Albany Heights district of the borough who died in the service in the world war. The monument was erected through the efforts of the Albany Heights Patriotic League. Among the speakers were Colonel William A. Taylor, who commanded the 106th Infantry, formerly the Twenty-third Regiment of Brooklyn; Borough President Edward Riegelmann, Representative Frederick W. Rome, Leo Healy, and the Rev. Maurice P. Fitzgerald, pastor of St. Gregory's Roman Catholic Church.

LANE CASE SUGGESTS NEW MARRIAGE LAW

Pastor Who Performed Ceremony Criticises Statutes from the Pulpit.

DANGER IN BIGAMY ACT

Dr. Frank Says He Will Enlist Clergy in Appeal for Legislative Amendments.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 28.—At the morning service in the Baptist Church here today the Rev. Dr. Clarence Hill Frank, pastor, the clergyman who on April 4 of this year married Grace Hercht and Joseph Lane at his home here, called the attention of his congregation to what he termed a serious weakness of the Connecticut law covering bigamy and marriage.

Dr. Frank, mentioning the interpretation of the law that is generally accepted here, that there can be no prosecution in Connecticut for a bigamous marriage unless the couple actually live together in this State, said the seriousness of the situation did not lie particularly in this Lane-Hercht marriage, but in the weakness of the law which makes the repetition of such things possible.

"The weakness of the bigamy law is simply terrifying," he said, "when you think of what could be done. There are dangerous weaknesses in the marriage law of Connecticut, too. For instance, only one party has to swear to the statements made in the application for a marriage license. Only one party is required to sign the application and the law requires no witnesses to the marriage or to the statements made in the application for the license. Applicants are not required to give their actual place of residence or if they are divorced to file a copy of the decree.

"As President of the Ministers' League of Stamford I am going to bring this matter up at the next session of the league with a view to getting some action looking to a revision of the law. I hope to see the marriage laws of Connecticut revised at the next session of the Legislature and such a situation as exists in the Lane-Hercht marriage made impossible.

"I feel deeply about this because I was the victim, innocently, of course—but the victim nevertheless. I performed the marriage believing that everything was all right and taking the precautions that I ordinarily take. Apparently I was deceived. But if the situation we have on our hands now leads to a revision of the law that would prevent any sharp person leaving such a loophole as exists in view of the claim that a bigamous marriage must result in the couple living together, some good may come out of it.

"It seems to me the law should require that both parties should sign the application for a marriage license and should swear to the truth of the statements. It is also my belief that it should be required that the ceremony be performed in the presence of at least two witnesses satisfactory to the minister as well as to the couple. It is possible for an unscrupulous man to bring a woman before any person, tell her he is a minister or a Justice of the Peace, and go through a form of marriage before a man who is not authorized to perform a marriage. The unscrupulous man could use a hunter's license. That sort of thing has been done, but it would be much more difficult to accomplish it if the law required at least two witnesses to a marriage. I most emphatically think the marriage law and the bigamy law ought to be revised."

At the conclusion of the morning service Alfred Stokes, Secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., asked permission to speak. Obtaining it, he read a short resolution expressing the confidence of the congregation in their pastor and their regret that the Lane-Hercht situation had arisen. The resolution set forth that no blame attached to Dr. Frank or to the Church because of the pastor's action in marrying the couple. The resolution was adopted unanimously by rising vote and the members waited to express personally their confidence in Dr. Frank.

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Of course, even a building which is delayed five or six months in completion, will eventually get there, but the point is, that, as an investment, the building is not strictly There when it arrives.

We make a business of avoiding delays.

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MECHANICAL ENGINEER

a thoroughly experienced designer and detailer of steel castings, forgings, etc., of the type used in construction machinery. Clam shell bucket. Experience preferable, but not essential. Write J. H. F., Box 915, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FALL FASHIONS FROM PARIS.
French and American styles of women's apparel in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday, (Oct. 5.) Order in advance.—Advt.

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TAILORED COATS AND SUITS FOR YOUNG LADIES

The wardrobe of a young lady from 14 to 19 years is given special consideration by this establishment, which presents in tailored suits, dresses, topcoats, riding habits and sport clothing exclusive and extremely smart models, many of English origin, executed in the identical fabrics used abroad.

We design especially to be worn with De Pinna outer apparel appropriate headwear and footwear.

Young Ladies' Tailored Suits in tweeds, jersey cloth, velour and duvetyn.
Tailored Dresses in jersey cloth, English navy serge and tricotine.
Top Coats in bolivia, velour, tweeds, English mixtures and jersey cloth.
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"Anniped" Shoes.

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The Store is closed at 5 P.M. daily

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MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

An Extraordinary Sale of
Women's Tailor-made Suits
(sizes 34 to 44)
will be commenced to-day (Monday)

Developed in all-wool velour, silvertone, yalama, and chevrona, these choice Suits will be offered in

Smart Plain-tailored Models . . . . at $55.00
Fur-trimmed Models . . . . . at 68.00

NO ALTERATIONS WILL BE MADE ON THESE SPECIAL SUITS

(Department on the Third Floor)

Store Hours: 9 to 5:30—Open All Day Saturdays.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST

The Raincoat Sale Still On!

With hundreds of coats added to the original purchase from the Quartermaster Department, at the Boston Arsenal, of

New and Stylish Raincoats for Men: Civilian Models; Bought in an Emergency for Army Officers' Use.

These are coats in civilian cloths tailored by civilian tailors and bought in an "emergency" (the packing cases so marked and on display) just before the signing of the Armistice for the use of officers. Then the Armistice dismissed the need for them—and now Gimbels offer them at a mere fraction of their original worth.

$7.95 $9.50 $11.75
Half of Them "Raynsters"

Famous "Raynsters" make up over half of the lot. All rubber, cotton worsteds, pure worsteds, single and double texture cashmeres. Plain black, tan, gray and brown. Many fancy mixtures. Sizes 34 to 50. Every garment has the U. S. Government stamp "Emergency Purchase" and inspection number. Coats for men in all walks of life. Special groups for Policemen, Firemen, Chauffeurs, Mail Carriers, etc., at $7.95

Inasmuch as we have thus far sold many thousands of these coats—the importance of attending this sale can be quickly recognized.

No C. O. D.'s or exchanges. All sales final.

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

Some Table Beverages —such as tea and coffee are not considered good for young people, but nothing is missed when you have

INSTANT POSTUM

Its rich flavor pleases, and it contains absolutely nothing harmful. *"There's a Reason"*

Have you ever given thought to the most advantageous organization of your business to meet your tax problems?

INCOME Tax Returns reviewed—Revisions and modifications recommended if necessary. Early appointments for consultations are advisable.

MARTIN SILBERSTEIN
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346 Broadway · New York · Franklin 3398
Former Internal Revenue Agent with the TREASURY DEPARTMENT from 1910 to 1918

Charge purchases made the remainder of this month will appear on bills rendered Nov. 1st.

Best & Co.

Boys' Fine All-Wool Knicker Suits
"Made in Our Own Shops"

19.50 22.50 24.50

Don't ask a boy to take care of his clothes. See that the firm you buy them from has already taken care of them by careful choice of fabrics, careful workmanship, practical styles. We have—and he won't have to—if you buy him Best & Co. clothes, made in our own shops.

SPECIAL

ALL-WOOL MIDDY SUITS. Expertly tailored of durable mixtures and serges. *Sizes 3 to 8 years.* 10.50

MEDIUM WEIGHT KNICKER SUITS of all-wool fabrics. *Sizes 7 to 18 years.* 15.50 to 24.50

WASH SUITS—an American reproduction in cotton of Belgian blue linen. *Sizes 2 to 10 years.* 4.95

Best & Co.
Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Established 1879
You Never Pay More at Best's

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Daily articles on world's baseball series in The New York Times by Christy Mathewson.

COMBINATION.
Black Kid, Chocolate Kid, Black Calf Mahogany Calf.

Your Shoes Can Undermine Your Health

What are your shoes doing to you? Hard, unyielding shoes, transmitting every blow and jolt of the pavements, sooner or later will undermine your health. Nature cannot stave off these unintended shocks indefinitely.

There is only one way in which you can effectively counteract the bad effects of the pavements—by wearing the Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes. All shocks and blows are absorbed by the cushion and are thereby prevented from reaching the feet.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Men Made by
J. P. SMITH SHOE CO.
SOLD ONLY AT
1372 Broadway, at 37th Street
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.
Send for illustrated Booklet.

Can the Nation's School Children Be Saved from Bolshevism, I. W. W.ism and the Like?

An experiment to TEST THIS Problem is to be made in the State of Michigan, where there will be reproduced during ten weeks in 100 towns a series of ten illustrated sermons by

NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS
on the questions of
PATRIOTISM, LAW, LIBERTY, WEALTH, POVERTY, LABOR AND CAPITAL

This laboratory experiment is to determine whether our children and the new immigrants, through the eye and ear, can understand the new social movements which are threatening Americanism. A unique educational campaign.

The Hillis Lectures, with Illustrations, will be printed in full in The Brooklyn Daily Eagle on the Sermon Pages each Monday following their delivery in Plymouth Church.

The Eagle, with these lectures, will be mailed anywhere in the United States and Canada to Preachers, School Teachers and others for 50 cents. Address

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THE STANDARD
Ginger Ale
OF TWO CONTINENTS
Order by the dozen from your dealer for use at home
E & J Burke 620 W 46 St Sole Agents New York

¶ If you would understand the present state of mind of Europe, read

THE GREATER WAR
BY
GEORGE D. HERRON

¶ This book has just come from Switzerland, and no one in Europe is in a better position than Mr. Herron to interpret its conflicting conditions and aspirations.

All booksellers: One dollar postpaid

MITCHELL KENNERLEY
PUBLISHER NEW YORK

FAMOUS PITCHER WRITES FOR THE TIMES.

Christy Mathewson, the famous former pitcher of the Giants, will write the articles on the world's baseball series for The New York Times.—Advt.

ITALIANS CHEER KING AS MEDAL IS GIVEN

Admiral Conz Receives Golden Token for Victor Emmanuel from His People in America.

D'ANNUNZIO IS ACCLAIMED

Wild Demonstration Greets Reference to the Poet and Fiume by Representative La Guardia.

Before a gathering of 15,000 people at the Stadium of the College of the City of New York Rear Admiral Ugo Conz of the Italian Navy yesterday afternoon received a gold medal presented by Italians of this country to King Victor Emmanuel of Italy.

The medal was purchased with funds raised by popular subscription under the auspices of the New York Italian newspaper Bolletina della Sera. It was designed by Ugo Villa and bears this inscription. "To King Victor Emmanuel III., who from the splendor of Italy's triumph first of all took a beam of love for his victorious people and made himself a brother among them, thus exalting the royal virtue. From the Italians of America, under the auspices of The Bolletina della Sera, Giornale d'America."

The most enthusiastic demonstrations at the ceremony were for Fiume and D'Annunzio. The mention of Fiume by Representative La Guardia was the signal for a wild demonstration. The people jumped to their feet, waved their hands and hats, and shouted until quieted by exhaustion.

Representative F. H. La Guardia, in presenting the medal to Admiral Conz, recalled the friendship and comradeship which has sprung up between the soldiers and sailors of America and the soldiers and sailors of Italy.

"In sending our greetings to the Italian people, through you, and in presenting this commemorative medal to the King of Italy," Major La Guardia said, "I want to say that no figure in this war stood out as conspicuously and compelled the admiration of the Americans more than that of your sovereign, the King of Italy.

"Americans love a fighter, and your King is a fighter. Americans love a true leader, and your King is a true leader. Americans love a kind and just man, and your King is all of that. As Commander in Chief of the Italian armies and navies, he took his place at the front with his army and shared the dangers and hardships of his soldiers.

"After the war the King of Italy released crown lands for the benefit of the peasants, donated his private holdings for philanthropic purposes; while others talked, he acted. These are some of the deeds which have endeared him to our hearts."

"All of this, Admiral Conz, appeals to the American heart. All of this commands the respect and the admiration of a free people for the leader of another free people.

"When we send this token of affection to your sovereign we know and we feel that we are sending it to the first citizen of a great, free country, and by so doing we send it to the people of Italy."

In accepting the gift Admiral Conz said that he felt highly honored in being selected to bear the token of the esteem of the Italian people in this country to his King.

"In this medal," he said, "it seems to me that I have the heart of all of you. I will tell the King that here there is a second Italy, and in your behalf, I will take my hat off to the warrior King and citizen of Italy. There was a time when Kings demanded that their subjects bow low before them, but that time has passed. Our King wants them to hold their heads up high."

Admiral Conz arrived at the stadium accompanied by General E. Guglielmotti, Attaché of the Italian Embassy at Washington; Commendatore Romolo Tritoni, Italian Consul General at New York; Japanese Vice Consul H. Nichi, Lieutenant Joseph H. Wright, U. S. N., representing Admiral Glennon; Stefano Miele, Grand Master of the Italian Lodge, Sons of Italy; Captain A. Safella, representing the Italian Army, and Representative La Guardia.

A company from the Twenty-second Infantry, Lieutenant Hollis Hoyt, and a detachment of the Seaman's Guard of Bay Ridge escorted the Admiral. A battalion of 400 seamen from the Italian flagship Conte di Cavour, under command of Lieutenant Salvadori, took part in the ceremony. About 200 Italian societies were represented, and these paraded with the soldiers in review.

A chorus of men and women from the Opera Nabucco and the Metropolitan Opera House, under the direction of Senor Setti of the Metropolitan, sang patriotic songs, including the American and Italian national anthems and the Garibaldi Hymn.

Benefit Nets $30,000 for Babies.

Admiral Conz was the guest of honor last night at the performance of "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci," which was held under the auspices of Il Progresso Italo-Americano, an Italian newspaper in this city, at Madison Square Garden. The proceeds of the benefit, said to be about $30,000, will be given to the Italian Red Cross for the Italian Babies' Free Milk Fund.

Upon the arrival of Admiral Conz, his staff, and the men of the Conte Di Cavour, shouts of "Viva Ammiraglio!" came from the lips of the 12,000 persons who filled the Garaden. When he rose to speak between the two operas, the entire audience rose to its feet and cheered. Shouts of praise for d'Annunzio were also given, as were cries for the liberation of Fiume.

After "Cavalleria Rusticana" was heard, Judge John R. Freschi delivered an address in which he gave great praise for Admiral Conz and the part the Italian navy played in the war. Following his remarks he presented the Admiral with a gold medal which was given by the Italian newspaper on behalf of the Italians of this city. On the front of the medal was a reproduction of the Admiral's ship, with the inscription "Royal Battleship, Conte Di Cavor." On the back it said, "To Admiral Ugo Conz, Commander of the Conte Di Cavor. Italo Progresso Italo-Americano, Cav. Charles Barsotti, Director, interpreting the sentiments of its million readers, presents this medal on Sept. 28, 1919, hoping that it will remain indelibly inscribed in your memory and heart."

After the Admiral had accepted the gift, an autographed letter from Giuseppe Garibaldi, which he wrote to one of his friends in 1874, was auctioned off by Representative La Guardia. It was purchased by Judge Freschi, the price, $400, going toward the milk fund.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 14.

The "how" of "better Americanism"

for **OCTOBER**

The "how" of being a better father or mother is told in an inspiring article on "Theodore Roosevelt, the Father." Roosevelt's boys thought him "the most wonderful father in the world," and you'll understand why when you read this story.

The "how" of better schools for our children is told in a wonderful description of "The School That Everybody Wants" by Angelo Patri, New York's most famous schoolmaster, who is working every day to achieve the school he pictures.

The "how" of getting a Dollar that won't shrink is told by Irving Fisher, Professor of Political Economy in Yale University, in a wonderfully interesting article that is going to be much talked about.

The "how" of ending industrial strikes and lockouts is told in a truly remarkable article explaining John Leitch's successful plan of Industrial Democracy—a plan that *works*.

The "how" of better health is told by Charles Phelps Cushing in an article that explains how the Army taught our four million boys to live properly, eat properly, dress properly, exercise properly and keep fit in every way.

The "how" of making a population of 50,000 aliens into a big family is told in an article describing Governor William Cameron Sproul's plan of community service, as worked out in Chester, Pa.

And besides these "how" stories, you'll find, among the other good things, a humorous story by Ellis Parker (Pigs is Pigs) Butler and a vision of the city of the future by Dr. Frank Crane, and a remarkable interview, with Paul Dwight Moody, Assistant Chief Chaplain of the A. E. F., and a newsy department, "The March of The Red Cross."

On the news stands or direct—20 cents the copy. See special $1.00 subscription offer below.

WHAT is this "better Americanism" that we hear so much about these days?

Is it something BIG and GLORIOUS and AWE-INSPIRING? No; not to start with, it isn't.

Better Americanism is a very simple matter of beginning right where you live and work—

To be a healthier, happier self
To be a better mother or father
To be a better worker—a better employer
To be a better neighbor—a better citizen

And then it means getting together with the folks around you and helping them to help you to get better things for your street, your district, your town or city, your county, your state, and OUR country—America!

It is when we all "get together" and make things happen—big, important things like raising a giant Army and Navy to fight for human liberty—that better Americanism becomes something BIG and GLORIOUS and AWE-INSPIRING.

But it has to *begin* right in our own hearts and minds.

We all *mean* to be better Americans—to make our homes and our neighborhoods and our cities better, brighter, healthier places. But most of us are so busy at our daily tasks that we can't spend the time to find out just *"how."*

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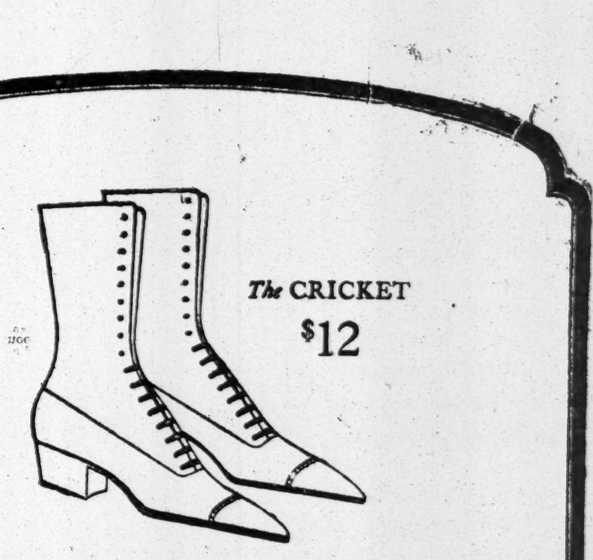

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COLLINS AND ROUSH SHOULD BE THE STARS OF WORLD'S SERIES, SAYS MATHEWSON

WHO WILL BE HERO OF COMING SERIES?

Matty Does Some Speculating and Will Watch Collins and Roush.

BOTH EDDIES ARE WARY

Sox Second Baseman Has Outguessed Many an Opponent—Roush Good in the Pinches.

This is the second of a series of articles on the world's series written for THE NEW YORK TIMES *by Christy Mathewson, who will also describe the games as they are played.*

By CHRISTY MATHEWSON.

It seems to be part of the game for every world's series to have a hero, so it is safe to say that the coming conflict between the Reds and White Sox will not be an exception. When the smoke of battle has cleared away the laurel wreath will be found dangling on some one's brow, and just as like as not it will be crowning some player but slightly suspected of playing a leading rôle.

Baseball is sort of fickle in its rewards, especially in a championship series, where attention is riveted on every play, and it has often occurred to me that men who played the best ball in a series did not get full credit. The heroes are usually born with some spectacular play. The palyer who makes a hit or a catch which saves the crucial game is pretty certain to be most talked about during the Winter months that follow the series, while some player who never made a mistake, but also never made an exceptionally brilliant play, will be entirely overlooked. Baseball men may realize who played the best game, but the public will have its hero on the throne and will not go back for any close analysis.

Look Out for Collins and Roush.

Until the hero of the coming series emerges in all his glory, however, it is quite certain that all eyes will be turned on one pair of brilliant performers—the two Eddies—Eddie Collins and Eddie Roush. If their records in baseball count for anything, they should be the stars of the series as far as steady playing and real aid to their clubs are concerned. In my opinion, they are the stars of their respective clubs and the two most dangerous men who will play in the series.

The world's series contender that has Eddie Collins in its lineup has a big advantage at the outset over any club. I don't think there is any question that he is the greatest world's series player we have ever had. He is one of the few real stars of the game who has always been able to do his most brilliant work in a championship contest. He is what ball players call a "money" player.

Go back through the records and you will find plenty of stars who failed to come up to scratch in a world's series. The most notable of these was Ty Cobb. Great a ball player as he is, he could not do his best in a short series that involved a championship. Alexander and Jake Daubert are others who failed to play up to the standards they had set through the season. But, as I have said before, luck has often played a big part in the making of heroes of the diamond.

I can dwell on Eddie Collins because I carry some very distinct recollections of his world's series performances. I played against him twice and I saw him in another series and I have reason for my high estimate of him. Every one remembers that Frank Baker emerged the hero of the series between the Giants and the Athletics in 1911. That was the year that he made home runs off Marquard and myself. But when it was all over those of us on the Giants knew that Collins had done as much to beat us as any player on the Philadelphia club.

Think Collins Beat the Giants.

But my keenest recollections of Collins were in the 1913 series. After that series McGraw proclaimed Collins the greatest player he had seen in years. Eddie did everything brilliantly that year. He outguessed our pitchers, including myself, when hits were most needed, and he made some plays at second base that cost us at least two games in the series. I have always thought that we would have defeated the Athletics that year if Connie Mack had had any one else playing second base but Collins.

The player who can think just a little faster than his opponent usually gets the breaks, and I think the series of 1917 between the Giants and White Sox provided a fine example of wits on the part of Collins. That was the year he let Heinie Zimmerman chase him home with a run. Eddie had been caught flat-footed and just because he thought a little quicker than Heinie he turned a bad play into a victory.

I have had occasion to study the playing of Eddie Roush more closely because he played under me when I managed the Reds, and I think he is one of the greatest natural ball players we have today. He is as fleet as a deer in the outfield and can cover just as much ground as any outfielder I know of. If one could make a true comparison, I think it would be found he fields just about as well as Tris Speaker. As far as his hitting is concerned, the records for this season speak for themselves.

Roush Is Not Spectacular.

Roush lacks only the aggressiveness and flashiness which attract attention on the ball field. He is a quiet fellow, who goes about the business of playing ball without any show or ostentation. He never tries to make the easy one seem hard, and he is so clever that he does not always get full credit for his playing.

Roush has never been in a world's series before, but it will be a surprise to me if he does not come through this one with laurels. He has the temperament for a money contest. He is one of those players who carries no weight of responsibility when he goes to the field or to bat. He reminds me something of Otis Crandall, who used to pitch and pinch hit for the Giants. Otis could go up to bat with the bases filled in the ninth and the whole crowd yelling for a hit, and feel no more strain than if he was out for batting practice. Roush doesn't care whether it is the first or the ninth inning and whether a run is needed or not. If he gets one he likes he will smash it.

For that reason he is going to be a dangerous man for the White Sox pitchers to deal with. No doubt the Chicago pitchers have already taken him into consideration and will work carefully on him every time he comes up. But Eddie has been coming up in the pinches pretty often this season and he has turned the tide of many a ball game.

When it comes to running bases there is little to choose between Roush and Collins. Both are fast and use good judgment on the paths. Collins has stolen more bases this season than Roush and I dare say he is more tricky. He does more to rattle the pitchers and confuse the catchers than any base runner besides Cobb, and these little tricks often account for an extra base, or at least provide the opportunities. But the White Sox had better not give Roush any leeway on the bases.

Some player who is not being seriously considered now may come along and get all the glory, but I still say that the two Eddies will do their share in the coming series.

(Copyright, 1919, by Christopher Mathewson.)

Keffer Wins Golf Tourney.

WINNIPEG, Man., Sept. 27.—Karl Keffer, twice open golf champion of Canada, today won the Manitoba open championship with 307 strokes for 72 holes. Frank Adams of Winnipeg captured second place, four strokes behind Keffer. George Sargent of Minneapolis was third, with 312.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 6; Philadelphia, 1. (First game.)
New York, 7; Philadelphia, 1. (Second game.)
Chicago, 4; Cincinnati, 0.
Pittsburgh, 6; St. Louis, 3.
(Other clubs not scheduled.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington, 8; Boston, 7.
Detroit, 10; Chicago, 9.
St. Louis, 8; Cleveland, 5.
(Other clubs ont scheduled.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
(Final Standing.)

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cincinnati	96	44	.686
New York	87	53	.621
Chicago	75	65	.536
Pittsburgh	71	68	.511
Brooklyn	60	71	.493
Boston	57	82	.410
St. Louis	54	83	.394
Philadelphia	47	90	.343

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
(One more game, New York vs. Phila.)

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	88	52	.629
Cleveland	84	55	.604
New York	79	59	.572
Detroit	80	60	.571
*St. Louis	67	72	.482
*Boston	66	71	.482
Washington	58	84	.400
Philadelphia	36	103	.259

*St. Louis gets fifth place with .4820; Boston sixth with .4818.

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
(Season closed yesterday.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Philadelphia.

YANK YOUNGSTERS TRIM THE ROBINS

Score 5 to 2 Victory Over Brooklyn at Ebbets Field—Dodgers Use Three Batteries.

The Yankees and Dodgers hitched up in an exhibition game over at Ebbets Field yesterday afternoon and the New Yorkers won by a score of 5 to 2. The game was played in an hour and twenty minutes, and its brevity was one of its most appealing characteristics. It was a combat without any particular thrill. A crowd of about 5,000 said farewell to the baseball season in Brooklyn.

The Yanks gave their youngsters an airing in the game, Vick, Fewster, Pipp and Pratt being the only regulars in the lineup. The Dodgers used three separate batteries. Smallwood was in the box for the Manhattanites, and went the whole distance, twirling an excellent brand of ball. He allowed Brooklyn but five hits.

The Yanks scored enough runs in the second inning, with Pfeffer pitching, to win the game. A peculiar feature of this inning was that, while three runs were counted for the Yankees, all three of the outs were strikeouts. Pfeffer hit two men, and a single by O'Doul, a pitcher, who played the outfield, and a double to left centre by Vick were the other ingredients in the triplicate score.

With Sherrod Smith in the box in the fourth, fifth and sixth frames, the Yankees went scoreless and landed but one safe blow. Gleich, who occupied the station usually patroled by Duffy Lewis, was the owner of this hit, but as Smith promptly caught him napping off first, he gathered little nourishment from it. The remaining two runs of the Yanks were tallied in the ninth. Pratt connected with one of Cadore's slants for a two-bagger, and Gleich followed with a freak home run, the ball taking an unexpected bound over Hickman's head, when he was all set to field it.

Brooklyn scored its first runs in the sixth. Olson singled to short left and advanced to second on Johnston's safe bunt in front of the plate. Hickman forced Johnston and Olson went to third. He completed the circuit on Zack Wheat's out to Pratt.

The other Dodger tally came in the ninth on Hickman's three-bagger to centre and Mitchell's sacrifice fly.

The score:

NEW YORK. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Vick,rf	5	0	1	1	0
Fewster,ss	4	0	1	1	7
Pipp,1b	3	0	0	15	0
Pratt,2b	4	1	1	2	1
Gleich,lf	3	2	2	0	0
O'Doul,cf	4	1	2	4	0
Ward,3b	4	0	1	0	3
Hoffman,c	2	1	0	4	0
Smallwood,p	4	0	0	0	2
Total	33	5	8	27	13

BROOKLYN. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Olson,ss	4	1	1	2	2
Johnston,2b	4	0	2	2	2
H'km'n,rf,cf	4	1	1	0	0
Z.Wheat,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Mitchell,lf	0	0	0	0	0
Myers,cf	3	0	0	3	0
Griffith,rf	1	0	0	0	0
Konetchy,1b	4	0	1	7	1
Baird,3b	3	0	0	0	1
M.Wheat,c	1	0	0	4	1
Miller,c	1	0	0	4	0
Krueger,c	1	0	0	2	0
Pfeffer,p	0	0	0	1	0
aSchmandt	1	0	0	0	0
Smith,p	1	0	0	0	1
Cadore,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	32	2	5	27	10

a Batted for Pfeffer in third.

Errors—Konetchy, Olson, Fewster.

New York	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	—5
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	—2

Two-base hits—Vick, Pratt. Three-base hit—Hickman. Home run—Gleich. Stolen bases—Pipp, Hoffman. Sacrifice fly—Mitchell. Hits—Off Pfeffer, 2 in 3 innings; Smith, 1 in 3; Cadore, 4 in 3. Struck out—By Smallwood, 4; Pfeffer, 4; Smith, 4; Cadore, 3. Bases on balls—Off Pfeffer, 1; Cadore, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Pfeffer, (Gleich, Hoffman.) Losing pitcher—Pfeffer.

ST. LOUIS BEATS INDIANS.

Hammers Coveleskie Out of Box and Scores 8 to 5 Victory.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 28.—St. Louis defeated Cleveland, 8 to 5, in the last game of the season. Coveleskie, who was trying to win his twenty-fifth game of the season, was knocked out of the box in seven innings. Bayne, a recruit, pitched good ball for St. Louis after the second inning.

The score:

ST. LOUIS. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Tobin,lf	5	1	4	0	0
Shovelin,2b	4	2	1	2	2
Jacobson,cf	5	2	3	9	0
Sisler,1b	5	1	3	6	0
Demmitt,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Schepner,3b	5	0	0	2	0
Billings,c	5	2	2	2	0
Gerber,ss	5	0	1	0	3
Bayne,p	4	0	1	0	3
Total	42	8	14	27	8

CLEVELAND. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	3	1	1	2	0
Chapman,ss	5	1	0	0	5
Speaker,cf	5	1	2	3	0
Johnston,1b	4	1	2	11	1
Gardner,2b	3	0	1	0	3
Wambs'ss,2b	4	0	1	2	2
Wood,rf	4	0	1	1	0
O'Neill,c	3	0	0	8	0
Coveleskie,p	2	1	1	0	0
Faeth,p	0	0	0	0	1
Morton,p	0	0	0	0	0
aHarris	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	5	9	27	12

a Batted for Faeth in eighth.

Errors—Shovelin, Chapman, Wood, Gardner.

St. Louis	2	1	0	1	1	0	3	0	—8
Cleveland	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	—5

Two-base hit—Sisler, (2.) Three-base hits—Coveleskie, Gardner. Sacrifice hit—Johnston. Sacrifice fly—Demmitt. Double plays—Gerber, Shovelin, and Sisler; Wambsganss and Johnston. Left on base—St. Louis, 9; Cleveland, 8. Base on balls—Off Bayne, 5; Faeth, 1. Hits—Off Coveleskie, 13 in 7 innings; Faeth, 1 in 1. Struck out—By Coveleskie, 6. Losing pitcher—Coveleskie.

American Association.

Kansas City, 7; Columbus, 2.
(First game.)
Columbus, 8; Kansas City, 1.
(Second game.)
Milwaukee, 7; Indianapolis, 4.
Toledo, 2; St. Paul, 0.
Louisville, 2; Minneapolis, 1.
(First game.)
Louisville, 8; Minneapolis, 2.
(Second game.)

SOX HAVE THE EDGE ON THE DEFENSIVE

Billy Evans Agrees with Hughey Jennings's Praise of Chicago Fielders.

GROH IN CLASS BY HIMSELF

Cincinnati's Remarkable Third Baseman Is Praised by the Players and Umpires Alike.

This is the ninth of a series of articles in which Billy Evans, noted not only as an umpire but as an expert analyst and student of baseball, is discussing for THE NEW YORK TIMES *the world's series contenders and their relative chances of success.*

By BILLY EVANS.

American League Umpire.

"I think the Chicago White Sox compare very favorable with some of the greatest clubs of all times. Believe me, the Baltimore Orioles, the Chicago Cubs, or the Philadelphia Athletics, when at their best, had not very much, if anything, on Gleason's club," said Manager Hughey Jennings of the Detroit Tigers, after the Sox had beaten his club in two all important games on Labor Day.

"There isn't a weak spot on the club, unless, of course, it is the pitching staff, and even at that Williams and Cicotte have been so good, that the pair just about make a pretty fair staff without any other assistance. The club has a great catcher, a wonderful infield, and an outfield that would be hard to improve upon. The seven other club owners, aside from Chicago, owe Pitcher Faber a debt of thanks for not being in his real form this season. Had Faber been right, the Sox would have just about cinched the pennant by Aug. 1, and all the excitement that has featured the race since that time, with its record-breaking crowds, would have been missing. It is a really great ball club."

Sox Good on Defense.

That, in substance, is what Manager Hughey Jennings of the Detroit Tigers thinks of the White Sox. Hughey isn't given much to flattery, which makes what he has to say about Comiskey's team all the more interesting. The Sox have a magnificent defense. It is mighty hard to break through it. Catcher Shalk seldom errs, and that infield of Weaver, Risberg, Collins, and Gandil is noted for its ability to pull the seemingly impossible out of comparison. The Sox and the Reds from a defensive standpoint, to my way of thinking, will make the Sox look a lot the better, if you omit the pitching problem. The edge in that respect for the Reds may be enough to even what margin the Sox have in other departments. In another article I have discussed the catchers, and while I have the greatest admiration for Rariden and Wingo, and realize they are classy performers, yet I know of no catcher in the game today whom I regard as superior to Ray Schalk. You really must see him at work day in and day out to appreciate his great worth to the Chicago Club. The pitchers I have also considered. I regard Cicotte and Williams on a par with the best the Reds can offer, but I have my doubts as to whether or not these two great pitchers can carry the burden that will probably be alloted to four of the Reds' staff. The pitching staff is the one vulnerable point in the Sox's defense.

Let us for a moment consider the two infields. At first base are Daubert and Gandil. Daubert is still a great ball player, but old Father Time is beginning to get in his toll. Gandil is a remarkable fielder and a dangerous batter, although during the last month of the race a batting slump put a crimp in his average. There is little to choose between the two first basemen in the form they have shown and may be expected to show in the big series. First base will be well taken care of.

Collins Peer of All.

At second base the Sox have the greatest second baseman in the game. That makes it unnecessary to draw a comparison between him and Rath, who is playing a bang-up game for the Reds.

At short we have Kopf for the Reds and Risberg for the Sox. As an American League player Kopf never showed to advantage. He has gone to be a regular and was a light hitter. They tell me his work this year has been consistently good, so it may be regarded that he has just arrived under the guidance of Pat Moran. Risberg is a far better ball player than a lot of the critics regard him. Nothing is too difficult for him to try; he has a wonderful throwing arm and makes play after play through his ability to throw the ball with rifle-like speed that no other shortstop would attempt. I am unable to give Kopf any the better of Risberg; a draw for him would be a very sportsmanlike decision.

I have talked with a great many National League players as well as umpires, and all of them are a unit in singing the praises of Heinie Groh. They insist that he is in a class by himself as a third sacker. I have seen Groh play in a number of games, and have a pretty fair idea of his remarkable ability, because I have seen him give several brilliant performances about the third sack. However, those who say there is no other third-sacker in his class are certainly overlooking Buck Weaver. Due to the fact that Weaver has been playing both shortstop and third base for the Sox for several years, his great ability as a third-sacker has been overlooked by a great many of the critics. Not only is Weaver brilliant on the defense, but he is a player who never quits, and his fighting spirit is an inspiration to the rest of his team. It is my belief that Groh and Weaver are the two greatest third-sackers. They should be mentioned in the same breath.

Joe Jackson Has the Edge.

In left field we must slip the edge to Joe Jackson, regardless of who performs in that field for the Reds. Joe is very fast, a good judge of fly balls, and has a marvelous throwing arm. In centre field we have two great ball players in Eddie Roush and Happy Felsch. From a batting standpoint Roush has the edge on Felsch, because Happy has not been hitting them in his usual style this year. From a fielding standpoint no outfielder in the game has a thing on Felsch, not excepting Tris Speaker, whom most of the critics regard as the last word in the matter of outfielding. Felsch has perhaps the most accurate arm of any fielder in the game, and to try to take liberties on balls hit into his territory is suicide. In right field John Collins and Leibold compare most favorably with Neale.

As a matter of fact, I look for the Sox outfield to be of great value in the coming series. All four fielders have great throwing arms, and it wouldn't surprise me if they had a chance to use them to advantage. I am certain they will if the Reds persist in taking Ty Cobb chances on the bases. It seems to me that I have seen the Sox outfielders throw more runners out at home plate than all the rest of the American League outfielders put together.

Sox Fielders Will Not Crack.

No matter how good the pitching may be, a team's chances are often frittered away by a cracking of the defense. I look for no such a happening on the part of the Sox. For one thing, all the players have been through one extremely hard fought world's series with the New York Giants, and that may help to steady the team in the critical spots. The Reds throughout the season have featured the race by their defensive play, and there really is no reason why the big series with its attending strain should throw any of the boys off their stride. As in other departments of play, I look for the defensive tactics of both clubs to be up to the world's series standard.

(Copyright, 1919, by W. G. Evans.)

GIANTS FINISH WITH PAIR OF VICTORIES

Opener Is Fastest Game of Season, Consuming 51 Minutes—Phils Defeated, 6-1 and 7-1.

Major league baseball passed out very speedily at the Polo Grounds yesterday, with the Giants and Phillies administering the anaesthetic in a double header. The first half of the twin bill was reeled off in 51 minutes, certainly the fastest game played in the major leagues in many years, and probably a record. Back in 1913 the Giants and Phils raced to their positions between innings, and ran out all hits until put out, the game consumed only 32 minutes, but that was an exhibition game, after the regular championship season had been completed. The Phils were giving the Giants some practice for the world's series with the Mackmen. The Giants took both games yesterday, 6 to 1 and 7 to 1.

There was no unusual effort yesterday to make a speed record until the Phils' half of the ninth. At that time it became apparent to the players that they could do something unusual, and for a half inning they hustled. Even with two out in this closing inning Luderus poked a hit to centre field, and he did not attempt to walk into any putout. Dave Bancroft did. He took a half swing at a ball, which rolled to Doyle, and the game was over. Bancroft's effort with two down in the ninth was the only part of the game in which real effort was lacking.

Jesse Barnes, in the opening engagement, realized his ambition to win twenty-five games during the season. Victories have been coming slowly to the Giants' boxman since he scored his twentieth success, a few weeks ago, and he had to win yesterday to reach the quarter century mark. No other National League pitcher reached the mark this year. Barnes had a comparatively easy time, as he limited the Phils to five scattered hits, and the Giants bunched as many in the third inning off Lee Meadows, the bespectacled flinger of the Quakertown troupe.

Rookies in Second Game.

The second game furnished an opportunity for McGraw's second string players to show their skill. Burns and Gonzales were the only veterans in the New York lineup at the start of the game, and Burns retired in the third inning, Kinsella replacing him in left field. Manager Cravath stuck to veterans, with Columbia George Smith operating on the pitching peak. The kids clearly outplayed their elders and simply coasted along to victory after grabbing off seven runs in the first three innings. The rookies played with the dash of youth, while the Phils did nothing to indicate that the game meant anything to them, as it didn't. They were finishing last, and their interest in the game sagged long ago.

It can't be said that baseball was lonesome as it passed out at the Polo Grounds. Despite the fact that the teams were doing nothing more than finishing out a schedule close to 20,000 fans gathered to be in at the death. It was a remarkable turnout under the conditions, and served as a fitting finale to the greatest season New York baseball has had from an attendance standpoint.

The Phils showed in front for a brief period during the twin bill. That was at the start of the opener when they pushed a run across and succeeded in keeping the Giants back until the second frame. With one out Blackburne, who hit hard in the two games, punched a double to left, reached third on an infield out and scored on Fletcher's throw to Kelly. Fletcher's toss allowed the Phils to escape a shutout. After this inning the visitors did not get a runner past first base.

Giants Tie the Score.

The Giants tied up the game in the second. Doyle started the inning with a single to right and reached third on Fletcher's double to left. While Bancroft was throwing Frisch out Doyle romped home and Fletcher moved along to third, where he was stranded while Kelly and Smith went out in order.

The third inning settled the game for Barnes. With one out Burns drew a pass and moved around to third on Young's double to right. Kauff bounced a hit off Luderus's glove and both Burns and Young registered. Benny advanced on Doyle's single, a scratch hit by Frisch filled the bases, and Kelly slapped a single to left which scored Kauff. Doyle also tried to score on this hit, but Le Bourveau's throw got him at the plate.

In the sixth the Giants added another brace of runs. Kelly doubled to right and scored on Smith's single to the same territory. Barnes chased his battery partner to third with a double to left. Smith thought the hit was good enough to get him home, but Le Bourveau came through with another accurate peg and retired the New York catcher. Barnes went to third on the throw-in and counted on Burns's sacrifice fly to left.

The second game was considerably slower than the opener but much faster than the average major league contest. Doyle, Fletcher, and Young were excused from further labor by Acting Manager Mathewson after the first game ended. Burns departed early in the second session after carrying two runs over the plate. Wilbur Hubbell, who spent the greater part of the last season with the Toronto Internationals, pitched for the Giants, and the Phillies were as tame before him as they had been before Barnes. One hit was the most they got in any inning. The Giants did most of their hitting and all of their run getting in the first three innings against George Smith.

Three Big Innings.

Burns opened the game with a single to left. Bowen fanned and Frisch hit to right for two bases, scoring Burns. Frisch reached third on an out and scored when Bancroft made a poor throw after fielding Baird's grounder.

Statz, who had replaced Kauff in centre field, open the second inning with a double to left and reached third on Cooney's safe bunt. Cooney advanced while Gonzales was going out and Statz was retired when he tried to score on Hubbell's grounder to Smith. A double by Burns scored Cooney and Hubbell, and then came infield hits by Bowen and Frisch which scored Burns.

In the third inning, after the first two batsmen had been retired, Cooney was safe on an error by Paulette, a poor throw giving him two bases. He stole third as Gonzales walked and scored on Hubbell's single to right. Gonzales reached third on the hit and a double steal was attempted. Hubbell was retired between the bases, but not until Gonzales had scored.

The Phillies escaped a shutout in the eighth when Blackburne doubled to right and made the remainder of the journey on two infield outs.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	3	1	1	1	0
Young,rf	3	1	1	0	0
Kauff,cf	4	1	1	1	0
Doyle,2b	4	1	2	3	6
Fletcher,ss	4	0	2	3	7
Frisch,3b	4	0	1	1	3
Kelly,1b	4	1	3	10	0
Smith,c	3	0	1	2	0
J.Barnes,p	4	1	1	0	1
Total	32	6	13	27	10

PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Leb'veau,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Blackb'ne,2b	4	1	1	2	2
Williams,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Meusel,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Luderus,1b	4	0	2	10	1
Bancroft,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Paulette,3b	3	0	0	2	2
Adams,c	3	0	0	2	1
Meadows,p	3	0	1	1	6
Total	33	1	5	24	15

Error—Fletcher.

New York	0	1	3	0	0	2	0	0	x—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Blackburne, Burns, Young, Fletcher, Kelly, J. Barnes. Stolen bases—Burns. Sacrifice hit—J. Barnes. Sacrifice fly—Burns. Double plays—Bancroft and Blackburne; Bancroft, Luderus, and Paulette. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; New York, 7. First base on error—Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Meadows, 3. Struck out—By J. Barnes, 2; Meadows, 1.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	4	2	2	1	0
Kinsella,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Bowen,rf	3	0	1	4	0
Frisch,3b	4	1	2	3	2
Kelly,1b	4	0	0	11	0
Baird,2b	4	0	2	2	3
Statz,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Cooney,ss	4	2	1	2	4
Gonzales,c	2	1	0	4	0
Hubbell,p	4	1	1	0	2
Total	34	7	10	27	11

PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Lebeuv'u,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Bl'kburne,3b	4	1	2	0	1
Williams,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Meusel,rf	3	0	1	0	0
Callahan,rf	1	0	0	1	0
Luderus,1b	4	0	0	11	0
Bancroft,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Paulette,2b	4	0	3	1	4
Adams,c	4	0	1	4	2
Smith,p	4	0	0	1	4
Total	36	1	8	24	15

Errors—Kinsella, Baird, Bancroft, Paulette, Adams.

New York	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	—7
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Blackburne, Burns, Frisch, Statz. Three-base hit—Blackburne. Stolen bases—Paulette (2), Baird. Double play—Cooney to Baird to Kelly. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 8; New York, 6. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Smith, (Gonzales). Struck out—By Hubbell, 3; Smith, 3.

TIGERS TRIM WHITE SOX.

Take Closing Game of American League Season in Chicago, 10 to 9.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—The American League season closed in Chicago today with a 10 to 9 victory for Detroit over the League champions. Both clubs went through the motions of a regular game, but the Chicago players took no chances, using the final game as a workout before meeting Cincinnati for the world's championship. Eddie Cicotte worked out two innings and then gave way to recruit Wilkinson. The local team accumulated nineteen hits. Both clubs hit freely.

The score:

DETROIT. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bush,ss	3	3	1	4	2
Young,2b	4	0	2	2	4
Cobb,cf	4	1	3	0	1
Veach,lf	5	0	1	0	0
Heilman,1b	4	1	2	9	1
Cun'gham,rf	0	0	0	2	0
Flagstead,rf	4	1	1	2	1
Jones,3b	3	1	1	3	1
Stanage,c	4	0	1	3	0
Ayers,p	3	1	0	1	3
aAinsmith	1	0	1	0	0
Love,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	35	10	13	27	17

CHICAGO. (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Murphy,rf	4	1	2	2	0
E.Collins,2b	2	1	2	1	1
McMullin,3b	3	2	1	2	3
Weaver,3b	4	1	2	1	2
J.Collins,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Felsch,cf	4	2	2	0	0
Gandil,1b	4	0	3	14	1
Risberg,ss	3	0	2	1	2
Williams,ss	0	0	0	0	0
Schalk,c	1	0	0	1	0
Lynn,c	3	0	0	1	5
Cicotte,p	1	0	1	1	2
Wilkinson,p	3	1	1	0	5
Total	37	9	19	27	24

a Batted for Ayers in eighth.

Errors—Young, (2.) Veach, Ayers, Weaver, Risberg, Lynn.

Detroit	1	0	2	4	0	0	0	3	0	—10
Chicago	2	0	1	1	0	2	1	1	1	— 9

Two-base hits—Stanage, (2.) E. Collins, Flagstead, Gandil, J. Collins, Veach, Wilkinson. Three-base hits—Weaver, (2.) Heilman. Stolen bases—Bush, Cobb, Risberg, Weaver. Sacrifice hits—Young, Heilman, Weaver, Jones. Sacrifice flies—E. Collins, Cobb. Double plays—Ayers, Heilman, and Stanage; Young, Bush, and Heilman. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; Chicago, 4. Bases on balls—Off Wilkinson, 3; Ayers, 1. Hits—Off Cicotte, 8, in 2 innings; Wilkinson, 10 in 7; Ayers, 11 in 7; Love, 1 in 1. Struck out—By Cicotte, 1; Ayers, 1. Wild pitch—Wilkinson. Winning pitcher—Love. Losing pitcher—Wilkinson.

CARDS LOSE FINAL GAME.

Close St. Louis Season with Defeat by Pittsburgh, 6 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—St. Louis could not withstand Pittsburgh's attack in the fifth and sixth innings and lost the last game of the season here today, 6 to 3.

The score:

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Nicholson,rf	5	1	2	3	0
Carey,cf	5	0	0	5	0
Bigbee,lf	4	0	2	4	0
Grimm,1b	5	0	1	8	1
Barbare,3b	4	0	0	0	0
Cutshaw,2b	4	1	2	1	4
Terry,ss	3	2	2	4	2
Blackwell,c	2	1	0	1	0
Wisner,p	4	1	0	1	5
Total	36	6	9	27	12

ST. LOUIS. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Schultz,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Smith,cf	4	0	0	4	0
Janvrin,3b	4	1	1	0	2
Hornsby,2b	4	1	2	0	3
McHenry,lf	4	0	0	0	0
Clemons,c	1	1	1	2	1
Dilhoeff'r,c	1	0	0	3	0
Mollwitz,1b	3	0	1	10	1
Lavan,ss	4	0	0	1	3
Woodward,p	2	0	0	0	3
Sherdel,p	2	0	1	1	3
Total	34	3	6	27	16

Errors—Bigbee, Barbare, Smith, Woodward.

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	—6
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	—3

Two-base hits—Cutshaw, (2.) Janvrin. Three-base hits—Nicholson, Clemons. Stolen bases—Carey, Cutshaw

JOIE RAY IS DEFEATED IN HALF-MILE RACE

DEVANEY IS VICTOR OVER RAY AND BAKER

Millrose Runner Defeats Illinois Star in Special Half-Mile Race at Newark.

KRAMER OUTRIDES EATON

Defeats New Bicycle Champion Twice in One-Mile Event on Velodrome Track.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 28.—More than 18,000 spectators, the largest crowd that has even witnessed a bicycle meet at the local Velodrome, today saw Frank Kramer, the grand old man of cycling, defeat Raymond Eaton, the present national champion, in two straight heats of a one mile match race.

A spectacular feature today came when Mike Devaney, the crack middle distance runner of the Millrose A. A., defeated Jack Sellers of the New York A. C., Joie Ray, Illinois A. C., and Homer Baker of the Glencoe A. C., in a special half-mile A. A. U. invitation event, which was run on the flat of the board track.

Today's attendance topped all turnouts at the Newark saucer. The grand stand was packed long before the races started, with thousands behind the last row of seats in the bleachers. The arena held a throng who could not wedge their way into the grand stand or bleachers.

Kramer took Eaton's measure in two straight heats and received a big ovation after each. Kramer's victory over Eaton today makes the fourth consecutive time Frank has beaten Eaton since the latter acquired the championship title. In the first heat Kramer rode from in front and defeated Eaton. The second time he rode around him and just nipped him at the tape, the finish being so close that many thought Eaton had won.

In the half-mile foot race Devaney ran in fourth place on the first quarter-mile, but then moved up into the lead, with him. Going into the last lap, Ray moved up into third place and the crowd stood up and rooted for him to go around Sellers and Devaney, but the little Illinois A. ran from Sellers, who beat Ray home by two yards, Baker finishing fourth. The time of the race was 1:55.

The summaries:

880-YARD A. A. U. INVITATION RUN.—Won by Mike Devaney, Millrose A. A.; Jack Sellers, New York A. C., second; Joie Ray, Illinois A. C., third; Homer Baker, Glencoe A. C., fourth. Time—1:55.

TWO-MILE HANDICAP. (PROFESSIONAL.)—Won by William Hanley, San Francisco, (60 yards;) Lloyd Thomas, San Francisco, (110 yards,) second; Harry Kaiser, Bronx, (40 yards,) third; William Keller, Newark, (120 yards,) fourth; John Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I., (80 yards,) fifth. Time—3:56.

ONE-MILE MATCH RACE (PROFESSIONAL,) between Frank L. Kramer, East Orange, and Raymond Eaton, Newark.—Won by Kramer. First heat won by Kramer. Time—2:47; last eighth-mile, 0:12 1-5. Second heat won by Kramer. Time—2:57 2-5; last eighth mile, 0:12 1-5.

ONE-MILE TEAM MATCH (PROFESSIONAL,) between Alred Goullet, Newark, and Francisco Verri, Italy, and Eddie Madden, Newark, and Reggie McNamara, Australia. Won by Goulet and Verri.—First heat won by Goullet; Madden, second. Time—4:07; last eighth, 0:12 1-5. Second heat won by Madden; Goullet, second. Time—5:32 2-5; last eighth, 0:12 1-5. Third heat won by Goullet; Madden, second. Time—3:00; last eighth, 0:12 3-5.

ONE-MILE NOVICE (AMATEUR.)—Won by Andy Watts, Newark; Frank McManus, Poughkeepsie, second. Time—2:28.

AUSTRALIAN PURSUIT MATCH RACE (PROFESSIONAL) between Alfred Grenda, Australia, and Willie Spencer, Toronto. Won by Grenda. Distance—8 miles 1¼ laps. Time—7:14.

HALF-MILE HANDICAP (AMATEUR.)—Won by E. C. Bendi, New York, (25 yards;) A. Lowell Merwin, Newark, (75 yards,) third; Carl Hambacher, Bay View, Wheelmen, (60 yards,) fourth. Time—0:55 4-5.

ONE-MILE CLASS B (AMATEUR)—WON by Roy Smith, Christopher A. C.; Jack Hambacher, Bay View Wheelmen, second; Gustave Merkle, Newark, third; W. Rosenthal, Bay View Wheelmen, fourth. Time—2:01 3-5.

TWO-MILE CLASS A (AMATEUR)—Won by Charley Osteritter, Irvington; Chris Dotterwich, Newark, second; Edward C. Bendi, New York, third; David E. Lands, Bay View Wheelmen, fourth. Time—4:07.

ONE-MILE HANDICAP CONSOLATION (PROFESSIONAL)—Won by Charles Piercey, Australia (60 yards); Jacob Magin, Irvington (15 yards), second; George Chapman, Newark (65 yards), third; Fred Hill, Boston (45 yards), fourth; Gus Lang, Irvington (55 yards), fifth. Time—1:58.

ONE-MILE CONSOLATION (AMATEUR.)—Won by Fred Taylor, New York A. C.; Joe Palmieri, New York, second; Anthony Attarsi, Unione Sportiva Italiana, third; Anthony Journey, Bloomfield, fourth. Time—2:13 3-5.

FIVE-MILE OPEN (PROFESSIONAL.)—Won by Alfred Goulet, Newark; Ray Eaton, Newark, second; Harry Kaiser, Bronx, third; Alfred Grenda, Australia, fourth; William Hanley, San Francisco, fifth; Fred Hill, Boston, sixth. Time—9:52.

FORM NEW A. A. U. BRANCH.

Niagara Association Will Embrace Clubs of Western New York.

A new branch of the Amateur Athletic Union was established at a meeting in Buffalo on Saturday, held at the Central Y. M. C. A. of that city. It will be known as the Niagara Association of the A. A. U., and will embrace the leading athletic clubs of the western part of New York State.

Twelve clubs were elected to membership. Delegates were in attendance from Rochester and Syracuse and announced themselves as favorably inclined toward the new division of the national association. They will report back to their clubs for authority to take definite action.

Charles E. Reidpath, the middle-distance runner of Olympic fame, was elected President of the Niagara Association, and J. Pankow of the 65th Regiment Vice President. The Secretary-Treasurer is Edward T. Schaefer of the Buffalo A. C., who is a former manager of the University of Pennsylvania track team. J. Y. Cameron of the Central Y. M. C. A. of Buffalo was elected Chairman of the Registration Committee. Among those who were chosen delegates to the national association were Captain Pankow, Major Kendall, Mr. Schaefer, Mr. Moesch, representing the Ferguson A. C., and John Blake of Niagara University.

The new association will hold championships in all sports. The Buffalo meeting was attended by Frederick W. Rubien, representing the A. A. U., of which he is the Secretary-Treasurer. The inclusion of groups of athletic clubs which are naturally affiliated through geographical reasons into new branches of the A. A. U. is in line with the policy of the parent body, which aims thus to encourage the more frequent holding of athletic meets and a more general participation in them. The more compact grouping solves the problems of many clubs which for reasons of distance, expense, &c., are often unable to arrange for representation in the meets of States or others of the larger associations.

Halpin Again Heads Macombs A. C.

George W. Halpin was re-elected President of the Macombs A. C. for his seventh term, it was announced yesterday. J. M. McVey was elected Vice President and Edward Whitty, Treasurer. H. Steiner was chosen Secretary and Robert Foster Financial Secretary. The club is making a determined drive to increase its membership and is reporting success. With additions to the present roster the club officials plan to embark on an extensive competitive career in local athletic activities.

Nobles Wins White Beeches Title.

C. C. Nobles was yesterday adjudged winner of the annual club golf championship of the White Beeches Golf and Country Club of Haworth, N. J. Nobles defeated W. S. Cowie in the thirty-six-hole final match by the rather liberal margin of 7 and 6. This is the first championship of the club under its present name and organization. White Beeches was known formerly as the Haworth Golf and Country Club,

MOHAWK A. C. WINS.

Takes Team Prize by Narrow Margin in Bronx League's Games.

With the final result depending on the very last event of the day, the Mohawk Athletic Club yesterday won the first team prize in the annual track and field championship games of the Bronx Athletic League at Macomb's Dam Park, finishing with a score of 56 points against 50 scored by the Pastime A. C. St. Anselm's Athletic Club finished third, with 27 points, and the Bronx Church House team brought up the rear with 11.

When the contestants were called out for the running broad jump at the close of the meet, the Mohawks and the Pastimes were tied with 47 points each. David Politzer's great leap of 21 feet 9½ inches put the former team ahead, and, to clinch the victory, P. Courtois of the same club landed second place, only half an inch behind the winning jump.

The summaries follow:

One Mile Run.—Won by Joseph Carey, Mohawk A. C.; Joseph Soukop, St. Anselm's A. C., second; Kyron Hearn, Pastime A. C., third; Joseph Brooks, Mohawk A. C., fourth. Time—4:42.

Putting 12-Pound Shot.—Won by Harry Correll, Pastime A. C., 47 feet, 9¾ inches; Herbert Elsey, Mohawk A. C., 47 feet, 7¾ inches, second; Nicholas Yiahannis, Pastime A. C., 47 feet, 2½ inches, third; John Goldenberg, Pastime A. C., 45 feet, 8¾ inches, fourth.

440-Yard Run.—Won by Jerry Tighe, Mohawk A. C.; Lloyd Bennett, St. Anselm's A. C., second; W. Steers, Pastime A. C., third; Lawrence Hordes, Pastime A. C., fourth. Time—53 4-5 seconds.

100-Yard Dash.—Won by Morris Cohen, Mohawk A. C.; Al Smith, Mohawk A. C., second; William O'Connell, Pastime A. C., third; Daniel Shea, Pastime A. C., fourth. Time—10 2-5 seconds.

Three-Mile Walk.—Won by Louie Labowitz, Pastime A. C.; Joseph Aronson, Pastime A. C., second; Joseph Farrell, Bronx Church House A. C., third; M. Greenberg, Pastime A. C., fourth. Time—24:14.

220-Yard Run.—Won by Al Smith, Mohawk A. C.; Edward Foley, Mohawk A. C., second; Morris Cohen, Mohawk A. C., third; Wilfred Netter, Mohawk A. C., fourth. Time—23 2-5 seconds.

Three-Mile Run.—Won by James O'Connor, St. Anselm's A. C.; Joseph Loscar, St. Anselm's A. C., second; James McGuinness, Mohawk A. C., third; O. Phillipson, Pastime A. C., fourth. Time—15:56 4-5.

880-Yard Run.—Won by Joseph Carey, Mohawk A. C.; Charles Beagin, St. Anselm's A. C., second; Lloyd Beunett, St. Anselm's A. C., third; Jerry Tigue, Mohawk A. C., fourth. Time—2:04 2-5.

Running High Jump.—Won by Eagan Erickson, Bronx Church House A. C., 5 feet 10 inches; E. Benzinger, St. Anselm's A. C., and A. Rodriquez, Bronx Church House A. C., tied for second place at 5 feet 8 inches; (on jump-off Benzinger won second;) Daniel Shea, Pastime A. C., 5 feet 6 inches, fourth.

Throwing the Discus.—Won by Nicholas Yiahannis, Pastime A. C., 117 feet 5 inches; J. Goldenberg, Pastime A. C., 117 feet 4 inches, second; Bernard Lichtman, Pastime A. C., 113 feet 4 inches, third; Harry Correll, Pastime A. C., 112 feet 11 inches, fourth.

Running Hop, Step, and Jump.—Won by Samuel Leherer, Pastime A. C., 43 feet 1¼ inches; J. Rothschild, Mohawk A. C., 42 feet 2½ inches, second; Eagan Erickson, Bronx Church House A. C., 42 feet 1 inch, third; Daniel Shea, Pastime A. C., 40 feet 5 inches, fourth.

Throwing the Javelin.—Won by Matthew Sica, St. Anselm's A. C., 135 feet 9 inches; J. Gomez, Mohawk A. C., 135 feet, second; Bernard Lichtman, Pastime A. C., 131 feet 11 inches, third; William O'Connell, Pastime A. C., 129 feet 6 inches, fourth.

Running Broad Jump.—Won by David Politzer, Mohawk A. C., 21 feet 9½ inches; P. Courtois, Mohawk A. C., 21 feet 9 inches, second; Daniel Shea, Pastime A. C., 20 feet 6 inches, third; H. Politzer, Mohawk A. C., 20 feet 3 inches, fourth.

Point Score.—Mohawk A. C., 56; Pastime A. C., 50; St. Anselm's A. C., 27; Bronx Church House A. C., 11.

SEABRIGHT NET TEAM WINS.

Defeats Atlantic Highlands Club in Four Out of Six Matches.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 28.—On the courts of the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club this afternoon, a team comprising the club's leading singles and doubles players defeated the Atlantic Highlands Tennis Club. Six matches were played, including four singles and two doubles. An even break resulted in the singles matches, but the local players won both doubles events and the tournament, 4—2.

William (Bunk) Compton and George Churchill, Jr., of Seabright, produced some of the most brilliant play in the doubles. George Achelis and Hooker Talcott, also of Seabright, defeated E. Hemptone and B. Briggs, 6—1, 9—7.

The singles were also well played. G. Churchill, Jr., defeated E. Hemptone, 6—1, 6—3; L. E. Arguinbeau won over Douglass Ballin, 6—2, 6—3; B. Briggs, Atlantic Highlands, defeated H. Talcott, Seabright, 2—6, 6—4, 6—4, and L. Burfort, Atlantic Highlands, won from G. Achelis, Seabright, 4—6, 6—2, 6—4.

Captures Western Chess Title.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28. — Edward Lasker of Chicago, former champion of the Metropolitan League of New York, recovered the championship of the Western Chess Association this afternoon by defeating Jackson W. Showalter of Georgetown, Ky., in the eleventh and final round, finishing with a total score of 8½ to 1½ and succeeding Boris Kostich of Serbia as title-holder.

Clinnin Heads Central A. A. U.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Colonel John V. Clinnin was unanimously elected President of the Central A. A. U., at the annual meeting tonight. Julian T. Fitzgerald was elected Secretary and Treasurer, and Fred L. Steers, re-elected Chairman of the Registration Committee.

STAR GOLFERS IN WOMEN'S TOURNEY

Seventy-one to Compete for National Title at Shawnee, Starting Today.

It is too bad that only one of the seventy-one women who have entered for the women's national golf championship is going to win. The entry list for the big golfing fixture, which will begin this morning at 10 o'clock over the links of the Shawnee Country Club, includes quite the most brilliant collection of fair sex golfers who ever assembled to strive for a title. It is going to be disappointing each day during the coming week to see some good linkswoman, a leader in her section of the country, eliminated from further competition.

There have been tournaments wherein the title holder has been by all odds the favorite. This year Miss Alexa M. Stirling of Atlanta, Ga., may win again but if she does she will have climbed over the very highest possible group of golfers and she will have defeated some stellar players.

Miss Stirling brought a short golfing career to a brilliant climax during the last time the women's national title was at stake. At the Belmont Springs Country Club, Waverley, Mass., in 1916, Miss Stirling finished as champion. Her qualification test was rather off form, but she got within the charmed group of thirty-two players with a 92, lowered in part by some unfortunate slicing and poor putting. But once in the match play the Atlanta girl was unbeatable. In order she eliminated Mrs. E. H. Baker, Jr., of Belmont, Mrs. G. H. Stetson of Huntingdon Valley, Miss Elaine V. Rosenthal of Ravisloe, who in 1915 had been the runner-up, and Mrs. C. C. Auchincloss of Piping Rock.

First Appeared in 1914.

Miss Stirling first appeared as a contender for national laurels in 1914, when she qualified at Nassau with a 93, rather a mediocre score in such stellar company, although several stroked lower than Miss Rosenthal, who subsequently reached the final round. But Miss Stirling found the opposition too much for her once the match play began, and she was eliminated in the first round by Miss Georgianna M. Bishop of Brooklawn. In 1915 the Georgia girl advanced a few notches and gained the semi-final round, to be defeated there by Mrs. Vanderbeck, that year's champion.

This present season Miss Stirling has shown her ability by winning the Southern women's championship at Memphis on May 31, where she defeated Mrs. David Gaut, the runner-up, by 3 and 2.

Next week Miss Caverley is going after the championship with a brand of golf which, according to the reports from the Quaker City, is either par golf or the next best thing to it. But she isn't the only runner-up and sectional champion who has envious eyes on the woman's national crown. Mrs. Perry Fisk of Kishwaukee, De Kalb, Ill., recent winner of the womens Western championship, made a rather belated entry; but it has in no way diminished her fraud of golf. Another Westerner of more than ordinary prominence in the world of golf is Mrs. F. C. Letts, Jr., of Indian Hill, ner of the women's Western championpion. The Chicago district will be represented by another player, who in any kind of golf tournament is dangerous to the lesser lights. She is Miss Elaine Rosenthal, 1915 Western champion and runnerup in the national race the previous year. Miss Rosenthal will be seconded this year at Shawnee by her sister, Mrs. Ernest L. Byfield of Ravisloe, who will tee off tomorrow on the qualifying round with Miss Glena Collette of Metacomet Country Club, Providence.

Urged by the untiring efforts of Mrs. Percy Thompson, Secretary of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association, there will be a group from the New York district stronger than has ever before entered. The natural selection for leader is Miss Marion Hollins, present metropolitan champion. This golfer came into the limelight in 1912, when she finished the "met" series as runner-up to Mrs. V. M. Earle, and in 1913 she annexed the title for herself.

Mrs. Feitner to Play.

The progress of Mrs. Quentin F. Feitner of the South Shore Field Club, another metropolitan player, will be watched eagerly. Mrs. Feitner has won no less than five metropolitan titles. She has never been a runner-up—it was champion or nothing. When she was Miss Lillian Hyde she won in 1910, 1911, and in 1914 and 1915, and after her marriage she came forth in 1916 to win once again.

The South Shore Club has another of the top-notchers for this year's tournament. She is Mrs. W. A. Gavin, the former Englishwoman who entered the 1915 national title series from Shirley Park, England, and finished as runner-up in the final round to Mrs. Clarence H. Vanderbeck of Philadelphia. In 1917 Mrs. Gavin won the metropolitan women's crown.

In addition to Miss Caverley, Philadelphia and the Pennsylvania district will lay strong hopes on Mrs. Clarence H. Vanderbeck of the Philadelphia Cricket Club. Here is a former national champion, winner of the supreme title in 1915 at Onwentsia, and reports from the Quaker neighborhood indicate that her game this season shows improvement.

Mrs. Caleb F. Fox is another Philadelphian who has had a long series of brilliant golfing feats. Back in 1899, Mrs. Fox was runner-up to Miss Ruth Underhill for the national championship, and since then she has been Philadelphia champion four times and runner-up another four times. Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow, from Merion, will again strive to bring home the title to her Quaker district. Mrs. Barlow is a six-time Philadelphia champion, and in 1909 and 1912 she was runner-up in the national tourney.

So the imposig list continues. New York has, in addition, such players as Mrs. Howard F. Whitney, Nassau; Miss Beatrice Lounsbery, Bedford; Mrs. S. A. Herzog, Oak Ridge; Mrs. Francis E. Du Bois, (formerly Mrs. L. E. Stockton,) Raritan Valley; Mrs. Thomas Hacknell, Forest Hills, and Miss Molly S. Conroy, Fox Hills.

Pennsylvania has marshaled in addition to the foregoing named Mrs. Thurston Wright, Allegheny; Mrs. A. K. Billstein, Bala; Mrs. L. E. Adams, Whitemarsh. And Massachusetts will bring on Miss Fanny C. Osgood, Brookline; Mrs. Roger B. Babson, Springfield, and Mrs. Harry A. Knox, Springfield. The New Englanders have lost Mrs. H. Arnold Jackson, who won the national championship in 1914 and once before, in 1908, as Miss Kate C. Harley. She has transferred allegiance from Oakley to the Illinois club at Onwentsia, and will this year again represent the West.

Former winners and runners-up of the national title follow:

Year.	Winner.	Runner-Up.
1895	Mrs. C. S. Brown	Miss N. C. Sargent
1896	Miss B. Hoyt	Mrs. A. Turnure
1897	Miss B. Hoyt	Miss N. C. Sargent
1898	Miss B. Hoyt	Miss M. K. Wetmore
1899	Miss R. Underhill	Mrs. C. F. Fox
1900	Miss F. C. Griscom	Miss Margaret Curtis
1901	Miss G. Hecker	Miss Lucy Herron
1902	Miss G. Hecker	Miss L. A. Wells
1903	Miss B. Anthony	Miss J. A. Carpenter
1904	Miss G. Bishop	Mrs. E. F. Sanford
1905	Miss P. Mackay	Miss M. Curtis
1906	Miss H. S. Curtis	Miss M. B. Adams
1907	Miss M. Curtis	Miss H. Curtis
1908	Miss K. Harley	Mrs. T. H. Polhemus
1909	Miss D. Campbell	Mrs. R. H. Barlow
1910	Miss D. Campbell	Mrs. G. M. Martin
1911	Miss M. Curtis	Miss L. B. Hyde
1912	Miss M. Curtis	Mrs. R. H. Barlow
1913	Miss G. Raven'c'ft	Miss Marion Hollins
1914	Miss H. A. Jackson	Miss E. Rosenthal
1915	Mrs. C. Vanderb'k	Mrs. W. A. Gavin
1916	Miss A. Stirling	Miss M. Caverley.

WINS VIKING CLUB TITLE.

Grossman Captures Single Sculls Event in Regatta on Harlem.

The Viking Rowing Club held its annual regatta on the Harlem River yesterday afternoon, deciding the club championships for single sculls, four-oared gigs, junior singles, four-oared racing gigs and eight-oared shells. The individual title was won by R. Grossmann, who defeated W. Berger in a fast race. An extra event, in which eight-oared barges competed, with ladies as passengers, produced the closest race of the day, less than two feet separating the contestants at the finish.

The summary:

Single Sculls.—Won by R. Grossman; second, W. Berger.

Four-Oared Gigs.—Won by Rath, Altman, Peters, and Engel, coxswain, Kollmar; second, Schroeder, Felber, Schubart, and Becker, coxswain, F. Becker.

Junior Singles—Won by Krahn; second, Deutsch; third, Umann.

Four-Oared Racing Gigs—Won by Berger, Walwer, Gaih, and Umann, coxswain, F. Becker; second, Grossmann, Ciechowsky, Ruhe, and Krahm; third, Rauter, Minthe, Schubarth, and Snyder, coxswain, Nebel.

Eight-Oared Shells—Won by Rauter, Minthe, Umann, Schroeder, Gaih, Schubarth, Krahn, Nebel, coxswain, M. Linke; second, Berger, Grossmann, Komprecht, Rath, Walwer, Ciechowsky, Deutsch, Kollmar, coxswain, F. Becker.

H. T. Evans Wins Golf Cup.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., Sept. 28.—In the final at 36 holes for the President's Cup on the links of the North Hempstead Country Club today, H. T. Evans defeated J. R. Hoyt, Jr., by 4 up and 3 to play. Hoyt led at the close of the morning round by a single hole, but in the afternoon Evans took a decided brace and won several holes in succession.

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WEALTH OF MATERIAL UNCOVERED IN COLLEGE FOOTBALL

EASTERN ELEVENS STRONG THIS YEAR

Seasoned Material at Colleges Makes Prospects Bright for Gridiron Season.

WEST POINT IS EXCEPTION

Coach Daly Must Build Up New Team for Navy Game—Dobie Has Seasoned Squad at Annapolis.

The preliminary football season has progressed far enough to give a fairly definite line on the prospects at the different colleges and universities. In general the reports from the various scenes of activity have been extremely optimistic. In scarcely a single instance has a plaint been recorded. At most places the coaches are finding great difficulty wading through the mass of good material that is available. Never before has there been so much talent spread on the gridirons of the country.

In great measure this is due to the effect the war has had on the sport. The sport was one of the favorite pastimes in the army and many good players were developed. Veteran players also benefited. They are older, have filled out, and their muscles are much harder. This fact is attested to by the reports from New Haven, Princeton, Cambridge, Ithaca, Philadelphia, and so on around the circuit, to the effect that the available material not only possesses speed, but has an abundance of weight—a rare combination that is the dream of every coach.

Of the larger institutions in the East, West Point seems to be the worst off. Colonel Charley Daly, head coach at the United States Military Academy, will have to build a fresh eleven throughout. Practically all of the veterans have been lost through graduation. However, it is understood that he has some promising material to work with and will have a strong team ready to start the actual playing season. He is being assisted by a number of former army stars, and the team will not want for capable and efficient coaching.

The Navy is much better off. Gil Dobie is again in charge of the work at Annapolis and is reported to have an abundance of experienced material. For a nucleus for this year's eleven he has a number of veterans. Most of this material, however, is for the line and he may find a tough problem in the backfield. He is one of the most capable coaches in the country. While he was mentor at Washington University in the Northwest his teams were unbeaten for nine seasons. At Annapolis last year he turned out one of the strongest elevens in the history of the institution.

Wizard In Developing Attack.

Dobie is a coach who gives his men a thorough schooling in the fundamentals of gridiron play and never handicaps them with a too intricate form of attack. The playing of his elevens is invariably featured by sound, straight football. He is a wizard at developing a driving whirlwind attack. His methods are in great contrast to those employed by such other miracle men as Foster Sanford at Rutgers, and Glenn Warner at Pittsburgh, who polish off their coaching methods with a series of trick formations designed to mislead the opposition's defense. Rutgers and Pittsburgh invariably spring something new in formations and trick plays each season.

Of the Big Three—Princeton, Yale, and Harvard—the Tigers seem to have the best prospects. This condition is due primarily to the fact that the Orange and Black did more with the game last season than either Yale or Harvard. Keene Fitzpatrick, that veteran trainer of athletes, was in charge of the S. A. T. C. eleven at the New Jersey university. He was actively in charge of it, but Bill Roper, the head coach this year, dropped in pretty regularly last Fall to see what progress was being made. Between them they laid the foundation for this year's eleven, and the squad at Tigertown is away to a good start.

The progress of the Tigers on the gridiron this season will be watched with particular interest, because something new in a football way has been inaugurated at Tigertown. Roper is the head coach and has Fitzpatrick as an assistant. But one other coach is employed for 'Varsity work by the Orange and Black this season. Harold Ballin, who was Captain of the 1914 'Varsity, will be in charge of the linemen.

Straight Football Roper's Forte.

Roper is a great believer in a straight, hard running attack. Straight football is his forte. Team work is his objective. While he welcomes the presence of individual stars, he insists upon combination play on the gridiron. His motto is "All for one and one for all." The informal team which he and Fitzpatrick turned out at Princeton last year showed that. Unlike Tiger elevens of the last several seasons, individualism was not rampant in its ranks. In the past the chief fault to be found in Princeton's playing has been the tendency to build the attack around one player. If that player was stopped, so was the team.

With Dr. Al Sharpe in charge of football at New Haven, Yale has succeeded in grabbing a coach of recognized ability. He should fill the place left vacant by Tad Jones, who in 1916 perfected a football machine that defeated both Princeton and Harvard. While at Cornell, Sharpe accomplished a great deal with his elevens. He was handicapped by lack of material during most of his sojourn at Ithaca and during at least one season injuries played havoc with his team. But he always turned out elevens that were well drilled in the fundamentals of the game. He is another coach who does not rely too much upon flashy, spectacular football, but, like Roper and Dobie, thinks straight football is more effective.

Sharpe has one of the biggest squads in the history of football at Yale. More than 100 men are trying for places on the eleven. According to the reports that have drifted out of New Haven, the back field is making encouraging progress. La Roche, who played quarter back on Cupid Black's championship team three years ago, is trying for that position again. As rivals for the job he has Kempton, who was a star at Exeter a few years ago and played a strong game on Yale's informal eleven in 1917; and Thorne Murphy, son of the late Mike Murphy, the famous trainer. All of these players are capable. With Braden Aldrich, Campbell, French, Lay, Neville, among the experienced players who are working out with the backfield men, the problem of developing a strong attack does not appear to be difficult.

Casey's Return Helps Crimson.

Harvard is about as well off as Princeton and Yale. Percy Haughton and his board of football strategy may be missed at Cambridge, but that remains to be seen. With Robert Fisher, who was Captain of the 1911 team, in charge, assisted by H. B. Gardiner, '12; R. B. Wigglesworth, '12; Dumpy Watson, '15; Charley Coolidge, '16; Jeff Coolidge, '14; R. P. Lewis, '16; W. H. Trumbull, '14; W. B. Snow, '18, and Derric Parmenter, '12, it appears that the Crimson is well fortified in the matter of coaches.

And there is no dearth of material at Cambridge. With Casey back in college and eligible to play, Harvard possesses one of the best running backs of the last decade. That is saying a great deal, for there have been some mighty fine backs parading the gridiron fields in that stretch of time. Casey reminds one a great deal of Eddie Mahan when in action. He starts quickly, keeps his feet well, and is equally clever at skirting the ends, splitting off tackle, and finding openings in the opposing line. There is not the slightest doubt that Harvard's running attack will be built chiefly around this star. To assist Casey in the back field, there are Hill Murray and Ralph Horween, two capable backs. Among the other men who are seeking backfield berths at Cambridge are Nelson, Church, and Humphrey, and in the practice to date all of them have shown marked ability.

The prospects at the University of Pennsylvania are bright. Judging by the wealth of experienced players Coach Bob Folwell has to work with, the Red and Blue should be represented by a highly effective football machine this season. The veteran players who have returned to Philadelphia to pursue their studies include linemen as well as backs. The nucleus is such as to augur for a well-balanced team.

For the backfield, Folwell has Ben Derr, who played football so creditably in 1916; Hobey Light, half back last year; Captain Bert Bell, veteran quarter back; Brunner, formerly half back at Lehigh; Joe Strauss, one of the strongest players on the 1917 team; Danny McNichol, full back on the S. A. T. C. eleven last year; Herman Harvey, a back last year; Shorty Braun, a veteran full back, and Ray Miller.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

Baseball's Great Classic.

The stage is all set for the first world series after the years of war and it would not be surprising if the attendance and receipts come close to the figures of 1912, the record maker of the series gone by. When the Giants and Red Sox played seven years ago the attendance figures ran close to 232,000, and the receipts amounted to more than $490,000. Eight games were played that year, one resulting in a tie. At each of the first seven games the attendance figures went beyond 30,000, and the final, played on a fine day, dropped to half the former average as a result of a clash between Boston fans and the Red Sox owners.

The coming series will be played on two fields with ample provision for handling crowds of 30,000, and as one team must take five games before the series is completed it is logical to assume that eight games will be played, or as many as the Giants and Red Sox had in the record-breaking year. The owners have returned to the old scale of prices which were in vogue before the war, but the tendency of late years has been to reserve more of the grand stand than in the earlier days of these annual championship clashes. The players will participate in the division of money from five games, but there is no likelihood of the winning shares exceeding $4,000 per player, as the Red Sox drew down in 1912. The inclusion of the second and third clubs in each league as sharers in the players' pool will reduce the individual shares.

Each club will go into the series with all its regulars in good physical trim, and there can be no excuses on this score unless some accident occurs in the early games of the series. This has not always been true in the past. Rube Waddell, star bowman of the Athletics, did not appear in the 1905 series, and the great Johnny Evers, human dynamo of the Cubs, was on crutches when the Cubs met the Mackmen in 1910. Both the Mackmen and Cubs were defeated, though the loss in either instance could not be traced definitely to the absence of the star. In 1914, Red Smith, regular third baseman of the Braves, broke a leg a few days before his team made the memorable clean-up against the Mackmen, so his absence was not felt. This year both clubs will enter the series with all their regulars fit. The White Sox have impressed most critics as being the better team, but Moran's team is no weakling. It should develop into a battle worth while.

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Saturday's Football Games.

Nothing of the unexpected characterized the opening games of the football season for the Eastern colleges on Saturday. The first games on the schedules are never likely to furnish upsets, as a matter of fact. All of the leading elevens, save possibly Pennsylvania, had opponents that were able merely to offer them a valuable introductory insight into their own capabilities. In Bucknell, Pennsylvania had an adversary usually reserved for much later in the season, and the Red and Blue team did exceedingly well in accomplishing its decisive 16 to 0 defeat of the eleven from Lewisburg.

Harvard's showing was impressive. Bates was weak, of course, but, in the huge score that the Crimson rolled up, there was indication of power, not only among the first string men but among the reserves. Harvard entered about two elevens and a half in the game and under such conditions, which did not encourage any consistent maintenance of team work, her showing gathered some real significance. Harvard has men of experience in her lineup, as well as a plentitude of bulk, and she has individual stars—such as Casey—of the first order. There seems to be everything there in the way of material that a coach could desire, which apparently puts the final answer fairly strongly up to the coaches.

Yale and Princeton had no games scheduled Saturday, but both teams appear to be well advanced for this stage of the gridiron proceedings. Rutgers's initial game with Ursinus seemed to show that Sanford will put in the field a team capable of taking its place alongside those other magnificent elevens that have represented the New Brunswick college of late years. The Army and Syracuse both revealed the need of a great deal of hard work before they can be considered fit for the more important struggles that are to come.

Those ancient rivals, Brown and Dartmouth, exhibited excellent form for so early in the season. The Dartmouth eleven is heavy this year, and seems to be possessed of speed, too. The season will give Coach Spears his first real test as a football mentor and friends of the Green are hoping that he will be able to make better use of the resources at his disposal than has been the case with a considerable number of potentially great and even championship elevens at the Hanover institution in the past. Brown, using many substitutes Saturday, gave reason for much encouragement. She has numerous experienced men to build the team around. It looks as if any college that has the Providence eleven on its schedule may expect trouble.

From every gridiron on which the leading teams were in action Saturday came reports of fumbling. The winners were guilty no less than their rivals. But there is nothing alarming in this at the present stage.

Advance predictions that this will be the greatest of football seasons, with more men participating in the colleges and more public interest in the sport than ever before, seem, even thus early, to be quite warranted. With the game now in its highest estate thanks in no small degree to the boosting that the army gave it through the service elevens last year, nothing should be permitted to mar the situation in the way of questionable tactics and unnecessary rough work. From one of Saturday's principal games came reports of bloody noses, blackened eyes and swollen jaws resulting from inexcusable roughness. Fisticuffs have no place in football and, if they are introduced, are not the officials of the games, in the last analysis, responsible? Certainly they could stop such practices if they would, and officials who show a disinclination to enforce the rules of the game should never be given the opportunity to offend again. Firm and decisive action in such cases, especially in the early games of the year, will have a highly salutary effect.

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Good Polo at Philadelphia.

Seldom, even in the international matches of several years ago, has better polo been witnessed in this country than that which marked the two weeks' tournament at the Philadelphia Country Club. The junior, senior, and open championships of the United States were decided. The Meadow Brook second team won the junior title. The Rockaway Hunting Club captured the senior honors when the Philadelphia Country Club was compelled to default because Thomas Stokes was called West on a business trip. The Meadow Brook first team won the open championship.

As a fitting climax to a fortnight of such excellent polo the final game between Meadow Brook and Cooperstown furnished the most thrilling play. Through eight periods of dashing riding the two teams struggled, and it was only by the hardest kind of playing, in a driving attack, that Meadow Brook was able to overcome the lead gained by Cooperstown in the first half of play.

Despite the closeness of the score—it was 5 to 4—Meadow Brook clearly established its right to the trophy and title. The Rockaway Hunting Club played brilliantly, but the fact that it was unable to maintain the lead of a goal and a half, which it gained in the first four chukkers, seems to be convincing proof that the better team eventually won. It was not until the early periods of the second half that the Meadow Brook players gave an exhibition of offensive riding that carried them to victory. Until that time the Rockaway Hunting Club had had the better of it.

Polo is among sport's biggest after-the-war come-backs in this country. There is just the semblance of a pale shadow falling athwart the sport at this juncture. Advices reaching this country from England are extremely pessimistic regarding the possibilities of the resumption of international polo next season. In fact, in several English newspapers it has openly been stated that it will be impossible for England to enter the sport on an extensive scale before 1921. The ravages of war hit the sport hard over there. Not only have many of the best players paid in full, but there is a dearth of polo ponies.

Judging by the performances in the tournament at Philadelphia, there is a wealth of material in this country from which to form one of the most formidable fours in the history of the sport. The array includes Devereux Milburn, veteran of many international matches and still rated as one of the greatest backs in the game; P. H. Prince, Jr.; Alfred M. Collins, Barclay McFadden, Rodman Wanamaker, 2d; J. Watson Webb, R. E. Strawbridge and R. E. Strawbridge, Jr.; L. E. Stoddard, H. P. Whitney, C. C. Rumsey, E. W. Hopping, M. Stevenson, Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., and J. S. Von Stade.

Many of the younger players in the game are rapidly developing, and by the time the next international matches are played there can be little doubt that the United States will not want for able men to fill No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, and back.

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The Hildreth String.

With the purchases he has made this year and the development of the horses with which he started the season, Sam C. Hildreth has come into possession of what is undoubtedly the strongest stable of racing thoroughbreds in the country today. It seems safe to say that he has passed his nearest rival in the field, Commander J. L. Rosh, and has a better horse for practically every class and division than the Canadian sportsman.

The Hildreth stable at the beginning of the season contained Luculilite, Purchase, Lord Brighton, Mad Hatter, Poacher, Out the Way, and Arrah Go On. Since that time Dominique, one of the best of the two-year-olds of the season; Valor, Corn Tassel, Thunderclap, and Krewer have been added to the already powerful array of racers. It is doubtful if there is another stable in the country which can boast of such all-around strength, from stake horses to selling platers.

Mr. Hildreth has never been noted for particular ability to size up horses as yearlings. Rather he is the expert trainer of the already proved horse, but in this respect he probably stands alone among trainers of horses. His racers are always fit for the contests they are engaged in, and they are never rushed along merely to meet stake engagements.

Purchase would have been brought out just as early as was Sir Barton had Hildreth wished to point him for early engagements, but he preferred to make easy progress with this great three-year-old, confident that he would have the best horse of the year at the close of the season. He realized a horse could not be at his best in April and still be at the top of his form for the real tests of the Autumn. Purchase was therefore a fresh horse when he met Sir Barton, and he still is at the top of his form, and, on the recent races of both, could probably take the measure of the Ross horse at any distance.

Luculilite, which has come to be considered the greatest horse in the country, was brought out early in the year, but has been raced with such care that he seems now to be better than he ever was before. Luculilite has finally gained the top notch in the handicap ratings, and is asked to give weight to no less a horse than Cudgel.

The latest of the sensations from the Hildreth stable is Mad Hatter, which, after one trial, scored an easy victory and showed he possessed the class his owner claimed for him, while Lord Brighton has made good as a sprinter of the best kind.

The Hildreth horses have had remarkable success this year, due to skillful handling and the fact that Hildreth wastes little time with failures. But these racers have not been put into soft spots. On the contrary, they have raced with the best. Luculilite measured strides with Naturalist and Star Master, while Purchase met every horse in his class that rival owners were willing to enter against him. Dominique was sent against the great Man-o'-War and Thunderclap has raced the fine three-year-old Over There among many other animals of class.

Later in the year, after the local season has closed, the majority of the horses in the Hildreth stable will be sent to Maryland, where Commander Rosh's horses are now racing, and the best from these rival barns will have it out for the turf supremacy of the country.

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September Tennis.

This is the season of the year when open tennis tournaments have practically come to a close, but when the enthusiastic wielders of the racquet have perhaps their most enjoyable encounters at their favorite game. It is the time of intimate invitation events, chiefly mixed doubles, at out-of-the-way clubs; of interclub team matches such as those of the Metropolitan Association; of club championships, in which many a privately fostered hope or delusion is shattered, and of the unlimited informal tennis that goes on without a stop until the frost is in the ground and the snowflakes are ready to fall.

September is the ideal month for tennis, and in some ways October is almost as good. There is the Autumn tang in the air which gives a far more pressing invitation to energetic exercise than does the humid heat of midsummer. The light is still good up to the early hours of evening, and the background of Autumn foliage is quite as pleasant to the eyes as the conventional green of the earlier season. With serious tournament play temporarily out of consideration the tennis fiend has a chance to enjoy the game for itself alone, and he seldom overlooks the opportunity.

Such tournaments as have been held during the last two week-ends at the Sunningdale and North Shore Country Clubs are highly conducive to good-fellowship among tennis players and fans. The hospitality of these and similar clubs has become proverbial, and the players who are invited to take part in their competitions consider themselves lucky indeed. While the spirit of rivalry runs high, it is overbalanced by the general realization of an all-around good time, win or lose. A spectator at the North Shore Club yesterday was heard to remark, "If all tennis players enjoy themselves as much as these people are doing, I'll have to take up the game myself." There is a suggestion here of the missionary work that is accomplished when skilled exponents of the most popular of games appear in exhibition or invitation events in quarters where first-class tennis is a rarity. By all means let the tennis season be extended as far as possible into the Autumn months, not for the sake of tournaments, titles, or prizes, but for the healthy development of the game itself and the greater multiplying of its enthusiastic followers!

BROOKLYN NET TEAM WINS.

Kings County Players Defeat Montclair Club in Tennis Match.

In a team match between the tennis players of the Montclair Athletic Club and the Kings County Tennis Club at Montclair yesterday afternoon the Brooklyn representatives defeated their New Jersey rivals by a score of 10 to 1. Montclair's only victory of the day came when the Anderson brothers lost a three-set doubles match to Edward Oelsner and Hugh Oakley, 2—6, 6—4, 6—0. The father of the boys was a winner in both singles and doubles, while the junior Andersons also registered individual victories. Charles Chambers, Dr. H. B. Morgenthaler, F. B. Ogilvie, and H. Duncan were the other winners in singles.

The surprise of the day was the defeat of Edward Oelsner by the veteran Fred Anderson, the match going to three sets, 6—3, 3—6, 6—4. Anderson's steadiness was too much for the ranking expert of the Middle West, who beat himself with his own errors. T. McBurney, last season's New Jersey State champion, was upset in equally unexpected fashion by F. B. Ogilvie, who went through him in straight sets at 6—1, 6—2. The summary follows:

Montclair A. C. vs. Kings Co. T. C.

Singles—F. G. Anderson, K. C., defeated Edward Oelsner, M., 6—3, 3—6, 6—4; Charles Chambers, K. C., defeated G. Hayden, M., 6—0, 6—2; F. C. Anderson, K. C., defeated H. Oakley, M., 6—4, 6—2; Dr. H. B. Morgenthaler, K. C., defeated H. Leverich, M., 6—1, 6—0; Frank T. Anderson, K. C., defeated F. Sellers, M., 6—2, 6—1; F. B. Ogilvie, K. C., defeated T. J. McBurney, M., 6—1, 6—2; H. B. Duncan, K. C., defeated R. J. Davis, M., 6—3, 6—4.

Doubles—Morgenthaler and J. L. Allen, K. C., defeated Davis and McBurney, M., 6—2, 6—4; Mollenhauer and Ogilvie, K. C., defeated Leverich and Hayden, M., 6—2, 6—4; Chambers and F. G. Anderson, K. C., defeated Wyeth and Sellers, M., 6—2, 10—8; Oelsner and Oakley, M., defeated Anderson brothers, K. C., 2—6, 6—4, 6—0.

Flushing Golf Title for Mantle.

W. A. Mantle won the golf championship of the Flushing Country Club yesterday, when in the final, at 36 holes, he defeated C. H. Stevick by 6 up and 5 to play. Mantle was 3 up at the end of the morning round, and in the afternoon increased his lead, the match ending on the twelfth green.

BRITISH SOCCER SCORES.

All Leagues Play, Despite England's Railway Strike.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The big railway strike threatened to put a stop to British soccer, but the difficulty was overcome by all the visiting clubs traveling Friday, which resulted in the complete schedule of games being played off in the four principal leagues. In the first division of the English League West Bromwich Albion retained their position at the top by beating Bradford City, 4 to 1.

The scores:

English League.

DIVISION I.

Blackburn Rovers	2	Arsenal	2
Bradford	6	Aston Villa	1
Chelsea	0	Burnley	1
Derby County	1	Bolton Wanderers	2
Liverpool	1	Newcastle United	2
Manchester City	4	Notts County	1
Middlesborough	1	Manchester United	1
Preston North End	2	Oldham Athletic	1
Sheffield Wed	3	Sheffield United	1
Sunderland	2	Everton	3
West Bromwich A	4	Bradford City	1

DIVISION II.

Birmingham	4	Huddersfield Town	2
Bury	2	Hull City	0
Bristol City	0	Fulham	0
Clapton Orient	4	South Shields	0
Grimsby Town	1	Blackpool	1
Leeds City	1	Wolverhampton W.	1
Leicester Fosse	1	Coventry City	0
Notts Forest	1	Stockport County	1
Rotherham County	1	Barnsley	0
Stoke	2	West Ham United	1
Tottenham Hotspur	6	Lincoln City	1

Southern League.

Bristol Rovers	2	Newport County	1
Brentford	0	Crystal Palace	0
Exeter City	0	Watford	0
Gillingham	0	Queen's Park R.	1
Luton Town	3	Swindon Town	1
Norwich City	0	Southend United	0
Merthyr Town	0	Northampton	0
Plymouth Argyle	1	Portsmouth	2
Reading	2	Brighton and Hove	1
Southampton	4	Millwall	1
Swansea	2	Cardiff City	1

Scottish League.

Aberdeen	0	Morton	0
Albion Rovers	0	Hibernians	0
Celtic	3	Clyde	1
Dumbarton	4	Hamilton Ac.	1
Falkirk	0	Airdrieonians	2
Hearts	4	Clydebank	2
Kilmarnock	0	Dundee	0
Motherwell	1	Rangers	0
Partick Thistle	2	Queen's Park	0
St. Mirren	1	Ayr United	4
Third Lanark	4	Raith Rovers	3

O'DOWD AND RATNER READY.

Champion and Rival Fit for Fight at Jersey City Tonight.

Mike O'Dowd, the middleweight champion, and his rival, Augie Ratner, are ready for their battle this evening at the Armory A. A., Jersey City. They left their training behind them Saturday and wound up in as perfect physical shape as they possibly could. Each gladiator is positive he will win by a knockout.

The men will weigh 158 pounds at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The friends of O'Dowd and Ratner are expected to turn out en masse to cheer on their idols. The rival rooters will occupy opposite sections of the arena.

SCHUTTINGER IMPROVING.

Veteran Jockey Is Not Dead, as Reported from Havre de Grace.

Jockey Andy Schuttinger, who was reported, through a mistaken announcement, to have died as the result of his accident last week in a race at Havre de Grace, is improving rapidly and is regarded now by the attending physicians as having a fine chance for recovery. Schuttinger's death was reported from several usually reliable sources Saturday afternoon and evening. His many friends and admirers will receive with pleasure the later news that he is on the way to recovery. Schuttinger is a veteran of the saddle and a capable rider, and his death would have been a distinct loss to the turf.

MORSE SOCCER TEAM WINS.

Opens National League Competition by Beating New York F. C., 3 to 0.

Morse Dry Dock soccerites, winners last Spring of the New York State and War Fund Cups, made a sensational début in the championship competition of the National Football League yesterday when they defeated the elevens of the New York Football Club by 3 goals to 0 at Morse Oval in South Brooklyn.

TAKE CLUB TITLE IN MIXED DOUBLES

Miss Kohn and Binzen Defeat Mr. and Mrs. Hartmann in North Shore Tennis Tilt.

Miss Dorothy Kohn and Elliott H. Binzen were the winners of the week-end invitation mixed doubles tournament completed yesterday afternoon at the North Shore Country Club, Glenhead, L. I., defeating Mr. and Mrs. Ingo Hartmann in the final round, 4—6, 6—3, 6—1. The winners had progressed through the semi-finals by a straight-set victory over Miss Eva Garson and William Demuth, after disposing of Miss Helene Pollak and H. W. Forster in a hard-fought morning encounter, in which the runners-up eliminated Miss Marjorie Veith and W. J. Toussaint in the upper semi-final.

The playing of Miss Kohn was distinctly the feature of the day, her work at the net in the face of a succession of hard-hitting male opponents, being surprisingly steady, especially in view of her limited tournament experience. With the spectacular and versatile Binzen as a partner, she was able to hold her own with all the better known experts of the racquet, scoring repeatedly on well angled volleys and sending back drive for drive from deep court.

The Hartmanns, whose competitive record for the season, individual and collective, is an enviable one, were a little below their best form yesterday, chiefly because of the occasional slipping of a cog in the machinery of their teamwork.

The Quaker Ridge champion was inclined to poach at times, and almost invariably left an opening through which his alert opponents could shoot the ball for a sure score. His left-handed looping drives were well handled by Miss Kohn, both on the volley and off the ground, and many of his attempts to force matters at the net resulted in disaster. Binzen suffered from occasional streaks of wildness, but was generally reliable overhead and made some astonishing gets. His service also proved effective with its puzzling changes of curve and break.

The Hartmanns were the quicker to strike their stride and put the opening set to their credit at 6—4. Binzen and his partner, however, increased the speed of their play, and after some splendid rallies squared the match at 4—3. The rubber promised to be close, but after a division of the first games the eventual winners drew away rapidly, Hartmann adding into more and more errors as he was caught out of position, while Mrs. Hartmann was unable to return the smashes with which Binzen bombarded her court. The final game was served by Mrs. Hartmann, who got herself into difficulties with a double fault. After the match point had come up twice Miss Kohn scored the deciding tally with a clean drive down the side line, the set ending 6—1.

Mr. and Mrs. Hartmann had their hands full in disposing of Miss Veith and W. J. Toussaint in the semi-finals. The feminine member of this new team, who is also a newcomer to tournament play, showed a surprising skill, as well as admirable coolness under fire. Her deceptive forehand drive often passed Hartmann cleanly, and she made a number of telling returns from deep court. Toussaint was active at the net, and his reckless jumps for volleys brought good results for a time. After winning the opener at 7—5, however, he and his partner succumbed to the better team work and individual play of the Hartmanns, the remaining two sets going by one-sided scores.

The closest match of the day brought Miss Pollak and H. W. Forster against Miss Kohn and Binzen in the round before the semi-finals. The woman champion of the Middle States was slow in gaining control of her strokes, and the opening set went against her side at 6—2. But fast tennis equalized the match with a 6—4 session, and the rubber was fought out to 8—6 before Miss Kohn and Binzen could claim the victory.

Handsome prizes were presented to the winners and runners-up by the club through the efficient Chairman of the Tournament Committee, Arthur M. Kohn. The club which possesses six of the finest clay courts in the Metropolitan District, announced its intention of holding an open tournament of far larger proportions next season.

The summaries follow:

North Shore Country Club Invitation Mixed Doubles.

Third Round.—Mr. and Mrs. Ingo Hartmann defeated Miss M. Kraus and W. Gips, 6—0, 6—0; Miss Marjorie Veith and W. J. Toussaint defeated Mrs. C. Blum and C. Relling, 4—6, 9—7, 6—2; Miss Eva Garson and William Demuth defeated Mrs. Prince and A. Frank, 6—3, 6—1; Miss Dorothy Kohn and E. H. Binzen defeated Miss Helene Pollak and H. W. Forster, 6—2, 4—6, 8—6.

Semi-Final Round.—Mr. and Mrs. Ingo Hartmann defeated Miss Veith and W. J. Toussaint, 5—7, 6—2, 6—0; Miss Kohn and E. H. Binzen defeated Miss Garson and W. Demuth, 6—4, 6—1.

Final Round.—Miss Kohn and E. H. Binzen defeated Mr. and Mrs. Hartmann, 4—6, 6—3, 6—1.

WIN JERSEY TENNIS TITLE.

Mrs. Morris and Alexander Iler Take Honors in Mixed Doubles.

Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris and Alexandner Iler won the mixed doubles championship of New Jersey at the Orange Lawn Tennis Club yesterday afternoon, defeating Miss Marguerite Moller and Captain R. C. Van Vliet in the final round, 6—2, 5—7, 6—0. It was an in-and-out match, with streaks of spectacular playing and errors alternating on both sides. When the winners were going at top speed they were practically unbeatable, Iler hitting with tremendous severity, off the ground and overhead, while Mrs. Morris constantly used her accurate volleys to advantage. They simply smothered their opponents in the first and third sets, forcing their luck all the way, and getting most of the breaks in consequence.

The second session, however, found the Hoboken representatives fighting back in the most stubborn fashion, with the result that Iler and his partner began to make more than their share of errors. The games went to deuce before the match was squared at 7—5.

Unruffled by this temporary setback, Mrs. Morris and Iler returned to the attack all the more aggressively, and actually put a love set to their credit in landing the decision.

For the losers the strong service of Miss Moller was a great asset, while Captain Van Vliet's volleying and speedy court-covering constantly forced his opponents to their best efforts.

The summary:

New Jersey State Mixed Doubles.—Final Round—Mrs. L. G. Morris and Alexander Iler defeated Miss Marguerite Moller and Captain R. C. Van Vliet, 6—2, 5—7, 6—0.

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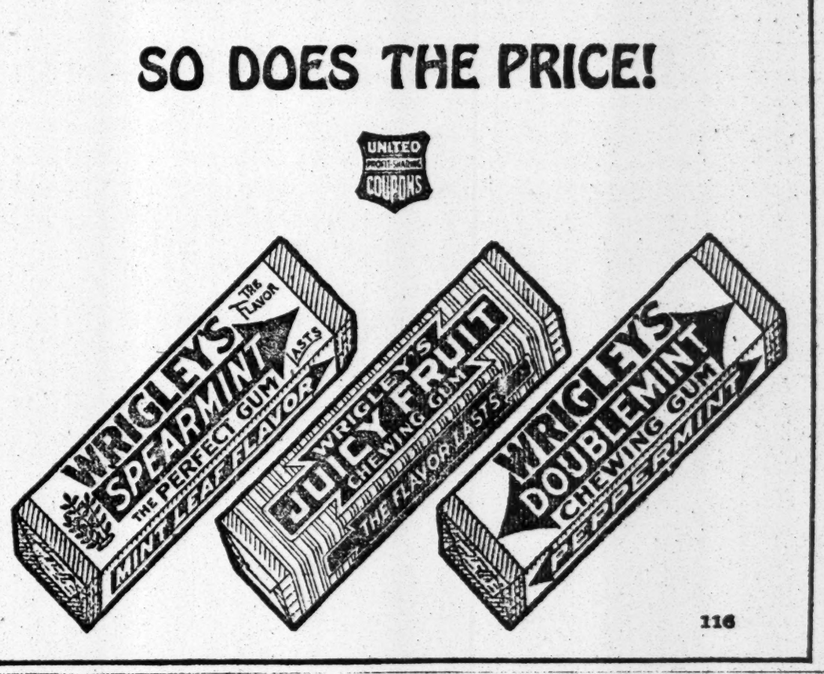

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SENATOR JOHNSON'S EXPLOIT.

The visible result thus far of the fight against the Treaty is that Senator HIRAM W. JOHNSON has run away with the Republican nomination for the Presidency in 1920. He had a great opportunity and he seized it in a masterful way that leaves some of his party associates in Washington dazed and not a little alarmed. The great audiences that confronted him in his speaking tour through the Western States and the extraordinary enthusiasm with which they acclaimed him were not due to a sudden popular interest in the League of Nations, in Shantung, or in the six votes of the British Empire. It was the man himself that drew the crowds and stirred them to emotion. Nature designed him for a great tribune of the people and she endowed him with appropriate gifts. He has a figure that bespeaks strength, a very presentable man, such as audiences like to see upon a platform. He has a fine face, that statesman face of which we see more examples in Washington than elsewhere. It is the face of a stern, resolute man; the glowing eye and the firmly modeled features seem to tell of an ever-burning inward fire of indignation against public wrong, some wrong about which an aroused people ought to do something, with him as their leader. But his true quality is revealed in his speech. His manner is that of a man tremendously earnest; he drives his thought into the minds of his audience with sledge-hammer blows of utterance; he moves, rouses, and controls men who listen to him.

His first tour in the West was much too successful and arousing to suit the plans and purposes of the more conservative leaders of the party in Washington. They were deeply disturbed. They recalled him on the plea that his amendment was urgently in need of the support of its proposer. He returned to the Capitol, but now he is off again, leaving his amendment to that fate which has already been recorded. Ostensibly, he is "trailing" the President in the Pacific States; really, he goes to repeat the triumph of his former tour and to complete the work he then so successfully began. Regarded from the beginning by other aspirants for the Republican nomination as dangerous, they now see that he will become unconquerable if his career is not checked. To the older, conservative wing of the party his slashing way of going out and seizing upon the hearts of the people almost before they have begun to organize for next year is, as we have said, alarming. He does not suit them at all; he is not of their type; he is very far from their ideal of what the candidate should be. He is of the Progressive school, and that condemns him. They never know what he is going to do. As a Progressive, he necessarily acquired an astonishing facility in improvising lifelong convictions, in discarding principles that had served their purpose and become embarrassing. He studies his public, lest, as RUFUS CHOATE would have put it, he dilate with the wrong indignation. He is ready to promise the people anything they want, if only he can find out what they want. All this is abhorrent to a Puritan politician like HENRY CABOT LODGE, who adores fixed principles, who is moved always by the profoundest convictions, whose chief sorrow is that the people are too dull to respond to his own loftiness of aim. Too unselfish and disinterested to seek the honor of next year's nomination for himself, Mr. LODGE is deeply desirous that a Republican of the dependable sort shall be chosen. Naturally, he feels that upon Senator JOHNSON no dependence whatever can be placed; it is certain that in the campaign and in the White House a man of the California Senator's political views would make ducks and drakes of all those principles and policies that endeared the hearts of Mr. LODGE and his group.

Senator JOHNSON is not very deeply concerned about the Republican convention. He probably feels that he has already won control of it, but if he fails in that control he will be a candidate just the same—on his own hook, following the Roosevelt example of 1912. In addition to the great popular support which he has won by his own efforts, it is understood that he has entered into an alliance quite outside the Republican Party, from which he expects effective aid. This only increases the alarm of the conservative or "stand-pat" Republicans, who have hoped, by destroying the Treaty, to put an end to the Democratic chances of victory next year. With so formidable a personage as JOHNSON in the field, summoning to his support all the old Progressive strength and those elements of society that fondly desire the immediate coming of the political millennium, and with his fertility of promise and fecundity of principles, they foresee the Republican organization rent and parceled again as it was in that dreadful year when it carried only two States of this Union. The eagle who noted with surprise that the dart which pierced his breast had been feathered with a selection from his own plumage was an exultant bird compared with Republican Senators at Washington, compelled to remark that the League of Nations issue which they had chosen to make an end of the Democratic Party next year has, instead, borne to imminent triumph in their own convention the very man of whom they were most afraid.

GREY OF FALLODON.

Viscount GREY will always be Sir EDWARD GREY to the most of us. He comes to us, indeed he must be always to us, a Special Ambassador of Great Britain to the United States. What other man could have his special titles to our admiration and esteem? Technically he is to be described, perhaps, as a great English aristocratic radical, in the best sense a democratic patrician of the type, with a difference, that Mr. ROOSEVELT illustrated in America. That is, he combines with an ancient cultivation, and a knowledge of "the best that "has been said and thought in the "world," a full appreciation of the necessary growth of societies, of the modification of old institutions, of the adaptation, with no absolute break of the continuous tradition of the generations of men who represent the secular thought and action of a community, of new conditions, varieties, and needs of the living organism which each generation is.

For eleven years of the most perilous and fruitful life of the world Sir EDWARD was British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. How hard he worked for peace and a practical arrangement of international brutalities; what concessions he vainly made to a Germany which was bent on domination and despised concessions and substantial actualities too small for her implacable desires; with what zeal, firmness, and ideality he strove for peace against a Germany furious for war; what mistakes, if mistakes they were, he was willing to be capable of in the Balkans and Asia Minor, the world knows. He labored hopelessly in a generous spirit. He could not compass, it is to his honor that he never could understand—as who of us could understand?—the calculated economic and military ferocity of Germany.

There is not a concession of his that doesn't honor him. There is not a weakness of his, if he was ever weak diplomatically, that doesn't endear him to the American people. He loved peace. He was willing to give, he gave much, to peace. He was a gentleman, a man of honor, dealing with ruffians.

Some things about Viscount GREY are perhaps not incapable of kindly and sympathetic mention among the people to whom he comes with every honorable recommendation and every title to sympathy. Of his great private grief, Sir HENRY JOHN NEWBOLT has written words worthy of the Greek Anthology, of BEN JONSON'S lines on the Countess of BEDFORD. Of "the partial failure of my sight," of which he speaks with so much brave constraint, the famous words of MILTON, familiar to him as all great literatures are, speak the necessary and discreet sympathy which all men feel. Of friendship between the two nations he speaks with the moderation, the "not too much" that was to be expected.

MR. WILSON'S BREAKDOWN.

President WILSON was so prodigal of his strength in serving not only his country but mankind that nature at last rebelled. No President since LINCOLN had been under such a racing nervous strain. Mr. WILSON'S first term had run only a year and five months when the great war began in Europe, sweeping the Continent like a conflagration and threatening to involve the United States. A month after Mr. WILSON'S second inauguration the United States was drawn in, and thereafter the problems that he had to deal with as leader of the American people and as Commander in Chief of the army and navy were so tremendous and exacting that without exaggeration it may be said that not one of his predecessors had to carry so heavy a burden, for it became necessary to organize and direct the vast resources of the United States, not only to raise, equip, and train its own armies, but to finance its allies and feed their troops and people.

The working day was twenty-four hours in the White House. Mr. WILSON was subject to call at all times. His last vacation, a fleeting two weeks, had been taken in 1915. The wonder in those trying days was that his strength held out. It was an exhibition of stamina and fortitude that the American people have not forgotten, will never forget. When our troops were once in action and victory still hung in the balance the strain upon the President was unimaginable. It will be remembered that occasionally he gave way under it, but soon rallied and took up the task again.

Almost as great a demand upon Mr. WILSON'S strength and faculties, perhaps greater, was his work at Paris: six months of planning, negotiating, discussion, to conclude peace, make over the map of Europe, guarantee the integrity of new nations, and save the world from another calamitous war. Mr. WILSON'S health suffered, and at one time it seemed as if he would be unable to go on. But he was no sooner home than he had to take up two irrepressible problems, the demands of labor and the high cost of living. He addressed himself to them with characteristic courage when he should have taken a long rest. A still greater question soon taxed his waning strength: the ratification of the Peace Treaty, acceptance of the League of Nations. And he decided that he must tell his countrymen as far west as the Pacific Coast what the League of Nations meant to the United States and the world and what the consequences of a failure to accept it would be.

Mr. WILSON stood up under this last ordeal until he had traveled nearly 8,000 miles and delivered more than thirty speeches; then he faltered and his nervous forces succumbed. He was as truly wounded and spent as a soldier on the battlefield. The sympathy of the American people will go out to him. They realize how valiantly he has fought for them and that he has never thought of sparing himself in their service. They have marveled at his endurance, and, now that he has broken down, the concern for his health, the hope that with rest he will soon be himself again, will be universal.

A STRIKE ON FALSE PRETENSES.

Mr. GOMPERS condones his tolerance of FOSTER in forcing the Federation upon the steel trade on the ground that FOSTER has repented his early errors of Bolshevism. Mr. GOMPERS'S testimony shows that FOSTER has set him a good example, for Mr. GOMPERS defends the strike on errors dating from about the time that Mr. FOSTER of Massachusetts was writing red heresies which so many have thought were foreign fantasies. In THE TIMES of yesterday readers may find chapter and verse for the statement that the Steel Trust of its own accord in 1907 reformed many of the excessive demands upon labor which were in accord with the practice of that time. The seven-day week, the twenty-four-hour shift, the twelve-hour day were reformed without the Federation's assistance, and not altogether with the approval of the workers, who were willing to endure such hardships for the sake of the pay then thought generous, but now largely increased. Even now both the men and the Federation are willing, or rather desirous, that the men shall work more than eight hours, provided that the pay for the added time is at a rate increased so as to make overtime rather to be coveted than avoided.

The bad faith of these charges of inhumanity against the corporation is doubly offensive for the reason that such survivals of the old practices as exist are due to the efforts of the workers to win the war. The findings of the officers of the Steel Corporation were indorsed by the American Iron and Steel Institute and were adopted by the trade generally about the time the war began. With the return of normal times the reform of working hours will be renewed where it stopped, whatever the result of the strike and without reference to it.

Also, there is objection to the pretense that the Federation is the defender of the right of workers to organize and bargain collectively. GOMPERS, FOSTER, FITZPATRICK, in their testimony, alike make it plain that what the Federation stands for is its right to organize the steel trade against its will, and more for the glory and profit of the Federation and its leaders than for the good of the men. There is a difference between the right to organize voluntarily and the duty to submit to organization involuntarily. If the right of the Federation should be conceded to organize any trade at its choice and without invitation, there would be an end to the company union, whose right—and utility or humanity, it may be added—is equal to the Federation's. This ground was fought over even earlier than the issues above discussed, and was decided once for all early in this century, in ROOSEVELT'S time. This is a matter of citizens' rights, not of humanity nor of unions' rights. Mr. GOMPERS is right in testifying that unions never raise the closed shop issue in those words, but that is what is meant by the demand for recognition and the check-off. Those rights cannot be conceded to two unions in the same shop, and therefore should be conceded to none. On that count Mr. GARY is fighting for country and citizenship in a manner which shames many of our politicians and lawmakers. That his example is stimulating is shown by such speeches in Congress as those of Representative COOPER and Senator THOMAS.

The railway men and the miners have declared that they will not support the steel strike.

Strikers are returning to work despite terrorism by unionists rather than against them, and other strikers are asking for protection in case they return to work for their families' support. Some are even telegraphing to the Senate committee that "they have nothing to strike for." Industrial weather will be clearer when the steel strike is over and becomes one of those struggles which it was necessary to pass through, and which then becomes a pleasure to remember because of the fight which was won.

PUTTING ON THE SCREWS.

At last something has been done toward ending the danger of German domination of the Baltic. The Supreme Council has directed Marshal FOCH to notify the Germans that unless VON DER GOLTZ and his army leave the Lithuanians, Letts, and Esths to themselves the German food supply will be cut off. London cables report that $115,000,000 in German gold is held there under the control of the International Food Committee. This is gold which the Germans have paid out for food; they needed the gold, but they needed the food still more. Now, unless they evacuate the Baltic States and leave the Baltic peoples to themselves, they will have neither gold nor food.

Of course, VON DER GOLTZ and his army pretend to be an independent organization, having no connection with Germany or the German Government; they are staying in the Baltic States on the invitation of the German barons, who are afraid of what will happen to them and their estates if the majority of the people are allowed to rule. But there is good reason to believe that without the support of a large part of the German people VON DER GOLTZ could not have stayed so long as this. His troops form a centre of reaction on the Baltic which is a standing menace to whatever real democracy there is in Germany. If democratic republicanism in Germany is not strong enough to master the Baltic Junkers and old army officers, we ought to know it at once; and this threat to cut off the food supply should bring a prompt decision. If the German republic can get VON DER GOLTZ out, now is the time to do it; if it cannot, we shall know that in treating with the German republic we are dealing with a thing of no great power, which exists on the temporary sufferance of the Junkers.

VON DER GOLTZ has said that if he goes out of the Baltic provinces the Bolsheviki would come in. For a long time this was believed by the Allies. We know better now. Fortunately there is not much reason to believe that at this time a German withdrawal would mean a Bolshevist advance. The Germans and Bolsheviki were both fighting the Lettish and Esthonian republics last Summer; that is to say, the Germans helped the Bolsheviki instead of hindering them. The British have given what help they could to the Esthonians, and in view of the brilliant Polish successes further south the danger of a Bolshevist Baltic seems very slight.

THE BRITISH RAILWAY STRIKE.

In the way of subsidizing the British railroad workers Mr. LLOYD GEORGE'S Government has made at least sufficient concessions to at least the sufficient detriment of the rest of the nation. In war a wise or opportunist statesman may give too much or too easily. The British railroad workers were not too guilty of unselfish patriotism in the war. They learned from Mr. GEORGE'S encouragement of and yielding to "audacity" that the more they asked the more they would get; and they can never get enough.

The Government offered the National Union of Railway Men at least enough, in view of the past and future more than enough, in proposing a provisional rate of wages as a basis of future negotiations. There is a British nation as well as a Union of Railway Men.

Offers were useless, of course. These men have forgotten that they have any duties; that they have anything but "rights"—that is, the power of their numbers. They have struck. Awake at last to the necessity of preserving the life of the community, bled continually by favors to a class, the Government regards the strike of some 600,000 railway men as "a "strike against the life of the com-"munity," "a heinous offense"; and it promises to use every means, including troops, to keep the railroads going.

It was about time. The food supply of the nation, let alone its general convenience, trade, and transport, depends upon the continuous unimpaired use of the railroads. Will they serve their general and proper national purpose? Or do they exist merely as a means of extorting more money from the nation to benefit the favored race of employés?

In short, is Great Britain a nation or is it a preserve of railway men, miners, transport workers? The question seems worth answering. If Mr. LLOYD GEORGE needs a policy and a mandate, there it is.

THE COLLEGE DRIVES.

Now Princeton has launched its drive, which is to insure that its teaching equipment shall be less inadequate, its teachers less lamentably underpaid. It is important that every American, whether or not a college man, shall realize what these drives mean.

To the individual graduates they mean an average contribution of between three and four hundred dollars. The 36,000 Harvard graduates have set out for a minimum of $11,000,000, which figures out at $305 each. Princeton, with a considerably smaller number of graduates, has valiantly placed her minimum higher, at $14,000,000. Of the graduates, moreover, fully a quarter are themselves teachers or, what is more unfortunate financially, ministers. And these drives come on the heels of a series of Liberty Loans to which as a class the salaried brain workers were faithful contributors.

To the country as a whole the drives mean something even more notable, though it cannot be expressed so definitely in figures. During the war about 75 per cent. of the college graduates in service were officers. In three cases out of four, to be a college man was to be an officer. Stating the case from the opposite point of view, of the officers in our forces nearly 90 per cent. were college men. In nine cases out of ten, to become an officer it was necessary to be educated. Service in wartime is, however, only an incident in the great purpose for which the colleges are maintained. With the exception of West Point and Annapolis, our institutions of higher learning are conducted for the needs of peace. Their pre-eminent service in the war is cited only to indicate how vital this peace service is. A nation without a steadily flowing stream of young men of the highest moral inspiration, of the highest mental training, would be as backward in the struggle of life as an army waging war without trained officers.

College graduates, being mainly on fixed salaries, have suffered more keenly than most from the present crisis, and it was pointed out that the nation should feel bound in duty to give just support to an institution which is obviously national in its service. The suggestion was summarily rejected. National support means political control, and the men behind the drives declared that to be morally strong and intellectually well directed our universities must be free.

There have been times of late, and there will be other times in the future, when the spirit of our republican institutions seems to have suffered a palsy; when every form of wild propaganda, inflamed by selfish interest, seems rampant, triumphant. The leaders among our men of education stand firm in the larger vision, the abundant generosity, of the true American tradition. Where they carry the standard others will not hesitate to follow.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Fatal Result of Hazing.

That the immemorial and apparently unalterable determination of college sophomores to make life more or less exciting for the members of the entering class resulted at Colgate University, last week, in the death by drowning of a freshman, was briefly told in the dispatches from Hamilton, but the seriousness that marked the termination of the affair, and certain peculiarities that differentiated it from the ordinary "hazing scandal," make worth while the presentation of some of its details.

It seems that on the opening day of the term the sophomores met all the arriving trains, captured such freshmen as they could identify, and led them away into a captivity which some of the victims took good-naturedly and others with vehemence, but quite uselessly, resented. There were many lively scrimmages in the course of these operations, but nobody was hurt and no real harm done.

Among the places of confinement to which freshmen were taken was a small island in a lake near the town. By evening twenty-six of them had been collected there and left under guard of a single sophomore—which would seem to show that no very bitter hostility had been developed. It was chilly on the island, and, after a while, four of the prisoners decided to defy their warder and swim to the shore, some 250 feet away. They started. On the way across one of them, FRANK E. MCCULLOUGH of Kane, Penn., found his powers giving out and called for help. The others with him did their best to save him, at no small risk to themselves, but in the darkness that covered the almost ice-cold water of the lake their efforts failed and the boy was drowned.

Prosecution Seems Improbable.

If the facts in the Colgate drowning case are as here outlined—and this seems to be admitted by all concerned or directly interested in it—nothing except a decision not to prosecute anybody is likely to come from an investigation which the District Attorney has undertaken. Dr. BRYAN, the President of the university, takes the position that the drowning was not the result of "hazing," and that "it demands no change in established customs." That puts all responsibility for young MCCULLOUGH'S death on MCCULLOUGH himself, and takes it entirely from the sophomores and the university. Not many will agree with Dr. BRYAN in this contention, but it is true that the hazers played no direct part in the drowning, and it would be going far to say that the drowning was a natural consequence of their acts and one against which they could have guarded.

They were technically guilty of violating several highly important laws when they seized and marooned the freshman on the island, but what they did would have passed as a rough joke such as boys are wont to play on one another, if MCCULLOUGH had not tried to swim ashore. To do that he had a right, of course, but he was under no compulsion, and his death can be called, legitimately enough, accidental.

There was hazing, but it was not brutal or cowardly hazing—was not, that is, unless those epithets are applicable whenever college boys by force of numbers compel one of their number to do something against his will, and such an extension of the terms is forbidden by common sense. It will be demanded only by those who have forgotten or never knew the nature of real boys.

Concerning War Risk Insurance.

In criticising a correspondent of THE TIMES who had complained about the workings of the War Risk insurance law, R. W. EMERSON, the Assistant Director of the bureau having the management of this highly important matter, charged that the regulations of the War Department in relation to the renewal of lapsed policies had been incorrectly stated by the complainant. In proving his point Mr. EMERSON stated that "reinstatement may be made of the lapsed insurance within eighteen months from the date of discharge, or within twelve months from the date of lapsation, but not thereafter." He did not add, as he really should, that this privilege is qualified by the words, "provided the insured is in as good health as at the date of discharge, or at the expiration of the grace period, whichever is the later date, and so states in his application."

From the standpoint of ordinary insurance that qualification is reasonable enough, but the War Risk insurance is not ordinary, and, as for adequate reasons it violates actuarial principles in several respects, so the revival of lapsed policies should not have been hedged about with more restrictions than were required to prevent fraud.

It is not necessary to condemn the drafting of the law because so many of the returned soldiers are letting their policies lapse. That is largely because of inappreciation of the valuable privilege offered to them. But there is fault on the other side, too, for it was the duty of the department to make the worth of the War Risk policies so clear to all the beneficiaries that none except the utterly stupid would fail to see it. More than they have so failed, and to them the rule as to lapses should not be applied too sternly.

Families Held as Hostages.

Among the gravest charges brought against the Russian Bolsheviki is that when those who offend them are beyond their reach they inflict on the families of the offenders what otherwise would be the punishment of the offenders themselves. This is in utter disaccord with civilized ideas of justice and the administration of law, and therefore it has been denied by the defenders of Bolshevism that the Bolsheviki do it. Yet in an order recently issued by the mighty TROTZKY as Minister of War and Marine—an order found on one of his officers who had been taken prisoner—he wrote, among other characteristic commands, "In case an officer goes over to the enemy, his family should feel the consequences of his betrayal."

That is somewhat vague, but those who receive the order doubtless know how to execute it. The officers whose going over to the enemy is feared are those who are in the Red army under compulsion, not because they are Bolsheviki, and naturally they would desert to KOLCHAK or DENIKIN if they dared. Some of them do dare; the others are restrained by apprehension of "consequences" to their wives and children, carefully held and guarded in Bolshevist hands for just that purpose.

THOSE AMAZING COWS.

Doubt as to Percentage of Butter Fat in Sullivan County.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to Page 6 of THE NEW YORK TIMES of today, Sept. 25, in which you quote from some Downsville newspaper that the Sullivan County farmers produce milk which "averages from 5 to 15 per cent. butter fat," I beg to say that one of my millionaire friends who plays at farming would like to buy some of those 15 per cent. cows. He will pay $100,000 a head for any pure-blooded cows which will produce between 10 and 15 per cent. milk. In fact, he will do better than that and give $200,000 a head for healthy offspring of such cows. I feel sure that he will be a very good customer for any cows which produce milk averaging over 6 per cent. butter fat, and he will probably offer to buy all the cows in Sullivan County if they can be shown to "average" over 5 per cent. butter fat.

N. A. BIGELOW.
Director School of Practical Arts, Teachers College, Columbia University.
New York, Sept. 25, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice an article in your paper today with heading "Dairies Offer 8-Cent Milk." We read in these days much about milk which is misleading. One statement is "we produce milk that averages from 5 to 15 per cent. butter fat." Let it be understood a cow was never known to give 15 per cent. butter fat. Why don't these farmers of Sullivan County, if they believe this 15-per-cent. story, buy up all this milk at 8 cents and make it into butter and make several hundred per cent. on their investment?

These farmers make a very correct statement that the consumer in this city gets 3 per cent. butter fat in the milk he purchases. Also that "between the farm and the household from 2 to 12 per cent. of valuable nutrition is taken from the milk." If he calls butter fat nutrition, then he is far from telling the facts. No milk can be found with 12 per cent. butter fat in it coming from a cow.

I am a Columbia County farmer with a herd of about seventy-seven head of Jerseys. If I had Jerseys that would give 15 per cent. butter fat I would be a millionaire.

J. SPENCER HOSFORD.
Kinderhook, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1919.

Thanks to an Unknown Friend.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Would it be possible to occupy a few lines in your valuable paper in which to thank an unknown friend for a kindness?

On Monday of this week I lost my bag on the elevated between the Thirty-third Street and Cortlandt Street stations. There was plenty of identification in the bag, by watch and chain, &c., hence I did not advertise it, but notified "Lost and Found" of the elevated offices.

Last evening my bag intact was returned to me by mail, no trace of finder or sender. I know of no other way of trying to show my appreciation except through your paper. The package came from Hamilton Grange Post Office Station. I think in that part of the city they would be TIMES readers like myself.

B. G. NOYES.
New York, Sept. 27, 1919.

BESSARABIA IN PARIS.

Krupensky and Schmidt Called Unrepresentative of People.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read the appeal as published under the heading "Bessarabia Sends Appeal to Wilson," in your issue of Sept. 24, by Mr. A. N. Krupensky and Mr. A. C. Schmidt, asking you as representatives of the Bessarabians to the Peace Conference to transmit it to President Wilson.

As a Rumanian who knows the true local situation, I am deeply revolted at this bold falsification that these two gentlemen are trying to spread. Disregarding the crass untruths uttered all through their statement, I ask them who are the Bessarabians? Who authorized them to speak for Bessarabia? Are they the 70 per cent. Rumanians acknowledged even by the monarchical Russian Government statistics or the 30 per cent. Russians, Germans, Bulgarians and other nationalities combined?

Mr. Krupensky, a Rumanian Russophile, who does not know even the language of the Rumanians, certainly has not the right to speak for the Rumanians. As for Mr. Schmidt, whose name plainly indicates his German descent, he evidently is not entitled to speak in the name of the Rumanians.

The Bessarabians had elected their real representatives in the "Sfatul Tzerei" (Bessarabian Parliament) long before the coming of the Rumanian troops there, and consequently in entire liberty without any interference on the part of the Rumanians; who then, being left alone by the desertion of the Russians, were hard fighting the Germans. Now two of the chiefs of Bessarabia's organization at that time, namely, the President of the old Moldavian republic and the President of the "Sfatul Tzerei," have since the last year and a half been members of the Rumanian Government at Bucharest, as a symbol and a guarantee of the union proclaimed by the Bessarabians. These and the "Sfatul Tzerei" are the only men who are authorized to speak in the name of the Bessarabians, not Messrs. Krupensky and Schmidt, who had not even dared to be present at the elections.

I can easily account for the grief of Mr. Krupensky, a large landowner of Bessarabia, who in consequence of the union of Bessarabia to Rumania is compelled in accordance with the new agrarian reform to give up the most of his lands for the benefit of the peasants. But if he pretends to be a democrat and a true lover of his country, he can prove that by not criticising most eagerly yet uselessly his fellow-countrymen, but submit without a murmur to the law in the higher interests of his country and to follow the noble example set by the Rumanian King, who was the first to place all his lands at the disposal of the peasants.

In the history of the revolution of peoples, whenever there has arisen the question of a reunion between brothers of the same nation, who have separated for a period more or less long, almost always hostile currents immediately arise to destroy the union. But I can hardly expect to find an example of a bolder attempt to act in the name of a people who have never empowered them to speak in their name.

C. CIHODARIN,
Rumanian Chief Engineer.
New York Sept. 27, 1919.

Wounds on the Left Leg.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of the 20th instant your correspondent, Mr. Hasselman, raises the question why soldiers wounded in a leg are in nearly all cases wounded in the left one. His speculations on this fact seem to show that he is not trained to the use of firearms. He assumes that right-handed men, "in standing in position to fire rifles or pistols, as the case may be, would advance the left foot." They would not. When handling a pistol they would advance the right foot. Moreover, there is no reason for considering the leg that is advanced as more exposed than the one in rear. Under normal conditions each one is as likely to be hit as the other.

What then is the explanation? I venture the assertion that the preponderance of wounds in the left leg is due in part to exposure when lying down,—not firing, but lying on one side, either to rest from the strain of lying prone or to look about and talk and hear. One naturally turns over on the right side, thus exposing the left. Why one naturally turns to the right and not to the left, seems to me a question of anatomy. It may be traceable to the fact that the heart is on the left side. On this account physicians recommend sleeping on the right side rather than on the left. May it not have something to do with the right-sidedness in question?

However, the excess of hits in the left leg may have been incurred in large proportion while the men were in motion. A soldier is trained to step off with his left foot. As a consequence, when he starts to go sideways over the top of a trench or wall or out of a hole, his left leg is the largest, if not the only, target that he presents. If, therefore, he is fired upon at this time, it is likely to be his left leg and certainly not his right, that suffers from it. His right leg is brought over differently from his left and more quickly. It presents a less favorable target than the left and for a shorter time.

JOHN BIGELOW.
Highland Falls, N. Y., Sept. 26, 1919.

Franklin Had His Doubts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The following speech made by Benjamin Franklin at the convention which adopted the United States Constitution is specially appropriate at this time:

"Mr. President, I confess that I do not entirely approve this Constitution, but I am not sure that I shall never approve it. I have experienced many instances of being obliged by better information or fuller consideration to change opinions even on important subjects which I once thought right but found to be otherwise. In these sentiments I agree to this Constitution, with all its faults, if they are such. I doubt, too, whether any other convention we can obtain may be able to make a better Constitution. The opinions I have had of its errors I sacrifice to the public good. I cannot help expressing a wish that every member of this convention who may have objections to it would with me on this occasion doubt a little of his own infallibility and to make manifest our unanimity put his name to this instrument."

W. D. S.
Princeton, N. J., Sept. 23, 1919.

THE STILL SMALL VOICE.

The little brooks go singing along their shining way;
The rivers speak in deeper tones; like beat of muffled drum
The ocean surges thunder, and toss their mighty spray,
But the mountains stand immovable —immovable and dumb!

The trees have whispered secrets for those who, listening, pass;
There's language of the flowers for all who patient seek;
Myriads of tiny voices sound in the waving grass,
But the mountains stand in silence—they may not, cannot speak.

All Nature seeks expression in tones that rise and swell,
So sings the joyous human, so growls the angry brute.
The wedding chimes at noontide, the evening passing bell,
But the mountains stand and listen—their peaks and valleys mute.

Only to those who love them, the mountains message send—
Those who have left their shelter, over the world to roam.
To them, like a strain of music, or the urge of a waiting friend,
The still small voice of the mountains whispers: "Come home! come home!"

HELEN COMBES.

SERVICE MEN TAKE DELIGHT IN MUSEUM

Several Thousand Soldiers and Sailors Have Visited Metropolitan Since War Began.

WOUNDED ALSO BENEFITED

Men Even Gave Up Trips to Ball Games to Linger Among Its Treasures.

A record of work done by the Metropolitan Museum of Art among men of the army and navy stationed in New York or passing through the city, is included in the September report of the museum's educational work, which has just been made public.

Since America entered the war great numbers of soldiers and sailors, coming to the city for the first time, have visited the museum. Guide service was furnished free to all service men in uniform daily at 2 o'clock. The number of men who saw the museum under guidance from Jan. 26, 1918, to September, 1919, was 2,485, of whom 1,444 visited the building Sundays, and 1,041 on week days. There was also a large number which came with parties of friends, and of these no record was kept.

Many of the service men never had visited an art museum before, and discovered unexpected things to interest them. The report cites the case of two young sailors, watchmakers in civil life, who took great delight in a collection of European watches from the sixteenth to the nineteenth century.

"All the men showed surprising appreciation," says Miss Winifred E. Howe of the museum. "When four or five active young men remain for three or four hours with no flagging of interest or evidence of weariness, though given opportunities for graceful leave-taking, and when this did not happen once but many times, it was evidence they were not bored. When a group of sailors miss part of a baseball game they are planning to attend, and two sailors who have fifteen days leave spend four of them at the museum; when a young Southern officer spends all his spare time at the museum and carries away all the handbooks to study between visits, and when we hear that a group of soldiers who had seen this museum spent their time in Milwaukee between trains visiting the Art Institute in that city, we conclude that the war-time experience of museum visiting has been a real pleasure."

Men returning from France showed an increased sense of appreciation of the museum, it was found. They were interested in the museum's model of Notre Dame at Paris, and in the European decorative arts. They also were interested in the famous armor collection, the cannon from the valley of the Meuse, the armorer's shop from Abbeville, and the helmet of Joan of Arc.

To wounded soldiers in hospitals the museum sent museum reproductions as picture puzzles, post cards of museum subjects in sets of ten each, special museum bulletins with "Children's Bulletin Stories" and "Magic Pictures of Long Ago."

The museum's lending department is to be conducted on broader lines in the coming year, and the soldiers, sailors, nurses, and war workers who have visited the museum or who have seen the Louvre and other foreign collections will be able to see at their own homes the museum's treasures on lantern slides. One hundred and fifty new slides have been prepared for lending in territory west of the Mississippi River. A list from which selection can be made will be ready by Wednesday.

To cities nearer at home the museum lends many of its actual possessions, pictures and other objects, in its extension work. Robert W. de Forest, President of the museum, speaking of this, says:

"Our museum is a Metropolitan museum, national in its scope. That it is so is recognized in the gifts it receives. Three of its largest legacies, aggregating several millions of dollars, have come from outside New York City, one from Paterson, N. J., one from Oswego, N. Y., and a third from Zanesville, Ohio. We welcome national support, and we seek to recognize the national obligation it involves."

ALFONSO RETURNS TO SPAIN

Gives Audience to Ambassador Willard at San Sebastian.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—After visiting the Medoc vineyards on Thursday and the Bordeaux harbor on Friday morning King Alfonso of Spain, who arrived at Bordeaux last week to consult a physician, returned to San Sebastian by automobile Friday afternoon. Later, with Queen Victoria, he received in private audience Joseph E. Willard, American Ambassador to Spain.

King Alfonso sent the following telegram to President Poincaré yesterday:

"At the moment of leaving Bordeaux, after my first visit to France since her victory, I desire, my dear President, to address you my affectionate remembrances and to pay my respect to Mme. Poincaré. Be assured of my faithful friendship."

In reply President Poincaré thanked the King for his message. He said he had been pleased with King Alfonso's visit to Bordeaux and added that he hoped that he and Mme. Poincaré would have the great pleasure of receiving the King and Queen Victoria before many months had passed.

QUITS PRESIDENT'S STAFF.

T. W. Brahany to Become Officer of an Oil Company.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Thomas W. Brahany, for the past eight years executive clerk at the White House, has resigned to become Secretary and Assistant Treasurer of American Republics Corporation, a New York oil concern. He will leave his present position Oct. 1.

During the last few months of President Taft's administration and throughout the two terms of President Wilson, Mr. Brahany has been in charge of important confidential work at the White House. He accompanied Mr. Wilson on his tour for the Peace Treaty, acting for the President in arranging details of the local programs in the cities visited.

DUTCH OWNERS GET SHIPS.

54 Requisitioned by America Either Returned or In Process of Return.

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 27.—All the Dutch shipping, aggregating approximately 500,000 tons, which was requisitioned by the United States in March, 1918, has now either been returned to the Dutch owners or is in process of return. The mission composed of American navy and army officers, which has arranged for the turning back of fifty-four such ships, totaling 369,552 deadweight tons, is closing up its work and preparing to close its offices here on Oct. 1.

It is stated in Dutch circles that while Dutch sentiment has never completely recovered from the shock of the seizure, the owners are well satisfied with the American terms.

DEMOCRACY IN PERIL STILL, SAYS HADLEY

Thinks Free Institutions Are More Menaced Than When We Entered the War.

DANGER NOW FROM WITHIN

Self-Government, He Tells Yale Men, Is Impossible Without Intelligent Unselfishness.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 28.—President Arthur T. Hadley today delivered his annual matriculation sermon in Woolsey Hall, welcoming the members of the Yale freshman class, and urging them to cultivate the habit of receptivity to truth, in order that they might acquire intelligent freedom. He pointed out that the example of Germany bore witness to the fact that a nation could develop professional efficiency to the highest degree and yet miss altogether the power of mind essential to political freedom.

He said that the perils of democracy seemed as great in 1919 as they did in 1917, and that the danger that free institutions would break down through the war of misunderstandings and passions within each community was greater than it was two years ago. Incidentally, he remarked that two-thirds of the things taught in the high schools and colleges had little effect in making people better citizens.

Speaking on the text, John, viii., 32, "Ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free," Dr. Hadley said, in part:

"Two years ago we engaged in a war which was to make the world safe for democracy. The war is over, but the perils of democracy seem as great in 1919 as they did in 1917. The danger that free institutions will be crushed by armed force from outside is indeed less; but the danger that they will break down through the war of misunderstandings and passions within each community is greater than ever.

"Give political freedom to a group of men who are not accustomed to govern themselves, and far-sighted management of public affairs becomes an impossibility from the start. If such men remain under the sway of the traditions of their fathers, the name of liberty becomes a cloak for the excesses of fanaticism. If they break loose from that sway, they are led to the yet worse excesses of anarchism. Self-government is impossible without intelligent unselfishness—the kind of intelligent unselfishness that Jesus taught 2,000 years ago.

"Our fathers realized that freemen must be intelligent; and it was for this avowed reason that they established public school systems, which have been constantly enlarged and improved until the present day. Some of the founders of the American Commonwealth believed that knowledge was the one thing needful and that unselfishness would follow in due time, as a matter of course; others thought that, if the schools provided knowledge, the Christian Church would secure the needed unselfishness in its use.

"These hopes have not been fully realized. The widening of the course of study in our public schools has not been accompanied by a corresponding increase of political wisdom. Two-thirds of the things which are taught in our high schools and colleges have little effect in making people better citizens. But in spite of this apparent failure our fathers were fundamentally right. Education is needed to make a man a good citizen and a good Christian—probably more needed today than ever before. It is our problem—at once a political and a religious problem—to see what are the essentials of education necessary for this purpose, and to set ourselves to the work of mastering them.

"Culture is a valuable thing, and the more we can have of it the better. But the history of the Italian Renaissance shows how men can devote themselves so exclusively to culture that they become bad citizens and bad Christians. Professional efficiency is a valuable thing, and it is good to lay the foundations for it as early as we can. But the example of Germany shows us how a nation can develop professional efficiency to the very highest degree, and yet miss altogether the habits and powers of mind which are essential to political freedom and Christian conduct. Vision and judgment are the things that make a people great and that qualify a man to be a leader among freemen. And while they are not things which can be taught by a college instructor except in a limited degree, they are in a surprisingly large degree things which can be learned by a college student if he will set himself to the work.

"Vision means seeing straight, seeing things as they are. This is a rarer quality than most men suppose. People are blinded by prejudice. They see what they want to see—sometimes because of laziness, sometimes because of timidity, sometimes because of selfishness. They choose the newspaper whose head lines please them, the orator whose phrases fit in with their preconceived ideas. Never finding out things for themselves, they are at the mercy of the editor or speaker who gives them facts at second hand. The habit of getting at things for ourselves is a thing which we can acquire here in college, at the price of constant hard work and a good many failures.

"We are living in a place which for two centuries has had ideals and traditions of its own. It is a place where we try to pursue scientific truth rather than commercial gain; to use the lessons of history in judging the political events of daily life; to know the best ideals of poetry, to lift us above the prose of our daily work. He who lays his mind fully open to these influences, in the class room and out of it, is learning to know the truth which has made men free. To him and to men who are trained as he is trained the nation must look for leadership in solving the twin problems of civilization—the problems of democracy and of Christianity."

HENRY T. DYKMAN DIES.

Won $179,970 Verdict for Services on City's Water Supply.

Henry Trowbridge Dykman, lawyer, died yesterday, aged 62, at his home in White Plains. His father was Supreme Court Justice Jackson O. Dykman and his brother is William Nelson Dykman, also a lawyer, of Brooklyn.

Mr. Dykman began his work for the city of New York when, as a boy of 14, he served legal papers for the Water Supply Department. After his graduation from the Columbia Law School, he devoted six years to the acquirement of land for the building of the Catskill Aqueduct. His bill for $250,000 for this service was contested by the city, and he eventually won a verdict for $179,970.

Heman Gerald Chapin.

Heman Gerald Chapin, lawyer, legal writer and editor, died yesterday at Chappaqua, N. Y., aged 43 years. He had an office at 55 Liberty Street and made his home at New Rochelle. Mr. Chapin had been a professor of the Law School of Fordham University since 1905 and in the New Jersey Law School since 1914. He was formerly editor of The American Lawyer. Last January he announced his opposition to recent reform legislation, asserting that it was an undue infringement of personal liberty.

Townsend Burnet Baldwin.

Townsend Burnet Baldwin died suddenly on Tuesday at his home in Edgewater Park, N. J., aged 73 years. He was a Major on General Mott's staff in the civil war. He was Governor of the Society of Colonial Wars of New Jersey, member of the Sons of the Revolution, and of the Union, New York Yacht, and Metropolitan Clubs.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page 14.

HARVARD DRIVE OPENS.

Campaign for $15,250,000 Endowment Fund Begins Formally Today.

The formal opening of Harvard's national drive for an increase of $15,250,000 in her endowment will take place today, when there will commence all over the country the canvassing of each one of the 38,000 Harvard graduates now living. For this opening the Greater New York Committee is well prepared.

John W. Prentiss, Treasurer of the National Committee, and Secretary of the Greater New York Committee, said yesterday: "We expect not only to raise more money from the New York representation of Harvard than from any other city of the country, but we expect to have the job completed more quickly. We expect to have in this office in two weeks' time the pledge of every available Harvard man in the Greater New York district for the amount which his circumstances will permit him to give."

The Crimson Squadron, completely organized into 45 teams of ten men each, will be launched today in the task of seeing these Harvard men, and a small committee is at work increasing the membership in the $25,000 Club, which hopes by an acquisition of 200 members from all over the country, paying an initiation fee of $25,000 each, to contribute one-third of the fund.

PLEA TO RICH BAPTISTS.

Victory Fund Leaders Advertise for a $100,000 Gift.

F. W. Ayer, Chairman of the National Committee of Northern Baptist Laymen, called attention yesterday to advertisements inserted in various papers calling for a rich man to come forward with a $100,000 contribution to the $6,000,000 Victory Campaign Fund. If some rich man makes the gift it will insure the $2,000,000 provisional donation of John D. Rockefeller, Mr. Ayer said.

The Committee, he said, inserted the advertisement in the hope of attracting one of several wealthy Baptists whose names were missed from the list of contributors.

The Secretaries of the fund refused to discuss this phase of the advertisement, but admitted that there were several Baptists who could give $100,000 to the fund.

TO GREET NEW ORCHESTRA.

Boxholders Announced for Series to be Conducted by Bodanzky.

The New Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Artur Bodanzky, has announced the following list of boxholders for its season opening on Oct. 9 and 10, at Carnegie Hall: Mrs. F. C. Coolidge, Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken, Felix M. Warburg, Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mr. Gatti-Cassazza, Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, Adolph Lewisohn, Mrs. Charles S. Guggenheimer, Mrs. Henry Wolfsohn, Mrs. Otto Kahn, James Speyer, Walter Rosen, Mrs. J. F. D. Lanier, Mrs. Bodanzky, Mrs. Arthur Sachs, Mrs. Henry D. Whiton, Mrs. John N. Willys, and W. C. Durant.

Others are Mrs. Benjamin Stern, Mrs. Harry K. Knapp, Felix Rosen, Max J. Sulzberger, Robert Trowbridge, Mrs. J. F. Carlisle, Mrs. Iselin, Mrs. W. P. Gilmour, Mrs. Gordon Knox Bell, Mrs. Henry Clews, Mrs. William Ambrose Taylor, Mrs. W. T. Carrington, Mrs. Willard Straight, Mrs. Lyall, Frederick Steinway, and Mrs. Walter James.

BRYN MAWR SEEKS MILLION.

Campaign Begins to Increase Teachers' Salaries 25 Per Cent.

The Bryn Mawr College campaign for an immediate endowment fund of $1,000,000 to increase the salaries of the college faculty 25 per cent. was launched yesterday at a joint conference of the faculty and alumnae at the college. The campaign is under the management of a joint committee representing the trustees of the college and the alumnae.

It was pointed out at the meeting that, in spite of economy in administration, and the postponement of improvements, the expenses of the college had risen until the fund formerly devoted to general and academic expenses has disappeared. It was also said that there is no possibility of raising the faculty salaries without a new endowment fund, and that the cost of living in Bryn Mawr has risen 60 per cent.

An Anna Howard Shaw Memorial Chair of Politics will be founded at the college with the first $100,000 collected in the drive. The members of the Campaign Committee are: Asa S. Wing, Frederic Strawbridge, Miss Marion Reilly, representing the trustees; Prof. Arthur W. Wheeler, Prof. Susan M. Kingsbury, and Acting President Helen Herron Taft, faculty members, and for the alumnae association, Mrs. Richard S. Francis, Miss Martha G. Thomas, and Mrs. Jaques L. Vauclain.

LAST JEWISH DRIVE RALLY.

Tabulated Figures of Building Fund Will Be Ready Tomorrow.

Trade chairmen and workers in the $10,000,000 United Building Fund Campaign of the Federated Jewish Institutions will meet at 5 o'clock this afternoon at the Hotel Biltmore for the last rally of the drive to obtain funds for repairs and building on thirty-two charitable and social service institutions in New York. The heads of the 102 trades will make their final reports at the meeting.

The division heads of the drive will meet at breakfast tomorrow at 8:30 in order to get the tabulated figures.

Dr. I. Edwin Goldwasser, Executive Director, in a statement yesterday exhorted all the workers to use their utmost efforts in bringing the total amount to $10,000,000.

"If every Jew in New York will not wait until he is asked to contribute but will give voluntarily without being asked, the quota will be reached," he said.

Irvin Cobbs 'Boys' for the Belmont.

"Boys Will Be Boys," a play made by Charles Kennedy from a story by Irvin S. Cobb, will be brought to the Belmont Theatre on Monday night, Oct. 13. The leading rôle will be played by Harry Bereaford.

Consul General W. W. Handley.

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 28.—William W. Handley, United States Consul General at Callao, died last night, following a stroke of apoplexy. He was born in Washington, D. C., in 1872, and married a daughter of Dr. Ricardo Becerra, former Colombian Minister to this country. After engaging in the shipping business in Venezuela and Trinidad he entered the Consular service in 1904, and had since held posts in the Belgian Congo and at Naples. His home of late years was in Brooklyn.

Colonel William R. Livermore.

Colonel William R. Livermore, U. S. A., retired, who completed the first cable between Key West and Havana after Sir Charles Bright had given up the work, died at his home in Williamsbridge on Saturday. He was 76 years old.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES R. JAMES, merchant, of New Brunswick, N. J., died at his home there yesterday. He was 58 years old.

Mrs. NELLIE BALLOU, late Chairman of the Middlesex County Woman Suffrage Committee, died yesterday in New Brunswick, N. J., following a stroke of paralysis.

ISRAEL CRANE, formerly in the insurance business in this city, died yesterday, aged 84, at his home in Montclair.

HEINRICH GLANZ, 75 years old, for thirty years employed by the American Sugar Refining Company, died on Friday at his home, 1,272 Decatur Street, Brooklyn.

W. DALE HARRIS, former President of the Montreal Terminal Railway, died at Ottawa, Can., yesterday.

PHILIP WELLS, editor of The New Milford (Conn.) Gazette, died at his home there yesterday of pneumonia. He was 60 years old and had earlier been in newspaper work in Milwaukee.

CALL BIG MEETING AS ROOSEVELT TRIBUTE

Association Will Conduct Campaign Next Month to Honor Late President's Memory.

HAS DOUBLE PURPOSE

Will Hold Meetings Throughout Country on Oct. 27—Other Tribute to be Permanent.

A call to all Americans who wish to honor the memory of Theodore Roosevelt was issued yesterday by Colonel William Boyce Thompson. Two kinds of memorials were suggested, one to be immediate and to take the form of country-wide meetings on Oct. 27, the former President's birthday, and the other to be permanent and to be fostered by the Roosevelt Memorial Association. Every person who contributes to this memorial during the campaign week of Oct. 20 to 27 will become a member of the association regardless of the amount of the contribution.

In his statement Colonel Thompson says:

"With the co-operation of State, county and local committees in all parts of the United States the Roosevelt Memorial Association is ready for its campaign during the week of Oct. 20-27 to honor the memory of Theodore Roosevelt. The people of the United States are requested throughout that week to contribute to the fund for memorials to Theodore Roosevelt.

"The Roosevelt Memorial Association believes that Americans desire to see two forms of memorials for their dead leader. The first of these forms is one that shall be immediate and that shall enable all Americans to subscribe to and uphold the staunch Americanism of Theodore Roosevelt. The concrete expression of this memorial will be a series of meetings held in every city and town of the United States on Roosevelt's birthday, Oct. 27. All State, county and local committees composed of representative citizens of all denominations, political parties, and social classes, are actively engaged at present arranging for these meetings on that date. Prominent speakers at these meetings will voice the staunch patriotic principles of Theodore Roosevelt and will ask their audiences to take part in the movement to cherish and perpetuate his ideals of Americanism.

"In addition to these memorial meetings, which will be a tribute to the genius and patriotic service of Theodore Roosevelt, there will be permanent memorials that will convey to present and future generations the character and principles of Theodore Roosevelt. It is for the establishment of these permanent memorials that the people of the United States will be asked during the week of Oct. 20-27 to make contributions to the memorial fund of the Roosevelt Memorial Association.

"Every person who gives to this fund during the week will become a permanent member of the Roosevelt Memorial Association. In behalf of this association, I call upon the people of the United States to join in this membership movement.

"Men, women and children by the thousands are visiting the grave of Theodore Roosevelt at Oyster Bay. Millions of others, who hold his memory in esteem and affection, are not able to make this journey, but the plans of the Roosevelt Memorial Association for the week of Oct. 20-27 provide ample opportunity to honor the memory of this great American.

"The countries of the allies, whose cause Theodore Roosevelt espoused so valiantly in the darkest days before victory came, are joining Americans in this movement. Likewise in the Philippines, Porto Rico, Alaska, Hawaii, and in the furthest corner where the Stars and Stripes fly, men and women are preparing to honor his memory during the week set apart by this association."

VISIT ROOSEVELT'S GRAVE.

Two Hundred of Boyce's Tigers Pay Tribute to President's Memory.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Sept. 28.—Some of the men who put in practice Theodore Roosevelt's pre-war ideas on military training and preparedness made a pilgrimage to his grave today, where they placed a wreath. They were 200 members of Tigar Post No. 23 of the American Legion, commanded by Captain A. L. Boyce. Before the country entered the war Boyce began the systematic training of civilians at Governors Island, along lines advocated by the late President, which became a matter of pride and interest to him, so that he several times reviewed the different organizations of the military school.

Mrs. Roosevelt had invited the ex-soldiers to visit Sagamore Hill. They were met by Captain Kermit Roosevelt and his brother-in-law, Colonel Richard Derby, who escorted the visitors through the house and about the estate.

A monument which was placed at the grave several days ago, was uncovered yesterday. It is a plain shaft of granite, about four feet high, with a curved top, showing a carving of the Federal seal. The inscription reads:

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
Born Oct. 27, 1858.
Died Jan. 6, 1919.

And His Wife,
EDITH KERMIT,
Born Oct. 6, 1861.

The number of Sunday visitors at the tomb yesterday was the largest in several weeks. More than 4,000 persons visited the grave in the afternoon.

71ST SEEKS RECRUITS.

Regiment Aims to Bring Each Company Up to 100 Men.

The 71st Regiment has established an employment bureau to find better jobs for members of the regiment, as well as to place all members who are out of employment. Colonel J. Hollis Wells, regimental commander, took this step because of demands made upon him by employers for deserving men.

The 71st, the only New York City regiment to be Federalized, has received orders from the War Department that it must be recruited up to 100 men to the company, and an active recruiting campaign has been instituted. To attract deserving men the regiment has outlined an educational and social program to give the men an opportunity to advance in the business world. Lectures are to be given by experts in different lines, the courses starting in October.

Men who enlist will receive pay for their military service, which is limited to one drill a week. In addition they will have the privilege of the gymnasium, bowling alleys, billiard rooms, rifle range, athletic track, and library. All men between 18 and 45 are eligible and can apply at the armory, Fourth Avenue and Thirty-third Street, any evening.

Born.

BRUCK.—To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bruck, (nee Lillie Isseral,) a son, Armond Emanuel, Sept. 20.

Married.

KEITH—HOWE.—At St. Michael's Church, Bristol, Rhode Island, Sept. 27, by Right Reverend J. DeWolf Perry, Jr., assisted by Very Reverend A. C. Larned and Reverend A. D. Howard, Eliza Whitney Howe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wallis Eastburn Howe of Bristol, to William Scott T. Keith, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Keith of Greenfield, Massachusetts.

SMITH—EARLY.—On Saturday, Sept. 27, at the Little Church Around the Corner, (Transfiguration,) Grace Helen Early to Henry Cavalier Smith, Jr. Philadelphia papers please copy.

Card of Thanks.

GROSS.—The family of late Sergeant Murray Gross acknowledge with deep appreciation the kind expressions of sympathy and many courtesies extended by their friends during their sad hours of bereavement.

Died.

BALDWIN.—Townsend Burnet Baldwin, son of the late Hon. Harvey Baldwin of Syracuse, N. Y., suddenly, Sept. 26, 1919, at Edgewater Park, N. J. Funeral services at his late residence Monday, Sept. 29, at 2 P. M. Autos will meet the Atlantic City express leaving New York at 10:42, at Burlington, N. J. Interment private.

BARTON.—On Sept. 27, 1919, at her residence, 321 West 104th St., Henrietta Price, widow of Charles B. Barton. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

BUZBY.—At Bay Head, N. J., Friday, Sept. 26, 1919, Anna Dusenberry, widow of Joseph E. Busby, in her 84th year. Funeral service at her late residence, 430 Morris Av., Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday, Sept. 30, 1919, 2 o'clock P. M.

CHAPIN.—At Chappaqua, N. Y., on Sept. 28, 1919, Heman Gerald Chapin, LL. D., son of the late Heman and Mary G. Chapin of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

CLARK.—Gertrude Josephine, (nee Wiswall,) at her residence, 425 West End Av., New York City. Funeral Monday, at 11 A. M. Private. Interment Rye, New York.

COLWELL.—Percy Rouert, at his residence, Kennedy House, Lawrenceville School, Lawrenceville, N. J., in the forty-third year of his age. Funeral services will be held in Edith Memorial Chapel, Lawrenceville, at 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, Sept. 29. Interment Warwick, N. Y., at 5:30 P. M., Monday.

CONNELL.—Edward S., Sept. 28, son of Hugh G. and late Ellen Spence Connell. Funeral Sept. 30, from CAMPBELL'S UNDERTAKING PARLORS, Broadway and 66th St. Church services at Our Lady of Lourdes, Washington Heights. Solemn requiem mass 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Omit flowers.

COTRELL.—At Albany, N. Y., on Sunday, Sept. 28, 1919, Charlotte Hadley, wife of the late Edgar Cotrell. Funeral services at her late residence, 172 State St., Albany, N. Y., on Tuesday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock.

CRANE.—On Sunday, Sept. 28, 1919, Israel, beloved husband of Anna B. Crane and father of Percy W. Crane, in his 85th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 16 Roosevelt Place, Montclair, N. J., Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 4 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

DALE.—Friday, Sept. 26, 1919, at his residence, 449 11th St., Brooklyn, Thomas, beloved husband of Georgianna W. Dale. Services at Twelfth Street Reformed Church, 12th St., between 4th and 5th Avs., Monday, Sept. 29, at 8 P. M. Interment private. Relatives, friends, also members of Greenwood Lodge, No. 569, F. and A. M., and Gowanus Lodge, No. 259, I. O. O. F., are respectfully invited to attend.

DERMODY.—William J., on Sept. 25, at his residence, 690 Henry St., Brooklyn. Solemn requiem mass, Monday, Sept. 29, at 9:30 A. M., Roman Catholic Church of St. Stephen, Summit and Hicks Sts. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Auto cortege. Rochester, N. Y., and Gainesville, Texas, papers please copy.

JACOB HERRLICH'S SONS
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THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
Bird St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York. Lots of small size for sale.

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CUT FLOWER SHOP,
59th St., bet. Lexington and 3d Ave.
Plaza 5000.
Artistic floral designs, $1 up.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE MAN WHO DARES

By DR. BERTHOLD A. BAER.

"Your little talks are as daring," said Mr. Frank E. Campbell, founder-proprietor of The Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th Street, "as they are new in their application.

"You make the people realize what they did not dare to think: that The Funeral Church is as much an Institution for the people, as is the Museum of Fine Arts, the Public Library or any other Foundation devoted to the welfare of mankind."

The man who dares is the man who does.

Mr. Campbell apparently fails to appreciate that he is the most daring of all undertakers:

He dared to erect a building on Broadway at 66th Street, devoted entirely to the needs of the demised, a building which men who know declared as "the acme of perfection" and "the heaven of sorrow."

What a wonderful word-picture: "The heaven of sorrow."

"He takes the sting from death," said Mrs. H. in my hearing; "I came here in the depth of despair—I go away in the heaven of sorrow."

"If the people only knew....."

How often I heard that very same expression: "if the people only knew." They would not keep at home their dear departed, but would bring them to The Funeral Church.

And since they do not know, I dare tell them.

Died.

DOWLING.—Frank L. Dowling, President Borough of Manhattan, suddenly, at 7:30 A. M. Saturday, Sept. 27, 1919, at his residence, 334 West 22d St., New York City. Solemn mass of requiem, St. Columba's Church, West 25th St., Tuesday, 10 A. M. Automobile cortege.

DOWLING.—Frank L. At a special meeting of the Board of Directors and Advisers of THE GREATER NEW YORK TAXPAYERS' ASSOCIATION, held at its office, 144 2d Av., Borough of Manhattan, on Sunday, Sept. 28, 1919, it was resolved as follows: Whereas, We have learned with the deepest regret of the death of the Hon. Frank L. Dowling, resident of the Borough of Manhattan, and whereas by the death of Frank L. Dowling, the taxpayers of the City of New York have lost a public servant who has always been faithful to his oath of office, a man of civic pride and devotion; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this association offers its condolence to his family in its bereavement.

(Signed) MEYER GOLDBERG, President.

DOWLING.—Members of the HORATIO SEYMOUR TAMMANY CLUB and DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE, Third Assembly District, Chelsea Section, are requested to attend the funeral of the late Borough President Frank L. Dowling at his late residence, 334 West 22d St., on Tuesday, Sept. 30, 1919, at 9:30 A. M. The club and committee take this opportunity to express their deep regret at the untimely demise of their beloved associate, whose personal qualities endeared him to all.

THOMAS F. NOONAN, President.
PATRICK J. McCONNON, Chairman.
MARY G. MURPHY.
FRANK J. GOODWIN,
Executive Members.

DYKMAN.—Sunday, Sept. 28, 1919, at White Plains, Henry Trowbridge, son of the late Jackson Odell and Emily Trowbridge Dykman. Notice of funeral later.

FERNIE.—Margaret H., beloved wife of Robert Fernie, at her residence, 4,085 Park Av., Bronx. Funeral services Monday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment Tuesday, 10 A. M., Woodlawn Cemetery.

FREER.—Charles Lang Freer, brother of Watson M. Freer, Hotel Gotham, New York City, Sept. 25, 1919, in the 68th year of his age. Funeral at the Chapel of A. Carr & Son, Kingston, N. Y., Monday, Sept. 29, 1919, at 2 P. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

HAGELSTEIN.—Philip, Sept. 26, 1919, after a lingering illness, beloved father of Charles W., Kathryn M., Harry P. Hagelstein. Services at his late residence, 134 Linden Av., Flatbush, Brooklyn, Sept. 29, at 2 P. M. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

HANAN.—On Friday, Sept. 26, 1919, Alfred P., beloved husband of Ethel J. and son of the late James and Ann Hanan. Survived by daughter, Mildred E., and son, Alfred P. Hanan, Jr. Funeral services at his Summer home, Atlantic Av., Seagate, Brooklyn, Monday, Sept. 29, at 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood.

HOSKING.—Elmer. Services CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,070 Broadway, Monday, 11 A. M.

HYDE.—On Thursday, Sept. 25, 1919, at his residence, 210 East 18th St., New York City, Augustus Lord Hyde, beloved husband of Sarah E. St. John, in the 84th year of his age. Funeral services on Monday, Sept. 29, at 11 A. M., in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, New York City.

JAQUITH.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Sept. 27, 1919, Charles Henry Jaquith, Sr., in his 70th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 337 Grier Av., Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday afternoon. Sept. 30, at 3 o'clock.

KOPILOFF.—On Sept. 28, Helen, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. I. Kopeloff of 2,416 Webb Av., New York City. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LEWIS.—Henry, aged 55, husband of Louisa, father of Alvin, 164 St. Nicholas Av., on Sept. 27. Was buried at Washington Cemetery on Sunday, Sept. 28.

Died.

McCARTHY.—William F., after a lingering illness, Sept. 28, 1919, beloved husband of Mollie V., (nee Gillick,) and father of Mollie, Gerald, Helen, John, James, Edmund, and Mrs. W. D. Hernandez. Funeral from his late residence, 608 West 188th St. Funeral notice later.

McCORD.—At New York City, Sept. 28, 1919, Harriet McPherson McCord, wife of Warren McCord. Service at CAMPBELL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St.

MONTSERRAT.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Saturday, Sept. 27, 1919, Nancy Lee Corwine, wife of the late George Montserrat, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. C. A. Souther, 18 Overcliff St., Park Hill, Yonkers. Cincinnati and Covington, Ky., papers please copy.

OAKLEY.—At Newburgh, N. Y., Saturday, Sept. 27, 1919, Christina Van Ales, daughter of Elizabeth Graham and the late John V. Oakley. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 172 Grand Street, on Monday morning at half past ten o'clock. Interment at Washingtonville, N. Y.

OELSCHLAEGER.—At Lake Hopatcong, on Sept. 27, 1919, Oswald B. Oelschlaeger, in his 73d year. Services at Volks' chapel, Washington and Seventh Sts., Hoboken, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. Pauline Oelschlaeger, Albert E. Oelschlaeger.

POWELL.—At Newark, N. J., Sept. 28, 1919, Anna Boyd, widow of Ava W. Powell, aged 70. Funeral private.

REYNOLDS.—In Boston, Sept. 28, Florence Blanchard Dike Reynolds, wife of James Bronson Reynolds of New York city and of North Haven, Conn. Interment private.

SHORT.—Donald Wells, son of George W. and Emma Y. Short. Suddenly on Sept. 27, in the 24th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SILVA.—Emanuel M. Silva, Sept. 27, at his home, 1,920 Anthony Av., Bronx, beloved husband of Elizabeth A., (nee Whewell,) and father of Grace, Gordon and Walter. Service Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral Wednesday, Oct. 1, 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

SPENCE.—Suddenly on Saturday, Sept. 27, 1919, Charles D. Spence. Funeral services at his late home, 86 Lee Av., near Rodney, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 8 P. M.

THORNE.—At her home, Davenport Grange, New Rochelle, N. Y., on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 28, 1919, Grace Davenport, eldest daughter of the late William S. and Susanna W. Thorne. Funeral services at her late home, Davenport Grange, New Rochelle, N. Y., on Wednesday, Oct. 1, 1919, at 11 o'clock. Carriages at New Rochelle Station on arrival of the 10:06 A. M. train from Grand Central Station.

VAN VORST.—On Sept. 27, 1919, at Hackensack, N. J., Frederick B. Van Vorst, husband of Mary G. Van Vorst and son of the late Judge Hooper C. Van Vorst and Marie L. Van Vorst of New York City, in the 65th year of his age. His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral services at his late residence, 11 Euclid Av., Hackensack, N. J., on Monday, Sept. 29, 1919, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Train leaving Jersey City, (Erie Station,) at 3:34 o'clock over the New York, Susquehanna and Western Railway will be met at Main St. Trains leaving Hudson Terminal, Cortlandt St., up to 3:10 P. M., connect with this train at Jersey City.

WALSH.—On Sept. 28, Sadie, daughter of the late John Walsh and Mary Madigan, and granddaughter of Bridget and the late William Walsh. Funeral will take place on Tuesday morning at 9:30 from 444 West 51st St., thence to the Church of the Sacred Heart. Interment in Calvary.

WARDE.—At Fort Myers, Florida, on Sunday, Sept. 28, John S. Warde, Sr., resident of West New Brighton, Staten Island. Notice of funeral later. Elizabeth (N. J.) papers please copy.

WARNE.—Charles W., Sept. 27. Funeral services Monday, Sept. 29, 10 A. M., at Sovilly's Funeral Parlors, 64 6th Av., N. Y. Interment Bethlenem, Penn. Kindly omit flowers.

Died.

WELLS.—New Milford, Conn., Phillip Wells, Jr., aged 60 years. Funeral Tuesday, 2 P. M., St. John's Church.

WESTON.—At Newburgh, N. Y., on Saturday, Sept. 27, 1919, Mary Katherine, wife of the late Major Wilbur H. Weston. Private funeral services will be held at her late residence, 156 Grand Street, Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

WHITBECK.—William E., on 27th inst., in his 80th year, at 601 South 5th Av., Mt. Vernon. Interment at Clarkesville, N. Y.

ZOEPKE.—Sept. 27, 1919, Mary Zoepke. Funeral Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Monday, 1 P. M.

In Memoriam

BRECK.—In memory of our beloved son, Corporal S. Perry Breck of Company H, 107th Infantry, who was killed in the attack on the Hindenburg line, Sept. 29, 1918.

CASSIDY.—James H., son of John J. and the late Mellie Tobin Cassidy, Corporal, 107th Infantry, Co. M, killed in action near Bony, France, Sept. 29, 1918. Anniversary mass Tuesday, Sept. 30, Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, 10 A. M.

COMPANY K, 107TH INFANTRY.—In memory of my gallant comrades of Company K, 107th United States Infantry, who fell on the field of honor in France, Sept. 29, 1918. D. C.

COMPANY L, 107TH INFANTRY.—In grateful and loving remembrance of the Captain, noncommissioned officers, and privates of Company L, 107th Infantry, 27th Division, U. S. A., killed in the battle of the Hindenburg line, Guillemont Farm, Bony, Aisne, France, Sept. 29, 1918, and those who died of wounds received in that battle.

CRAMER.—In loving memory of Lieutenant Murray Elsworth Cramer, Commander of Company M of 107th, (New York old 7th) United States Infantry, killed in action Sept. 29, 1918.

GUDEBROD.—In loving memory of Sergeant Frederick C. Gudebrod, Jr., Company G, 107th Infantry, 27th Division, killed in action, France, Sept. 29, 1918.

HAMMOND.—On Sunday morning, Sept. 29, 1918, Lieutenant Benjamin Taylor Hammond of Company E, 107th Infantry, (Old Seventh,) son of William K. and Elizabeth Taylor Hammond, killed in action on the Hindenburg line near St. Quentin, France. Leading his company, he ordered, "Follow me," and died. One only of his presence, deeds, and character is cherished.

RAVEN.—In loving memory of Corporal Robert S. Raven, Company K, 107th Infantry, younger son of Henry and Mary Sims Raven, killed in action near Le Catelet, France, Sept. 29, 1918.

MANNERS.—In loving memory of Harold E. Manners, Company H, 107th Infantry, killed in action Sept. 29th, 1918.

MILKMAN.—Edward H. Milkman, a devoted son and brother, who gave his life for his country at Bony, France, Sept. 29, 1918, private, Company F, 105th Infantry. He will always live in our memories.

SCOTT.—In loving memory of First Sergt. Edward Willis Scott, Company L, 107th Infantry, killed in action at Ronssoy, France, Sept. 29, 1918.

BLOSSON.—In loving memory of Captain James Stacey Sissson of Company E, 105th Infantry, who was killed in action in the attack on the Hindenburg line near Le Catelet, Sept. 29, 1918.

WALKER.—In sacred and ever loving memory of Private Randolph St. George Walker, Jr., Company K, 107th Infantry, who was killed in action in the attack on the Hindenburg line near Le Catelet, Sept. 29, 1918.

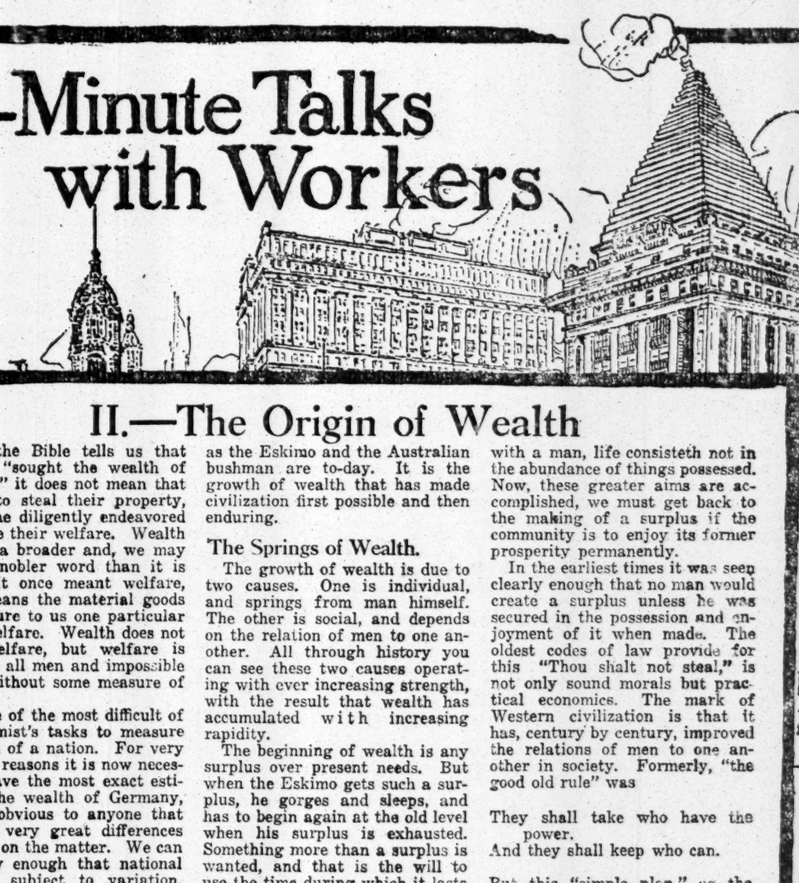
WILLIS.—In loving memory of First Lieut. Edward Willis, Machine Gun Company, 107th Infantry, killed in action Sept. 29, 1918, at Ronssoy, France.

WOLFF.—In sacred memory of our beloved son and brother, Private (First Class) Moe Wolff, Company M, 107th Infantry, (old 7th,) died of wounds received in action on Sept. 29, 1918. Parents, sisters, and brother.

DREICER & Co
Pearls and Jewels

THE PLAZA
Fifth Ave. at Central Park.
Announces
The perfection of its new and greatly enlarged facilities for
BANQUETS
Public, Private or State
No occasion too small. None too large. To each a setting and a service perfectly fitting the occasion—sumptuous and elaborate or of beautiful dignity. The large and small Ball Rooms, comfortable Foyers, and separate or connecting rooms offer the most adequate service for
WEDDINGS, PRIVATE DINNER AND SUPPER DANCES, DEBUTANTE PARTIES, RECEPTIONS, PRIVATE THEATRICALS, JUNIOR ENTERTAINMENTS.
and all other functions of an exclusive social nature
FRED STERRY
Managing Director

Ten-Minute Talks with Workers



II.—The Origin of Wealth

When the Bible tells us that Mordecai "sought the wealth of his people" it does not mean that he tried to steal their property, but that he diligently endeavored to promote their welfare. Wealth was once a broader and, we may admit, a nobler word than it is to-day. It once meant welfare, it now means the material goods which secure to us one particular kind of welfare. Wealth does not ensure welfare, but welfare is difficult to all men and impossible to most without some measure of wealth.

It is one of the most difficult of the economist's tasks to measure the wealth of a nation. For very important reasons it is now necessary to have the most exact estimate of the wealth of Germany, but it is obvious to anyone that there are very great differences of opinion on the matter. We can see clearly enough that national wealth is subject to variation. No one would deny, for example, that England to-day is wealthier than Spain, whereas in Queen Elizabeth's time Spain was wealthier than England. Similarly, it is quite clear that England is to-day very much wealthier than she was in 1600, or in 1700, or in 1800.

In 1889 Sir Robert Giffen, a great authority, estimated the wealth of the United Kingdom at £10,000,000,000, or £270 per head.

He quoted from earlier writers an estimate of the wealth of England in 1600 as £100,000,000, or £22 per head. That was as far back as he could go, but we can in our mind's eye trace it right back to the misty times before history begins, and the further back we go the smaller we find man's accumulated stock of wealth was and the feebler was his hold on life itself. All men were once as the Eskimo and the Australian bushman are to-day. It is the growth of wealth that has made civilization first possible and then enduring.

The Springs of Wealth.

The growth of wealth is due to two causes. One is individual, and springs from man himself. The other is social, and depends on the relation of men to one another. All through history you can see these two causes operating with ever increasing strength, with the result that wealth has accumulated with increasing rapidity.

The beginning of wealth is any surplus over present needs. But when the Eskimo gets such a surplus, he gorges and sleeps, and has to begin again

ASKS HELP FOR MEN BLINDED IN THE WAR

George Kessler Returns from Europe and Hopes to Raise $5,000,000 for Fund.

PLEA FROM BELGIAN QUEEN

Tells of Things Needed in the Work —Foland's Plight Set Forth by Mme. Paderewska.

After nearly three years abroad for the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund for Soldiers and Sailors of the Allies, which they founded, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Kessler, have returned to raise funds to carry on the work. They will return to Europe next month.

In appealing for donations, Mr. Kessler said yesterday, that while Government agencies were doing splendid work among the war blinded, it was only by private organizations that these men could be equipped to live under new conditions. He said the fund would require $5,000,000 for the next five years.

"It should not be imagined that because the war has ended nothing remains to be done for those who lost their sight," said Mr. Kessler. "Fifteen hundred of them in France alone are still waiting to be cared for.

"We have aided Belgium, but more help is asked. We are assisting Serbia and Rumania, and the plight of the Italian blind is distressing. Poland, too, seeks a helping hand from America. And shall we deny the claims of the Czechoslovaks, of Denikin's and Kolchak's armies and other anti-Red forces fighting in Russia?

"We have made a thorough investigation of conditions and requirements. Italy has more than 800 blinded men of whom sixty have lost either both arms or both legs in addition. Of the 800 blinded men only 200 have been re-educated."

Queen Elizabeth of the Belgians has placed a château at Boitsfort-lez-Bruxelles at the disposal of the fund, Mr. Kessler said. He gave out a copy of a letter from the Queen asking for typewriters, Stainsby-Braille machines and Hall machines, tablets for writing Braille with the stylus, specimens of special games for blind men, playing cards, musical instruments, knitting machines, assorted wools for teaching knitting, lots of wool to enable them to start their trade, and the necessary resources so that they may have 1,100 to 1,200 francs at their disposal when they first go home for buying tools, paying rent, furniture, &c.

Mme. Paderewska, wife of the Polish Premier, in a letter received a few days ago, wrote that the work among blind soldiers in her country was greatly handicapped by lack of money and appealed for assistance in erecting five institutions for the men. Mme. Paderewska pointed out that while the war had ceased on the Western front it was still going on in Poland and men were being blinded in action each day.

"I have only given you an idea of the great task that still lies before the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund," Mr. Kessler said. "All that it has accomplished has been through the American people. It is still to our great-hearted public that has done so much in this war for the suffering and starving and despairing that the impoverished nations slowly emerging from chaos, must of necessity turn. We know that our people will not fail those that still remain to be helped of these most terribly stricken of all the war's victims."

The New York headquarters of the fund is at 590 Fifth Avenue.

HOLD GIBSON FOR BIGAMY.

Marriage to Ossining Girl Is Alleged to be His Second Offense.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 28.—Frank H. Gibson, fifty years old, is in jail here awaiting extradition to New York, on charges of bigamy, it being alleged that he wedded Miss Ida Usted, twenty-two years old, at Ossining while still the husband of Mrs. Bessie Gibson, 41 West 16th Street, New York. Miss Usted is held in jail as a material witness.

Gibson, it is alleged, has married five times and has served three and one-half years in Sing Sing on a previous bigamy charge. He and Mrs. Bessie Gibson separated but were not divorced, and then it is alleged Gibson married a Philadelphia girl, after which he was convicted of bigamy and sentenced to Sing Sing.

Soon after leaving prison, it is alleged, Gibson persuaded Miss Usted to marry him, threatening to commit suicide unless she did so. The Salvation Army in New York, knowing Gibson's record, attempted to prevent the marriage but was too late, and since the ceremony Capt. Thomas H. Anderson, New York, of the Army's Prison Work Department, has been trailing Gibson. New York officers are on the way here.

Gibson is a native of Louisa County, Virginia, his family being well known throughout the State.

FINDS MOTHER AND SON DEAD

Coblitz Comes On Woman's Body When He Calls to Get That of Son.

When John Coblitz, of 220 East Seventy-fifth Street, called at the morgue last night to claim the body of his son, Stephen, nineteen years old, who had been stabbed yesterday morning, he found not only the body of his son, but also that of his mother, Susan Coblitz, who died on Saturday at the City Hospital, Blackwell's Island.

According to the police, young Coblitz was found lying in the street at Seventy-sixth Street and Third Avenue about 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The boy was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where he died. The father said that he heard that his son was in a place while a fight was in progress and that he was accidentally stabbed.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—A liberal reward will be paid for the return of two interborough collateral trust 4½% bonds, Nos. 20205 and 30713; dealers are warned not to negotiate. H. H. Upham & Co., 508 West Broadway.

LOST—Breastpin, butterfly shape, opal and diamonds, Broadway-91st to 96th St. or 91st St.-Broadway to Central Park West; liberal reward. 650 West End Av., Apt. 7A.

LOST.—Diamond with initial C. S. W., between 20th St. and B'way, or the Plymouth Theatre, Friday evening. Liberal reward. Bryant 1440.

LOST.—Diamond bracelet, Saturday, Sept. 27, on lower Broadway, Vesey St., or Washington Market; liberal reward. G. C. Keefer, Room 610, 34 Nassau St.

LOST—Thursday, between Manhattan Theatre and McAlpin Hotel, ermine neckpiece, 24 inches long, 6 inches wide; reward. Lost and Found Dept., Hotel McAlpin.

LOST—Small brown fur neckpiece with pearl pin attached, Sunday morning, Madison Av., 48th-58th Sts.; reward $25. D. Thomsen, 21 East 49th.

LOST—Fur scarf, on St. Nicholas Av., between 164th St. to 110th St., 5th Av. to 88th St.; liberal reward. Apartment 3B, 949 West End Av.

LOST—On Columbus Av., between 87th and 88th Sts., black silk sash, embroidered ends. Finder please return to Stationary, 568 Columbus Av.

LOST.—On Broadway or 6th Av. or on 45th St., a platinum and diamond bar pin; if found please notify Schuyler Hotel. Liberal reward.

LOST—On Cascade floor, Biltmore Hotel, platinum pin, containing 5 diamonds and 4 pearls. Return Cashier, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST.—In 5th Av. shopping district, a diamond bar pin; reward $250. Return to Charlton, 604 5th Av.

LOST—14th St., 6th Av., Saturday, 2 o'clock, fur scarf, ermine lined; liberal reward. Pollock, 4 Perry St.

LOST.—Gold watch, Bridle Path, Brooklyn. Finder kindly return to 132 New York Av., Brooklyn. Reward.

LOST—A black velvet band, with diamond and ruby slide; liberal reward. Sampliner, 1 West 64th.

LOST—Lady's black hand bag. Return to Cashier Hotel Commodore, receive reward.

LOST—Velvet bag, 6th Av., 49th and 55th Sts.; reward. Circle 3947.

$25 reward for PLATINUM BAR PIN, set in diamonds, lost Sept. 25; return to W. H. Day, 30 East 42d St.

Found.

FOUND—Small toy dog, on 87th St., near Riverside Drive; owner can recover by proper identification and paying for this advertisement. Telephone Schuyler 5163.

FOUND—Dewstown, Friday, mink neckpiece, Mahl, 226 West 70th.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—Medium size black dog, with white tail and light brown markings on face and legs; cross between Chow and Husky; answers to name Chin Chin; reward $25. Apt. 12G, Mrs. Robert MacKay, 42 West 72d. Columbus 7941.

LOST.—Small terrier, rough coat, tan, white markings, male, no collar; answers to name "Scally"; $25 reward. Phone Miss Hass, Academy 1947.

SCHOONMAKER
1700 BROADWAY
at
'Phone Circle—2165-4276.
54th Street.
"Facts First—Sales Second."
JACOD

EXTRAORDINARY FALL DISPLAY of CLOSED CARS

Cadillacs:
TYPE 57—SEDAN.
TYPE 57—SUBURBAN SEDAN.
TYPE 57—VICTORIA.
TYPE 57—LANDAULET.
TYPE 57—LIMOUSINE.
TYPE 57—TOWN CAR.
1918—HUDSON Suburban Sedan.
1918—HUDSON 7 passenger Sedan.
1918—HUDSON Limousine.
1917—HUDSON Sedan.
1918—STUTZ Coupe.

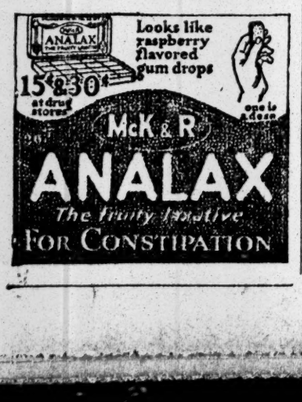
These Cars Will Be on Display Oct. 1st.

Comfort Feet That Itch And Burn With Cuticura

For tired, aching, irritated feet warm baths with Cuticura Soap followed by gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment are most successful.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the world. For sample each free address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6M, Malden, Mass."

Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.



No Adequate Reason Exists Today for the High Prices Charged for

MEN'S CLOTHING

We say this as manufacturers, with a knowledge of the facts.

We are selling all-wool, carefully tailored suits and overcoats, made in our factory at 16 Cooper Square, as low as $20.00, a large variety with superb lines at from $25.00 to $50.00.

If you do not avail yourself of our offerings, why complain of the high prices charged by other merchants?

Of course we have advantages. We manufacture all our garments. We have no manufacturer's expense for selling. We have no shipping expenses, nor all those other small items which other stores not so fortunately situated have to meet.

Browning King & Company
16 Cooper Square, New York—at 5th St.,
Fourth Avenue cars pass our door

How Uncle Sam spends our money

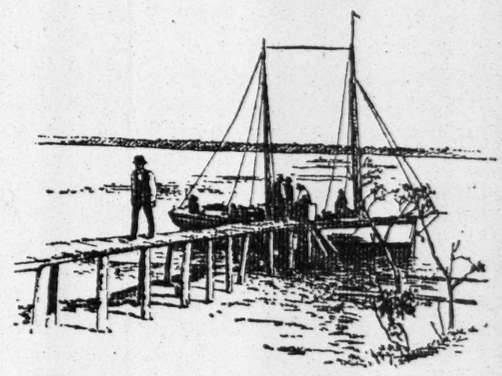
"The prodigal son was a liberal spender," says Uncle Joe Cannon, in October Harper's, commenting upon present government expenditures, "but he was not put in charge of the family purse." In this article the veteran ex-Speaker, in his delightfully philosophical and characteristic way, frankly tells many things which the public should know.

In this issue will also be found the story of Marshal Foch, the man, written by one of his closest friends—an intimate portrait of the famous French soldier, as his friends and family know him.

These are but two of a score of equally entertaining features in the

October
HARPER'S MAGAZINE
ON EVERY NEWSSTAND

THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS

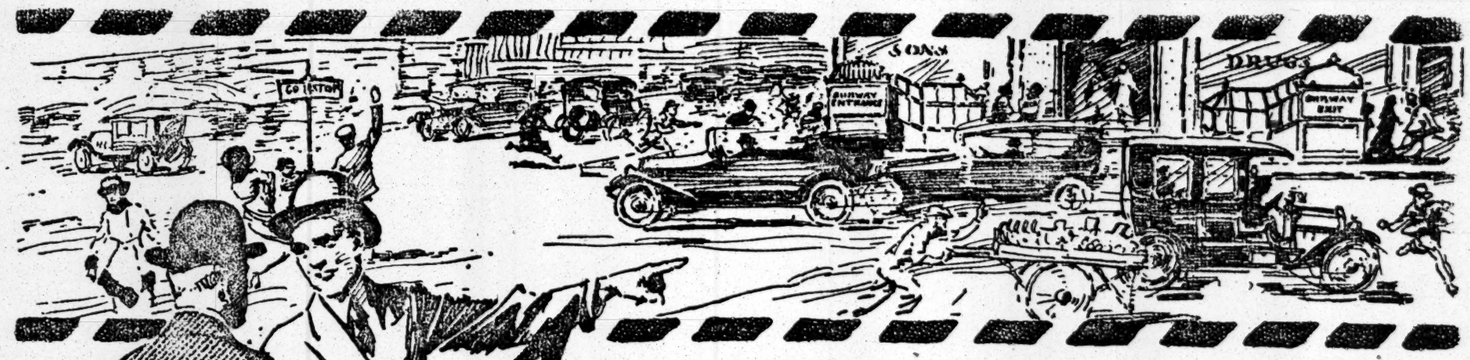


© 1919

One of the Revillon Schooner Fleet

This schooner is one of a fleet of 12 taken North on two successive springs on the deck of a Revillon steamer. While navigation remains open they ply busily from post to post on Hudson's Bay and its tributaries collecting the furs which the traders have accumulated and distributing food and other necessities to the various stations. In winter communication between these posts is by dog sledge across the ice, and between seasons when there is neither open water nor sound ice the traders must content themselves at home.

Revillon Frères
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street



Jim Henry
MENNEN SALESMAN
Comes to New York

There isn't going to be any excitement—no procession or welcome by His Honor. I slipped in under the Hudson, Saturday—"incog." as you might say.

We have a statistician at the factory who has discovered that only 372,000 men in New York use Mennen Shaving Cream and the House wired me at St. Louis to drop everything and take charge of the situation.

It shows how big New York is, that it actually harbors over a million men who have never enjoyed a modern shave. If the Secret Service were to take it up, I'll wager they could even locate a number of privately owned shaving mugs. I understand a lot of barbers still use public mugs—nice, clean shops in every other way.

I want to forget for a minute the million New Yorkers who don't use Mennen's and talk to those who do use it.

What started you?

I used to think it was my advertisements that induced men to give Mennen's a trial; but so many men have told me that they never read advertisements that I now credit the astonishing growth of our sales to another cause.

Wasn't it something like this?

You came to the office with your face prettily speckled with pin-point blood spots and began to moan about the torture of shaving your tender, bird-like skin.

Then some chap explained the trouble. You were violently rubbing half dissolved caustic soap into your pores, bringing the blood to the surface and producing tiny, inflamed swellings. Of course, the razor sliced off the crests, leaving a patch of microscopic wounds.

Then your friend said, "Try Mennen Shaving Cream. Don't rub it in with your fingers. Brush the lather for three minutes, using a lot of water. Cold water will work as well as hot. If you don't own up to the greatest shave you ever enjoyed, I'll buy you a cigar."

Of course, you didn't believe it. The Wrights had been flying for two years before anyone would admit they could do it. Progress usually irritates people.

But you did try Mennen's. You had a wonderful shave and have used it ever since.

Isn't it about time to pay your debt to Mennen for that pleasant morning shave you will enjoy for the rest of your life?

Help me out on my job of teaching shaving wisdom to the million unhappy New Yorkers who still use old fashioned, caustic soap.

Mighty nice fellows—most of them—and intelligent in lots of ways. They simply have the wrong dope on shaving.

You'll make good friends by making Mennen converts.

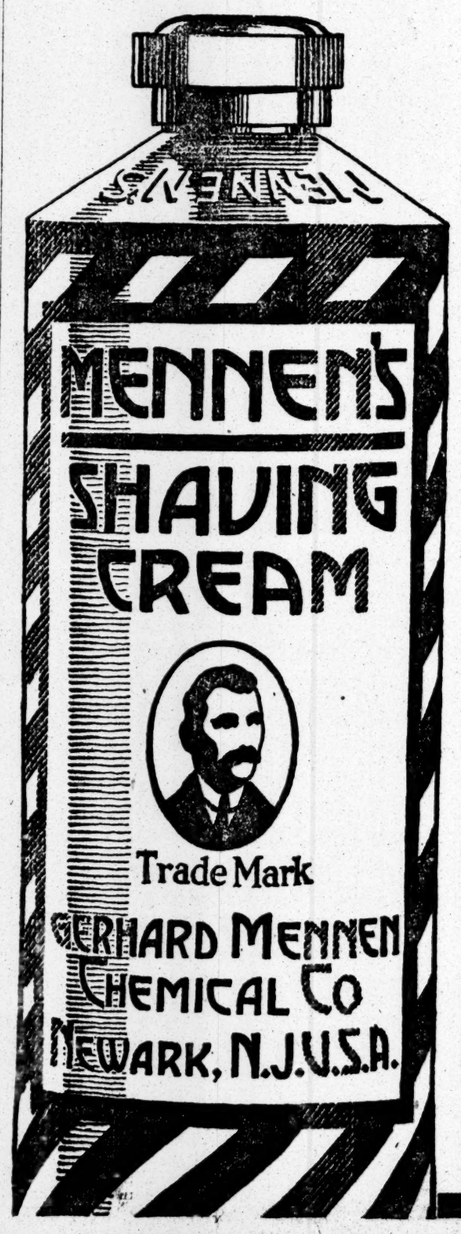
If you don't want to use strong arm methods, just tell your friends to read my advertisements for the next few weeks.

Or I'll be glad to send a demonstrator tube to anyone you suggest for 12 cents. Address the factory, at Newark, N. J., and they'll take care of you while I'm busy here.

Yours faithfully,

Jim Henry
Mennen Salesman.

Jim Henry says:
"A smooth shave has won more good jobs than a smooth tongue"



HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK

The Circle

A small boy once told his playmate that his Ma was awfully good to him because every time he took castor oil she gave him a penny to put in his bank. His companion was much impressed and asked him what he did with all the pennies. The castor oil fiend then confided to him that when enough pennies had accumulated, Ma bought him another bottle of castor oil. His companion grinned.

Perhaps the laboring man is beginning to ponder as our hero did under his playmate's grin.

The conservative union laboring man is becoming more than suspicious of the radical labor agitator. He has at last begun to realize that little net result is to be gained from wage advances when the purchasing power of his wage, if not falling further, certainly is not increasing, but merely resulting in an economic circle.

The squirrel in a cage works hard and gets nowhere, and merely tires himself out. Strikes are not the solution of the high cost of living problem, but the real solution is more production and then more production still. Anything else is merely palliative and not curative. When production overtakes and passes consumption, prices will recede and the dollar will purchase more.

Silk stockings, automobiles and graphophones, and productive working hours, are correlative. No fault is to be found with ten hours' pay for eight hours' work if the results in terms of product are equivalent to ten hours' work.

BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 3 O'CLOCK P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

HANAN

Hanan Shoes will give you the satisfaction of always looking well shod as long as you wear them—their lines are built in by experts to stand up under strain.

The materials used in them are selected by Hanan standards, whatever the increase in the cost of leather the quality is maintained.

SHOES

Good Shoes are an Economy

LONDON NEW YORK PARIS

EUROPE NEEDS COAL WON'T USE HER SHIPS

Employing Them Instead on More Profitable Freight, Says Our Shipping Board.

FUEL SITUATION CRITICAL

And American Vessels Cannot Be Spared to Do All the Coal Carrying.

POLICY MUST BE CHANGED

Other Countries, Says Shipping Board, Must Act to Meet the Crisis.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Europe's greatest menace, as Winter approaches, is a shortage in coal. All the coal-producing countries, it is estimated, cannot supply the demand of the European countries which have not yet recovered from the war. Even with the surplus supply in the United States, it is predicted that this country will not be able to send sufficient coal abroad because of a lack of bottoms.

Many European countries seeking coal from this country, officials of the Shipping Board say, have diverted their ships to more profitable trade and are leaving to the United States the less profitable business of carrying coal to the countries which are now crying for fuel and asserting that great suffering will ensue unless the United States can send 81,000,000 tons, which is an excess of 62,463,000 tons over pre-war exports.

After a study of this situation by J. H. Rosseter, Director of the Division of Operations of the United States Shipping Board, and H. Y. Saint, head of the Export Coal Department, a report issued tonight makes these conclusions:

That the United States must make up Europe's coal shortage.

That the demand made upon the Shipping Board for tonnage for coal-carrying purposes is greater than can be supplied.

That European nations—those that are able to do the most—are using their tonnage in trades best suited to their maritime interests and in competition with Shipping Board vessels, leaving this country to carry the less profitable coal cargoes for the relief of suffering peoples.

"It would seem," said Mr. Saint in his report, "cognizance must be taken by the Shipping Board of this situation, and something should be done to bring European tonnage into this work of distributing coal to European ports.

"The statistics compiled by this department show that Italy is practically the only European Government which is extensively using its own vessels in carrying coal from the United States for Italian relief. In the month of July, twenty Italian vessels sailed from American ports with coal. You will notice that Norwegian, British and Greek ships were plying in the Italian trade, which today is considered a profitable one. At the same time the Shipping Board was having demands made upon it to carry coal to Greece, Switzerland and the Scandinavian countries, as well as to South America.

"Very heavy demands are being made upon the Shipping Board to carry coal to Denmark. Our tabulation shows that no Danish vessels are carrying coal to Denmark, but a number of Danish ships are carrying coal from American ports to South America, which is a profitable trade when the return cargo situation is taken into account.

"It will be noted that Norwegian and Italian vessels are under charter to carry coal to Gibraltar, when the needs in their own countries are great.

"Large demands have been made upon American tonnage to carry coal to the Netherlands, and during July seventeen American vessels sailed from American ports to that country. During the same period only three Dutch ships carried coal to their home ports, while two Swedish ships and one Norwegian ship were in the Dutch coal trade.

"Insistent requests have been made on the Shipping Board to carry coal to Sweden, and as many as eleven steamships have sailed in one month for that country. Yet Swedish steamships in that trade have not exceeded one a month.

"With the increasing demand upon America to supply coal for Europe and to carry it in American bottoms, and with all the demands predicated upon the increasing distress in various European countries, it would seem that immediate steps must be taken to bring about an effort on the part of the various countries to help themselves in this matter of coal distribution.

"In view of the fact that the Shipping Board cannot meet the demands that are being made upon it, in view also of the fact that our vessels are now being used to relieve distress in Europe where the distress is greatest and relief most urgent, it seems imperative that the European nations which are facing a coal famine should do something to relieve the situation by placing some of their own tonnage in the American coal trade, even though that trade is less profitable than the ones on which these vessels have been placed to compete with the new fleet of the United States Shipping Board."

It appears that the people of France, Belgium, Holland, Italy, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Spain, and Switzerland will be among the ones that must suffer most, and that the shortage will fall with no less weight upon Germany, Austria-Hungary, including Czechoslovakia, and Jugoslavia. The total coal requirements of the world next Winter have been placed by the American investigators at 179,511,000 tons, of which 97,723,000 tons can be supplied by countries other than the United States.

This would leave 81,788,000 tons to be furnished by this country. Mr. Saint estimates that there will be furnished 19,325,000 tons, leaving a shortage in the world's coal bin of 62,463,000 tons, a tonnage sufficient to supply the New England States for nearly three years.

In other words, it would require 1,249,000 cars of fifty tons capacity each to meet the shortage. Twelve thousand five hundred vessels of 5,000 tons capacity each would be necessary to carry the cargo across the ocean in one trip. More than 60,000 men would have to dig coal at top speed for a year to produce the amount required.

Skoda Works Nationalized; Czechs and French to Direct

VIENNA, Sept. 26.—The famous Skoda arms and ammunition works, near Pilsen, have been nationalized, according to messages reaching here. A new council has been named to conduct the works, comprised of six Czechs and three Frenchmen.

The last previous advices regarding the Skoda works were that their purchase was being negotiated for by an American syndicate. A Geneva dispatch on Aug. 31, however, said there was a hitch in the negotiations due to a difference on the question of the price to be paid.

The Skoda works produced the famous Austrian howitzers, one of the most effective heavy artillery weapons used by the Central Powers in the war.

SEIZE GERMAN PLANE WITH AID FOR LENIN

Rumanians Find in It Printing Press and 300,000,000 Paper Rubles.

GERMANS LEAD RED ARMIES

Russian General Says Petrograd and Moscow Communicate Direct with Berlin.

GENEVA, Sept. 27.—Rumanian troops have seized a big German biplane carrying 300,000,000 paper rubles and a miniature, but complete, printing press at Hotin, Bessarabia, according to the Rumanian Bureau at Berne.

The biplane, which was en route to Moscow, was forced to land at Hotin because of a leak in the gasoline tank. It was manned by four German officers, who are said to have resented their arrest.

The rubles were said to have been all new notes.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 27.—A Russian general who had made his way out of the country into Finland reports that Germans are playing an important part in the Bolshevist operations in the regions of Petrograd and Moscow, which cities, he says, are in direct communication with Berlin, according to a dispatch to the Tidingen from Helsingfors. The Bolshevist armies in many sectors are led by German General Staff officers, he declares.

The Germans, in this Russian's opinion, are working for the re-establishment of a monarchical Russia in sympathy with Germany.

The latest charge against the enemies of Sovietism sent out by the Russian Bolshevist Government is that Germany and one of the Entente Governments have secretly allied themselves against the interests of the working people, according to a Petrograd message received here.

The dispatch says the Soviet Government in sending out a radiogram denouncing the German Government accuses that Government of concluding a "secret alliance" signed by Gustav Noske, German Minister of Defense, and Winston Churchill, British Secretary for War, "directed against the world's proletariat."

Official statistics from Moscow received here show that the death rate in the city has doubled since last year. The births have decreased by one-third.

TO ACT IN BALTIC REGION.

German Government Will Stop Pay of Recalcitrant Troops, It Is Said.

BERLIN, Sept. 27.—A mixed German and Entente commission will go to the Baltic provinces soon to direct the movement of German troops from that region, according to a semi-official statement issued here.

In order to enforce the execution of the commission's decisions, the German Government has ordered that troops refusing to leave will have their pay stopped and will not receive further supplies.

ZEMSTVO CONGRESS CALLED.

Will Act as Advisory Organization to Kolchak Government.

OMSK, Sept. 18, (Associated Press.)—Admiral Kolchak, head of the Omsk Government, in a decree issued today calls for the convening of a Zemstvo Congress to consider the solution of the problems of Government.

During his thirty-six hour stay in the capitol prior to returning to the front Admiral Kolchak issued instructions to Premier Vologorsky to formulate a plan for the convocation of such a body, which is to constitute a legal advisory organization with the right to interpellate the Ministers and express its wishes regarding legal administrative measures.

The intention, according to M. Soukine, acting Foreign Minister, is to utilize the existing Zemstvo election machinery to expedite the formation of the Congress.

SHUMSKY SEES REDS' DOOM.

Predicts Denikin Campaign Will Result in Fall of Moscow.

The fall of Moscow and a direct and overwhelming disaster for the Bolsheviki, as the climax to the present campaign of General Denikin, was predicted yesterday by Colonel K. Shumsky, formerly of the Russian General Staff and one of the most widely quoted Russian military critics in the days before the collapse of the empire. Colonel Shumsky is now connected with the Russian Information Bureau in this city.

The disasters which have recently overtaken the Bolshevist forces, culminating in the capture of Kursk and Kiev and the advance of the anti-Red army to within less than 300 miles of Moscow are attributed by Colonel Shumsky in large part to a complete failure in strategy on the part of the Bolshevist leaders. Denikin's flanks, which were exposed before, are covered now, he says. His right flank is leaning on the lower wide stretches of the Volga and his left joins up at Kiev with the allied forces.

Behind the solid front which Colonel Shumsky says General Denikin now presents to the enemy are ten railway lines and "the entire south of Russia, with its inexhaustible resources of 40,000,000 population, with its breadstuffs, cattle, coal, ore, and the ports of the Black Sea."

Apart from strategic errors, the position of the Bolsheviki, according to Colonel Shumsky, is seriously compromised by the lack of discipline in their forces and the disorder of their military organization.

Colonel Shumsky admits that when General Denikin began his operations in the Caucasus the Bolsheviki had the opportunity to concentrate their forces against him, cut him off, and possibly exterminate his army. They did not do this, but embarked on what he terms their "senseless" campaign against Kolchak in Siberia, with the result that Denikin was able to advance into South Russia, link up with the Poles, Ukrainians, and other anti-Bolshevist forces, and is now at the head of a great army, which is converging on Moscow from three sides.

LUXEMBURG VOTES FOR GRAND DUCHESS

Charlotte Retained as Ruler—Economic Alliance with France Voted.

WOMEN DECIDING FACTOR

Despite Pouring Rain, Old and Young Cast Their Ballots in Plebescite.

LUXEMBOURG, Sept. 28.—The plebiscite held today resulted in a majority in favor of the retention of Grand Duchess Charlotte as ruler and for an economic alliance with France.

Women, old and young, notwithstanding the heavy early morning rain, went to the polls and voted with the men. It was believed that the vote of the women would prove the deciding factor and that it would be in favor of the present ruler, Grand Duchess Charlotte. The Clericals, who supported the Grand Duchess, paved the way for woman suffrage in Luxemburg.

The chief local interest was displayed in the question of an economic alliance—whether this should be between the Grand Duchy and Belgium or with France, owing to the dependence of the iron industry on outside raw materials. The newspapers were about evenly divided on this question. Those favoring Belgium argued that King Albert did not seek the Luxemburg dnasty, which fact, they say, would protect the independence of the Grand Duchy. They referred to Belgium's agreement to advance a large sum of money for German paper money and the similarity of the two peoples, and declared that Luxemburg's natural outlet is through Antwerp.

An alliance with France was urged by the other side on the ground that France is the only power that will be able to give the coal needed for the iron industry.

On the eve of the voting Premier Emile Reuter predicted that the result of the vote would leave the present government unchanged.

"There is no doubt that the people will vote for Grand Duchess Charlotte as the only means of conserving the national independence," the Premier said. The result of the vote on an economic alliance with France or Belgium was more doubtful, the Premier said, "but the indications are that the vote will be for France."

The Clerical party leaders issued a formal appeal to the voters to retain the present dynasty.

The ballot provided a vote on five questions—the retention of Grand Duchess Charlotte, the selection of another of the same family, the substitution of another dynasty, the establishment of a republic, and an economic alliance with either Belgium or France.

Premier Reuter took the view that Luxemburg was too small a political unit to become a republic, while other leaders expressed the opinion that if a republic was chosen it would be more likely in the end to become a French or Belgian department than to maintain a separate existence.

VIENNA MOBS DEMAND EXPULSION OF JEWS

6,000 Storm City Council, and Riotous Groups Are Kept from Jewish Quarter by Police.

VIENNA, Sept. 26. (Associated Press.)—Anti-Jewish demonstrations, participated in by about 6,000 persons, occurred last night before the City Council Building. They demanded the enforcement of the alien expulsion decree, which became effective Sept. 20, but has been carried out in a lax manner.

There was considerable disorder, but few arrests. One policeman was injured. The police placed a cordon around the Jewish quarter, and, by holding the bridges, succeeded in checking the efforts made by the gangsters.

A thousand persons carried out a second demonstration in front of the office of the newspaper Abend, demanding that it change its policy. Riotous groups also visited the coffee houses.

Automobiles were stopped, and search was made for Jews.

Earlier in the day, Albert Halstead, the American Consul, visited Chancellor Renner, because of rumors afloat, and told him that if such demonstrations were permitted it would create a very bad impression in the United States.

CUTS EBERT'S SALARY.

Budget Committee Reduces Proposed Allowance to 100,000 Marks.

BY GEORGE REUWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—A little lesson in economy has been given by the Budget Committee of the National Assembly to the Government. The latter has proposed that President Ebert have a salary of 120,000 marks and allowances of 704,000 marks for general expenses. These sums rather astonished the committee, so it proceeded to apply the blue pencil of economy to them.

Ebert's salary was cut down by 20,000 marks, and the allowances for expenses cut down by 104,000 marks. Of the amount for expenses 100,000 marks are placed at the free personal disposal of the President, the rest being for the standing disbursements of his office. It has been decided, too, that the President shall render an account of how he disposes of his 100,000 marks.

The proposal that he have a bureau of assistants was drastically dealt with, and the number of his personnel as proposed was very severely reduced. The committee hinted that the President should set an example in national economy.

JELLICOE FEARS PACIFIC.

Admiral Tells New Zealanders Its Problems May Breed Trouble.

AUCKLAND, N. Z., Sept. 28.—Admiral Lord Jellicoe, speaking at a civic reception here, said that the unknown problems of the Pacific might lead to future trouble.

He appealed for the co-operation of New Zealand to maintain the British Navy supreme, as he said a strong navy was an insurance for the Empire.

FOREIGN LEGION MEMORIAL.

Tribute at Its Unveiling to Aliens Who Enlisted in 1914.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—A marble slab in memory of the men of foreign birth who enlisted in the Foreign Legion of the French Army in 1914 was unveiled at the Invalides today in the presence of Georges Leygues, Minister of Marine, who paid eloquent tribute to the deeds of these men.

The Minister said their superhuman courage had been proved by seven notable citations for the legion.

Congress Will Pass Cold Storage Bill Recommended by President to Stop Hoarding

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The Cold Storage bill now pending in the House, modeled after the New Jersey Cold Storage bill, the last of the recommendations made by President Wilson in his recent message to Congress, will prevent hoarding, it is believed, and be a strong factor in the Government's fight to reduce living costs.

The House will have passed all the legislation requested by the President when it enacts the Cold Storage bill tomorrow. The Food Control bill has been amended to include necessaries and impose a fine on profiteering. This bill has been passed by both houses, but is now in conference. The Senate has not yet considered the bill giving the Department of Justice a fund to prosecute profiteers and those violating anti-trust laws. All this legislation will be disposed of by Congress in the next three weeks, and then the Government will have an opportunity to begin its crusade against high prices.

In the opinion of Representative Sidney Anderson of Minnesota, the cold storage law will be effective.

"In the first place, the cost of the administration of the measure has been decreased by the elimination of the proposed licensing feature in the bill and by placing an absolute limitation of twelve months upon the time that food products may remain in cold storage," said Mr. Anderson. "To have retained the license feature or give the Secretary of Agriculture discretion to grant permits for longer storage would have added enormously to the number of employes necessary to make the law effective.

"The only inspection force now contemplated by the act is one sufficient to check up from time to time the marking of dates required to be placed on goods when stored or released from storage, and to make sanitary inspections of warehouses. As now framed, the measure is largely automatic in operation, because the obligation to mark goods and to get them out of storage in twelve months is imposed upon the warehouse men and shippers, under general penalties for violation.

"One valuable feature of a Federal cold storage law will be to standardize regulations. About seventeen States, as I recall it, now have local laws, which are not altogether in harmony. It is obvious that it is desirable and beneficial to have a uniform law.

"The principal articles of food going into cold storage to be affected by the bill are meats, fish, butter, eggs, and poultry. The committee extended, however, the definition of foods, for the reason that gradually a good many other products, to a greater or less degree, are being stored for long periods.

"So far as cold storage may now be used for hoarding for speculative purposes, or for unfairly influencing the market price, the bill as now drawn will have the effect of reducing the cost of living."

KING ALBERT IS DUE IN AMERICA FRIDAY

Belgian Ruler and Queen Elizabeth Go to Washington First, Returning Oct. 7.

WHIRLWIND TOUR FOLLOWS

Visitors Will See Thirty Cities in Twenty-three Days, According to Itinerary Arranged.

The United States naval transport George Washington will arrive at Hoboken on Friday morning, Oct. 3, with King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium on board. As she steams up the harbor she will receive salutes of twenty-one guns from the warships at anchor and the land batteries at Forts Wadsworth and Hamilton and Governors Island.

On arrival at Hoboken the King and Queen will be received by the Government officials from Washington with the commanding officers of the Army and Navy Departments in New York and the Belgian Ambassador and the Consul General in New York. A special train will be waiting in the shed to convey the royal party to Washington direct. The King and Queen will not visit New York until they return on Oct. 7.

Leaving New York on the night of the 8th, their Majesties will have a trip through to the Coast, in which they will visit thirty cities and towns in twenty-three days, never stopping more than a night in any city, and sometimes doing two or three places in one day. Joseph E. Nye, Chief Special Agent of the Department of State, will have charge of the arrangements for the King and Queen until they leave America on Oct. 28. The visit has been shortened because King Albert must be in Belgium for the elections which take place in November.

King Albert, who towers like a giant above his petite, fair-haired Queen, is without doubt the most popular ruler in Europe, because, as President Wilson remarked in his speech at the Royal Palace in Brussels last July, he is a real democrat.

When President Wilson visited Belgium last July King Albert and the Queen flew in an airplane to La Panne and landed on the sandy beach in front of the Hotel Terwinck, where they dined quietly and stopped for the night. During the war they lived in a villa on the sea front and were well known to the inhabitants, mostly fishing folks, and to their children. After dinner the Americans stopping in the hotel, including the then United States Minister Brand Whitlock, saw King Albert and Queen Elizabeth walk out and stroll along the beach for two or three miles without any attendants. The boys and girls numbering about fifty formed a body guard, and walked with the royal couple, the King talking with the boys and the Queen to the girls. Every now and then one of the ruddy faced fisher boys would overflow with enthusiasm and wave his cap and shout "Vive le Roi!" which would be heartily joined in by the other children.

President Wilson mentioned in his speech in the ancient Town Hall at Brussels that wherever he went in Belgium he had been pleased to notice that the first cheers were always for their King, and only afterward for the foreign guest, which showed that he was solid in the minds of the governed, which was the greatest strength that a ruler could have over the people. Before the war in 1914 Belgium was verging toward socialism and several of the newspapers talked of its becoming a republic, but King Albert's conduct in the war pushed those ideas back for many years. The Republic and Socialist members of the Parliament at Brussels who never visited the Royal Palace before the war, now attend all the functions and state their opinions publicly that while they are still anti-kings they are all pro-Albert.

KING ALBERT ENJOYS SPORTS ABOARD SHIP

Queen Also Watches the Events and Boxing Bouts and Prince Gives Prizes.

ON BOARD THE UNITED STATES SHIP GEORGE WASHINGTON, Sept. 27, (By Wireless to the Associated Press.)—This was field day on board the steamer bringing King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of the Belgians to the United States, and the royal couple enjoyed an extensive program of sports prepared by the officers and crew for the entertainment of the distinguished guests.

King Albert and his Queen occupied front seats, which were becomingly draped with flags, and the King, seeing two navy nurses standing beside him, rose and asked them to be seated. Officers brought chairs and the nurses were seated close by the Queen. After the obstruction race, Queen Elizabeth, who was passing to another deck, saw L. G. Williams, the sailor who won the event, and paused to congratulate him. Williams was visibly embarrassed as the Queen extended her hand.

The boxing bouts were also witnessed by the sovereigns, who remained seated above the after deck, where the events were staged, but Crown Prince Leopold sat among the jackies and doughboys at the ringside and greatly enjoyed the sports. The Prince tonight presented stickpins and cigarette cases to the winners.

The ship was passing through the gulf stream today and the weather was perfect.

PARIS MUSIC HALLS CLOSED BY STRIKERS

Those Agreeing to Closed Shop Allowed to Remain Open.

THEATRES MAY BE AFFECTED

Union of Dramatic and Lyrical Artists, Opposing Strikers, Asks Support for Open Shop.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—A number of the theatre managers have proposed to accept arbitration on the question of engaging non-union actors and the subject is now before the Inter-Syndical Employes' committee. Several prominent managers have accepted this committee's contract form, including a clause prohibiting the engagement of non-members of the union and no prolonging beyond September, 1920, of the engagements of non-members already under contract.

These include the managers of the Renaissance, Odéon, Antoine, Grand-Guignol, Cluny and Dejazet.

The directors of the Opéra Comique reached an agreement with the committee permitting them to open their house this afternoon and evening. The secretary of the committee, however, declared that if within forty-eight hours all the managers had not accepted the contract form, the strike would be made general, even in the case of theatres which had signed.

The strike leaders say the contest is "going to be a life and death struggle." At a meeting of the Federation last evening a resolution was passed by acclamation providing that any member who disobeyed the strike order would be ostracised for ten years.

The Union of Dramatic and Lyrical Artists has launched an appeal for support, and is taking the stand that the liberty of its members to work shall be preserved and insisting that persons not members of the Federation, or even independent Federationists, who are willing to work should not be interfered with.

"A general strike of the industries of the stage," was the action decided on by music hall artists and employes at last night's meeting, the general tie-up to take effect today.

The Alcazar, the Alhambra, the Eldorado and the Nouveau Cirque gave performances with piano music only, while the Ambassadeurs returned its patrons' money. The Casino de Paris and a few others which closed on Friday night reopened Saturday night, however, with scratch company performers.

The moving picture houses are still negotiating with the Musicians' Union.

NOW ALLOW FRATERNIZING.

Order Prohibiting It at Coblenz Revoked by General Allen.

COBLENZ, Sept. 27, (Associated Press.)—The army regulation prohibiting American officers and soldiers from fraternizing with Germans was revoked in an order issued today by Major Gen. Allen. The rule against fraternizing became effective in December soon after Major Gen. Dickman and the American army of occupation reached the Rhine. The British and French are reported to have lifted their ban several months ago.

For the last month the regulation in the American area had not been strictly enforced and there had been considerable promenading by American soldiers with German girls. The revocation of the fraternizing order in no way affects the regulation prohibiting American soldiers from marrying German women.

HARVARD LAD, SHOT, DIES.

Sheldon Smith Succumbs to Pneumonia After Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Sept. 28.—Sheldon R. Smith, a Harvard sophomore, 19 years old, died at the Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston tonight. Last Thursday while at the home of a classmate, Hubbard Wynant, in Milton, Mass., Smith was shot in the leg while handling a revolver.

He was sent to the hospital, where pneumonia developed, of which he died. He was the only son of Willard F. Smith, President of the Smith Paper Company of Lee.

GORGAS LEAVES GUAYAQUIL.

With Rockefeller Commission, Ends Work for Yellow Fever Prevention.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Sept. 27.—Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, former Surgeon General of the United States Army, left here today on the Peruvian cruiser Lima for Panama, after having, with his associates on the Rockefeller Commission, been engaged for several weeks in directing sanitation work for the prevention of yellow fever in this region.

On leaving, members of the party said they considered that yellow fever had been eradicated in Guayaquil.

Legula's Decrees Are Legalized.

LIMA, Sept. 27.—The new Peruvian Congress today unanimously passed a bill legalizing all the acts of the provisional Government and giving all of President Legula's decrees the force of law.

IRON TRADES STRIKE SPREADS IN BERLIN

Food Shortage and Labor Conditions Cause Anxiety Throughout Germany.

FARMERS THREATEN CITIES

Dock Workers Strike in Hamburg, Bremen and Stettin—Food Profiteering Is Unchecked.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—The food and labor question, and, to a slighter extent, the political situation, have all taken their turns within the last day or two in making the general situation in Germany again one causing a good deal of anxiety.

Strikes are again the order of the day. Here and there on the land agricultural laborers have ceased work. At Hamburg, Bremen, and in Stettin there are serious strikes of dock workers, but the most serious of all is the Berlin iron and steel workers' strike, which is hourly increasing in extent.

One hundred and fifteen works are affected and sixty-five are completely at a standstill. There are 24,000 strikers this evening and there are 66,000 men locked out, so that the higher wages movement involves already 90,000 employes. The General Electricity Company and the Siemens works are very seriously hit. At the latter, the military had to be called in to perform necessary work, such as keeping the furnaces going. The strikes threaten to extend to Berlin's light and power works.

As to the food situation in the capital, that is going from bad to worse. Fat is again scarce, as much so as in the last months of the war. The weekly half-pound ration of bacon has been available only twice during the last six weeks. Butter has disappeared completely, even from the first-class hotels. There is practically no meat to be had, and last night the Chief Burgomaster of Berlin sounded a note of real alarm.

Despite the good harvest, prospects for the winter, he declared, are bad. The Brandenburg land owners' associations threaten to cut off the capital's milk supply entirely unless higher prices are forthcoming.

In that and in other matters the landed interests and land workers often make common cause with the land owners. The country, indeed, threatens to blockade the towns and the cities. In Baden this blockade is already being felt to no slight extent. Feeling is rising in several towns, the people of which declare they will march through the nearest country neighborhoods and get fire to farms and crops. In some places rick burning has been indulged in.

Berlin and the other large cities and populous industrial centres are all the more angry because in many places in the south and west of Germany meat and many other kinds of food are plentiful and can be obtained at moderate prices and without cards. These supplies come from the occupied regions but never reach towns other than those near the neutral zone. Profiteering in foodstuffs is perhaps worse than ever in Berlin and the authorities are not taking any action against it.

As for the political situation, the Government is still endeavoring to come to some arrangement with the Democrats so that they may re-enter the Administration. A decision is expected during this week. While regret on this score is going on, a strong section of the majority Socialist Party continues to maintain an attitude of hostility toward the Government and especially toward President Ebarberger.

COUNCIL IS DETERMINED TO OUST VON DER GOLTZ

Pressure on Germany Will Be Continuous Till He Evacuates Baltic Provinces.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The American peace delegation attaches the greatest importance to the note to be sent to Berlin tomorrow demanding the immediate withdrawal of von der Goltz's Army from the Baltic Provinces and giving notice that failure to do so will mean the stoppage of food supplies and financial assistance for all Germany.

This note is intended to make a clear-cut issue of whether or not the German people will back up the present German Government. It will force them to back up Ebert or find a government that they will support; for the Allies believe that the pressure they can bring to bear will compel the German people to discountenance von der Goltz to the point of demanding his withdrawal.

As a matter of fact, there is little doubt that if his assistance from Germany were cut off he would find himself bound to listen to reason.

The pressure will be applied at once. Baron von Lersner, the German plenipotentiary at Versailles, understands that for the present all projects for financial assistance are off until von der Goltz gets out, and that the screws will be tightened from day to day.

The Big Five are agreed that no changes in the Peace Treaty are necessary to carry out the project of the French Deputy Lefère, which has been accepted by Premier Clemenceau, to obtain better assurances of the disarmament of Germany. It is believed that the Reparation Commission can make Germany cease manufacture cannon and other munitions of war, and that Paragraph 168, providing for allied watchfulness on German war preparations, will furnish the machinery needed for this end.

The demand in French quarters that the Peace Conference take up the Turkish treaty immediately doesn't meet much response from the English and American delegates, who hold that the treaty cannot be drawn until the United States makes clear whether or not it will accept mandates, particularly that for Armenia.

GERARD TO GET EFFECTS.

Army Detail Going to Berlin After Them from Coblenz.

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

COBLENZ, Sept. 28.—Captain W. A. Mack and nine men have left here for Berlin to take charge of the personal effects of former Ambassador Gerard and members of his staff.

These are stored in a building used as an Embassy since Mr. Gerard left Berlin following the severance of diplomatic relations on Feb. 3, 1917. The property will be crated and shipped to Antwerp, where it will be loaded on the transport Pocahontas.

Frenchman Shoots German Under American Escort.

COBLENZ, Sept. 28, (Associated Press.)—A German war prisoner, Ernst Losis by name, while on his way to the interior of Germany under escort of American soldiers, was shot and killed by a French soldier near Nancy, according to reports reaching American headquarters.

As the train with Losis and several hundred other prisoners was passing a German prison camp, under guard of French soldiers, Losis or some other German prisoner on the train threw food to the camp prisoners. One of the French guards opened fire.

SUBWAY SHUTTLE CRASH INJURES 22

Passengers Hurt as Train Runs Into Bumper at Grand Central Station.

SECOND MISHAP IN 3 WEEKS

Faulty Brakes Believed to Have Been Responsible for Both Accidents.

More than a score of persons were injured at 11 o'clock yesterday morning when an eastbound shuttle train running on track 3 crashed into a bumper at the Grand Central Station. The cause of the accident is unknown, as neither the conductor nor the motorman could be found after the collision, but it is believed by subway employes that the brakes were at fault.

The force of the impact was so great that many of the passengers were thrown to the floor and a number of the windows in the train were smashed. Such excitement was caused and so great were the crowds that gathered on the platform that the reserves from the East Fifty-first Street Precinct were summoned by Patrolman Harry Groner. Drs. Johnson and Sikes from Bellevue Hospital treated twenty-two persons for lacerations and abrasions at the station, while one was taken to the hospital. He was Samuel Cline, 43 years old, of 78 Norfolk Street, suffering from contusions on the face.

The name of the motorman was said to be James J. Driscoll of 160 Sherman Avenue, Bronx, and the conductor Patrick Farrell.

This is the second time within a month that an accident of this character has occurred on the crosstown shuttle service of the Interborough Rapid Transit Co. Early in the morning on Sept. 7, seventeen persons were injured, none of them seriously, when a shuttle train running between the Grand Central Station and Times Square collided with the bumper at the Times Square end of the line.

There were about 200 passengers in the three cars as the train pulled out of the Grand Central Station on its way across town. As the train came into the Times Square Station the motorman put on his brakes, but for some reason they did not work quickly enough, and the train slid sharply into the heavy timbers of the bumper. The impact was strong enough to rend the stout timbers, jar loose many of the panes in the first two cars, and frighten many of the passengers. Two policemen who were on the rear platform of the last car were knocked down. They picked themselves up without delay and hurried through the cars in an effort to calm the frightened passengers.

Ambulances from Bellevue and New York Hospitals were called to the scene and those injured were treated and sent home. The car was not damaged aside from broken panes, and a gang of workmen went to work immediately repairing the bumper, and there was only a short delay to traffic.

CATHOLICS ORGANIZE ALL THE CHURCH WORK

Conference of Hierarchy Established Five Departments, Four With a Bishop as Chairman.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Proceedings of the conference held here last week by the hierarchy of the Catholic Church of America, including the establishment of a committee of the hierarchy to supervise the various activities of the Church through newly created boards or departments, were summarized in an announcement today by Bishop Shahan, rector of the Catholic University. The announcement, in part, follows:

"Five boards or departments were established to care for the following general Catholic interests, education, social work, press and literature, lay societies, home and foreign missions. The Board of Home and Foreign Missions is made responsible directly to the annual meeting of the National Catholic Welfare Council, whereas the other four boards are placed immediately under the Administrative Committee, which appoints a bishop as chairman of each.

"In this way every important Catholic interest of a public or general nature is henceforth provided for, and all Catholic activities are assured of the immediate guidance and assistance of the entire Episcopate.

"Each board will present an annual report of its doings, its needs and possibilities, to the American hierarchy, which will henceforth have both the necessary knowledge and proper opportunity to further efficiently all our Catholic works, and can bring to bear on our general Catholic development all the strength that lies in the united counsel and charity of the hierarchy.

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Donald W. Short of New York a Victim Near Middletown.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Donald W. Short, 24 years of age, son of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Short of 410 Riverside Drive, New York, was instantly killed in an automobile accident on the State Road between this city and Goshen last night. Kenneth M. Craig, son of Dr. and Mrs. Burdett P. Craig of Glen Spey, Sullivan county, and New York City, was severely injured and Charles Brink, night clerk in Bauer's Inn, Port Jervis, slightly.

Craig and Brink are in the Emergency Hospital at Goshen. Craig's condition is critical. The three were riding in Short's high-powered Stutz car. He was driving. They had started from Goshen for this city. The car struck a culvert spanning a stream, lost two wheels, ran for some distance, turned on its side, and righted itself, faced in the opposite direction from which it was going.

Short was killed instantly, his skull being fractured and his body thrown into a ditch. Craig and Brink were thrown across the road to a grass lot, landing a few feet apart. Craig's injuries consist of a broken left leg, a broken right arm, and injuries about the head. Five physicians and surgeons have been attending him, and his parents, his sister and his brother are at his bedside.

Short, who was an only child, had recently returned from overseas, where he served in the army. He and his father were in the real estate business in New York.

SAYS JAPAN WILL NEVER FIGHT US

Viscount Kaneko Asserts All Japanese People Concur in His Opinion.

SHANTUNG AWARD IN MIND

Asserts His Country Could Never Entertain the Idea of War with America.

SPEAKS AT TOKIO LUNCHEON

Ex-Senator Burton and Other American Guests Cheered When They Re-echo These Sentiments.

TOKIO, Sept. 27, (Associated Press.)—Addresses in which it was declared that war between Japan and the United States was a contingency not to be considered, and statements that the future of the two countries lay in the cultivating of economic relations and friendly intercourse, were heartily applauded today at a luncheon given by the American Japan Society.

Viscount Kaneko, a member of the Privy Council, and formerly Special Representative of Japan to the United States, presided. The luncheon, which was given in honor of former United States Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, Lieut. Col. Carl F. Baldwin, the American Military Attaché, who is leaving Japan soon for Washington, and P. D. Blake, an American business leader in Japan for thirty years, who is going to London, was attended by a large number of Japanese and representative Americans.

Without directly mentioning Shantung, the speeches were based on the feeling in the United States arising from the Shantung question.

"Some Americans fear that a war may come with Japan," said Viscount Kaneko, in opening the speechmaking. "But you, Colonel Baldwin, who have seen our military organization and know our people will be able to tell you countrymen that we never had the slightest idea of declaring war against the republic on the other side of the Pacific."

Viscount Kaneko added that Colonel Baldwin might even tell the Americans that instead of thinking of war the Japanese were fraternizing with Americans around the banquet board.

"There will never be a war between Japan and America," continued Viscount Kaneko, "and the entire Japanese people will concur with me in this opinion. Tell this to your President and the members of the Cabinet, the Senators and Representatives, and your Judges, bankers, capitalists, journalists, and working people.

"Never can we entertain such an idea against America, which has done so much for our country and led us into the path of taking a seat in the council of the five great powers."

Cheering greeted the words of Viscount Kaneko.

Mr. Burton said he joined with the Japanese statesman in declaring that a war between Japan and the United States was impossible. In the first place, he asserted, it would be futile. If Japan attacked the Pacific Coast she could not hope to penetrate the interior of America. If America attacked Japan she might be able to do serious injury, but she would leave a trail of hatred behind her which would hurt America more than Japan.

"As I have traveled here," continued Mr. Burton, "I have found the very air charged with hospitality and friendliness. Language and customs will prove but a temporary barrier between us. There is the traditional friendship that must endure always. No trouble makers or jingoes can break the ties that bind us. Mutual interests hold us, and we shall go forward with the conviction that was is not the way to settle difficulties between nations."

JAPAN AND LABOR CONGRESS

Will Accept Proposals in Principle, Says the Chief Delegate.

TOKIO, Sept. 11, (Correspondence of Associated Press.)—President Eikichi Kamada of Keio University has been appointed Chief Japanese Delegate to the International Labor Congress at Washington, which is attracting great attention in this country. Mr. Kamada said:

"Of course, Japan will accept in principle most of the proposals to be submitted to the Labor Congress for consideration, but there are instances when some of these can hardly be applied in the case of Japan. It will, therefore, be necessary that some exceptions be made in this respect. In other words, a certain interval of grace should be given to Japan during the necessary period of training or discipline the workers must go through.

"Whether the labor movement which is taking place everywhere in the country is the result of proper consciousness on the part of the workers must be regarded as doubtful. Different views are expressed as to the respective merits and demerits of contriving harmony between capital and labor or leaving them to fight out their own destinies, but there can be no manner of doubt as to the advisability of reconciliation between capital and labor.

"The eight-hour system, for instance, may be accepted by Japan in principle, but there are instances when this can hardly be applied to Japan at once owing to the lack of proper consciousness on the part of the workers. It is therefore necessary that some period of preparation be given, so that the Japanese may be trained to the altered conditions of things.

"The same may be said of other proposals to be laid before the Labor Congress."

PROVES HIS CITIZENSHIP.

Man Sent from Ireland as Political Prisoner Is Freed.

William Pedlar, a naturalized American, born in Ireland, who was deported by the British Government from Dublin as a political prisoner, arriving here Friday night, was released yesterday from Ellis Island after he had proved his citizenship.

In a statement given out afterward Pedlar told of his arrest in Ireland, and accused the British authorities of taking £128 in English money from him, and laughing at him when he asked for it before he sailed from Southampton. He said he came to America in

THE SCREEN

Maurice Tourneur, maker of moving pictures, has produced another melodrama, "The Life Line." It is at the Rivoli this week and those who go to see it will expect big, thrilling scenes, little amusing bits, beautiful vistas, something of originality and subtlety, and realism in all things except plot. They will not be disappointed. "The Life Line" is a typical Tourneur work, and up to the standard of the best. There is a storm and shipwreck in it that equals anything of its kind that Mr. Tourneur has done, and a fox hunt, one of the favorite subjects of directors everywhere, is staged with emphasis on every detail, even including clear pictures of the fleeing fox. Another effective scene is of a stage melodrama as it is reflected in the gallery. Nothing of what takes place on the stage is shown, but the whole course of the thriller is followed through the expressions and actions of those supposed to be watching it. And many little side lights multiply the amusement of the scene.

These are only selections from "The Life Line." It is full of entertainment for those who like movie melodrama at its pictorial best and are not particular as to such things as logic and motive in a story. Mr. Tourneur seems to worry little about what even melodramatic people would do, but he can make moving pictures, and he does this in "The Life Line."

He receives invaluable assistance from his cast, however. Such players as Jack Holt, Wallace Beery, Tully Marshall, and Lewis J. Cody are an asset to any photoplay, and under Mr. Tourneur's direction seem to have added to their talents. Mr. Beery, as an honest burglar, has never been better, and Mr. Marshall gives another of his unforgettable impersonations. Seena Owen, who has not always made the most of her parts, proves herself capable of definite acting as a gypsy girl, and Pauline Starke is all that is necessary as the heroine.

The Rivoli program also includes "Back Stage," an Arbuckle farce below the comedian's average in laugh-producing power, and an interesting Pictorial.

The public will probably never tire of Charles Ray. To date he has played the same part innumerable times and each time he is delightful. He is always sure in his acting, true to the popular ideal of a rural hero, and, despite the invariable similarity of his characters, never quite the same. He does old things in new ways, and new things in ways that had been forgotten. As enjoyable as ever he is at the Rialto this week in "The Egg Crate Wallop," assisted by a competent cast, including J. P. Lockney, Otto Hoffman, El Johnson, and Colleen Moore.

One of the reasons why Ray's photoplays are so popular is because Thomas H. Ince' supervision of them usually means a faithful reproduction of the atmosphere and localities in which they are set. Baseball experts testified that "The Busher" was true to the diamond, and it is likely that those who follow the ring will be as pleased with the flight scenes in the present production. And how they will enjoy that egg-crate wallop, so named because the hero developed its power handling egg crates in a small-town express office.

It is impossible to tell how much of the credit for the staging of Ray's pictures should go directly to Mr. Ince, but surely Jerome Storm, the director of this and other recent Rays, should not be overlooked.

"The Lonesome Pup," a Bruce scenic, increases the entertainment value of the Rialto program.

A screen version of "Lord and Lady Algy" is at the Strand, with Tom Moore in the leading rôle, especially supported by Naomi Childers, William Burress, Alec B. Francis, and Mabel Ballin; also by Harry Beaumont, who directed the production.

The well-known stage play has been turned into a pleasing motion picture. It is stagey, the explantions are too talky in many places, and, with all of its care for emphasis on the English character in its scenes, it is unconvincing. But it has many well-made pictures, including a horse race more vividly represented than in any recent photoplay, and the story is interesting. Also, Tom Moore is smiling again. Recently Mr. Moore has seemed reluctant to smile, possibly deeming it wise not to overdo the thing for which he is best known, but Tom Moore solemn is never the equal of Tom Moore cheerful, and his smile is not the kind that becomes irritating. It is fresh and genuine, and all will be glad that it has come back.

"Sunken Gardens and Hidden Cloisters," one of a new series of Chester scenics, this time under the patronage of Field and Stream, is also at the Strand to entertain many.

George Loane Tucker's "The Miracle Man" remains for its second week at the Broadway and its sixth week in New York. It is also to be seen now at the Brooklyn Strand.

"HITCHY-KOO 1919" READY.

Shift of Plays Brings Comedian to the Liberty Next Week.

Raymond Hitchcock's new musical revue, "Hitchy-Koo, 1919," will begin an engagement at the Liberty Theatre on Monday night or next week. George V. Hobart and Cole Porter are the authors, and the cast, in addition to Mr. Hitchcock, will include Sylvia Clark, Lillian Kemble Cooper, Ruth Mitchell, Florence O'Denishawn, Betty Braun, and Eleanor Sinclair.

"A Young Man's Fancy," which has been previously announced for the Liberty, will be brought to another theatre during the week of Oct. 13.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mr. Gatti-Casazza of the Metropolitan and Mr. Campanini of the Chicago Opera are fellow-passengers from Italy on the steamship Dante Alighieri, due in New York on Wednesday. The impresarios of America's two leading opera companies are expected to have important announcements to make of their latest plans for the local season.

Mme. Tetrazzini, who is coming to this country in November, went by airplane from Leeds to Newcastle, England, on Saturday to fill a concert engagement, when ordinary conveyance failed her owing to the British railway strike. Her American manager, Jules Daiber, took an airplane from London to Plymouth to catch the steamship Noordam for this port.

The Police Band, an organization of veterans on the city's force who have made a reputation during seventeen years of musical practice, gave a post-season concert last evening on the Mall in Central Park. Their program included solos for Melvena Passmore, soprano; Alberto Sanchez, tenor, and Vera Barstow, violin.

ELMAN PLAYS TO THRONG.

Hippodrome Stage Filled as Russian Violinist Opens Season.

Mischa Elman, the Russian violinist, opened at the Hippodrome last evening a season's tour that will take him to all parts of the United States before his return to Europe next year to resume engagements interrupted by the war. His concert was also one of the first in what bids fair to be a record season in New York, already begun at Carnegie Hall weeks ahead of time by a Russian singer, Nina Tarasova, and by two visiting choirs from Rome.

The vast Hippodrome was filled, as it will be this Winter oftener than ever before with its increase of musical events on Sunday nights. The violinist's admirers even occupied seats on the stage, where those at close range heard him to advantage in the calm D-major sonata of Handel and the F-sharp minor concerto of Ernst, in which he was asssisted by Josef Bonime.

An unaccompanied "Chaconne" of Bach, always a favorite, was followed by two arrangements by Elman from Rubinstein's song, translated "The Dew Is Sparkling," and Beethoven's "Contre-Danses." There were also Bruch's "Kol Nidre," the Brahms-Joachim "Hungarian Dance" No. 7, Tschaikowsky's "Melodie," and Sarasate's "Caprice Basque."

300 HAIL FRIAR SPALDING.

La Guardia and Others Praise Violinist Who Served in War.

Albert Spalding, the violinist, was the guest of honor of some 300 Friars last night at a dinner at the Friars' clubhouse in Forty-eighth Street. Spalding returned to America in June after twenty months' service in France and Italy as a First Lieutenant in the Aviation Corps.

The speakers were Congressman F. H. La Guardia, Raymond Hitchcock, Rennold Wolf, and Leonard Liebling. John J. Gleason was toastmaster, and the speechmaking was followed by a musical program, in the course of which Mr. Spalding played.

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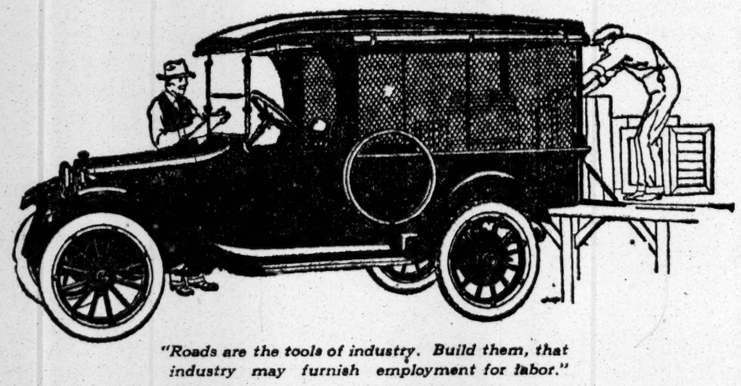

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Weakening of Union Forces in Steel Strike Stimulates Rise of Stocks

It is possible that the influence of the steel trade unions will be fully tested today, and the result will contain significant matter for the general labor outlook. Through the maze of conflicting claims by union leaders and plant managers appeared one salient fact last week, especially in the later days, and this was the return of workers in sufficient numbers to increase mill operations in the Pittsburgh district and in the locality centred on Chicago. The unions presumably did increase their nominal membership, but more than offsetting this accretion, according to conservative reports from the steel cities, was the resumption of work by nonunion men who had previously stayed away for fear of violence, and by deserters from the union ranks. Today's developments promise to hinge on the expectation of Pittsburgh employers that the men will flock back to their places, and on the attitude of employes in the great Bethlehem Steel Corporation's organization toward the strike. The Bethlenem men took a strike vote, following the refusal of the officers to confer over demands presented in a way which they would not accept, but there seemed to be uncertainty as the week ended whether a general walkout would be attempted. Whether or not the strike begins to break up today, it is certain that any further efforts of the union leaders to press their campaign will be bereft of public sympathy to a greater degree than when the strike was called. The National Organization Committee of Iron and Steel Workers has not made out a case. Leader Fitzpatrick let much wind out of the bubble of early contentions when he acknowledged before the Senate Investigating Committee that only 100,000 of the 500,000 to 550,000 mill workers were union members. Furthermore, it was made clear under the Senators' questions that the union organizers were volunteer workers in a field to which they had not been called, and that if the necessity of correcting unfavorable working conditions existed the great majority of steel company employes were not cognizant of it. It was made clear, further, both through Mr. Fitzpatrick's statements and the later assertions of Mr. Gompers, that the primary purpose of the strike was to force the unionizing of all steel mill employes. That is the moving element in the situation. The conflict between union and open shop principles in the steel industry is sufficiently evident to all. And thus far the signs point toward the continuation of the open shop, even though the battle against it result in weeks of partial plant operation, in the loss of millions in wages.

The stock market quickly registered its opinion about the strike and its probable outcome. After wavering a while on Monday, the price trend later was strong, though subjected to irregular tendencies at times as the one or the other speculative following gained advantage. Steel common got as low as 100⅜ when the news told of early progress of the strike in the Mahoning Valley, but afterward the stock was bid upward more than 6 points. The feature of dealings in the steel shares was their progressive strength from the middle of the week onward, a development which showed that, while the ultimate failure of the strike was discounted in part on Tuesday and Wednesday, traders were moved to believe that the result would go far toward improving the relations between workers and employes, promising an unrestricted outflow of goods and the maintenance of operations at levels as high as orders permitted. This impression apparently had a wider application than to the steel trade alone, as witnessed by the rise of stocks representative of other forms of industry. Automobile, rubber, oil, sugar, and railroad equipment stocks were prominent in the advance. Due allowance had to be made, of course, for the probability that speculation rather than investment buying led the way, and comment of the Street indicated that much of the trading was for accounts listed as professional, of local origin mostly. Still, the history of the markets has always showed that speculative operations disclose the initial and frequently the most lasting features of the trend of financial and industrial sentiment.

At the time when the industrial future, in the light of the dwindling of the steel strike, appears brighter for the United States, disturbing information comes from England. A great railroad strike gets under way, so thoroughly organized and impelled by such an uncompromising attitude on the part of both the workers and the railway administration that serious effects upon British industry and trade are outlined. In the last two months British exports have increased, the domestic movement of goods and the activity of factories have been reported on the increase. Even the production of coal, so long a matter of deep concern because of the miners' reluctance to work the old-time hours, has been giving satisfaction to producers. A tieup of the main transportation facilities threatens to change all this. Vehicle transport has already done much in the way of distributing food and other necessities throughout the country, otherwise it is difficult to see how a general railway strike could last long without untold suffering. Unlike our steel strike, the British walkout was based on a definite issue over wages, a contention which usually supplies a medium, sooner or later, for agreement.

The strong advance of sterling, francs, and lire exchanges aroused many and varied efforts at explanation. Whether speculation or some more lasting factors were at the basis of the rise, the result brought a material improvement in rates and left the market in a position quite different from what it had been ten days before. At the lowest level of the preceding week the franc was worth no more than 10 4-5 cents; when business ended last week the exchange value was about 12¾ cents. Sterling rose 13½ cents to the pound in ten days for check remittances. Marks from a minimum point of 3.25 cents each moved forward to 4.45 cents.

The movement of quotations in contrast with minimum levels is displayed in this table:

	Week's Maximum.	Prev. Week's Minimum.	Year's Min'm.
Sterling	4.28	4.12½	4.12¼
Francs	7.55	9.20	9.20
Lire	9.57	9.96	10.13
Marks	4.45	3.25	3.25

News that the Treasury was ready to consider proposals by foreign Government debtors for refunding demand obligations into long-term bonds and to make some arrangement for temporary funding of interest appeared to have a considerable effect on exchange dealings at New York and the European centres. The refunding of the $9,000,000,000-odd advances had been looked for by American bankers, but comment from foreign financial circles for some time past had indicated much uncertainty over the situation there, and it is possible that information that a program for making the debt of definite maturity was under discussion stimulated speculative purchases of exchange on the other side before it did here. Secretary of the Treasury Glass set at rest rumors that a scheme for funding the interest for an indefinite period was under way, but he stated that the Treasury was prepared to take up with the allied Governments a program for adding the interest into the principal "during the reconstruction period," possibly for two or three years. At any rate, the exchange market learned that the Treasury was willing to help ease the financial pressure upon the foreign borrowers during the season when the stress is expected to be greatest for them, and the rise of rates may have recorded an improvement of sentiment among bankers as well as supplied an incentive for speculation for a turn. The advance of quotations was more persistent than in the various upturns that succeeded declining movements earlier in the year, yet fundamental conditions were not changed in a way to preclude the expectation of irregular movements later.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED SEPT. 27, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	5,291,151	218,927,459
Same period a year ago	1,824,454	95,672,077

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	91.29	86.88	93.56	69.73
Same period a year ago.	72.81	71.66	74.24	64.12

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
5,400	ADAMS EXPRESS	40	30	38½	+ 3¼
4,400	Advance Rumely	39	34½	38½	+ 1¾
700	Advance Rumely pf	70	68⅞	69½	+ ½
6,800	Ajax Rubber	93¼	87⅜	93	+ 4⅝
2,000	Alaska Gold Mines	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜	..
4,900	Alaska Juneau	2½	2	2	..
17,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	47¼	44	47¼	+ 3¼
500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	96	95	96	+ 1
1,700	Am. Agr. Chem.	99	95½	*96	+ ⅝
300	Am. Bank Note	48	48	48	+ 1
20,100	Am. Beet Sugar	93	86½	93	+ 7¼
600	Am. Bosch Magneto	115¾	110	115⅝	+ 5¾
132,100	Am. Can	60½	50	60½	+10½
400	Am. Can pf.	104¼	103	104¼	+ ¼
14,200	Am. Car & Fdy.	133¼	129⅜	132⅜	+ 1¼
3,300	Am. Cotton Oil	57¼	55½	57	+ 1
2,800	Am. Drug. Syndicate	11	10⅜	11	..
2,300	Am. Express	91½	76½	91½	+ 7½
11,000	Am. Hide & Leather	36	31⅜	36	+ 3⅝
5,500	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	127⅛	121½	127⅛	+ ⅝
2,500	Am. Ice	50⅜	44	48	+ 3
800	Am. Ice pf.	70⅝	68¾	70⅝	+ 2¼
30,500	Am. International	101⅜	95½	101⅜	+ 6
13,000	Am. Linseed	82½	79	80⅝	— 2⅛
100	Am. Linseed pf.	96	96	96	— ¼
90,100	Am. Locomotive	108¾	104	108½	+ 5
200	Am. Locomotive pf.	106	105½	106	+ 1
700	Am. Malt & Grain	55	52¾	53½	+ ¾
6,100	Am. Ship & Commerce	38¾	35⅝	36⅝	+ ⅝
67,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	75⅝	69¼	73	— 2
2,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	105	101½	102½	— 1½
454	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A	88	85½	85½	— 2½
2,400	Am. Snuff	140	129	136	+ 6
12,000	Am. Steel Fdys.	41⅝	37½	41⅜	+ 3⅛
300	Am. Steel Fdys. pf.	94⅝	94	94⅜	+ ⅛
44,200	Am. Sugar Ref.	139½	129⅜	138¼	+ 9⅞
63,400	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	98¼	88¾	96⅜	+ 7⅜
100	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	94	94	94	..
20,100	Am. Tel. & Tel.	100	97¼	100	+ 1
71,700	Am. Tobacco	303	274½	295	+20½
300	Am. Tobacco pf., new	101¼	101⅛	101¼	— ¾
5,900	Am. Woolen	119½	112	119¼	+ 7
300	Am. Woolen pf.	106½	105¾	106½	+ ⅝
900	Am. Writing Paper pf.	59	57	59	+ 3
8,900	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	24⅜	21	24	+ 3⅛
300	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	60	58	60	+ 3
14,400	Anaconda Copper	68½	65⅞	68½	+ 2¼
1,000	Associated D. G.	54⅝	51¼	54⅝	+ 2⅞
100	Associated D. G. 1st pf.	75	75	75	— ⅞
200	Associated D. G. 2d pf.	75	75	75	— ⅞
1,600	Associated Oil	94	90	93¼	+ ⅞
4,900	Atch., Top. & S. F.	90	88	89⅝	— ⅜
1,100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	81	80	80¾	— ½
400	Atlantic Coast Line	95	91½	95	+ 3
1,400	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	163	152	161¾	+10¾
342,500	BALDWIN LOCO.	138⅝	126¼	135⅞	+ 9⅜
100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	— ⅛
8,500	Baltimore & Ohio	40⅝	38¼	39¼	— ⅜
1,300	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	50	49¾	49¾	— ¼
800	Barrett Co.	126¾	121½	126¾	+ 6⅜
2,300	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
2,000	Bethlehem Motors	29⅜	25	29¼	+ 3¼
3,200	Bethlehem Steel	100¼	93	100½	+ 5¼
297,000	Bethlehem Steel, Class B	105	95⅜	103	+ 9¼
700	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	113⅜	112⅜	113⅜	+ 1¼
3,300	Booth Fisheries	18	17⅛	17⅜	+ ⅛
20	Brooklyn Edison Elec.	100	100	100	..
9,800	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	23½	20⅜	20½	— 3½
1,400	Brook. R. T. ctfs. of dep	19⅜	16⅜	16⅝	— 2¼
200	Brooklyn Union Gas	75	75	75	— 1
400	Brown Shoe pf.	97½	97⅜	97⅜	+ ⅜
700	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	11⅜	10½	11⅜	+ 1⅜
200	Buffalo & Susquehanna	70	68	70	..
100	Buffalo & Susq. pf.	51	51	51	..
3,700	Burns Brothers	130	125	129	— 1
1,700	Butterick Co.	80	25	80	+ 41½
39,000	Butte Cop. & Zinc	14	11	14	+ 2⅝
7,100	Butte & Superior	28	24⅝	27⅞	+ 3⅝
5,100	CADDO CENT. O. & R.	35⅜	34¼	34⅜	— ¼
3,800	California Pack.	70	67½	69⅝	+ 2⅜
23,200	California Petroleum	52½	47⅝	52¼	+ 4⅜
1,300	California Pet. pf.	81½	78⅜	81½	+ 2
100	Calumet & Ariz.	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	— ½
9,000	Canadian Pacific	151¼	148⅛	151	+ ⅝
223	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	98	98	98	— ¼
500	Central Foundry pf.	45	45	45	..
55,000	Central Leather Co.	101¾	94¾	101⅞	+ 7
100	Central Leather Co. pf.	106½	109¼	109½	— ¼
100	Central R. R. of N. J.	170	170	170	—33
50	Cent. & S. Am. Tel.	108	108	108	..
200	Certain-Teed Products.	41	41	41	+ 1
28,100	Cerro de Pasco Copper	58⅝	52	57½	+ 5½
1,900	Chandler Motor	290	274	290	+15
1,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	57½	53⅞	56⅞	+ 1½
200	Chi. & E. Ill. pf. eq.	10½	10½	10⅝	+ ¼
100	Chi. & East Ill. eq. t. r.	9	9	9	— 1
7,800	Chi. Great Western	11⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅝
3,200	Chi. Great West. pf.	27¼	26	26½	+ 1½
5,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	43	40⅝	42⅝	+ 2⅜
3,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	64	62¼	63⅝	+ ⅞
5,000	Chi. & Northwestern	90½	89	90	..
300	Chi. Pneu. Tool	78½	77	78½	+ ½
17,800	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	28⅝	24⅝	28	+ 3
800	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 7% pf.	75	71½	75	+ 3
2,500	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 6% pf.	62½	60⅝	62½	+ 1½
8,300	Chile Copper	23⅝	22¼	23⅝	+ 1
3,900	Chino Copper	42⅞	40¾	42¼	+ 1⅝
400	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	42¼	42	42	— ¼
2,800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	46	42¼	46	+ 3
1,300	Colorado Southern	22¾	21½	22½	+ 1
8,300	Columbia Gas & Elec.	63⅞	61⅝	63½	+ 2
300	Comput. Tab Recording.	57	55	55	— 4
200	Consol. Cigar	62	60½	62	+ 2
400	Consol. Cigar pf.	80	78½	80	+ 1½
2,200	Consolidated Gas	92⅝	91	92	— ⅝
12,400	Consol. Inter. Cal. Min.	17⅝	16⅝	17¼	— ¼
2,000	Continental Can	94½	90	94½	+ 4½
44,000	Continental Candy	13¼	10⅝	12⅝	+ 1⅝
16,900	Do. rights	⅝	⅛	⅝	..
300	Continental Insurance	75	75	75	..
96,500	Corn Products Refining	90¼	84½	88	+ 3½
700	Corn Products Ref. pf.	107½	106½	107½	+ 1⅝
300	Crex Carpet	65	62	62	— 1¾
75,330	Crucible Steel	217	178½	215	+37¼
90,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	40⅝	32½	39¾	+ 6¾
16,200	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	83	70½	88	+ 4½
3,575	Cuban-American Sugar	306⅜	261	306⅜	+40⅝
450	Cuban-Am. Sugar pf.	104½	104	104½	— ½
400	DEERE & CO. pf.	101¾	100	101¾	+ ½
300	Delaware & Hudson	104¾	104¼	104¾	+ ½
100	Del., Lack. & Western	182	182	182	+ 2
400	Denver & Rio Grande	10	8¾	10	..
2,500	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	18	16	17	+ ⅜
2,900	Dome Mines	14¼	13¾	13⅞	+ ¼
100	Duluth, S. S. & Atlantic	4	4	4	..
2,600	ELK HORN COAL	37½	33½	37¼	+ 3¼
100	Elk Horn Coal pf.	40	40	40	..
100	Emerson-Brant.	29	29	29	..
100	Emerson-Brant. pf.	92½	92½	92½	— ⅜
900	Endicott-Johnson	107⅝	105	*107	+ 2⅛
1,100	Endicott-Johnson pf.	104¼	103¼	*104	+ 2¼
5,100	Erie	15⅞	15¼	15⅝	+ ⅛
1,900	Erie 1st pf.	25½	24½	25⅜	+ ⅝
200	Erie 2d pf.	17½	17½	17½	— ½
300	FAIRBANKS CO.	77	76	77	+ 4
12,700	Famous Players-Lasky	105½	98	*102⅞	+ 6⅞
300	Federal Mining & Smelt.	14	13½	14	..
500	Federal Mining & S. pf.	33½	30¼	33½	+ 1½
2,500	Fisher Body	137¼	118	135	+17
300	Fisher Body pf.	107⅞	107	107⅞	+ ⅞
24,500	Fisk Rubber	46⅞	43⅜	46⅝	+ 3⅛
8,400	Freeport, Texas	48½	44½	48½	+ 1¾
2,500	GASTON, WMS. & W.	30½	28½	30½	+ 1⅞
50	General Chemical pf.	103	103	103	..
13,300	General Cigar	82½	80	80¾	— ¼
100	Do. deb. pf.	97	97	97	+ 1¾
2,500	General Electric	167	161	167	+ 4
66,100	General Motors	258½	230	255⅜	+24¼
200	General Motors pf.	91⅜	91	91	— ⅛
5,050	General Motors deb.	89	87⅜	88½	+ 2⅛
22,900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	82	77⅛	81½	+ 3⅝
1,100	Goodrich pf.	104⅝	103⅞	104⅝	+ ⅝
700	Granby Consol.	68	66½	68	— ½
5,900	Great Northern pf.	86	84¼	85¾	+ 1¾
21,800	Great Northern Certs. for Ore Properties	46⅞	40⅝	45⅞	+ 4⅜
800	Greene-Cananea Copper	42¼	41½	42¼	+ ½
1,900	Gulf States Steel	64	58	64	+ 5¾
200	Gulf, Mobile & Northern	8½	8½	8½	+ 1½
7,100	HASKELL & BARKER	63	60½	63	+ 2½
100	Homestake Mining	74½	74½	74½	— ½
400	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	93	93	93	..
13,200	Inspiration Copper	60½	58⅜	60½	+ 2
7,600	Interboro Consolidated	5⅞	5	5½	— ⅛
4,500	Interboro Consol. pf.	20	17	17	+ 1
180	Inter. Agricultural	25¼	23¼	25¼	+ ¾
200	Inter. Agricultural pf.	81½	80½	80½	— 1½
1,580	Inter. Harvester, new	132	120	*132	+ 3⅜
200	Inter. Harv. pf., new	115½	115	115	..
47,400	Inter. Mer. Marine	58⅜	56⅜	57½	+ ⅜
28,100	Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	118⅜	116¼	117⅝	+ 1⅜
9,100	Inter. Nickel	26	25¼	25⅝	+ ⅜
17,900	Inter. Paper	61½	53½	60⅜	+ 7½
500	Inter. Paper pf., stamped	78	75⅜	78	+ 2
100	Int. Salt	56¼	56¼	56¼	— 3⅝
700	JEWEL, TEA	24	22½	22½	— 1½
600	Jewel Tea pf.	62	60⅛	60⅞	— 4½
800	Jones Bros. Tea	37⅜	37	37¼	+ ¼
700	KANSAS CITY SOUTH.	19⅜	18½	19⅜	+ 1⅞
39,700	Kelly Springfield Tire	141⅞	130	140	+ 8⅜
425	Kelly Spring. T. 8% pf.	105½	105	105½	+ ½
500	Kelsey Wheel	92	80	92	+11
7,600	Kennecott Copper	35½	34⅝	35¼	+ ⅛
91,800	Keystone Tire & R.	62¾	48¼	62¾	+ 9⅞
7,800	LACKAWANNA STL.	86	81	84⅝	+ 4½
100	Laclede Gas	51	51	51	+ 1
200	Lake Erie & Western pf.	21⅜	20	20	— 2
9,800	Lee Rubber & Tire	34⅝	30¼	34	+ 4
1,400	Lehigh Valley	48	47½	48	+ ½
2,300	Liggett & Myers	249	239¾	240	+ ¼
700	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	70	67⅝	70	+ ⅞
100	Loose-Wiles Bis. 2d pf.	113½	113½	113½	+ 1½
16,000	Lorillard (P.) Co.	243	225	235	+ 9
100	Louisville & Nashville	108	108	108	+ 1
300	MACKAY COS.	77	77	77	+ 2
200	Mackay Cos. pf.	64¼	64	64	..
530	Manhattan Elevated	73¼	69	69	— 7¼
100	Manhattan Shirt	20½	20½	20½	— ¼
7,700	Maxwell Motors	48¾	44½	48	+ 2¾
3,100	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	77⅜	73½	77⅜	+ 3⅝
3,000	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	38⅝	36	38½	+ 2½
150	May Department Stores	100	100	100	..
100	May Depart. Stores pf.	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	— ⅛
180,700	Mexican Petroleum	221½	205½	218¼	+13
3,700	Miami Copper	26½	25¼	26	+ ¼
40,300	Midvale Steel	52¼	47⅞	52¼	+ 4
1,300	Minn. & St. Louis, new	17¼	16	16½	+ 1½
4,500	Mo., Kan. & Texas	13¾	12⅛	12½	+ ⅛
1,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	17⅜	16	17½	— ⅛
10,500	Mo. Pacific	28½	27	28½	+ 1¾
900	Mo. Pacific pf.	47	46¼	47	+ 1
1,800	Montana Power	67	63	66½	+ 3¾
900	NATIONAL ACME	36¼	35¾	36¼	+ ⅝
15,000	National Aniline & Ch.	52	45	51¼	+ 5½
2,000	National An. & Ch. pf.	89¾	87½	89¾	+ 2
200	National Biscuit	119	115	119	+ 2
200	National Biscuit pf.	117	117	117	+ 2
700	National Cloak & Suit	80	77⅝	80	+ 1⅜
3,700	National Cond. & Cable	16	14	16	+ ⅝
4,000	National Enam. & S.	78¼	75	77½	+ 1⅝
200	National Enam. & S. pf.	102⅜	102	102⅜	— ½
2,900	National Lead	84½	82	84	+ 2½
300	National Lead pf.	109	108¼	109	+ 2
800	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	7⅝	7	7	— ½
2,500	Nevada Consol. Cop.	17⅜	16¾	16⅝	— ⅞
6,900	New Orl., Tex. & Mex.	50	45	46	+ 3
13,700	N. Y. Air Brake	125⅞	119½	124⅞	+ 4⅜
3,000	N. Y. Central	74	71½	74	+ 2⅜
200	N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis	25	23¾	25	..
300	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	46⅝	45	45	— 2
10,000	N. Y. Dock	60½	58¾	58¾	+ 5½
1,100	N. Y. Dock pf.	67	61¼	67	+ 6
7,467	N. Y., N. H. & H.	32⅜	30½	32	+ 1⅝
1,100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	20	19	20	..
1,200	Norfolk & Western	99	98¼	99	+ ⅜
200	North American	62½	62	62	+ 2½
4,900	Northern Pacific	80⅝	85½	86½	+ ½
2,100	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	78½	75⅜	78½	+ 3
42,500	OHIO CITIES GAS	55	50¾	54¾	+ 4½
300	Ohio Fuel Supply	53	52½	53	— ½
2,300	Ontario Mining	7¾	6¾	7⅜	+ ⅛
25,500	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	10¾	9¾	10	+ ¼
100	Owens Bottle pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾	+ ½
1,600	PACIFIC GAS & ELEC.	67	65¾	67	— ¼
700	Pacific Mail	38⅝	37½	37⅝	— ⅜
500	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	35	35	35	— 1½
66,200	Pan Am. Pet & Tr.	120¼	114	118½	+ 3⅝
2,200	Penn. Seaboard Steel	41½	39½	41½	+ 2½
4,700	Pennsylvania R. R.	43⅛	42¼	42⅞	..
200	People's Gas, Chicago	43	43	43	+ 1
300	Peoria & Eastern	17	15¾	17	+ 1
1,600	Pere Marquette	19	16½	18½	+ 1
1,600	Philadelphia Co.	34⅛	33¾	34⅞	+ ⅞
81,500	Pierce-Arrow	65	59¾	64½	+ 4⅞
500	Pierce-Arrow pf.	105½	105	105	..
7,600	Pierce Oil	22	21	21⅜	+ ⅜
4,800	Pittsburgh Coal	64⅜	62	64⅞	+ 2¼
1,900	Pittsburgh & West Va.	33⅜	32¼	33	+ ½
36,500	Pond Creek Coal	28⅜	22¾	*27¾	+ 4⅞
7,070	Pressed Steel Car	94⅝	90¾	94¼	+ 2⅝
100	Pressed Steel Car pf.	104	104	104	+ 2¾
300	Public Serv., N. J.	81	79	81	+ 1
900	Pullman Co.	119	117	117⅝	+ 1¼
9,800	Punta Alegre Sugar	69½	65½	69⅝	+ 3⅜
7,327	Punta Alegre Sugar rts.	3¼	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
7,000	RAILWAY STEEL SPG	99⅞	95	99¾	+ 4⅝
100	Railway Steel Spg. pf.	107	107	107	..
4,000	Ray Consol. Copper	23½	22½	22⅞	+ ⅝
9,400	Reading	80¼	77⅝	80	+ 2⅜
3,200	Remington Typewriter	79	72	78½	+ 8½
100	Remington Type. 1st pf.	99½	99½	99½	— ½
23,300	Republic Iron & Steel	95	88¾	94⅞	+ 5⅝
200	Republic Iron & Steel pf.	103	103	103	..
400	Republic Motor & Truck	46⅝	44½	46⅝	+ 1⅜
700	Royal Dutch, Am. shs.	102	100	102	+ 2½
203,400	Royal Dutch, N. Y. shs.	103½	94½	101½	+ 6½
200	Royal Dutch tr. rcts.	102¼	96¼	102¼	+ 7¼
400	ST. JOSEPH LEAD	14½	14	14½	..
2,500	St. Louis-San Fran.	19⅛	18	19	+ 1¼
200	St. Louis-San Fran. pf.	28½	27¾	28½	+ ½
1,200	St. Louis Southwestern.	16	15	15½	+ ½
4,400	St. Louis Southwest. pf.	30¼	27	29	+ 2¼
500	Savage Arms	90	78½	80	+ 2½
5,100	Saxon Motor	18⅜	17⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
500	Seaboard Air Line	9¾	9¼	9¾	+ ½
200	Seaboard Air Line pf.	18	18	18	..
600	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	204	198½	204	+ 4
700	Shattuck-Arizona	14	13	13½	+ ½
150,600	Sinclair Oil Refining	62⅝	58	60¼	+ 2⅛
120,600	Sinclair Con. Oil	63½	59⅜	60	..
1,800	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & I	65	63	65	+ 3¼
200	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. pf.	95	95	95	+ 2
34,600	Southern Pacific	102¼	99	102	+ 3½
1,100	South Porto Rico Sugar	222	185	222	+42
300	South Porto Rico S. pf.	115½	115¼	115⅝	— 1⅝
4,100	Southern Railway	25¼	24¼	25	+ ¾
1,

"Del Monte"

In the $17,484,316 property asset account of the California Packing Corporation, the value of Del Monte brand, identified with food products of world-wide sale, packed and marketed by this Company, is not included. This policy of not capitalizing good will, trade-marks or patents is in keeping with the conservative conduct of the company's affairs.

Write for analysis B which deals with the investment possibilities of this Corporation.

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PIPE LINES

Some "Inside Stuff"

By H. L. Wood, of Tulsa, Okla.

I.

From Walnut Pump station, between Augusta and Eldorado, Butler County, Kansas, to refineries, at Cushing, Okla., is 160 miles. To fill the 8-inch line connecting the producing wells in Kansas with the refineries in Oklahoma requires 126,720 barrels of crude petroleum. The crude oil is shoved thru the 160 miles by the pumps of the one station at Walnut, the weight of the 160 miles of oil being 17,347 tons. When the pumps are started 560 pounds of pressure moves the oil one-half mile per hour. At this time one engine and one pump are sending 9,200 barrels every 24 hours from Butler County, Kansas to Cushing, Okla.

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INDEPENDENTS HIT HARDEST BY STRIKE

Smaller Concerns Are Experiencing More Trouble Than the U. S. Steel Corporation.

CUT OFF ORDERS FOR SCRAP

Mill Owners Instruct Dealers to Discontinue Shipments While Labor Trouble Is On.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 27.—All interest in the steel market during the last week was centred on the strike. The East is practically untouched by the strike, but has shown a decidedly inactive market.

The curious information comes from New York that Eastern consumers of pig iron, being unable to buy much from Eastern furnaces because the latter are well sold up already, have been placing orders with Valley furnaces, although these are just now on strike. There is no change in pig iron quotations, as the market is not made by temporary conditions.

There has been some question as to whether pig iron will be more or less plentiful when the strike is over. It is improbable that any considerable tonnage will accumulate during the strike, as there are only a few furnaces making pig iron for steel works that are closed, while on the other hand among the works that are self-contained, making both pig iron and steel, there has been more interruption to blast furnace operations than to steel-making operations.

In the case of billets and sheet bars there is a slightly heavier operation among the rolling mills that consume this unfinished steel than at the mills that produce it, and thus stocks of billets and sheet bars are decreasing somewhat. If the strike is prolonged for a few weeks a finishing mill here and there may be forced to close on account of shortage of steel.

The scrap market, which had been very quiet for several weeks, has been stagnant since the strike began. In a number of cases steel mills have instructed scrap dealers to discontinue shipments on contract temporarily. Meanwhile these mills will draw upon their scrap piles, thus conserving the common labor that would be used in unloading, as in cases where there is a strike it is confined almost wholly to common labor. Shipments on nearly all contracts with steel mills are suspended. However, this is not to be taken for granted that the steel mills cannot consume scrap and do not need it.

A few mills in this district are down completely, but others are running fairly well. The blast furnaces are most affected by the strike, as the "hunky," or foreign, element, which composes the biggest end of the striking forces, is employed at the furnaces unloading scrap, and workmen cannot be spared to do this work when there are more important duties to perform. The mills that are operating may be making greater inroads into their scrap piles than would be the case if conditions were normal.

It is certainly not a case of scrap accumulating in original or second hands. That might be so for a week or two, but with anything like a prolonged fight the outcome of scrap is likely, if anything, to be curtailed more than the consumption of scrap. There is no occasion, therefore, for any break in the scrap market. As there is practically no market, no break can be recorded at this moment, but beyond that it seems to be a safe theory that the elements of a break are not accumulating, by any means. Values must be quoted on theory, and they may be regarded as unchanged from last week.

Wire Mills Barely Touched.

While shipments of nails, plain wire, barb wire, and other wire products to jobbers are reduced, no great inconvenience is expected to result, as the Fall distribution in wire products was practically completed earlier in the month, while the wire mills usually carry a moderate amount of material in stock. Wire prices show a range as formerly, the leading interest and one or two independents being on the basis of $3.25 for nails, while the other producers are on the basis of $3.50.

The strike has caused a greater curtailment in tin plate production than in sheet production, but, as the canning season is now ended, no great inconvenience results. Indeed, the strike comes at the best time of the year for the tin plate trade.

Consumers of sheets usually aim to carry a fair line of stocks, particularly the automobile trade, the policy in that trade being to carry a sixty days' stock of all material. On account of heavy production of cars in the last few months, the automobile dealers do not have normal stocks.

Excluding the East, where there is practically no strike at all, but taking all the rest of the country including the merchant blast furnaces, the independents are experiencing somewhat more of the strike than is the United States Steel Corporation, although the strike leaders made no demands upon the independents. While the Seamen's Union is one of the twenty-four unions understood to have supported the organization campaign, none of the lake vesselmen struck, and the ore boats have been running as usual except for slight delays in unloading.

Regarding strike conditions in the different industrials, the pipe mills present a curious divergence, as the National Tube Company is running quite well, its McKeesport and Lorain plants being practically unaffected, while on the other hand it appears that much of the independent capacity is located where there is a strong strike atmosphere, Youngstown Sheet and Tube and Republic being in the Youngstown district, with La Belle and Wheeling Steel and Iron in the Wheeling district.

In sheets, the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company is operating more than 60 per cent. Its two Scottdale plants are altogether unaffected, and for good measure an additional sheet mill, hitherto idle, was started at Scottdale this week. A careful estimate would be that 50 or 60 per cent. of the independent sheet mills are running.

In tin plate the leading interest is doing somewhat under 60 per cent. Weirton is running, with Steubonville idle, and the McKeesport tin plate closed two days before the strike was called. While this was presumably in anticipation of trouble, it is not at all certain that this would have occurred, since the actual outcome later was that the Wood sheet mill at McKeesport and the large pipe mill have been running well all week.

Duquesne Mills Running 100 Per Cent.

In merchant bars, while the idleness of the Republic Company, and the partial idleness of the Carnegie mills in the Youngstown district are a great loss, on the other hand Duquesne has been running practically 100 per cent., and the Jones & Laughlin bar mills have been doing excellently.

Iron and steel men continue to theorize that the Monongahela Valley will be the deciding point in the whole strike, as these are men who are in best position to judge affairs in the industry, and their views are accepted by the general public. It is believed that if the Monongahela Valley stays in operation the Youngstown district, and even the Chicago district, will have to take notice. It is believed that strikers will be influenced by the valley showing and will not stay on strike just because plants in the immediate vicinity are idle.

No one who has followed the strike news at all can have failed to observe the great difference between the protection afforded by the authorities in different regions. In the Pittsburgh district the work of all the authorities has been excellent, as well as the State Constabulary, the county and various municipalities. In Ohio, as a whole, the condition is very much less satisfactory than in Western Pennsylvania. Ohio has no State constabulary, and many of the municipalities have exhibited indifference, even in some cases appearing to sympathize with the strikers. In the Shenango Valley, north of New Castle, Penn., the present idleness is believed to be due almost wholly to the absence of protection. Men were willing to work but were intimidated, the influence coming from Sharon and Farrell.

When the strike started the furnace coke market practically dropped out of sight, while the foundry coke market continued on the even tenor of its way. Blast furnaces have been banked right and left, and there have been many suspensions of shipments on coke contracts. Some of these occurred in advance of the date set for the strike last Monday, the furnace operators thinking it probable that they would have to bank, but believing that if they were able to continue in operation shipments could be reinstated in time to avoid loss of output.

Connellsville coke operators have been quick to reduce production, putting nearly all their work on a 72-hour basis, and if necessary ovens will be blown out entirely. Some accumulation of coke loaded on track naturally could not be avoided, but the situation appears to have been gotten well in hand, and there is not much coke loaded without destination.

There have been offerings, but it hardly seems that the market is off more than 25 cents in furnace coke. Foundry coke thus far has not been affected marketwise. A good grade, loaded on box cars, has been bringing $6.50 without difficulty, as formerly, and any foundry coke that is not actually off coke has been bringing $6, even when in open-top cars. The local situation is practically unchanged. The lake movement continues to decrease, but the increased supply for the line trade is practically not felt, and coal is substantially as scarce as ever.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

The following companies announced dividends during the last week:

STEAM RAILROADS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Books Close.
Del., L. & W.	5	Q	Oct. 14	Oct. 4
BANK STOCK.				
Garfield Nat.	3	Q	Sep. 30	Sep. 25
INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS				
Am. B. Note	75c	Q	Nov. 15	Nov. 1
Am. B. Sugar	$2	Q	Oct. 31	Oct. 11
Am. Ice pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 25	Oct. 15
Am. Ice pf.	1	Ex.	Oct. 25	Oct. 15
Am. Piano	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 25
Am. P. & L. pf.	1½	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 23
Am. Shipbldg.	1¾	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Am. Shipbldg.	2½	Ex.	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Anaconda Cop.	$1	Q	Nov. 24	Oct. 18
Balt. Tube pf.	$1.75	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 22
Barnsdall Corp.	1½	—	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Bliss (E. W.)	62½c	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 24
Bliss (E. W.)	$5	Ex.	Oct. 1	Sep. 24
Do pf.	$1	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 24
Boston Con. G.	1¾	Q	Sep. 29	Sep. 26
Bush T. Bldgs. pf.	$1.75	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 30
Carbon Stl. 1st pf.	4	S	Sep. 30	Sep. 26
Cent. Leather	1¼	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 10
Cent. Leather	2	Ex.	Nov. 1	Oct. 10
C. & S. A. Tel.	1¾	Q	Oct. 14	Oct. 6
Col. Power	½	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Com. Edison	2	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Corn Prod. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 4
Cramp Ship & Eng. Bldg.	1½	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 1
D., L. & W. C.	2½	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 1
Detroit Edison	2	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
E. Coast Fish. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 25
Everett-Heaney	2½	Q	Oct. 10	Sep. 30
Fbks.-Morse	3	Q	Sep. 30	Sep. 29
Gen. Motors	3	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 7
Do pf.	$1.50	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 7
Do deb.	$1.50	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 1
Gold & Stk. Tel.	1½	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 30
Gorham Mf. pf.	1½	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 27
Gulf St. Steel 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 15
Do 2d pf.	1½	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 15
Insp. Copper	$1.50	Q	Oct. 27	Oct. 10
Int. Fur. Ex. pf.	6c	—	Oct. 1	Sep. 26
Int. M. M. pf.	3	Acc	Nov. 1	Oct. 18
Int. Paper pf.	1½	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 7
Int. Petroleum.	50c	—	Oct. 1	Sep. 30
Mfrs. L. & H.	2	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 30
Mass. Gas	1¾	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Mexican Tel.	2½	Q	Oct. 16	Oct. 6
Nat. En. & Stp.	1½	Q	Nov. 29	Nov. 10
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Sep. 30	Sep. 10
N. J. Zinc	4	—	Nov. 10	Oct. 31
Nova S. S. & C.	1¼	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Do pf.	2	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Pac. T. & T. pf.	1¼	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Penn. Salt Mfg.	2½	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Ph. & Cam. Fy.	2	Q	Oct. 10	Sep. 26
Pitts. Pl. Glass	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 16
Rep. M. T. pf.	$1.75	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 15
Stan. Safe Dep.	2½	Q	Sep. 30	Sep. 26
Superior Steel	¾	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Swift Int.	8	S	Dec. 20	Nov. 8
Taylor-Wharton	3	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 24
Union Nat. Gas	2½	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
Un. Drug 2d pf.	1½	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
U. S. C. I. P. & Fy. pf.	1¼	Q	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
U. S. Express	$1.25	—	Oct. 15	Sep. 20
U. S. Sm., Ref. & M.	$1.50	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 4
Do pf.	87½c	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 4
Utah P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	Sep. 16
Va.-C. Chem.	1	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 15
Do pf.	2	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 16
West. Power pf.	1½	Q	Oct. 15	Sep. 30
West. E. & M.	2	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 3
Do pf.	2	Q	Oct. 15	Oct. 3

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BOSTON & MAINE for August—

	1919.	1918.	Increase.
Gross	$8,746,201	$7,648,377	$997,176
Bal. aft. tax.	1,437,832	2,442,897	994,765
Net oper. inc.	1,344,825	2,427,405	1,082,580
8 mos.' gross.	45,810,568	44,658,277	*652,291
Bal. aft. tax.	2,414,052	3,408,893	1,058,841
Net oper. inc.	2,217,211	1,969,932	*247,370

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA for August—

Gross	1,847,237	1,888,066	40,829
Bal. aft. tax.	297,068	490,067	192,100
Net oper. inc.	303,163	495,848	192,685
8 mos.' gross.	13,882,029	18,204,581	*677,439
Bal. aft. tax.	1,201,097	2,668,153	1,467,799
Net oper. inc.	1,186,760	2,659,069	1,418,206

DELAWARE & HUDSON RAILWAY for August—

Gross	3,860,810	3,821,736	460,926
Bal. aft. tax.	669,113	1,017,843	358,230
Net oper. inc.	655,689	1,020,080	365,261
8 mons. gross.	22,558,368	22,313,655	*244,713
Bal. aft. tax.	1,690,232	842,061	*855,171
Net oper. inc.	1,548,814	762,618	*786,196

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN for August—

Gross	6,276,837	6,900,082	646,245
Bal. aft. tax.	1,143,388	1,614,316	470,928
Net oper. inc.	1,108,585	1,623,561	514,976
8 mos.' gross.	46,761,204	43,195,652	*3,565,552
Bal. aft. taxes	8,158,834	9,400,003	1,241,169
Net oper. inc.	7,838,308	9,584,473	1,746,165

*Increase.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD for August:

	1919.	1918.	Increase.
Gross	2,016,921	2,028,653	*11,732
Bal. aft. taxes	736,349	1,038,842	*302,293
Net op income	719,084	1,035,609	*316,525
8 mo gross.	16,771,876	14,742,531	2,029,345
Bal aft taxes.	2,856,449	3,760,089	*912,640
Net op income	2,711,798	3,595,148	*883,822

NORFOLK & WESTERN for August:

Gross	6,930,650	8,610,301	*1,679,651
Bal aft taxes.	1,408,457	3,176,602	*1,768,145
Net op income	1,442,323	3,215,220	*1,772,907
8 mo gross.	48,674,715	51,310,742	*2,636,027
Bal aft t xes.	6,921,416	10,370,083	*3,448,617
Net op income	7,150,217	11,160,925	*4,010,708

PENNSYLVANIA. (Western Lines,) for August:

Gross	10,217,574	9,832,456	385,118
Bal aft taxes.	1,756,627	1,506,607	250,020
Net op income	1,689,444	1,736,576	*47,132
8 mo gross.	68,182,033	57,670,580	10,511,447
Bal aft taxes.	6,246,523	2,687,963	3,558,560
Net op income	5,638,715	1,112,093	4,526,622

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for August:

Gross	7,910,348	8,906,666	*996,318
Bal aft taxes.	620,581	1,898,437	*1,277,856
Net op income	506,573	1,063,935	*1,557,362
8 mo gross.	59,009,972	54,856,567	5,053,405
Bal aft taxes.	2,670,944	4,522,477	*1,851,533
Net op income	2,219,652	2,732,670	*513,027

*Decrease.

Public Utilities.

CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE & EASTERN RAILROAD for July—

	1919.	1918.	Increase.
Gross	$73,896	$57,656	$16,239
Net aft. taxes.	32,074	21,643	10,431
Sur. aft. char.	19,057	9,371	9,187
7 mos. gross.	381,653	313,840	67,813
Net aft. taxes.	127,724	101,965	25,758
Sur. aft. char.	24,603	21,254	3,483

LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC RAILWAY SYSTEM for July—

Gross	$252,344	$220,269	$32,075
Net aft. taxes.	98,405	80,116	18,349
Sur. aft. char.	57,699	44,034	13,665
7 mos. gross.	1,442,541	1,179,111	263,430
Net aft. taxes.	384,756	327,393	57,363
Sur aft. char.	133,707	74,292	59,514

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON CO. for August—

Gross	$861,220	$734,069	$127,151
Net aft. taxes.	474,985	407,640	67,316
Total income.	580,709	507,587	70,122
Sur. aft. char.	332,761	267,881	75,880
8 mos. gross.	6,032,294	4,896,283	1,135,981
Net aft. taxes.	3,444,908	2,818,611	626,282
Total income.	4,260,264	3,662,000	607,174
Sur. aft. char.	2,178,010	1,720,856	457,163

UNITED GAS & ELECTRIC subsidiary companies for August—

Gross	$1,691,000	$1,484,776	$207,124
Net aft. taxes.	570,847	452,185	118,662
Sur. aft. char.	161,824	119,414	42,410
12 mos. gross.	18,307,400	16,581,598	1,726,102
Net aft. taxes.	4,575,420	4,004,490	*590,554
Sur aft. char.	1,440,330	1,346,102	94,228

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING for the year ended June 30, 1919—

	1919.	1918.
Earnings	$20,875,037	$16,206,661
Total income	11,218,814	12,862,505
Surplus	1,426,483	6,536,505

CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICAN TELEGRAPH CO. for the quarter ended Sept 30. (partly estimated)—

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Gross	$1,477,000	$1,176,000	$1,087,500
Total income	1,235,678	930,000	820,000
Surplus	469,228	432,420	$300,000

General Motors Corporation

The half yearly statement of this company shows—

No bonded debt.

Net earnings after taxes—$30,591,987; over 13 times the dividend requirements on the Debenture and Preferred stocks.

Net Tangible Assets—$325 and Net Quick $200 per share of outstanding Debenture and Preferred stock.

The Debenture stock can now be purchased to pay nearly 7%.

Special circular on request

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Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
115 B'way Phone Rector 2020
Established 1870

Willys Corporation

8% Cumulative Convertible Sinking Fund First Preferred Stock

Convertible at option of holder into two shares of common stock

Net Tangible Assets $287 per share. Net quick assets alone exceed $101 per share of First Preferred Stock, exclusive of marketable securities which equal $121 per share additional taken at book values of their net tangible assets.

Annual Sinking Fund Payments (which are cumulative) are provided for, ranging from 10% on the first $3,000,000 of net earnings (after dividends on this Stock) to 3% on the excess over $6,000,000.

Price 100 & Accrued Dividend

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The average price for corporation bonds recently registered a new low mark, as low even as the panic of 1907-8, and the war break of 1914.

Yields at the present low prices of bonds and the high prevailing interest rates make investments exceedingly attractive.

May we suggest a diversified list of seasoned securities for your consideration?

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The Oil Industry

A special Circular giving exhaustive statistical data on leading Oil Securities with a special review of "Transcontinental Oil" now ready for distribution.

Circular A-50 upon request.

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120 Broadway 57 St. Francois-Xavier St.
NEW YORK MONTREAL

$50,000,000

American Telephone & Telegraph Company

THREE-YEAR 6% NOTES

Dated October 1, 1919. *Due October 1, 1922.*

Interest payable April 1 and October 1, in New York or in Boston.

Coupon Notes, registerable as to principal, in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE.

Redeemable at 102 and interest at the option of the Company, as a whole or in part, on any interest date prior to maturity.

From a letter of Theo. N. Vail, Esq., Chairman, stating the particulars in regard to the issue, we summarize as follows:

The notes are issued to provide funds needed for the expected growth of the Bell Telephone System, which is forecasted by the present abnormal volume of business.

At the end of 1918 the number of stations which constituted the system in the United States was 10,992,325, of which 3,790,568 were operated by so-called independent connecting companies. The Bell System by its long distance and toll lines connects, with few exceptions, every community in the United States, and its exchange lines are within the reach of substantially all the residents of rural districts.

The net earnings of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and its disbursements for interest during the last nine years have been as follows:

Year Ended December 31.	Net Earnings.	Interest.	Balance.
1910	$31,933,214	$5,077,321	$26,855,893
1911	33,301,246	5,567,980	27,733,266
1912	37,907,644	5,844,599	32,062,945
1913	40,476,746	7,656,656	32,820,090
1914	40,557,977	8,223,163	32,334,814
1915	43,117,487	6,498,850	36,618,637
1916	44,743,376	6,730,099	38,013,277
1917	48,940,466	10,469,360	38,471,106
1918	54,293,016	10,391,694	43,901,322

For the year 1919 it is estimated that net earnings will be over $57,000,000, interest, including that on these notes, $15,800,000, and the balance over $41,200,000. During the last nine years the net earnings of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company have averaged more than 5½ times the interest charges.

Since 1908 the amount of the company's debt outstanding has been increased less than $60,000,000, while the capital stock outstanding has increased over $285,000,000 and the book value of the assets over $415,000,000. The company has paid dividends at the rate of at least 7½% per annum on its capital stock since 1899, a period of twenty years. For the last thirteen years the rate has been uniformly 8% per annum.

On July 31, 1919, the Federal Government returned all the telephone and telegraph systems to their respective owners, including the telephone system of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company and of each of its associated companies. The property has come back in as good physical condition as when put under Federal control, having been maintained according to the usual standards. The usual reserves for depreciation have been made, wages have been adjusted to present conditions, while charges for service have been generally advanced to cover increased costs.

The actual value of the Bell System's plant—the only value that can be used for rate making—is largely in excess of its book value. At December 31, 1918, the telephone plants in use were valued on the books of the companies at $1 142,815,341. Adequate charges against earnings have been made for depreciation and obsolescence. Capital obligations are conservative. The capital stock and obligations of the Bell System outstanding in the hands of the public at December 31, 1918, were $991,074,264, of which the outstanding securities of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company represented $676,253,362. Surplus and reserves, aggregating over $349,000,000, are invested in productive property. In the aggregate, over $35,000,000 has been paid in on account of capital stock of this company in excess of the par of that stock; that is, for every $100 share of outstanding stock more than $108 in cash has been paid into the treasury.

THE ABOVE NOTES ARE OFFERED, SUBJECT TO ISSUE AS PLANNED, FOR SUBSCRIPTION AT 99¼ AND INTEREST, TO YIELD ABOUT 6¼%

Subscription books will be opened at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., at 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, September 29, 1919. The right is reserved to reject any and all applications, and also, in any case to award a smaller amount than applied for. The amount due on allotments will be payable at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., in New York funds, on the date of payment to be specified in the notices of allotment, against delivery of J. P. Morgan & Co., Trust Receipts, or of temporary Notes, exchangeable for definitive Notes when received from the Company.

J. P. MORGAN & CO. *KUHN, LOEB & CO.*

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, New York *NATIONAL CITY COMPANY, New York*

HARRIS, FORBES & CO. *LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.*

Dated Sept. 29, 1919.

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and all New England States

$700,000

City of Columbus, Ohio

4½% BONDS

Coupon bonds, which may be fully registered
Semi-annual Interest and Principal payable at New York
Denomination $1000

Assessed Valuation	$317,399,385
Net Debt (about 4%)	12,715,844
Population (1910)	181,511
" (1919)	225,000

MATURITIES

$90,000	March 1, 1935	$90,000	March 1, 1939
90,000	" 1, 1936	90,000	" 1, 1940
90,000	" 1, 1937	90,000	" 1, 1941
90,000	" 1, 1938	70,000	" 1, 1942

An unlimited, continuing annual tax is provided by law for the payment of interest and principal of this issue.

Price: 100 and interest, yielding 4.50%

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Substantial Western Community.

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CONGRESS TO DELAY RAILROAD REFORMS

All Other Constructive Legislation to Wait Until Treaty Is Acted On.

PLAN FOR ADJOURNMENT

Two Weeks' Recess Will Be Sought After Senate Ends Consideration of Treaty.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Industrial and commercial conditions are so unsettled that the Republican leaders have decided that it would be unwise to pass a Railroad Control bill at this session of Congress. No other constructive measures such as legislation to create a merchant marine policy or reorganize the army will be enacted until the Senate has ratified the treaty and business has an opportunity to adjust itself to peace conditions.

As soon as the Senate has ended consideration of the treaty some time in November an effort will be made by the leaders in Congress to force an adjournment so as to give members of Congress a two-weeks' rest before the regular session begins on the first Monday in December. Whether this will be possible is dependent entirely upon the attitude of President Wilson toward the railroads. If the President decides to turn back the railroads to their owners the last of this year it may be necessary to pass a Railroad Control bill without delay. In that case it is not likely that there will be an adjournment of Congress, and the special session will run into the regular session.

Railroad presidents and those concerned with the finances of the carriers are anxious that the Government should keep control until there is a better understanding between labor and capital. If the conference at the White House next month should lead to a situation forecasting a condition where the railroads would be certain there would not be a strike the minute the roads left the hands of the Government, they would like to see the transfer made the last of this year, and legislation enacted without delay to regulate them under private ownership.

The railroads are strongly opposed to Section 6 of the Cummins bill which proposes to take from them all earnings in excess of what from time to time the Interstate Commerce Commission shall determine to be, a "fair return" on their value. Their officials argue that if the Interstate Commerce Commission first fixes rates which are reasonable and just, it is unfair to take from successful carriers the earnings above an indefinite "fair return." Such a course, they say, would place all the railroads on a parity and there would be no incentive for economic management.

The principle is greatly objected to by the railroads' lawyers, and members of the Senate have declared against it as an unsafe business policy which, in the end, would lead to bad railroad service. It also has a socialistic trend, they say.

The House Interstate Commerce Committee has ended its hearing on the railroad bill and it is expected that Mr. Esch, Chairman of the committee, will report a bill in the next month. There is little difference between the Cummins bill and the provisions that have been tentatively agreed to by the House committee.

Some of the features of the House bill are:

Federal control of the issuance of railroad bonds and stocks.

Establishment of a minimum rate, with larger powers conferred upon the Interstate Commerce Commission over intra-State rates that interfere with interstate rates, in line with the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Shreveport decision.

Use of joint terminal facilities.

Interchanging of rolling stock.

The bill will reject all features of the Plumb plan.

DIVIDENDS.

230th Dividend

CHARTERED 1799

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY

New York, Sept. 18, 1919.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable October 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 26th, 1919. The transfer books will not close.

D. H. PIERSON, CASHIER.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

No. 25 Broad St., New York, Sept. 16, 1919.

A quarterly dividend of ONE (1) PER CENT has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from net income of the current fiscal year, payable October 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., September 30, 1919; provided that on or before the first-mentioned date there shall have been received from the United States Government a sum sufficient in the opinion of the President to pay the same, and that otherwise the said dividend shall be payable at a later date if, as and when such sum shall be so received.

Checks in payment of the dividend, when due, will be mailed to stockholders at the adresses last furnished to the Transfer Agent.

G. C. HAND, Secretary.

ANACONDA COPPER MINING CO.

42 Broadway, New York, September 23, 1919.

The Board of Directors of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company has declared a dividend of one dollar ($1.00) per share upon its Capital Stock of the par value of $50 per share, payable on November 24, 1919, to the holders of such shares of record at the close of business at 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday, October 18, 1919.

The dividend is payable only upon the $50 shares into which the Capital Stock is now divided.

All stockholders who have not converted their holdings into shares of $50 par value should do so without delay, in order that they may receive their dividend promptly.

A. H. MELIN, Secretary.

Garfield National Bank,

5TH AV. AND 23RD ST.

New York, September 24, 1919.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a quarterly dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of the bank was declared, payable, free of City and State tax, on and after September 30, 1919, to stockholders of record at close of business September 25. The transfer books will be closed from September 25 to Wednesday, October 1, 1919.

A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

The American Ship Building Company.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of The American Ship Building Company, held on September 24, 1919, a regular dividend of 1¾% in cash, and an extra dividend of 2¼% in cash, on the common stock, were declared, payable November 1, 1919, to common stockholders of record October 15, 1919.

Also, four dividends of 1¾% each on the preferred stock were declared, payable November 1, 1919, February 2, 1920, May 1, 1920, and August 2, 1920, to stockholders of record October 15, 1919, January 15, 1920, April 15, 1920, and July 15, 1920, respectively.

J. S. GORMAN, Asst. Secretary.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,

60 Broadway.

New York, September 18, 1919.

The Board of Directors have today declared a Quarterly Dividend of Four per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable September 20th, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business September 22d, 1919.

The Transfer Books will not close.

R. I. CURRAN, Secretary.

The Gotham National Bank of New York.

September 23, 1919.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent., (2%) payable October 15, 1919, to stockholders of record September 30, 1919.

HORACE BROWN, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

AMERICAN AND BRITISH MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders

To the Stockholders of American & British Manufacturing Company:

TAKE NOTICE—

That the following is a copy of a Resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of American & British Manufacturing Company, at a special meeting thereof, duly called for considering the same, and held on the 28th day of August, 1919, a majority of the whole Board having voted in favor of such Resolution, to wit:—

"RESOLVED, that it is, in the judgment and opinion of this Board of Directors, being the Board of Directors of the American & British Manufacturing Company, advisable and most for the benefit of said American & British Manufacturing Company to dissolve such corporation, said American & British Manufacturing Company, forthwith, and, in accordance with the General Corporation Law of the State of New York, to that end this Board of Directors does hereby call a meeting of the stockholders of the American & British Manufacturing Company, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that such corporation be forthwith dissolved; that said such meeting of the stockholders be held at the office of the said corporation, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, at Rooms 1505-10, 120 Broadway, that being the place at which the last preceding annual meeting of the corporation was held, and that such meeting take place at eleven o'clock A. M., on the second day of October, 1919."

That pursuant to such Resolution NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special meeting of the stockholders of the American & British Manufacturing Company will be held on the 2d day of October, 1919, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the corporation, Rooms 1505-10, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, for the purpose of considering and voting upon the foregoing Resolution, or a Resolution similar thereto, and for the purpose of considering and determining whether this corporation shall be forthwith dissolved.

The transfer books will be closed at the close of business on August 29th, 1919, and will remain closed until the close of business on October 2d, 1919, or such other day to which the foregoing special stockholders' meeting may be adjourned. The transfer books will be closed permanently upon the affirmative vote of two-thirds of each class of the stock, at such stockholders' meeting, in favor of dissolution.

By Order of the President.

CHARLES W. WALLER, Secretary.

Dated, August 29th, 1919.

THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY

ANNUAL MEETING.

Chicago, Illinois, September 6, 1919.

The Stockholders of THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting of said Company will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Chicago, Illinois, in Room 1135, La Salle Street Station, on Tuesday, October 7th, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes:

(a) To elect four directors for terms of office which, under the by-laws, are to expire three years from October 1st, 1918;

(b) to elect three directors for terms of office which, under the by-laws, are to expire three years from October 7th, 1919;

(c) to authorize, approve or ratify a contract or contracts with the United States, the President of the United States, or the Director General of Railroads of the United States, governing the possession, use, control and operation of the transportation properties of this Company and its subsidiary companies taken over and assumed by and under the Proclamation of the President of the United States, dated December 26, 1917, and of any other properties of said companies of which possession has been or shall be taken by or under the authority of the Federal Government; to authorize the Board of Directors in its discretion to agree upon the compensation and other terms to be accepted for and in relation to such possession, use, control and operation under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the operation of transportation systems while under Federal control, for the just compensation of their owners, and for other purposes," approved March 21, 1918, and any Act or Acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto; and generally to consider and act upon any and all questions and matters incidental to the purposes aforesaid or growing out of the aforesaid Federal control of properties of this Company and its subsidiaries; and

(d) to transact such other business as may be properly presented to said meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will close on September 20th, 1919, at the close of business on that day, and will reopen October 8th, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Executive Committee.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Secretary.

U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors a meeting of the stockholders of the U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO., a corporation created and organized under the laws of the State of West Virginia, is hereby called to be held at its principal place of business at No. 27 William Street, in the City of New York and State of New York, at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th day of October, 1919.

(a) For the purpose of considering the adoption of a resolution to increase the authorized common capital stock of said corporation;

(b) For the further purpose of considering the adoption of a resolution authorizing the sale of such increased common capital stock at less than par, and

(c) For the transaction of other business generally.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that at said meeting of the stockholders of the U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO., a resolution will be offered to increase the authorized common capital stock of said corporation by increasing the number of shares of the common capital stock thereof from one hundred and twenty thousand (120,000) shares of the par value of $100 each, to two hundred and forty thousand (240,000) shares of the par value of $100 each, so that such authorized common capital stock shall thereafter be Twenty-four million dollars ($24,000,000) instead of Twelve million dollars ($12,000,000) as heretofore.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that at such meeting of the stockholders of the U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO., a resolution will be offered authorizing the sale or disposal of such increased common capital stock below par.

U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO.

By JOSEPH MALONE, Secretary.

Dated New York, August 26, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors.

MAXWELL MOTOR COMPANY, INC.

October 14th, 1919.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Maxwell Motor Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Du Pont Building, Market Street, in the City of Wilmington, Delaware, on Tuesday, the 14th day of October, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year; the approval of the acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and Executive Committee of the Company since the last annual meeting of Stockholders; and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will not be closed, but no stock can be voted at said meeting which shall have been transferred on the books of the Company during the period of twenty days prior to said meeting.

Dated, New York, September 22, 1919.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

L. W. LINAWEAVER, Secretary.

Cincinnati Northern Railroad Company.

Cincinnati, September 22, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Cincinnati Northern Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company in Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 22d day of October, 1919, at 12 o'clock Noon.

The Stock Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, October 1st, 1919, and be re-opened at 10 o'clock A.M. on Thursday, October 23d, 1919.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL LIST, INC., STOCKHOLDERS' ANNUAL MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the NATIONAL LIST, INC., will be held at their office, 115 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, October 14th, 1919, at 11 o'clock A. M.

At such meeting five directors to serve the ensuing year are to be elected, and such other business transacted as may properly be considered.

CHARLES G. HELLINGER, Sec'y.

KEOKUK AND DES MOINES RAILWAY COMPANY.

Des Moines, Iowa, September 16, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Keokuk and Des Moines Railway Company will be held at the office of the company, in the City of Des Moines, State of Iowa, on the second day of October, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock. M. L. BELL, President.

WM. LA VENTURE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

ALTO GASOLINE & OIL CO.

Tulsa, Oklahoma, Sept. 25.

The Board of Directors have declared a monthly dividend of one per cent. payable Oct. 15, 1919, to stockholders of record Oct. 1st, 1919.

A. MAX BIER, Secretary & Treas.

Liberty Bond Prices Advance

The following table will show the advances that have occurred during the past month in the prices of Liberty Bonds of $1,000 denominations.

Issue.	Aug. 26.	Sept. 26.	Adv.
First 3½s	998.80	1,000.40	1.60
First 4s	942.00	952.60	10.60
First 4¼s	942.00	953.60	11.60
Second 4s	927.60	944.00	16.40
Second 4¼s	928.00	945.20	17.20
Third 4¼s	948.00	965.00	17.00
Fourth 4¼s	931.20	944.80	13.40
Victory 3¾s	996.20	998.80	4.00
Victory 4¾s	995.20	999.20	4.00

The tendency of prices is upwards, and it is not unreasonable to expect a similar or greater advance in prices of the preferred stocks issued by sound industrial companies.

It behooves prospective investors to take advantage of the present unprecedented investment opportunities while they are still available.

We are offering as a safe and sound investment to yield about

8%

the preferred stock of the largest company of its kind in the world and are prepared to furnish complete information regarding this offering.

Dividends exempt from the Normal Federal Income Tax.

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October 1, 1919

Aurora, Ill., S. D., No. 5, City Hall Elect. & Reservoir
City of Bartow, Fla., Water Works
Bellair, Ohio, Refunding
Bessemer, Mich., School
Cheboygan, Mich., Water
Cumberland County, N. C., Refunding
Cherokee Co., S. C., School, Water & Street Imp.
Douglas, Wyo., Water
Lancaster, N. Y., Sewer
Linn County, La., Fund
Madison, Wis., Refunding
Marshall County, Minn., Ditch 5½s
Martin County, Minn., Ditch
Midland Park, N. J., Sewer
Muncie, Ind., School
North Manchester, Ind., Water
Norwalk, Conn., Funding
Red Lake County, Minn., 6s, School
Red Lodge, Mont., Sewer
Sherman County, Ore., S. S., D. No. 4.
Somerset Co., Md., Funding
Spokane, Wash., General Municipal & Water
Sumter Co., Ala., Road
Tryon, N. C., Water
Trenton, Tenn., Gravel Road
Whitehall, Ill., Water
Winona, Minn., School
Warren Co., Ky., Refunding

October 2, 1919

Raton, N. Mex., School

October 10, 1919

Joliet, Ill. Refunding
Peace Creek Drainage District

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John Nickerson, Jr.

61 Broadway, New York.

Telephone Bowling Green 6340.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF OFFICERS of the Musical Mutual Protective Union, Local 310, A. F. of M., will be held at the Club House, 210-14 East 86th Street and 209-13 East 85th Street, on Thursday, October 9, 1919.

Polls open on said date from 9 A. M. until 6 o'clock P. M.

FRANK EVANS, Secretary.

NEW ISSUE

650,000 Shares

Loft Incorporated

Organized under the Laws of the State of Delaware

Capitalization

650,000 shares (No par value)

No Bonds, Notes or Preferred Stock

Transfer Agent: The Equitable Trust Co. of New York

Registrar: Columbia Trust Company

Loft Incorporated has acquired and owns all of the assets, property and good will of Loft Incorporated, a Virginia Corporation. The business consists of the manufacture and sale at retail of LOFT CANDY. The business has been in existence for fifty years.

The Company's Plants and Real Estate owned, are free and clear of all encumbrances.

The volume of business has shown a steady and healthy increase year for year. Gross sales in 1916 were $2,891,401; in 1917, $4,005,396.70; in 1918, $5,140,500.91; and for the seven months ending July 31, 1919, $2,980,042.59. The last five months of the year are those in which sales are normally the heaviest.

Earnings have shown a progressive increase from a net of $332,736.05 in 1916, to a point where, for the current year, after full allowance for Federal taxes, they are estimated at $1,000,000 net. For the seven months ending July 31st, net earnings, after establishing the necessary reserve for Federal taxes, and setting aside further liberal reserves for other contingencies, were $524,233.10.

For full details as to the Corporation's affairs and its prospects, we beg to refer to the letter addressed to us by Mr. George W. Loft, copies of which may be had on request.

Legal affairs have been in charge of Messrs. Beekman, Menken & Griscom, of New York City. Accountings and Appraisals have been in the hands of Messrs. Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery, as to Accounting, and the American Appraisal Company, as to Appraisals.

Application will be made in due course to list these shares on the New York Stock Exchange.

All of the above issue of shares available for public subscription having been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

MILLER & COMPANY

Members New York Stock Exchange

120 Broadway New York

The above information is obtained from sources which we regard as reliable and upon it we have based our purchase of the stock, but we do not guarantee it.

Exempt from Federal Income Tax

Municipal Bonds

To Yield from 4⅜% to 5.25%

		RATE	MATURITY	YIELD
$4,000	Bronxville, N. Y.	4¼%	1936-1940	4.40%
500,000	Cleveland, Ohio	5%	1927	4.60%
10,000	Cleveland, Ohio	4¼%	1931	4.60%
150,300	City of Akron, Ohio	5%	1925-1938	4.60%
130,000	Summit County, Ohio	5%	1923-1925	4.65%
173,000	Cleveland Heights, Ohio	5%	1921-1953	4.75%
345,500	Spartanburg County, S. C.	4½%	1931-1937	4.75%
189,000	Bessemer, Mich.	5%	1933-1949	4.80%
71,000	Pinellas County, Fla.	5%	1946	5.00%
139,000	City of High Point, N. C.	6%	1921-1958	5.00%
35,000	St. Petersburg, Fla.	6%	1949	5.15%
28,000	Van Zandt County, Tex.	5½%	1930-1943	5.20%
108,000	Hardin County, Tex.	5½%	1930-1949	5.20%
22,500	Chase City, Va.	5½%	1946	5.25%

Detailed circulars on request

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Garfield 5s,	4.60%
Newton 5s,	4.50%
Hawthorne 5s,	4.75%
Cliffside Park 5¼s,	4.80%

NEW YORK

(Exempt from State Income Tax)

	TO YIELD
Lockport Cpn.,	4.35%
Brookhaven,	4.40%
Peekskill,	4.40%
Mt. Pleasant, North Castle & Greenburgh Cpn.,	4.45%

Descriptive circular upon request.

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Investors read The Wall Street Journal

FINANCE MINISTERS COMING.

Accept Invitation to Pan American Conference Next January in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Secretary Glass announced tonight that there has been a practically universal acceptance of the invitation extended by President Wilson, through the Department of State, to the Governments of Central and South America, to have their Ministers of Finance and financial delegates attend the second Pan American financial conference to be held at Washington, Jan. 12 to 17, 1920.

The delay in acceptance has been due, in a few cases, to the uncertainty whether or not it will be possible for the Ministers of Finance to get away from home at the time suggested for the conference, since in some countries national congresses will be still in session at that time.

Secretary Glass expects to invite a number of representative financial and industrial leaders of the United States to join him in conferring with the Latin American official representatives. These gentlemen will not be official delegates in the same sense as that in which the representatives of Central and South America now have been appointed, but will be designated to serve on conference committees, one of which will be assigned to each of the countries participating. This system was followed successfully at the first Pan American conference in Washington, May, 1915.

The Secretary will announce the personnel of the group committees shortly before the conference convenes.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Forecast:

S. C. and Ga.—Fair Mon. and Tues.

Fla.—Generally fair Mon. and Tues., although scattered showers probable.

Ky.—Partly cloudy Mon., showers in n. w. Tues., showers and cooler.

Miss.—Fair Mon., Tues., partly cloudy, probably showers and cooler.

Ind. and Lower Mich.—Showers Mon. and probably Tues., cooler Tues.

Ohio—Showers Mon. in west and Mon. afternoon or night in east portion; Tues. showers and cooler.

Ala.—Fair Mon., slightly warmer in interior; Tues. fair.

Ill.—Unsettled Mon. and Tues., cooler Mon.

Mis.—Unsettled and cooler Mon.; Tues. showers.

Wis.—Showers and cooler Mon.; Tues. unsettled.

Min.—Cloudy Mon. and Tues.

Iowa—Unsettled Mon.; much cooler Tues.; showers.

Neb.—Unsettled on Mon., cooler.

Kan.—Unsettled, cooler Mon.; Tues. showers.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Sept. 28.—The market on Saturday showed unusual activity, the total sales amounting to around 15,000. Prices held firm, with an upward tendency. Principal sales and quotations follow:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
65	Abitibi	114	114	114
155	Ames-Holden com.	79¼	79	79
80	Ames-Holden pf.	107¼	107	107
50	Asbestos Corp pf.	85	85	85
30	Brazilian	51½	51½	51½
1,240	Brompton	65¼	64½	65
105	Can. Cottons	92½	92½	92½
615	Canadian Car	46	45¾	46
350	Canadian Car pf.	90½	90	90½
9	Canadian Cement	72	71½	72
215	Canadian Steamship	64	64	64
85	Can. Steamship pf.	84½	84½	84½
335	Con. Smelters	30	30	30
350	Macdonald	35	34½	34¾
60	Dominion Bridge	104½	104¾	104½
95	Dominion Steel	68¼	68¼	68¼
60	Dominion Textile	121¾	121½	121¾
935	Laurentide	229	225	229
605	Montreal Power	91¼	91¼	91¼
2,720	Quebec Railway	23	22	22¾
215	Riordon	143½	142	143½
61	Shawinigan	121	121	121
2,785	Spanish River	54	52¾	54
75	Spanish River pf.	118½	118½	118½
125	Steel of Canada	60¼	59	60¼
260	St. Lawrence Flour.	118	112	112¾
225	Dom. Glass com.	63½	63	63½
80	Wayagamack	66	64	66

Total sales, 14,979.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED SEPT. 27, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$70,921,300	$2,387,724,000
Same period last year	51,363,500	208,092,500

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	74.85	74.63	79.05	74.63
Same period a year ago.	75.82	75.65	77.87	75.65

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
67½	55	8	ADAMS EXP. 4s	55¼	55	55½	— 2¾
112½	98¼	40	Am. Ag. C. deb. 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾	— 1¼
103⅜	97	2	Am. Ag. C. cv. 5s	97	97	97	..
100	99	1	Am. Dock & Imp. 5s	99	99	99	— 1
93	84	178	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s.	86	84½	85	..
91	85½	2	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	87	87	87	..
104¾	99¾	364	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s.	100⅝	99¾	100	— ⅛
86	80½	53	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	82⅝	81¾	82	— ⅜
94	85½	80	Am. T. & T. 5s.	87½	85½	86	— 1½
90¼	88	3	Am. Writing P. 7s.	88⅝	88	88	..
88⅜	83	25	Armour & Co. 4½s.	83¾	83¼	83½	..
85½	76	179	A., T. & S.F. gen. 4s	79¾	77¾	78½	+ ⅝
82	76½	26	A.,T.& S.F.gen.4s,reg	77¾	76¾	77	+ ⅞
79½	70½	26	A.,T. & S.F.adj.4s.s.	71½	71½	71¼	+ 1
102¾	90	5	A.,T. & S.F.cv.4s,'60	91¾	91¼	91¼	+ ⅛
76¼	65⅜	1	A.,T. & S.F.cv.4s,'55	67⅜	67⅜	67⅜	+ 2⅛
92¼	88	2	A.,T. & S.F.,E.Ok.4s	88	88	88	— 2⅜
81	76	10	A.,T. & S.F.,T.S.L.4s	77¼	77¼	77¼	+ ⅛
85½	76	3	At. Coast L. 1st 4s.	80	78	80	+ 2
78½	68½	33	A.C.L., L. & N.col.4s	72	71¼	72	..
82½	69¾	14	BALT. & OHIO g. 4s	70¾	70	70¾	+ ⅛
82½	70½	16	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s.	71¾	70½	70½	— 2
89½	83¾	42	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s	86½	85	85¾	+ ⅝
96½	96	131	B. & O. temp. 6s.	96¾	96	96¾	..
80	60¾	47	B. & O. conv. 4½s.	70¾	69¾	70	— ¼
88¾	80	12	B. & O. S.W.D. 3½s	81¾	81¾	81¾	+ ⅞
78	62⅞	13	B.& O.,P.L.E.& W.4s	64½	62⅞	63	— 2
68	55	6	B. & O., Tol. C. 4s.	58½	55	58½	— 2¼
97½	93½	9	Beth. Steel cnt. 5s.	97	96¾	97	+ ⅛
92	87	1	Beth. Steel ref. 5s.	90½	89¾	89¾	— 1
89½	80	21	Beth. St. pur. m. 5s	88½	85½	86	+ ⅝
72	60	6	B'way & 7th Av. 5s.	63	60	60	..
97	92	4	Braden Copper 6s.	95½	95	95	+ ⅝
70	52½	32	B. R. T. gold 5s.	54	52¾	52¾	— 2⅝
86	72⅝	3	B. R. T. 5s, 1021.	75¾	72⅝	72⅝	— 2⅝
73½	72	2	Bklyn. Un. El. 5s.	72½	72	72	— 1
79½	73½	2	Bklyn. U. E. 5s, sta.	72¾	72¾	72¾	— 2½
95	85¼	5	Bklyn. Un. Gas 5s.	85¼	85¼	85¼	— 1¼
99	95	2	Buff.,R. & P. gen.5s	95	95	95	— 4
81¾	80½	1	Bush Terminal 4s.	81	81	81	— ½
83	79½	2	Bush Term. Bldg. 5s	80	80	80	— 1
83½	80	2	Bush Terminal 5s.	82	82	82	..
95¾	86⅞	1	CAN. SOU. con.5s.	90¾	90¼	90½	+ 3¼
98½	93¾	2	Central Leather 5s	97¾	97½	97⅝	— ⅛
83	72¾	44	Central Pacific 4s.	76¾	74½	75⅝	+ ¾
86⅜	82	10	Cen. Pac. gtd. 3½s	82⅜	82	82⅜	+ ¼
105	100	1	C. of N. J. gen. 5s.	101½	101½	101½	+ 1½
99¼	95⅞	4	Cent. of Ga. 5s.	97	96¾	97	..
90⅞	86	1	Cen. of Ga. con.5s.	86	86	86	— ⅛
90½	85¾	1	Ch. & O. cons. 5s.	94	94	94	— ½
91⅝	86	42	Ch. & Ohio cv. 5s.	84¾	84¼	84¼	— ⅛
85¼	77½	32	Ch. & Ohio cv. 4½s	78½	77½	78	— ⅛
83⅝	72⅞	35	Ch. & O. gen. 4½s.	76⅞	75	76⅝	+ 1⅝
80	72	10	C.&O.,R.&A.1 con4s	76	76	76	— 1½
40	33	12	Chi. & Alton 3½s.	33⅜	33	33	— ½
96½	94	467	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s.	94	93¾	93¾	..
98⅜	94	11	C.,B. & Q.,jt.4s,reg.	95¼	95¼	95¼	+ ⅜
83	76	95	C.,B. & Q. gen. 4s.	80½	78¾	79	..
99½	90¼	3	C.,B. & Q.D.D.4s.	95¼	95¼	95¼	..
93¾	90½	4	C.,B. & Q.,N.ex.4s.	90½	90½	90½	— 1
76	71½	10	C.,B.&Q.,Ill.Div.3½s	75	72	75	+ 2½
85⅞	80½	6	C.,B.& Q.,Ill.Div.4s	84	84	84	+ ⅜
79½	79½	20	C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s, reg.	79½	79½	79¼	— 6⅞
88	79⅞	5	Chi. G. L. & C. 5s.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	— 8¼
68¼	67	26	Chi. Gt. W. 1st 4s.	67¼	67¼	67¼	+ ¼
85¾	85¾	2	Ch., Ind.&L.ref.5s.	85¾	85¾	85¾	..
72	65	7	C.,M.&PugetSd. 4s.	69	68	69	— ½
76¼	66¾	43	C.,M.&St.P. gen.4s	70	66¼	70	+ 2
84¾	76	16	C.,M.&St.P.gen.4½s	76	75½	76	+ ¼
74¼	66	14	C.,M.&St.P.ref.4½s	66	65	65	— ¼
84¾	76	4	C.,M. & St.P.4s,'25	76½	76	76	— ¼
90¾	97	12	C., M. & St. P., C.,P. & W.1st 5s.	98	97¾	97¾	— ⅛
81¾	78	44	C.,M.& St.P.cv.5s,B	75¼	74	75	+ ½
82	71⅜	107	C.,M. &St.P.cv.4½s.	75	73¾	74	— ¼
73⅞	63⅞	2	C. & N.W.gen.8½s.	93¾	93¾	93¾	+ 4¾
83	78	8	C. & N.W. gen.4s.	76¾	76½	76¾	+ ¾
100⅞	90½	13	C. & N. W. gen.5s.	99	97¼	97¾	— ¼
81	72½	14	Chi. Rys. 5s.	73¾	72½	73½	— ⅝
79¾	70	38	C., R.I.&P. gen.4s.	73	71	73	+ ⅛
76⅛	66	114	C.,R.I. & P.ref.4s.	69½	67⅞	69¼	+ 1¼
66	61	5	C. & W. I. con. 4s.	62	61½	62	— ⅜
125	100	16	Chile Copper 7s.	118	117¾	118	— ¾
94⅜	81¼	96	Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s	85½	87½	87¾	+ ⅛
95	82½	63	Chile Copper cv. 6s.	86¾	87½	87½	..
83¾	82¾	2	C. I., St. L. & C. 4s	82¾	82¾	82¾	..
82¾	82¾	1	C.I.,St.L.& C.,reg.	82¾	82¾	82¾	— 6¼
72½	60⅜	2	C.,C.,C.& St.L.gen.4s	66	66	66	+ 1½
84½	77½	16	C., C., C. & St. L. deb. 4½s	78½	77¾	78½	+ 1⅜
80	67½	4	C., C., C. & St. L., St. L. Div. 4s.	67½	67¼	67¾	..
88	83	1	Cleve. Sh. L. 4½s.	84	84	84	+ 1
80¼	73½	4	Col. Industrial 5s.	79	78½	79	+ 1
80¾	77¾	83	Col. & Sou. ref. 4½s.	79⅝	78¾	79¾	+ ⅝
89	83	3	Col. & South. 1st 4s	84½	84½	84½	+ 1½
90¼	82	1	Col. Gas & El. 5s.	87½	87½	87½	— 1⅝
89	82¾	3	Comp.-Tab.-Rec. 6s.	88	88	88	..
106¾	99¾	111	Con. Gas cv. 6s.	100	99¾	99¾	— ⅛
102	99½	3	Corn Prod. Ref. s. f. 5s, 1931	102	102	102	+ 2
80	80	2	DAY. & MICH. 4½s	80	80	80	+ 1
85¼	78½	10	Del. & Hud. r. 4s.	81½	78½	78½	— 2⅝
75¾	64½	57	D. & R. G. con. 4s.	65¼	64½	64½	— ½
60½	45	44	D. & R.G. 1st ref. 5s	58	57¾	58	..
78	69	2	D. & R. G. con. 4½s	71	70¼	71	+ 2
94	83	10	Det. Edison ref. 5s.	86½	88½	88½	— ½
96	93	4	Det. Edison col.tr.5s	96	95	95	..
84¼	76⅞	9	Det. River Tun. 4½s.	77½	76⅞	76⅞	..
81½	70	12	Det. United con. 4½s	71	70	71	..
97	89¾	10	E.T.,VA.& G. con. 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼	+ ⅛
98	89½	2	Elgin, J. & E. 1st 5s	89½	89½	89½	+ 3½
100⅜	98¼	15	Erie 1st con. 7s.	100	100	100	+ ⅛
70½	61	18	Erie 1st con. 4s.	61¼	61	61¼	+ ¼
57½	48⅞	18	Erie gen. 4s.	50	48⅞	49¾	— ⅜
52	43	8	Erie con 4s, A.	44⅜	43	43¼	— 1½
53	43	15	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B.	43½	43	43	— 1
55	45	18	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D.	45½	45	45¾	— ½
101	95½	1	Erie & Jersey 6s.	96	96	96	+ ½
99¾	98¾	2	FT. W. & D. C. 6s.	98¾	98¾	98¾	+ ⅛
101¾	96	13	GEN. ELEC. deb. 5s	95¾	95	95¾	+ ⅛
10⅞	6¾	1	G. B. & W. d.cfs. B.	9	9	9	..
89	80¾	15	Gt. Nor. ref. 4½s.	83	82½	83	..
86	86	1	H.E. & W.T.1st 5s,s.	86	86	86	..
83	71	7	Hocking Val. 4½s.	71¾	71	71	— 1
66¾	54	32	Hud. & Man. ref. 5s.	57½	56½	57½	..
10¾	14	6	Hud. & Man. adj. 5s.	16	15¾	16	..
84½	76	1	ILL. CENT. Ref. 4s	77½	77½	77½	+ 1½
97½	91⅜	58	Ill. Cent. temp. 5½s	95½	94	95½	+ ⅝
77⅝	66	16	Ill. Cent. 4s, '53.	70½	70	70⅝	+ ⅛
79	72⅞	8	Ill. Cent. 4s, '52.	73¼	73¼	73¾	— ¼
79	79	4	Ill. C., Cairo Bldg. 4s	79	70	79	..
86⅜	82¼	18	Illinois Steel 4½s.	85	83⅞	85	+ ⅛
98¼	94	10	Indiana Steel 5s.	95	94¾	94¼	..
85¼	76½	15	Int. Agricultural 5s.	83½	82¾	83¼	+ ¼
43¾	28	311	Interboro-Met. 4½s.	30	26	27	— 3
40¾	26⅜	10	Int.-Met. c. of d.	27½	26⅜	26⅜	— 3½
75½	56¼	936	Int. Rap. Tran. 5s.	61¾	56¼	57⅜	— 4¼
106⅝	96	226	Int. Mer. Marine 6s.	97¼	96⅜	97⅜	..
48	42	2	Iowa Cent. ref. 4s.	43	43	43	..
75½	63⅞	17	K. C., F. S. & M. 4s.	66	65	65	+ ⅜
58	53	1	K. C. & Pacific 4s.	53	53	53	..
88	75⅞	9	Kan. City So. 5s.	77	76	76	— 1
81	73½	25	Kan. City Term. 4s.	75	74	75	+ 1⅛
98	96	3	LACK. STL. 5s, '23	96	96	96	— 1
74	69¼	1	Lake Shore 3½s.	69¼	69¼	69¼	— ¾
89	82¼	80	Lake Shore 4s, '31.	84⅞	83½	84⅜	+ 1½
90	84⅜	20	Lake Shore 4s, '28.	86¼	85¾	85¾	+ ¼
102⅞	101	19	Leh. V. col. tr. 6s.	101¾	101⅝	101⅝	..
94	80	7	L. V. of N. Y. g.4½s	88½	83¼	83¼	+ 2⅜
100	97½	2	L. Valley Coal 5s.	100	100	100	..
95	90	9	Liggett & Myers 5s.	93	91	93	+ 3
111⅜	110	11	Liggett & Myers 7s.	111⅝	111⅜	111⅝	+ ⅛
98½	92½	2	Long Is. cons. 5s.	92½	92½	92½	— ½
75¼	66	10	Long Island unt. 4s.	69	67¾	69	+ 3
113½	100¾	1	Lorillard 7s.	109¾	109¾	109¾	..
94	89¾	3	Lorillard 5s.	92¾	91¾	91¾	— 1
88½	82	6	Louis. & N. unif. 4s.	83¼	83	83¼	+ ⅛
73	64¾	6	L. & N., So. M. jt. 4s	65¾	64¾	64¾	— 2¾
96	94½	2	L. & N., N.F. & S.5s	94½	94½	94½	— ½
72¼	65½	10	MAN. consol. 4s.	66	66	66	+ ½
74½	65	18	Man. cons. 4s, t. ex.	66	65	65	— 1
91	86	20	Midvale Steel 5s.	87¾	86½	87	+ ½
89	87¼	7	Milwaukee Gas 4s.	87¾	87¾	87¾	— 1¼
80	74	3	M. & St. L. con. 5s.	75¾	75¾	75¾	+ 1¼
49	40	5	M. & St. L. 1st & r.4s	43¾	43¾	43¾	— 3½
89	82	4	M., St. P. & S. S. M. cons. 4s	82¼	82	82	— 2
34	29	5	Mo., K. & T. sf. 4½s	30	30	30	..
69	62	11	Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	65	64	65	+ 1
38	29	23	Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s.	35¾	34½	34¾	— 1⅜
100	98	1	Mo. Pac. 1st con. 6s	98¾	98¾	98¾	— ⅛
63½	58¾	151	Mo. Pac. gen. 4s.	58	58¾	58	+ ¾
94½	91	2	M.P. 1st & ref.5s,'22	91	91	91	..
96⅞	87½	0	Montana Power 5s.	88	87½	87½	— 1½
80½	73⅜	8	M. & O.,St.L. & C.4s	74⅞	73⅜	74⅜	— ⅜
91	83⅞	1	Mob. & O., M. Div.5s	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	— 4⅝
73	70	1	Mor. & Essex 3½s.	72½	72½	72½	+ 3
98	95	2	NAT. EM. & S. 5s.	96	96	96	..
99¼	93⅞	1	Nat. Tube 5s.	94	94	94	— 1¾
68¾	63	4	New Or. Term. 4s.	63	63	63	— ⅛
62½	50	60	N.O., T. & M. inc. 5s	58½	57⅞	58	— ⅛
97½	94	2	N. O., T. & M. 6s.	95½	95½	95½	+ 1½
100¼	95⅝	116	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s.	96	95¾	95⅝	— ⅛
73	68	8	N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	70	70	70	— 2
71	68¾	4	N. Y. C. g. 3½s, r.	68	67⅞	68	— ⅛
68	68	4	N. Y. C. c. 4s, reg.	68	68	68	..
80¾	73	37	N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34	80¼	78	80¼	+ ⅛
86	77½	9	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s	79½	78½	78½	— 1
67½	59	2	N.Y.C., L. S.c.3½s,r.	60	60	60	+ 1
76	71	6	N. Y., C. & St.L.4s	73¼	73	73¼	+ ⅛

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
72	68	2	N. Y. Dock 4s.	68¼	68¼	68¼	— ¾
100⅞	100¼	1	N.Y., L. & W. 1st 6s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	— ⅝
94	86	11	N.Y.G.,E.L.,H.& P.5s	86½	86½	86¾	— ⅝
59½	52	5	N. Y., N. H. & H. n. cv. d. 5s, '55.	54	54	54	— 1½
88	76	7	N.Y.,N.H. & H. cv.6s	76¼	76	76	..
60¼	60¼	5	N. Y., O. & W. g. 4s	60¼	60¼	60¼	..
70	60¼	1	N. Y., O. & W.ref.4s	65⅞	65⅞	65¾	+ 5¾
16¼	10½	22	N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s.	11½	11¼	11½	— ⅝
40½	37	12	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s.	37½	37	37	— ½
45	36½	1	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s, ctfs. of dep.	36½	36½	36½	— 1¾
16½	11	8	N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s, ctfs. of dep.	11	11	11	..
78¼	64	2	N.Y.,Sus.&W.ref.5s	69¼	69¼	69¼	+ 4¾
62	52	1	N.Y.StateRys.4½s.	55¾	55¾	55¾	..
101½	98⅜	24	N. Y. Tel. & T. 6s.	99¾	99¼	99½	— ⅜
91½	84¾	74	N. Y. Tel. 4½s.	87½	86½	87¼	+ ⅛
94	42¾	14	N. Y.,W. & B.4½s.	44½	44	44	— 1½
88½	77	38	Norf. & W. con. 4s	78¼	77½	78¼	+ ⅛
110	103	37	N. & W. cv. 6s.	105	104¾	104⅞	+ ⅛
90	82¾	1	Nor. Pac. ref.4½s.	84½	84½	84½	+ 2¼
86	76½	103	North Pacific 4s.	78¾	77¾	78¾	+ ⅝
61⅞	56	46	North Pacific 8s.	57	56¾	57	+ ⅝
91	84½	2	No.St. P.' 1stref.5s.	86	84½	84½	— 1¼
91½	89	1	ONT.POWER 1st5s	89¾	89¾	89¾	— ⅞
99¼	92⅜	5	Ore. & Cal. 1st 5s.	93⅞	93½	93⅞	+ ⅝
101½	99⅞	21	Ore. Sh. L. 1st 6s.	100	99⅞	100	..
86	76½	8	Ore.R. & N.con.4s.	76¾	76½	76¾	+ ¼
88	80⅝	10	Ore. Sh. L. ref. 4s.	83½	82	82	— 1
79½	69¾	4	Ore.-Wash. ref. 4s	71½	71	71¼	+ ¼
88	83⅞	11	PAC. & ELC. 5s.	84	83⅞	83⅞	— ⅝
86¼	87	10	Pac. Tel. & Tel. 5s	87¼	87	87	— 1
89¾	81	34	Penn. gen. 4½s.	82	81	82	..
97⅞	89¾	177	Penn. gen. 5s.	91½	91	91¼	+ ⅛
96¼	92	16	Penn. con. 4½s.	92¾	92	92	— 1
98½	97½	2	Penn. gtd. 4½s.	97¾	97¾	97¾	..
98	96	2	Penn. gtd. 4½s,reg.	96	96	96	— 3
77¼	67¼	9	Peo. G.,Chi.,ref.6s.	69	69	69	— ⅛
82½	66	9	Pere Marq. 1st 4s.	66	66	66	..
90	83	5	Pere Marq. 1st 5s.	85	84	85	+ 1
60⅞	51	4	Peoria & E. 1st 4s.	51	51	51	— ½
31	12	4	Peoria & E.inc. 4s.	27	27	27	— ⅝
55	46	8	Philippine Ry. 4s.	47	47	47	— 1
94	87¼	9	Phila. Co. cv.5s,'22	87½	87½	87½	— 2¾
112¾	88⅝	52	Pierce O. cv.6s,'24.	104¾	104¾	104¾	+ ⅝
140	100	9	Pierce O. cv.6s,'20.	110	108	108	— 8
94½	91½	6	P. C. C. & S. L. 4½s, series A..	91½	91½	91½	..
80	72	27	Pub. Serv. N.J. 5s.	73	72	72	— ½
75½	75½	1	Portland Ry. 5s...	75½	76½	76½	—13
86⅝	80	72	READING gen. 4s.	81¾	81	81¾	— ⅝
96¼	92¾	23	Rep. I. & S. 5s,'40	94¼	94¼	94½	+ ½
73½	63¾	5	Rio Gr. Wn. 1st 4s	64½	64½	64½	— ½
60	53	4	R. G. W. col. tr.4s.	56	53	56	..
72⅜	61	31	R. I., A. & L. 4½s.	61¾	61	61¼	+ ⅛
77½	67	1	Rutland con. 4½s.	75½	76½

U. S. STEAMSHIP

Washington despatches give promise of the straightening out of this company's financial troubles. A discussion of a possible change in the personnel of the management given in current issue of FINANCIAL FORECAST.

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REVOKE INVOICE RULE.

Brazil Repeals Law Compelling Detailed Consular Specifications of Shipments.

Leslie E. Freeman, New York representative of the American Chamber of Commerce for Brazil, announced yesterday the receipt of a cablegram from the Chamber in Rio which said that the organization's fight against the adoption of the consular invoice rule had met with success and through its efforts the ruling had been revoked by the Minister of Finance of Brazil.

"This news will be welcome by every exporter who has any dealings with Brazil," he said. "Had the chamber not been successful in its campaign the requirements of the new ruling would have created serious obstacles in the development of our trade relations with Brazil.

"The consular invoice rule was known as Article 120 of the Brazilian budget law and was scheduled to go into effect on Oct. 1. It provided that consular invoices must contain a clear definition of goods shipped instead of general terms used in the past. Upon the adoption of the rule, general designations of merchandise, such as cotton goods, chinaware not specified, chemical products not specified, &c., would be prohibited. Penalties were established for failure to insert detailed specifications on merchandise listed on Brazilian consular invoices. The exporter, in listing cotton goods, for example, would be obliged to describe the textile as 'white,' 'stamped' or 'dyed,' &c., giving weight and value for each quality."

WEEKLY BANK CLEARINGS.

New York City bank clearings last week, as reported by the Clearing House, and the clearings of the United States, as reported by The Financial Chronicle, compare as follows:

	In New York.	Total U. S.
1919.		
Sept. 27	$4,555,653,049	$8,044,000,000
Sept. 20	5,403,931,346	9,545,042,858
Sept. 13	4,284,959,645	7,963,939,514
Sept. 6	*3,825,609,120	6,873,207,220
Aug. 30	3,908,421,593	7,094,769,739
Aug. 23	4,352,525,182	7,902,087,501
Aug. 16	4,568,624,891	8,181,823,020
1918.		
Sept. 28	$3,336,970,692	$6,898,912,234
Sept. 21	3,377,528,085	6,580,106,542
Sept. 14	3,294,880,342	6,310,421,115
Sept. 7	3,210,960,181	5,880,043,322
Aug. 31	3,618,744,897	6,892,220,690
Aug. 24	3,195,254,777	2,924,074,842
Aug. 17	3,280,803,846	6,251,565,350

LABOR'S DUTY TO SOCIETY.

Bank Letter Says Unions Sometimes Tend Toward Monopoly.

The October letter of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank in discussing labor and capital says that in the new world that is before us there must not only be a clearer conception of society's duty to labor, but of labor's duty to society. The letter says in part:

"With this in mind, it is important to analyze the trades in which strikes have been most conspicuously successful of late, and in which wages seem highest compared with actual work done or ability required. It will be found that these lines are mainly those in which society in general, not the employer, has suffered the most by strikes. The owners of every traction line on which there has been a strike have lost considerably, but the public has suffered immensely more. Where there has been a strike of milk wagon drivers, the loss has not fallen primarily on the milk companies that hired them, but on the public, and particularly on the children that needed milk in thousands of homes.

"Labor organizations have done much to better the conditions of those who work with their hands, and have established for themselves a place in our present industrial system. But when labor organizations spread beyond the employes working for a particular firm or organization, and attempt to cover the whole of industry, their effort becomes plainly one to monopolize labor, and this monopoly in its purpose and effect exactly corresponds to a monopoly in any commodity. When workers agree first not to compete against each other, then to restrict their numbers by vigorous apprenticeship provisions, and then to limit output and hours of work in order to maintain wages, they fly in the face of their duty to society."

LEVIATHAN TO BURN OIL.

Olympic, Aquitania, and Mauretania Also to Stop Using Coal.

The United States Shipping Board has decided to convert the Leviathan into an oil burner on account of the cost of coal and the high wages demanded by firemen, and it is understood the British Government intends to do the same with the Imperator if she is turned over to the Cunard Line.

The White Star liner Olympic and the Cunarders Aquitania and Mauretania are among the big liners which are to be converted into oil burners. Besides economy in fuel the engine room force is reduced by three-fourths and the steam pressure is kept up without trouble when oil is used.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—DEALINGS DISCONTINUED

	Sept. High	Sept. Low	Dec. High	Dec. Low	May High	May Low
Sept. 23	1.40¾	1.40¾	1.25¼	1.22¼	1.25⅝	1.20⅝
Sept. 23	1.55	1.48⅝	1.29	1.24⅜	1.25½	1.22½
Sept. 24	1.60	1.54	1.30⅝	1.26⅜	1.27⅝	1.25⅝
Sept. 25	1.54	1.49	1.27	1.23½	1.24⅛	1.20⅝
Sept. 26	1.48	1.43¾	1.24½	1.22¼	1.22	1.19⅞
Sept. 27	1.44	1.41¾	1.24⅝	1.22¼	1.22¼	1.21
Wks rge.	1.60	1.41¾	1.30⅝	1.22½	1.27⅝	1.19⅞

OATS.	Sept. High	Sept. Low	Dec. High	Dec. Low	May High	May Low
Sept. 22	67⅞	66¾	70½	69¼	72¾	70¾
Sept. 23	.68	67½	70½	69⅝	72⅝	71⅛
Sept. 24	.69	67¾	71½	69⅝	73⅛	71⅜
Sept. 25	.67¼	66½	69⅞	68⅝	71⅜	70⅛
Sept. 26	.67	66	69	68	71⅛	70⅜
Sept. 27	.67½	67	69⅞	69	72⅜	71⅛
Wks rge.	.69	66	71¼	68	73½	70½

Provisions.

LARD.	Sept. High	Sept. Low	Oct. High	Oct. Low	Jan. High	Jan. Low
Sept. 22	24.50	23.70	21.92	21.10	.....	.....
Sept. 23	.....	.....	24.85	24.47	22.90	24.85
Sept. 24	.....	.....	25.60	24.80	22.97	22.50
Sept. 25	25.85	24.90	26.47	24.85	22.65	22.15
Sept. 26	25.90	25.80	25.82	24.87	22.60	21.92
Sept. 27	26.60	26.00	26.00	26.00	22.85	22.30
Wks rge.	26.60	23.70	26.60	21.10	22.97	21.82

RIBS.	Sept. High	Sept. Low	Oct. High	Oct. Low	Jan. High	Jan. Low
Sept. 22	.....	.....	17.80	17.40	.....	.....
Sept. 23	.....	.....	19.00	18.90	18.15	17.85
Sept. 24	.....	.....	19.25	19.00	18.80	18.90
Sept. 25	.....	.....	18.87	18.45	18.52	18.10
Sept. 26	.....	.....	18.80	18.85	18.37	17.95
Sept. 27	.....	.....	.....	.....	18.90	18.35
Week's range	.....	.....	19.25	17.40	18.90	17.85

PORK.	Sept. High	Sept. Low	Oct. High	Oct. Low	Jan. High	Jan. Low
Sept. 22	.....	.....	41.90	41.50	34.80	33.75
Sept. 23	.....	.....	41.87	41.50	35.75	35.00
Sept. 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	36.75	35.80
Sept. 26	.....	.....	40.00	40.00	35.00	35.00
Sept. 27	.....	.....	.....	.....	35.35	35.00
Week's range	.....	.....	41.00	40.00	36.75	33.75

COTTON.

	Oct. High	Oct. Low	Dec. High	Dec. Low	Jan. High	Jan. Low
Sept. 22	31.11	29.34	31.40	30.00	31.47	30.03
Sept. 23	31.58	30.48	31.87	31.24	31.90	31.32
Sept. 24	31.50	31.15	31.80	31.44	31.87	31.52
Sept. 25	31.34	31.06	31.67	31.38	31.75	31.48
Sept. 26	32.60	31.55	32.05	31.93	33.02	32.03
Sept. 27	32.56	32.12	32.86	32.88	32.94	32.48
Wks. rg.	32.60	29.34	32.05	30.00	33.02	30.03

	March High	March Low	May High	May Low	July High	July Low
Sept. 22	31.04	30.16	31.70	30.19	31.43	30.24
Sept. 23	32.00	31.45	32.10	31.50	31.90	31.90
Sept. 24	32.04	31.70	32.05	31.80	31.94	31.94
Sept. 25	32.65	31.65	32.00	31.75	31.92	31.78
Sept. 26	33.21	32.16	33.28	32.92	33.00	32.70
Sept. 27	33.08	32.60	33.18	32.72	32.75	32.75
Week's range	33.21	30.16	33.28	30.19	33.00	30.24

SPOT COTTON.

	New York.	New Orleans.
Sept. 22	31.60	31.00
Sept. 23	32.00	31.88
Sept. 24	31.75	31.38
Sept. 25	31.80	31.38
Sept. 26	32.85	32.13
Sept. 27	32.60	32.50
Week's range—		
High	32.85	32.50
Low	31.60	31.00

Loft
Incorporated

HERMAN BROS.
Specialists
27 William Street, New York
Telephone Broad 2708

Bankers Trust
Guaranty Trust
American Piano
Kirby Lumber Com. & Pfd.
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
New Mex. & Ariz. Land Co.

William C. Orton
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 7160-1-2 Broad

Bucyrus
Central Aguirre Sugar
Industrial Finance
Lehigh Val. Coal Sales
Westchester Fire
Celluloid
General Baking
Franklin Fire Ins.

DAWSON & Co.
40 Wall St. Tel. John 6444

Carbo-Hydrogen
Preferred and Common
Bought & Sold

Douglas Fenwick & Co.
34 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. John 4220

French 5½s 1937
DOLLAR BONDS
Bought—Sold—Quoted

R. A. SOICH & CO.
Tel. 5289-92 Rector. 10 Wall St., N. Y.

Atlantic Lobos Oil
Common & Preferred
Port Lobos Petroleum
Com. & 2nd Pfd.
BOUGHT—SOLD—QUOTED

DUNHAM & Co
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place New York
Telephones 8300-16 Hanover.

Bucyrus Co. *Com.*
Central States Elec. *Pfd.*
Amer. Gas & Elec. *Com. & Pfd.*
Republic Ry. & Ltg. *Com. & Pfd.*
Stand. Gas & Elec. *Stock & Scrip.*

Kiely & Horton
40 Wall St., N. Y. Phone John 6330.

Colombian Emerald
Warren Bros.
Carib Syndicate
Col. Grap. Com. & Pfd.
Stand. Gas & El. C. & Sc'p.

C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Conn. Brass
Bought—Sold—Quoted

E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad St., N. Y. Phones Broad 6951-6

Amer. & British Mfg. Com.
Hart Parr Pfd.
General Baking Com.
Kaufman Dept. Stores Com.
General Gas & El. Cum. Pfd.

Didrichsen Bros.
Tel. Hanover 7885-6-7-8. 15 Broad St.

FRONT STREET & MAIDEN LANE 1803

with the old market and *(at the right hand)* the warehouse of Abraham Valentine, one of the original stockholders in the Merchants' Bank. The great Merchants of the day lived about Bowling Green, and in Broad Street, Pearl Street, Wall Street, and Broadway. At the wharves nearby they unloaded their imports from Europe, the West Indies and the East. The Customs House was close at hand; at Fraunces Tavern, a few minutes walk to the South, shipmasters and merchants met to talk business, and the Merchants' Bank was scarcely a quarter of a mile away.

Merchants' National Bank
of the City of New York
42 WALL STREET

RAYMOND E. JONES, *President* — HARRY T. HALL, *Vice-President* — FRANK L. HILTON, *Vice-President*
OWEN E. PAYNTER, *Cashier* — IRVING S. GREGORY, *Ass't Cashier*

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
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Two Methods of Successful Advertising

Some of the most successful advertisers of to day began with a small investment and increased it as their profits warranted, until they now rank among the largest users of advertising space. There are a number of such examples among Federal clients who began with Federal and still depend upon Federal.

Other successful advertisers for whom Federal thought rightly and wrought rightly have invested largely at the go-off and reaped the quick returns that come from skillful aggressiveness.

Under either method the profitable results of advertising are dependant on KNOWING HOW.

"Put it up to men who know your market."

FEDERAL
ADVERTISING AGENCY, Inc
6 East Thirty-Ninth Street New York
30 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Consultation without charge or obligation

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	74,450	252,580	160,875	$85,800
Tuesday	95,590	237,350	165,150	272,000
Wednesday	134,590	258,310	215,910	264,000
Thursday	294,239	304,921	228,300	285,100
Friday	229,725	379,349	303,950	378,000
Saturday	118,600	656,745	238,450	52,000
Total	947,194	2,149,255	1,312,635	$1,340,000

INDUSTRIALS

Range. 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
3¾	1⅝	6,500	*Acme Coal	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
12⅜	6½	10,200	*Aetna Explosives	11⅜	11	11	— ¾
65	57	500	*Air Reduction	58½	57	57	— 1
67½	51	900	Allied Pack., Inc	54	52¾	54	+ 2
22⅞	19	247,000	Am. Safety Razor	22½	19	19⅝	..
38	28	1,300	*Aus., Nich. & Co	29⅜	29	29	..
13⅝	12	3,800	*Auto Sales	13	12	13	+ 1
33½	27	900	*Auto Sales pf	29⅞	28½	29⅞	— ⅛
4½	3	1,300	Benford Auto Prod.	4	3	3	— 1
11⅝	7¾	7,100	*Brit.-Am. Chem.	10	9¾	10	+ ⅝
30	20	8,100	Br.-Am. Tob., coup.	24⅝	23¾	24½	+ 1
27⅛	20⅝	900	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	23½	23⅛	23⅝	+ ⅛
30	10⅛	100	*Bucyrus Co	24	24	24	+ 3
7	6	12,200	Buddy Bud	7	6	6⅞	..
40	39	150	*Can. Car & F.	40	39	40	..
8½	7⅜	3,000	Canopus Iron	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
3⅝	2⅝	16,400	Carbo Hydrogen	3⅝	3⅛	3⅜	— ⅛
4⅛	3⅛	1,000	Carbo Hydro. pf	4½	3⅝	4	— ⅛
4⅛	2⅜	3,600	*Car. Light & P.	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	..
9	8½	1,000	*Chalmers Motors	9	8½	9	+ ⅛
100	92	4,200	*Chand Cot. w. l.	98	93	97	+ 4
300	149	25	Chevrol. Motor	300	300	300	+20
37½	30	300	*Clinton-Wr't Wire	33	33	33	..
45	38⅝	15,000	*Coca-Cola, v. t. c.	40½	38½	40½	..
45	13⅞	2,100	*Colonial Tire	20	16	18	..
51	45	7,500	*Col. Graph., w. i.	46	43½	45	..
13½	9½	500	*Com. Motors	11	11	11	+ ¾
1⅝	⅞	8,500	*Cs Mot. Chem.	1	⅞	1	..
124	107	80	Chg Oil	109	107	108	..
12¾	11	3,700	*Dafoe-Dustin, Inc	12¾	11½	11⅝	+ ⅜
24	15	4,100	Delstour Bev	16⅜	15	16¾	— ..
50	38	100	*Dur. Hos., B	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	— 1⅛
99⅞	98⅞	100	*Durham Hos pf	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	+ ⅛
62⅜	53½	3,300	*Emerell Coal	56	55	55½	— ⅜
129½	39	51,200	*General Asphalt	128½	89	128⅛	+37½
190	87	5,400	*General Asp. pf	190	142	190	+59½
9¾	3	500	*General Tractor	8½	8½	8½	..
35	28½	200	Goodhaux Sugar	25	25	25	— 5
98	95	200	Goldchaux Sugar pf	93	93	93	— 2¾
85	85	6,400	Grand Pacific	85	85	85	..
1⅛	⅞	400	Grap-Ola	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
1⅛	1⅛	400	Grape-Ola pf	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..
13	9	800	Hoe Val. Prod.	13½	12¾	13½	+ 1
10⅜	6	8,000	*Heyden Chemical	9	8½	9	+ ⅛
14⅜	4⅝	7,900	Hupp Motor Car	10⅜	10¼	10¼	+ ⅛
7¼	7	1,030	*Imp. T. of G. B. & Can., rights	7⅛	7	7	..
25	14	200	Imp.T. Gt. B. & I.	14	14	14	..
50½	23	10,800	*Indian Packing	27	25	26	..
35	10¾	300	Intercon. Rubber	20	19¼	20	— ⅛
47	47	100	Inter. Fur. Exch.	47	47	47	..
10¼	6	1,800	*Knickerbo'r Mot.	6½	6	6	— ⅛
98	27½	1,400	*Lima Locomotive	94¼	91	91	— 5
75	45	5,900	*Mad. Tire & Rub.	75	64½	75	+10
7⅝	4	25,500	Marconi of Am.	7⅛	6¼	7	+ ⅝
84½	25	700	*Martin Parry Cp.	31	29	31	+ 1½
60	50	200	Max. Mot. w. i.	60	60	60	..
12½	12½	200	Motor Appliance	12½	12½	12½	..
81½	47	1,000	*Natl. Coal & Ice	70	64	70	+17
25	17½	2,600	*National Leather	18½	17½	18	— 1
7⅞	7¼	1,300	*Natl. Motor Bus.	7⅞	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
78	16	100	N. Y. Shipbuilding	56½	56¼	56½	— 1⅝
8	2⅜	5,100	Nor Am. P. & F.	4⅞	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
66	52	8,425	Otis Steel	38⅝	36	37¼	+ 1
25⅜	14¼	15,800	Overland Tire Co.	25⅜	21¾	25½	+ 3½
70	63	1,200	Pacific Div.	70	68	71	..
8¼	8	700	*Owen Tire	8¼	8	8¼	..
95¾	94½	650	Philip Jones Cp. pf	95¾	94½	95	..
100¼	100	300	Proc. & Gamble, n.	100¼	100	100	..
27	6	400	Pressman Tire	8	8	8	..
1⅝	⅛	17,500	Perfec. T. & Rub.	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
32	20	200	Reo Motors	31	30½	31	..
11	6¾	8,100	*Republic Rubber	7	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
12	9¼	1,900	*Rock. Rol. Mills	10¼	9¼	10	+ ¼
46	37	15,800	*Root & Vander't	46	42	46	+ 3¼
17⅝	12½	1,600	Savold Tire	16	12½	16	..
52	51½	600	Standard Parts	52	51½	52	..
97	96½	800	Standard Parts pf	97	96½	97	..
20⅞	10	13,700	Sub.Boat v. t. ctfs.	16¼	15	16¼	+ 1
15¾	6⅜	6,600	*Sweets Co.of Am.	13⅞	13	13¼	— ⅞
65½	40¼	1,200	*Swift Internat	57	55½	56	..
40¼	23	20,500	*Tob. Prod. Exp.	37	33¼	36	+ 1
158	102	150	Todd Ship Yards	189¾	180½	189¾	+ ¾
86	60¾	2,100	*Union Carbide	81	78	80½	+ 1½
22	11	21,900	*Un. Pic. Prod. Cp.	22	14¼	22	+ 7½
3⅜	⅞	12,600	Un. Profit Sharing	2⅜	2½	2⅜	..
8¼	1½	5,800	U. S. Lt. & Heat	2¼	2¼	2⅞	..
4	2½	600	U. S. Lt. & H. pf.	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	..
82	31	200	U. S. L. R., ris.	32	31	32	..
30¼	19¼	84,000	*Un.Retail S. Cdy.	23½	22	23	+ 2⅜
6¾	2	168,300	U. S. Steam. Co.	4⅜	2⅞	4½	+ 1⅜
2⅜	2⅜	1,000	Uzold Tire	2⅜	2⅜	2⅛	..
41⅜	37½	7,900	*V. S. Co. of Am.	40½	38½	40	+ 1⅝
33	27½	23,500	*V. Vivadou, Inc.	20	27½	28	— ⅜
86	42½	1,900	*Warren Bros.	80	71	80	+ 8
6¾	2	36,900	Wayne Coal	5⅜	4⅛	5⅛	+ ⅜
26	16¼	1,800	*Web.& Hellbroner	25	21½	25	+ 3½
46	17	6,800	*Willys Corp	46	17	17½	..
100	98½	1,300	*Willys 1st pf	100	98½	100	..

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

22¾	22	2,200	Anglo-Am. Oil	22¾	22	22½	+ ⅛
88	73	19,500	Atlantic Lobos	88	73	87	..
140	130	300	Atlan. Lobos pf	140	130	140	..
107	99	10	Ind. Pipe Line	100	100	100	..
197	167	10	*Illinois Pipe Line	182	182	182	..
404	316	20	*Ohio Oil Co	367	365	367	— 3
800	630	10	Prairie Oil & Gas	730	730	730	..
317	268	10	Prairie Pipe Line	285	285	285	— 1
350	292	20	So. Penn. Oil	329	325	329	— 3
820	710	34	Stand. Oil, Ind	715	710	710	..
..	..	10	Stand. Oil, Cal	392	392	392	..
798	668	110	*Stand. Oil, N. J.	678	668	678	+ 3
430	272	286	*Stand. Oil, N. Y.	408	392	408	+11

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

11¼	10	7,000	*AJax Oil	11	10½	11	+ ½
1¼	⅝	1,020,000	*Allied Oil	1½	1¼	1½	+ ⅜
7⅜	6	7,850	Alto Oil & Gas	7⅜	6	7⅜	..
2⅜	1	28,500	*Amal. Royalty	1¼	1	1⅛	— ⅛
2½	⅝	12,200	Aritex Oil	1⅝	⅝	1	— ⅜
4½	1	800	Atlantic Pet	3⅝	3½	3⅝	— ⅛
⅞	⅛	7,700	*Barnett O. & G.	⅞	⅛	⅞	..
10½	3	10,800	*Boone Oil	8¾	7¾	8⅜	— ⅛
4½	3¾	3,300	*Boat.-Mex. Pet	4½	3¾	4	..
83	18	63,000	†Boston-Wyo. Oil	75	68	74	+ 4
32½	26½	1,100	Brazos Oil	30	29	30	— ⅛
⅝	⅜	48,800	*Can-Am. O. & G.	1	⅝	1	..
5¾	4½	3,100	*Circle Oil	5½	5¼	5½	+ ⅛
50½	35¼	11,200	*Cit. Serv. B.T.S.	50½	48	49¾	+ 3¾
63	37	4,400	*Com'wealth Pet	54	50½	50¾	+ ½
9¼	6	2,900	Continental Ref	6½	6	6¼	— ⅛
12½	6⅞	16,100	*Costa & Co	11⅜	11¼	11¾	+ ¼
8⅞	8¾	500	Elk Basin Pet	8⅞	8¾	8⅞	..
11	6½	211,600	*Ertel Oil	9¾	7½	8⅝	+ ⅝
⅝	⅛	9,100	*Esmer. Oil & Gas	⅛	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
4	2	10,500	*Federal Oil	3	2¾	2⅞	..
8¼	3½	15,700	*Glenrock Oil	5½	4½	4⅞	+ ⅛
..	..	7,000	†Gt. West. Pet	16	15	16	— 1
25¼	13	6,025	*Guffy-Gil. Oil	22	21	22	+ 1
38	27	16,200	†Gulfport O. & R.	32	27	30	..
40¼	10	8,850	*Home O. R. of T.	20¼	19½	20	..
88	80	39,100	†Home P. of Den.	36	30	35	— 3
3¼	.55	15,600	*Hudson Oil	1⅝	⅝	1⅛	..
10½	6¾	2,800	*Indiahoma Oil	10	9¼	10	..
36¾	16¾	19,200	*Internat. Pet	36¾	29¾	35	+ 5
39	30¾	18,100	*Invincible Oil	36	34½	36	+ 1½
9¼	6¾	23,900	*Island O. & T.	7⅞	6¾	7⅞	+ ⅝
2¾	½	9,200	*Lance Creek Roy.	⅝	½	½	..
1	⅛	800	Little Sioux Oil	1	1	1	..

Range. 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
4⅞	1⅜	55,000	Livingtson Oil	2⅝	2	2¼	— ⅛
35	20	8,400	*Merritt Oil	23¾	22	23¾	+ 2
4½	1¾	7,500	Met. Petrol	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	10¼	2,400	Mex-Panuco Oil	18	17	18	..
37	28	320	*Mid. St. Oil, new.	30	26	29	..
3⅝	1⅜	4,500	Middle St. Oil	3	2⅞	3	..
196	125	3,800	*Midwest Ref	175	166	174	+ 8
5⅞	2	5,400	*Morton Pet. of M.	3	2⅝	3	+ ⅛
1½	⅝	2,000	Midwest-Texas Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
7	2¾	800	National Oil	3½	3	3½	..
9	5¾	23,900	North Am. Oil	7	5¾	7	..
2¼	⅝	7,000	*Ohio Ranger	⅞	⅝	⅞	..
3½	1½	2,500	Okmul. P. & R.	2	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
7¼	5⅞	4,700	Omar O & G., new.	7	5⅞	6¼	— ⅛
7	1⅝	400	*Orient Oil & Gas	5	5	5	— ½
2½	⅞	14,000	*O. N. O. Syn., Inc.	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
17⅞	11¾	4,100	*Pennok Oil	15	14½	14½	— ½
64	38	16,500	*Phillips Pet	64	60	64	+ 4½
16¼	8¾	9,200	*Pittsburgh-Texas	15¼	15	15⅜	..
9⅝	7	2,300	*Prod. & Ref	8¼	8	8¾	+ ⅛
19	8	2,000	Queen Oil	9	9	9	..

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.

Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells flat. §Special. x Ex dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.		Quotation Sep. 27, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar.	& Sep.	83	90
A. W. W. & Elec., '34	5	Apr.	& Oct.	62	64
Anac. & Pot. R., '49	5	Apr.	& Oct.	..	90
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '41	..	June	& Dec.	72	76
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr.	& Oct.	80	90
Augusta-Aiken Ry. & Elec., '35	5	June	& Dec.	20	..
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb.	& Aug.	80	85
Buff. Gen. El., '30	5	Feb.	& Aug.	96	96½
Do deb., '22	6	Feb.	& Aug.	107	108
Buff. & Niag. E. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan.	& July	..	80
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan.	& July	..	..
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan.	& July	93½	96½
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan.	& July	..	98
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	Jan.	& July	..	82
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29	5	Jan.	& July	94	96
Charleston City Ry., '23	5	Jan.	& July	97½	..
Charleston Con. Ry. G. & E., '99	5	Jan.	& July	96	98
Cit. Serv. deb., Ser. B	7	Mar.	& Sep.	..	90
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr.	& Oct.	90	92
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec., 1st, '36	5	Jan.	& July	75	85
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr.	& Oct.	85	90
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan.	& July	70	75
Do unstamped, '51	4½	Jan.	& July	70	75
Cons. Gas, (Balt.,) '54	4½	Jan.	& July	82½	84
Do, 1939	5	Jan.	& July	95	99
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan.	& July	82½	83
Cons. Gas N. Y., '36	5	Jan.	& July	85	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr.	& Oct.	80	..
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June	& Dec.	83	85
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan.	& July	93	98
Do deb., '30	5	Jan.	& July	85	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May	& Nov.	90	94
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr.	& Oct.	100	..
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May	& Nov.	84	88
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June	& Dec.	92	96
Eliz. & Trenton, '62	5	Apr.	& Oct.	..	80
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan.	& July	86	92
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr.	& Oct.	..	81
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May	& Nov.	..	82½
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June	& Dec.	89	..
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan.	& July	93	..
Hoboken Ferry, '46	5	May	& Nov.	75	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '35	5	Feb.	& Aug.	93	96
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May	& Nov.	90	92
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May	& Nov.	50	56
K. C. Long D. T., '25	5	Jan.	& July	87¼	88½
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan.	& July	88½	90
Louisv. Gas & El., '23	7	Jan.	& July	99	100½
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan.	& July	92½	95½
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan.	& July	76	78½
Nash.R.& L.1st con.,'53	5	Jan.	& July	90	94
Do ref., '58	5	Jan.	& July	70	76
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	Jan.	& July	93	96
Newark Gas, '48	5	June	& Dec.	90	95
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan.	& July	85	90
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '48	4	May	& Nov.	..	56
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan.	& July	60	66
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan.	& July	95	96
Do ref., '32	6	Apr.	& Oct.	100	102
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June	& Dec.	..	80
Norf. Ry. 1st, '49	5	May	& Nov.	85	90
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan.	& July	..	80
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan.	& July	78	81
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con.,'28	5	Jan.	& July	78	81
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb.	& Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21	6	Jan.	& July	96	99
Paterson Ry. gen., '44	5	Apr.	& Oct.	90	80
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb.	& Aug.	..	80
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May	& Nov.	73	77
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June	& Dec.	93	..
Do cons., '36	5	Jan.	& July	93	93¼
Riverside T., '60	5	June	& Dec.	..	80
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar.	& Sep.	58	65
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May	& Nov.	75	85
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Feb.	& Aug.	88	90
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb.	& Aug.	87	92½
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar.	& Sep.	82	86
Stand. Gas & El., '57	5	Apr.	& Oct.	82	82
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '51	4	May	& Dec.	70	..
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June	& Dec.	86	90
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan.	& July	74	77
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June	& Dec.	88	93
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr.	& Oct.	70	75
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June	& Dec.	70	73
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar.	& Sep.	69½	70½
Do income, '49	4	June	& Dec.	52½	53
Wash., B. & A., '41	5	Mar.	& Sep.	78½	79½
Washington Gas, '60	5	May	& Nov.	94½	96
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan.	& July	61	64
W. St. Gas & El., '27	6	Feb.	& Aug.	86	89
Wheeling Trac., '31	5	Jan.	& July	70	80

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

Am. B. Sh. & Fy., '52	5	Mar.	& Sep.	99	102
American Ice, '22	5	Apr.	& Oct.	94	98½
American Maltine, '26	5	June	& Dec.	94	100
Am. Steel Fds. deb., '23	4	Feb.	& Aug.	91½	..
Am.S.S. (W.Va.) 1st, '20	5	May	& Nov.	99¼	..
Buf. & Sus. Iron 1st, '32	5	June	& Dec.	91	95
Cent. Iron & Steel, '25	5	Feb.	& Aug.	99½	100
Chi. Pneu. Tool, '21	5	Jan.	& July	99½	..
Commer. Cable 1st, '97	4	Jan.	& July	68	72
Computing Scale, '41	6	Jan.	& July	98	101
Dom. Glass 1st, '33	6	June	& Dec.	90	..
Lima Locomotive, '32	6	May	& Nov.	95	100
Monon Coal 1st	5	June	& Dec.	50	58
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan.	& July	83	86
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '33-'40	5	Jan.	& July	90	97
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May	& Nov.	98½	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Sep. 27, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	15	17
Do pf.	4	Q	Jul 1, 19	78	80
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	118	121
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	40	41½
Am. Light & Trac.	5	Q	Aug 1, 19	218	220
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	94	96
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Jun 2, 19	57	60
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	70	73
Am. Public Utilities	¾	..	Jul 1, 19	8	12
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	25	30
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.				5	6½
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 15,19	59	62
Do participating pf.	3	S	Jun 2, 19	10	13
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Jun 2, 19	73	78
Buffalo Gen. Electric	2	Q	Jun 30,19	107½	108½
Capital Traction	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	85	87
Cities Service	⁵⁄₁₀	M	Sep 1, 19	483	493
Do pf.	½	M	Sep 1, 19	77	78
Do Bankers Shares	49.1c	M	Sep 1, 19	49⅝	50⅛
Colorado Power	½	Q	Jul 15, 19	18	22
Do pf.	½	Q	Sep 15,19	97	101
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jun 1, 19	73	78
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	..	Nov 1, 18	23	24
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 19	52	53
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Jun 1, 19	78	83
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jul 15, 19	..	60
Eastern Texas Elec.	2½	S	Jul 1, 19	54	57
Do pf.	3	S	Jul 1, 19	78	83
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	92	95
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Jun 15,19	..	86
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	Jun 1, 19	110	115
Federal Light & Trac.				9	11
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	45	50
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Mar 15,19	..	61
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jul 1, 19	73	..
Miss. River Pr. pf.				51	51
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	70	76
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 19	102¼	103
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.				11	14
Do pf.	3	S	Jul 15, 19	57	61
No. States Power	1¾	..	Jan 20,18	65	67
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 21, 19	90	92
Nor. Texas Elec. pf.	3	S	Sep 1, 19	70	74
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	1½	Q	Aug 15,19	88	90
Pac. Pr. & Light pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	90	100
Republic Ry. & Light	1	..	Jul 15, 18	11	14
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 15, 19	47	50
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	Aug 15,19	89	91
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 19	102	104
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Jun 1, 19	100	105
Standard Gas & Elec.				30	31
Do pf.	2	Q	Jun 14,19	40½	43
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Aug 15,19	105	110
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.				4	5
Do pf.				12	15
United Light & Rys.	1	Q	Jul 1, 19	41	43
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	70	70¾
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	50c	Q	Apr 22,19	17½	19
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Aug 1, 19	49	50
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¼	Q	Jun 1, 19	25	..
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 1, 19	51	54
Western Power				24	26
Do pf.	1	Q	Jul 15, 19	76	78
Wisconsin Edison	$1	Q	Jul 1, 19	30	35

*1% payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stock. ‡Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

American Brass	1½	Q	Aug 15,19	225	230
American Chicle	1	Q	Aug 1, 19	103	104
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	80	85
American Mfg.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 19	145	150
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	87½	90
Amer. Typefounders	1	Q	Jul 15, 19	46	50
Atlas Powder	3	..	Sep 10,19	140	145
Do pf.	1½	..	Aug 1, 19	90	92
Babcock & Wilcox	2	S	Aug 1, 19	122	124
Bord. Cond. Milk	4	S	Aug 15,19	105	106
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 14,19	98	99
By-Products Coke	1½	Q	May 20,19	114	118
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	..	80
Celluloid	2	..	Jun 30,19	140	150
Central Aguirre Sugar	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	220	228
Central Coal & Coke	1½	Q	Jul 15, 19	89	90
Chi. Ry. Equipment	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	105	108
Childs	1	Q	Sep 10,19	85	87
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Sep 10,19	95	98
Crocker-Wheeler	2	Q	Jul 15, 19	90	95
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 19	96	100
Del., Lack. & W. Coal.	$1¼	Q	Jul 15, 19	165	171
Draper Corp.	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	140	143
Eastern Steel	$2½	Q	Jul 15, 19	83	89
Do 1st pf.	3½	Q	Jun 16,19	88	93
Eastman Kodak	$2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	610	615
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	Aug 1, 19	97	99
Federal Rubber 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	99	101
Federal Sugar	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	103	107
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	103	107
Fisk Rubber Tire pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 19	98½	99
Gillette Safety Razor	$2½	Q	Aug 30,19	180	182
Hercules Powder	2	Q	Jun 25,19	211	216
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 15,19	106	110
Ingersoll-Rand pf.	3	S	Jul 1, 19	102	108
Int. Silver				30	45
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	90	96
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	May 30,19	72¾	75
Manati Sugar	b2½	Q	Sep 8, 19	101	103
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	95	100
Matanzas-Am.				5	12
Do pf.					80
Merg. Linotype	2½	Q	Jun 30,19	137	140
Merrimac Chem. ($50)	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	92	94
Nat. Candy	3	Q	Sep 10,19	108	109
Do 1st pf.	3½	S	Sep 10,19	108	113
Do 2d pf.	3½	S	Sep 10,19	101½	102½
Nat. Sugar Refining	1¾	Q	Jul 2, 19	136	139
New Jersey Zinc	4	Q	Aug 9, 19	242	245
New Niquero Sugar pf.	3½	S	Jun 2, 19	190	..
Niles-Bement-Pond	2	Q	Sep 20,19	117	121
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 20,19	95	100
O'Neill & Co. pf.	1¾	..		98	99½
Otis Elevator	1¼	Q	Jul 15, 19	119	122
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 15, 19	87	93
Procter & Gamble	5	Q	Aug 15,19	696	705
Royal Baking Powder	2	Q	Jun 30,19	145	..
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 30,19	98	99
Safety Car H. & Ltg.	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 19	45	47
Santa Cecilia Sugar				46	47
Do pf.	3½	S	Aug 1, 19	76	78
Shredded Wheat	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	128	..
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 19	..	90
Singer Mfg.	2½	Q	Jun 30,19	102	105
Stollwerck Choc. pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	102	103½
Texas & Pacific Coal.	h1½	Q	Jun 30,19	1650	1675
Valvoline Oil	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	104	107
Waitt & Bond pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	100	103
Warren (S. D.) pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	102	103½

*And 1¾% extra. †And 50c extra. ‡And 3% extra. a—And 7½% extra. b—And 2½% extra. h—And $1 extra.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Sep. 27, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	15	S	Jul 1, 19	600	620
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	a5	S	May 1, 19	270	..
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	195	..
Bk. of Cuba	100,000	6	S	Jul 1, 19	178	185
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	g3	S	Jul 1, 19	215	225
Bowery	250,000	*3	Q	Aug 1, 19	420	..
B'way Centl.	100,000	..	..	..	140	150
Bronx Nat.	200,000	4	S	Jul 1, 19	150	160
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	..	100	150
Bryant Park	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 19	150	160
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	Jul 1, 19	30	40
Chase Nat'l.	10,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 19	515	..
Ch.-Ph. Nat.	7,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 19	300	310
Chelsea Ex.	400,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	125	..
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	3½	B	Sep 1, 19	580	585
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	b2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	245	..
City Nat'l.	25,000,000	5	S	May 1, 19	435	445
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	b3	Q	Jul 1, 19	240	250
Colonial	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	350	..
Columbia	1,000,000	4	S	Jun 30,19	193	..
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jul 1, 19	300	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	May 1, 19	220	230
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	240	245
Conti'l (1915)	1,000,000	3½	S	Aug 1, 19	115	..
Corn Exch.	4,200,000	3	Q	Aug 1, 19	400	..
E. R. Nat.	1,000,000	2	..	Jul 1, 16	148	..
Fifth Av.	500,000	†12½	Q	Jul 1, 19	870	925
Fifth Nat.	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	200	220
First Nat.	10,000,000	15	Q	Jul 1, 19	1010	1050
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30,19	200	210
Gotham Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	200	225
Greenwich	500,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 19	375	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	8	Q	Jul 1, 19	790	810
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 5, 19	350	..
Imp. & T.Nat	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 1, 19	575	600
Irving Nat.	6,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	††355	358
Liberty Nat.	3,000,000	4½	Q	Jul 1, 19	600	650
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	270	290
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	225	230
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	5	Q	Jul 15, 19	410	420
Mer. Nat.	3,000,000	2	S	Jul 1, 19	235	245
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	195	..
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	400	420
N. Nether'd.	200,000	4	S	Apr 1, 19	200	215
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	450	..
N.Y. Co. Nat	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17	140	150
N.Y.Pro. Ex.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 15, 19	*375	405
Pacific ($50)	500 000	a81	Q	Aug 1, 19	135	..
Park Nat.	5,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 19	730	750
People's ($25)	200,000	8	Q	Jul 10, 19	130	140
Public	1,500,000	3	Q	Jun 30,19	290	300
Seab'd Nat.	2,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	550	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	400	425
State	2,000,000	5	S	Jul 1, 19	145	..
23d Ward	200 000	3	S	Aug 1, 19	115	130
United States	1,000,000	10	..	Jul, 1918	177	..
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jun 30,19	185	195
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	350	..
Westch'r Av.	100,000	2	Q	Aug 1, 19	200	..
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Jun 30,19	325	..

*And 7% extra. †And 55% special. ‡And 3% extra. ††Includes one-half share Irving Trust Co. stock. §And 5% of First Security Co. a—And $1 extra. b—And 1% extra. d—And $1 extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Bankers Tr.	15,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	450	460
Brooklyn	1,500,000	3½	Q	Jul 1, 19	500	..
Cent. Union	12,500,000	*3½	Q	Jul 1, 19	455	465
Columbia	5,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30,19	360	370
Commercial	500,000	..	..	..	140	..
Empire	2,000,000	3	Q	Jun 28,19	295	305
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	5	Q	Jun 30,19	440	450
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Aug 1, 19	440	450
Fidelity	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jun 30,19	220	230
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30,19	235	245
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jul 1, 19	245	260
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Jun 30,19	400	410
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Aug 1, 19	255	265
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2	Q	Jun 30,19	130	140
Irving Trust	3,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	‡	..
Kings Co.	500 000	7	Q	Aug 1, 19	640	665
Law.T.& T.C.	4,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	125	135
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Aug 1, 19	175	185
Manufact'rs	1,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 19	180	..
Mercantile	1,000,000	..	..	..	235	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30,19	360	370
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Jun 30,19	620	..
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	10	S	Jun 10,19	770	795
People's Tr.	1,200,000	4	Q	Jun 30,19	290	310
Title Gt. T.	5,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30,19	400	410
United States	2,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 19	875	925
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 19	430	450

*And 2% extra. †And 1% extra. ‡See Irving Nat. Bank.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	J. & J.	245	255
A. Sur'y ($50)	5,000,000	$1	Q	Jun 30,19	74	80
Bd. & Mtg.G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Aug 15,19	245	255
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	S	Jun 30,19	118	128
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	Jun 30,19	100	325
Continental	10,000,000	2½	S	Jul 10,19	315	330
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jul 10,19	1000	..
Globe & Rut.	700,000	*10	Q	Jul 30, 19	420	430
Great Amer.	5,000,000	†6	Q	Jul 15, 19	420	430
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 19	80	85
Home Fire	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	555	565
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	..	..	Jul 1, 19	125	130
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jun 30,19	94	99
Nat Llb.($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	155	165
Nat. Surety	4,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 19	247	251
N.Y. T. & M.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 19	120	126
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	*10	S	J. & J.	185	200
N. River($25)	600,000	5	S	A. & O.	40	45
Pacific ($25)	400,000	5	S	Jul 22, 19	40	50
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	8	S	Jul 15, 19	108	115
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	50	60
Westc'r ($10)	1,000,000	50c	Q	Aug 1, 19	36	39

*And 5% extra. †And 1% extra.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

Bklr. St. & F. Ferry stock	$900,000	⅝	..	J. & J.	21⅛	..
B'way&7thAv	2,100,000	2½	..	Jan 1, 19	40	80
Bn. C.R.($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Jul 15, 19	5	9
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	..	Jan 1, 19	50	75
5th Av. R.	1,000,000	4	..	Jan 15,19	120	160
42d St & G.St	740,000	4½	..	Feb 1, 19	..	190
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	..	Jan 15,19	..	110
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	..	Mar 20,19	..	95

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that by virtue of the lien held by Milton Schnaier Contracting Corporation against the following described personal property, to wit: 245 shares of capital stock of Milton Schnaier Contracting Corporation belonging to the estate of Edward C. Harrington, deceased, and now in the possession of Milton Schnaier Contracting Corporation, the said corporation will sell such property at public sale to the highest bidder to satisfy such lien at the Real Estate Auctioneers' Association, 14-16 Vesey St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 15th day of October, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, by Samuel Marx, Auctioneer.

MILTON SCHNAIER CONTRACTING CORPORATION,
Auctioneer's Office,
115-117 West 23rd St., City.
Tel. Farragut 9660-1-2.

MONEY RATES

	On Call— High.	Low.	Last.	Re-newals.
Sept. 22	6	5½	6	5½
Sept. 23	6	6	6	6
Sept. 24	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Sept. 25	7	6	7	6
Sept. 26	9	6	7	6
Sept. 27	6	6	6	6
Week's range— High			9	6
Low			5½	5½
Same week last year— High			7	6
Low			2½	4
Year to date— High			20	10
Low			3½	3½

	On Time— 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Sept. 22	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Sept. 23	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Sept. 24	6	6	6
Sept. 25	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Sept. 26	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Sept. 27	5¾@6	5¾@6	5¾@6
Week's range— High	6	6	6
Low	5¾	5¾	5¾
Same week last year— High	6	6	6
Low	5½	5½	5½
Year to date— High	8	8	8
Low	5	5	5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@4⅜
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@4⅜
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5½@6

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.....5¼@5½
4 to 6 months.....5¼@5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....5½

DISCOUNT

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

ABSORBENT COTTON Wanted.—5,000 pounds in 1-pound packages, at a price. Seigel & Werner, 6 Albany St., City. Rector 8753.

AMERICAN IRENELLO Wanted. — 0834, brown 902, Suedenes 13058, all shades; also Eick's bolivias. Greeley 528.

ASTRACHAN CLOTH Wanted. Phone Greeley 4124.

BAFFIN SEAL Wanted. — Also plushes, Yukon seal. I. D. Karpas, 22 W. 26th St.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Brown, Eick. Farragut 9805.

BOTANY YALAMA Wanted.—Navy and brown. Chelsea 2840.

BROADCLOTH, Silvertone, Cheviots, Velours, Mercerized Plush Wanted.—Black and colored; anything suitable children's coats; extremely low prices only considered. A. S. Rosenberg, 45 West 20th; Farragut 649.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, navy, will give in exchange any other color or will buy. Greeley 1156.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Deering-Milliken's 1587, or similar make; black only. Call Gramercy 5129.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Navy, brown, and burgundy. Stuyvesant 8214.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. or botany; all colors. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

CHAMELEON CORD Wanted. — 721, all colors. M. R. Silverman. Farragut 8290.

CAMISOLES Wanted.—Open for 5,000 dozen satin and crepe de chine camisoles for cash; write details, also prices. F 88 Times.

CHALLIS Wanted.—We are open to buy quality of Botany all wool challis. Livingston & Lieberman, 547 Broadway.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted.—Will exchange wistaria for black. Madison Square 684.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted.—All colors and makes. Marx, 9163 Madison Square.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted.—All shades, any quality; phone price. Mad. Sq. 8313.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—Germania 199, color 81 light blue. Louis Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d.

CLOTH, Silvertone, Velours and Broadcloth Wanted.—N. Hurwits & Son, 109 West 26th St.

CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS Wanted.—Jobs men's, boys'; large or small lots. Max Kalter Mercantile Co., 591 Broadway; Spring 5160.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber buying long plush coats, popular price and better grade, for cash. Call with samples all week, S. & M. Silverstein, 12 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade coats and suits. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

COATS, DRESSES Wanted.—2,000; better grade materials; immediate delivery; price object. 276 Times.

COATS Wanted.—Suits, dresses, capes, dolmans, skirts, waists, jobs; cash. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles of ladies' and misses' coats, 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Will buy for spot cash 2,500 coats, any quantity jobs. 4th floor, 48 West 27th. Farragut 5154.

COATS Wanted.—Placing orders plush sport coats. 122 West 20th, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobs, any quantity; call after three. 9 East 30th St. N. Y.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—Good quality only, under price; cash. O 78 Times.

COTTON PLAIDS Wanted.—Also cotton warp and shirtings. Gotham Mills, 44 East 23d St.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—Brown, pekin, rose, copen, light brown; cash. Gramercy 806.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—Navy, brown. H. Drusin & Son, Farragut 8486.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—Any quantity, all colors. Phone Chelsea 7545.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large orders placed on cotton voile dresses for Spring; also immediate, serges and satins; bring samples. Mornings, 9 to 12, 16 East 18th, 1st floor.

DRESSES AND COATS Wanted. — Out-of-town jobber is open for 2,500 ladies' dresses and coats for spot cash; come with samples Monday, 10. Cash, 38 W. 32d St., Room 1300.

DRESSES, Suits, Winter Coats, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted.—Better grade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard; Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted.—Unload all your dresses here for spot cash; velveteens, serges and trico tines. A. Packales & Son, 1,123 Broadway, N. Y. C.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers looking at better grade satins and velvyteen. Commodore Garment Co., 15 West 20th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Boston jobber placing orders on party dresses. D. A., 809 Times Downtown.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Capes Wanted.—Highest grade; cash. Telephone Canal 1128.

DRY GOODS, Mill Ends Wanted.—Basement bargains for department stores; sheets, pillow cases, towels, toweling, hosiery, underwear, men's and boys' clothing, blankets, gloves, shoes, napkins, millinery, artificial flowers, notions, novelties, in large quantities only. A 860 Times Annex.

FABRICS Wanted.—Stevens, 6116, 8032, 4315, all colors. Mad. Sq. 9087.

FLANNELS Wanted.—Victor Achelis 800, light stripes, white shaker, 27 or 36 inches. Canal 8426.

FROST GLOW or Silvertip Bolivia Wanted.—Or similar cloths in all shades. Hecht & Pitofsky, 37 West 28th St.

FROST GLOW Wanted.—Saxonia, Bachman, or similar; all colors. Mad. Square 7960.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Sealine, Australian and black opossum, taupe, nutria, kit coney. Harry Greenberg & Co., 29 West 35th St.

FUR Wanted.—200 dozen half-inch beaver trimming; must be reasonable. Louis Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d.

FUR Wanted.—Kit coney, 3-skin collar. Farragut 8496.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Large waist house is in market for large quantity of flesh and white georgettes, also in the gray, in three by two construction; must be 80-80 or better; for spot cash. For appointment call Madison Square 8198.

GEORGETTES and Three Thread Crepe de Chine Wanted.—Large quantity; only those that can talk price. Lieberman & Elfant, 64 West 23rd.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Open for 1,000 pieces georgette in all colors or in the greuge for spot cash. H. R., 845 Times Downtown.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Will purchase large quantity various qualities, raw or finished, immediate and future delivery. Stuyvesant 2280.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Open for quantity; any color. 423 4th Av., northeast corner 29th St.

GEORGETTES, Crepe de Chine, and Taffeta Wanted.—All shades. Madison Square 5958.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—White, flesh, navy. Kayner Waist Co., 110 West 26th St.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Townsend's fibre silk hose, 18-inch boot black. Franklin 1705.

JAPS Wanted.—Open for a quantity of 4 to 5, mummy; call with samples. Harry A. Roman, 22 West 32d.

JERSEYS Wanted. — 8-ounce, Bahnsen, Schreiber, Carlton, Spring colors, for cash. Alper, Madison Square 5225.

JERSEY Wanted.—All shades; spot cash. Farragut 8709.

LADIES' HOSIERY Wanted.—Full fashioned silk, 18 to 20-inch boot; mercerized tops; October, November, December deliveries; pay cash. Phone 3458 Farragut.

OTTOQUECHEE Wanted.—114, will exchange reindeer and brown for navy, oxblood and Pekin. Modern Cloak & Suit House, 15 West 26th.

PALM BEACH wanted, all colors; serge, S Whitman's. Spring 756.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted.—All colors. Arrow Silk Mills, 47 East 29th St.

PLUSHES, Seal Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity, any make; Behring seal, Hudson Bay, Ungava, Poitex, and other high-pile fabrics. Kindly call to see Hydol Plush Co., 30 West 27th, or phone Chelsea 9852-8.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Hudson seal, seal skinnette, seal skin fur, Ungava seal, Artex taupe. Wilson Mfg. Co., 36 West 25th St. Farragut 9802.

PLUSHES Wanted.—H. & H. 200, Peerless T-10, Auffmordt 40-40; also Blumenthal taupe varimole, for cash. Ritter Bros. Greeley 4376.

PLUSH Wanted.—All makes; also Blumenthal's Chilina, Hudson Bay, and Poleteaux. S. & M. Silverstein, 12 West 27th.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Dobson's D-30, 864, 1164 similar; also Peco, Lapinex 40-40, T-10, &c. Williams, 9163 Madison Square.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Nuphur, Salt's Hudson seal, Hudson Bay, Baffin seal, Ungava Peco. Greeley 4813.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Silk, cotton, beaver strips, Baffin, Yukon, for cash. Gramercy 4158.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Yukon seal, Baffin seal, Behring seal, and Hudson seal. Madison Square 7425.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Any quality, any quantity, for cash. Louis Horowitz, Chelsea 1011.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Cotton plush, Peco 40-40, T 10, H. & H., cash; beaver. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Will pay cash. Phone Madison Square 2094.

PLUSH Wanted.—Salts, 8160. Pekett Headwear, 826 Broadway.

PLUSH Wanted.—Peerless 40-40. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th St.

PLUSH Wanted.—Cotton navy, brown. H. Drusin & Son, Farragut 8486.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Baffin and Bering seal. M. R. Silverman. Farragut 8290.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peco or similar quality. Madison Square 7987.

POPLINS Wanted.—8158, P P L, Seldens & Dobson 593, all colors. Farragut 9528.

POPLIN Wanted.—Black, navy and Spring shades; American or Stevens. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610, 06077, 0328, Brightwood 4768, navy and Spring shades. Farragut 2896.

POPLINS Wanted.—767, 774, Panamas, 228, BPNL; mostly navys. C 839 Times.

POPLINS Wanted.—Quantities P. P. L. or similar for cash. Spitzer, Mad. Sq. 1872.

RACCOON SCARFS Wanted.—Open quantity animal raccoon scarfs. Philipsborn, 912 Broadway.

SATINS Wanted.—Open to buy Baronette satins in all shades for cash. Box V., 1214, 1,270 B'way.

SATIN, COTTON BACK, Wanted.—All shades; will pay spot cash. Gram. 4445.

SATINS Wanted.—Messaline, all colors, black, for cash. Madison Square 2152.

SATINS, WASH Wanted.—Blacks and navys. Jos. Adelson & Sons, 57 West 19th.

SERGES AND TRICOTINES Wanted.—Botany 11438, 838, 5952, 5954, American 0936, 09077, 0888, U. S. 838, 907, 2999, 295, 528, 54292, 54289, and other popular numbers. Grossman Bros. Stuyvesant 6838.

SERGES Wanted.—285, 838, 9058, 9067, 0360, 0310, 7120, 7512, 54289, 0936, 7301, 7614, 774, 9065, F.P.L. 41-117, 41-106, 41-102; also men's wear serges, poplins and tricotines. Gramercy 1769.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman 50; also all makes mannish and storm serges; only reasonable prices considered; spot cash. A. S. Rosenberg, 45 West 25th; Farragut 649.

SERGES Wanted.—Tricontines, velours, 0360, 082, burgundy and plum, at a price. Export Department, Mr. Hayes, 257 4th Av., Room 1404; Gramercy 5896.

SERGES Wanted.—C. S. G., all colors, in large quantities for immediate delivery; submit samples. M. N. Arida, 118 West 22d St. 3650 Chelsea.

SERGES Wanted.—Cream, plain, or striped; all worsted or cotton warp. William Berah Co., 45 East 17th St. Room 506.

SERGES Wanted.—50 pieces each Witman 2205, 2272, American 3192, 454, 9540; spot cash. Phone all week, Stuyvesant 1460.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 7120, 90, 104, 54292, 838, 11433, 7301, 7614. Madison Square 2689. Roberts.

SERGES Wanted.—4002, 87, W. F. X., V. S. L., also Cleveland and American tricotines. Madison Square 942.

SERGES Wanted.—All makes, also tricotines, for cash; quantity on offer. Farragut 9090.

SERGES Wanted.—No. 54289 or similar quality; large quantities. Superior Waist and Dress, 141 West 29th.

SERGES wanted for export, V&L or similar grades in colors. Box X 1214, 1,270 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—7512, 7120, 11, 9056, 833, 104, 0810, 0360. Gramercy 4468.

SERGES Wanted.—780 Botany; will pay cash. Call Chelsea 2557.

SERGES Wanted.—S. B. G. L., 7301, navy. Stuyvesant 2076.

SERGES Wanted.—833, 200 pieces, will pay cash on delivery. Gramercy 1815.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag 4002 navy; will pay cash. Gramercy 1899-6726.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantities 4061, 7512 for cash. Spitzer, Madison Square 6418.

SERGES Wanted.—Cream; FSW, WF, and WFX; poplins, gabardines. C 831 Times.

SHIRTINGS Wanted.—We are open to buy quantity of striped crepe de chine, striped tub silks, broadcloth, radiums; also plain radiumas. Livingston & Lieberman, 547 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted.—Black and colored taffetas, messalines, and peau de cygnes; will buy any quantity at a price; spot cash. A. Goldstein, 21 East 32d St., care of Wasloo Silks; phone Murray Hill 4789.

SILKS Wanted.—Black taffetas, silk and cotton, poplins, and all fancy silks; open for any quantity. Harrison Skirt Co., 38 West 21st St.

SILKS Wanted.—We are open for 3-thread poplin georgette crepe in all colors. Rodstein & Herman, 852 Broadway.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silk fibre skirting, jobs or regular goods, for the season. Rainbow Skirt, 189 Greene St. Spring 6625.

SILKS Wanted.—Fancy silks, satin de chines, for lining. I. D. Karpas, 22 West 26th St.

SILKS Wanted.—Any quantity; spot cash; Georgette, stripes, taffetas, Crepe de Chine fancies. Fanny, 145 West 30th.

SILKS Wanted.—Silks of any description; highest prices paid; spot cash. Madison Square 1804.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for quantity of stripe peau de cygne. 423 4th Av., northeast corner 29th St.

SILKS Wanted.—Plaids, messalines or taffetas, any quantity, for cash. Call Chelsea 4836.

SILKS Wanted.—Charmeuse, satins, taffetas, shirtings; most any color. Spring 7984.

SILK REMNANTS Wanted.—Silks, velvets or novelties; spot cash. Madison Sq. 1804.

SILKS Wanted.—All kinds; also poplin; spot cash. 8d floor, 244 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted.—Cash; peau de cygnes, black, brown, taupe. Farragut 6471.

SILKS Wanted.—Four-thread crepe de chine; all shades. L. Bogen, 15 West 26th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—American 15032, navy; also Bachman's frostglow 18219, 1274, 1277; also Americans 032, black, brown and navy. Madison Sq. 5028.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—De Lands 9600 or similar, navy only. Louis Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Parkside 106, brown, color 128, or will give taupe, color 149, in exchange. Madison Square 1969.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—15032 navy and pekin; also Weingart's velour, taupe; spot cash. I. Funt, 24 West 25th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Joel's, brown and reindeer, or will exchange 107 brown. Madison Square 7987.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—American 15032; Chelsea 4616.

SUEDINES Wanted. — Brown and Pekin. Farragut 9805.

SUEDINE Wanted.—American 13058, color 302, 313; cash. Madison Square 8079.

SUEDINES Wanted.—All colors, Clark & Dana velour. 112 Division. Orch 5322.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade suits and coats. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

TAFETA Wanted.—Navy, good quality; open for quantity at price; cash. Slote & Schaffer, 49 East 21st.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Black and colors; must be reasonable. Kemper Silk Co., 19 East 24th.

TAFFETAS Wanted. — Blacks; quantity. Gramercy 6552, before 12 A. M.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Navy and black, for cash. Madison Square 167.

TINSELTONE Wanted.—Holden Leonard, color 4672; cash. Chelsea 2570.

TRICOLETTES Wanted.—For immediate delivery; all colors; for cash; bring samples. Jules L. Foreman Co., 19 East 24th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—75 pieces of navy; all styles; any quantity. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—09077, 0888, 9541, 9708, Deland 817, U. S. 011, 907; any quantity. Gramercy 2452.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy, Deland style 817, American 09077 and 0388; any quantity. Gramercy 2452.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—5952, D. R. W.; 907, 2999, 4718, 9541. Madison Square 2689. Roberts.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Andrews 5732, Garfields 4718, American 0907, navy. Farragut 2816.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—All good makes; quantity. Robert Hammer 1123 Broadway Farragut 7384.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—For cash, Garfield or Andrews preferred. Madison Square 167.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, black, rooky, and tan. Tip Top Dress, 35 West 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—All makes; Mad. Sq. 2740.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—In all Dobson's numbers. Chelsea 9078.

TUSSAH Wanted.—Light shades only; any pattern desired and plain; quantity; cash. Nadler, 7 West 18th.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Fisher & Kennedy, 1600 and 3400; no price. Spring 8676.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Stevens 1078 range at low prices. Spring 8676.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cotton, Kelly's 701, Jasper's 1002, Sturnberg-Schell's 1192 navy, brown. H. Drusin & Son, Farragut 8486.

VELOURS and Yalama Wanted.—Light weight for cash. Madison Square 2918.

VELOUR Wanted.—Botany yalamas, brown, color 750. Madison Square 1968.

VELOURS Wanted.—5816 Botany; will pay cash. Call Chelsea 2557.

VELOURS Wanted. — K 544, navy, brown, black; cash. Farragut 4389.

VELOUR Wanted.—De Laine, in brown and navy. Samuel Fine Co., 12 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted.—U. S. 153, brown, navy, taupe. Farragut 2616.

VELOURS Wanted.—Brown, reindeer, pekin. Farragut 257.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Julliards 200, 36 and 44-inch navy, black, brown, for cash. Madison Square 4790. H. Wolfenson, 256 5th Av.

VELVETTENS Wanted.—36 inches, full back, black, navy and brown. Call personally. Mr. Osrow, 49 West 24th.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—We are open for quantity 27-inch twill back. Morris, 5 West 31st, 4th floor.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—28-29 inch, all colors and makes. Harris, 9163 Madison Square.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Twill and straight backs, 36-inch, all colors. Madison Square 8150.

Buyers' Wants

VELVETS Wanted.—Chiffon velvets, velveteens, cheap for cash. Madison Square 5807.

VENETIAN Wanted.—36-inch, in black. Chelsea 4597.

VENISE LACE Wanted.—Quantity. Madison Square 681.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open to buy any quantity light and heavy weight men's and women's wear; spot cash. Telephone 9607 Spring. Elias Burst & Son, 670 Broadway.

ZIBELINE Wanted.—Julliard's 6717, navy. Farragut 9805.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

AMERICANS 15020, 13048, 1570, 1680, Raritan 1273; Stursberg-Schell 1199; Stevens 1075, 6109; Deland's 9600, 3700 Q; all colors. Farragut 9093.

ANGORA.—Beaver shades, 30 inches wide. Garson, 220 5th Av. Madison Sq. 2804.

APRONS AND HOUSEDRESSES.—1,000 dozen; immediate delivery. Criterion, 20 West 22d.

ARCTIC FOX, Blumenthal's, and baby Persian lamb, black tip; immediate delivery. Madison Square 5315.

BLUMENTHAL'S FURMOSS BEAVER, Tingues, Mole, Carricul. Madison Square 3660.

BOLIVIA, American, 0834, lightweight velours, Gera 50843, Oxford, silvertone, Julliard's 2124. Call Chelsea 9868.

BOLIVIAS.—Tingue's bolivia, Jersey cloth No. 54, all colors, cheap. Boverman, Gramercy 2845.

BOLIVIA.—Deland's 658 for sale. I. Arbus & Son, Farragut 8334.

BOLIVIAS.—De Lands, Silvertip 3700, 1 brown, 1 reindeer, 1 taupe. Chelsea 8296.

BOLIVIA.—Eick's; full color assortment; also seconds. E 385 Times.

BOLIVIAS.—Silvertip, all colors. Kramer, Madison Square 9056.

BROADCLOTH.—American 112, colors 812-814 and 317; Parker Wilder, 138 black; American silvertone 15032, color 815. Garson, 220 5th Av. Madison Square 2804.

BROADCLOTH AND SERGES.—41-102, 99; American 112, and Julliard's check, velours. Madison Square 8661.

BROADCLOTH.—American 112, color 317, botany 315, black Julliard 110, reindeer. Kramer, Mad. Sq. 9356.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315 and 862 in good assortments. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989.

BROADCLOTHS. — American 112, Botany 315; taupe, black, reindeer, brown. Farragut 5166.

BROADCLOTH.—Gera, burgundy, and taupe. Madison Square 5344.

BROADCLOTHS.—American 112, shades 313, 317, and 329 at $2.90. Madison Square 946.

CHAMELEON CLOTH.—721 and tinseltone 715, all shades. I. Arbus & Son, Farragut 8334.

CHECKS.—Navy Parker Wilder 10850, cotton warp. Miltex, Madison Square 8047-4351.

CHEVRONA.—F. & H.; all colors; to close out below cost. Finkelstein, Madison Square 7428.

CHIFFON VELVETS.—Cheney's all silk chiffon velvet, 42 inches wide, in brown, navy, taupe, and black. Call Murray Hill 2833. Mr. Friedman.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—Wonderful values and models; sizes 6 to 14; silk, serges, and poplins; $8.75 up. Greater N. Y. Silk, 244 5th Av.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, 6 to 14, $9 dozen and up. S. Fazekas & Son, 103 5th Av.

COATEES.—Yukon seal, peco, Nugava, beaver, Leopold and muskrat; fur effects. Today's delivery. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATEES AND COATS.—Plushes and cloth, on the rack; snappy styles; call and inspect. Singer & Son, 45 West 27th.

COATEES.—Assorted styles in plush, also jobs in cloth. Joe Korostoff & Son, 12 West 21st.

COATEES in pile fabrics, and fur effects, to jobbing trade; jobs in cloths and suits. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—One thousand coats to close out, consisting of ladies', misses', and juniors' cheviots, velours, silvertones, and polo cloths. Goldstein Bros. & Bruckner, 31 West 21st St. Gramercy 6775.

COATS, SUITS.—250 velour suits, broadcloth and silvertone coats, fur trimmed; big sacrifice; also 500 dresses; closing prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Two hundred tinseltones, bolivias, suedines, silvertones; silk-lined throughout; fur-trimmed; lot for special sale. Gottlieb & Lelkind, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—Ladies', misses' and juniors' silvertones, broadcloth and velours on racks for immediate delivery; popular price. Charnay & Freed, 158 West 27th St.

COATS.—Infants and children's broadcloth, velour, silvertone and plush coats on the rack for immediate delivery. Joseph Lesser, 137 West 25th.

COATS.—200 silvertones, Polo, full lined; $5 to $10 cheaper than prevailing prices; also 500 dresses; must sacrifice. Isaac Leftowitz, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Silvertones, velours, broadcloths, and plumettes; immediate delivery; samples on request. Horowitz Bros., 122 West 26th.

COATS.—Large assortment ladies', misses and juniors on racks; reasonable prices. Alex Kogut, 40 West 27th.

COATS.—Broadcloths, velours, silvertones, silvertips, better grade plain, fur trimmed on hand. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors', misses' plushes and cloth; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Ladies', misses', juniors' cloth, fur trimmed; popular priced; coatees. Blumenson & Co., 56 W. 22d.

COATS.—High-class, desirable materials. Immediate delivery. $37.50 up. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS. — Children's all-wool velours, fine styles, best value; to close, $4. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

COATS and COATEES.—Jobs in plushes and cloth; snappy styles. Singer & Son, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Girls, 1,000; price $3.75 to $7.50; big sacrifice. Isaac Rosenberg, 1,133 Broadway.

COATS.—Big job, to close out, all lined, cheap, to attract buyers. 141 West 24th, top floor.

COATS.—Plush, plain, fur-trimmed; today's delivery. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—800 to close out at a price. Feldman, 54 East 13th.

COTTON GOODS.—Special offering in ducks, drills, sheetings, black lining, osnaburgs, by the pound. Acme Mills Co., 187 Mercer St. Spring 8245.

COTTON GOODS, SATEENS.—Under market; spot delivery; jobbers, cutters, exporters. Nathan & Heyman, 1,123 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS.—Sateens, under market, spot delivery; jobbers, cutters, exporters. Nathan & Heyman, 1,123 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS.—1,500 pieces, coronations printed voile, reasonable; Mad. Sq. 509.

DENIMS.—Chambrays and cotton goods always on hand under market prices. United Cotton Goods Exchange, 320 Broadway.

DOLMANS.—1500 last Spring's; 800 capes, 500 straight-line coats; will sell cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Manufacturing on premises for jobbers exclusively we do not sell department and specialty stores; satin, velvet, immediate delivery; orders taken for future; early Spring numbers ready. Kerchman & Katz, 37 West 20th.

DRESSES.—If you are looking for the best values in tricolettes, tricotine, satin, georgette, and velveteens, call to see us today without fail; we have them for immediate delivery. Manco Dresses, 35 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—500 serges, tricotines, satins; latest styles; big sacrifice; all-wool serges, $6 00 up; satins, $9.75 up; also 250 velour suits, and silvertone coats; closing prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—500, better grades serges, tricotines, velvets, satins and tricolettes; you save $5 to $10 a dress; also 200 silvertone coats, full lined; sacrificing price. Isaac Leftowitz, 48 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Jobs in Julliard's all wool, French serge, and others; also satins; 3,000 to close out; regular prices up to $18.50. Solomon & Kramer, 119 West 23d. Farragut 0381.

DRESSES.—6,000 on racks; velveteen, serge, and satin, newest models, all shades, ranging $7.50 to $20; biggest bargain ever seen. Brucker Bros., 129 West 29th St., 6th floor, rear.

DRESSES.—Jobs, 25 assorted job dresses at a price. Come in and pick them off the racks. Big values that will create big sales. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—High class tailored tricotines, paulettes, satins, regularly $40; close out at $21.50. Labes, 16 West 46th.

DRESSES.—Contractor has a job of 100 dresses, selling at sacrifice. Farragut 9900. I. Greenberg, 216 West 20th.

DRESSES.—1,500 on racks, satins, serges, jerseys, $8.75 to $18.75; big bargains. Loeb, Nussbaum, 119 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Tricotine, high-class, hand embroidered; snappy styles; at sacrifice. De Angelis, 215 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—500 exceptional styles; close out; leading materials. Bodow, 145 Madison Av.

DRESSES, satin and tricotines, to sell cheap. Geo. Kuhn, 148 West 24th, 7th floor.

DRESSES.—Tricotines, $13.50; tricolettes, Jerseys, satins, silks, highest grade, moderately priced. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—High lustre, Susquehanna silk poplin; $4.50. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES for export and Florida trade, to close at low prices. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serges, satins to close out reasonable. 141 West 36th, 17th floor.

DRESSES.—Job of new satins to close out. Michael Simon, 334 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Jobs silks, serges, $4.75 and up; value $7.50 to $15. Queen, 114 West 26th.

Offerings to Buyers

DRESSES.—Remember, Mr. Buyer, you must buy right to sell right. 10,000 tricotines, tricolettes, serges, satins, velvets on the racks; $7.50 to $21.50. They're the snappiest lot of dresses you ever snapped off the racks. Come in and let us show you how we can fortify your department against competition. We can ship to 1,000 of the season's snappiest styles on the racks waiting for you to pick them up at job lot prices. Buy plenty, make much money. If you don't the regrets will be yours, not ours. They're shipped within an hour after we write your order. Velvets, serges, sateens, tricotines, paulettes, jerseys; $7.90 to $21.50 up. Meyer Bosniak, 29 West 27th.

DRESSES.—When the leaves fall from the trees the Fall trade is usually in full swing, and never have wool dresses of the better grades been in such demand. Our all-wool tricotines ($13.75) are of a diversity of styles and novel ideas—a combination of fine craftsmanship. We have on the rack for immediate delivery unusually charming velveteen dresses, $16.75, and serges, $6.75. Prices are always right. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES. — Georgette, charmeuse, satin, tricotine, paulette, tricolette; tailor made and embroidered; all high grade, and better made than usually found, for immediate delivery, at special prices to close out. Mr. Buyer, this will interest you. Bon Ray Dress Co., 310 6th Av., N. Y. C.

DRESSES.—Expand—don't be content with following the beaten trail! See our tricotine paulettes, satins, serges, velvets, that says, from $7.50 to $27.50; on the racks for instant delivery. Our selling plan saves you $1 to $5 less. Does this mean anything to you? Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—"Immediate deliveries" means that you may make your selections in serge, tricotine, satin, georgettes, velveteen, paulette and jersey and take them right with you if you wish. Ansonia Dress Co., 56 West 45th St., N. Y.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge, satin, tricotine, at $12.50; big sacrifice; jersey all-wool serges, $10.75; original value, $15.75. Chic Made Dress Co., 33 West 34th.

DRESSES.—1,000 satin dresses ranging in price $16.75-$22.50, to close out at $14.75; also 1,000 serge dresses @ $9-$14.75. Regent Ladies' Garment Co., 12 West 32d.

DRESSES.—On the racks, 2,000 tricotine, satin, serges, jersey, paulettes, velvets, at your price, Mr. Jobber; $7.50-$35; investigate. Mariotta, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES. — Better grade of tricolettes, satin, georgettes, jersey, tricotines, and evening dresses. Glockner Dress, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges, tricotines and velveteens; snappy styles; exceptional values; immediate delivery. Joseph Bros., 25 West 15th St.

DRESSES.—Big jobs, satins, serges, tricotines. Will sacrifice. Goldrich Dress Co., 234 5th Av., 3d floor.

DRESSES.—1,000 to sacrifice; tricotines, serges, satins, Jerseys. G. L. Dress Co., 146 West 25th.

DRESSES. — 500 high-grade dresses, job, cheap. 134 West 29th, Room 804.

DUVET DE LAINE.—Gera 50853, Pekin, Raritan, brown. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

FANCY LININGS.—Cheney Bros.' 40-inch, Foulards, desirable patterns. Farragut 2616.

FROST GLOW.—Bachman's 18219, reindeer. Madison Square 4173.

GEORGETTES, Crepe de Chines and Wash Satins.—For immediate delivery. Madison Square 4620. Extension 13.

GEORGETTE WAISTS.—Heavy quality, $3.75 to $4.50; immediate delivery. B. N. Frank, 130 West 28th St.

GINGHAMS.—Large assortment of latest plaids. Murray Hill 2833. Mr. Friedman.

GINGHAMS.—Arkwright stripes, 19c; immediate delivery. Gramercy 4410.

HAIR NETS.—Ten thousands gross; 10-38 cap nets at $4.50 per gross; also 38-40 fringe nets, $4.70 per gross. L. P. N. Y., delivery October and November. Phone 717 Gramercy.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.—Specials of every description. 396 Broadway, Room 612, New York City.

HUDSON SEAL.—Salt's, Peco, 4014, Brevlex, furmoss, lightweight velours. Gramercy 1074.

JERSEYS.—Wool jerseys, dress weight, in all colors. Murray Hill 2833. Mr. Friedman.

JERSEY CLOTH for cotton bloomers, all widths and qualities. Franklin 2382.

JERSEY.—Ten pieces, navy. Farragut 7261.

LEATHERTONE.—Imitation leather; immediate delivery, tan, 50 inches wide; fleece back; $1.60. Greeley 5611.

MACKINAW CLOTH.—We offer for immediate delivery several selected patterns of McKenney's ¾-width mackinaws under the market prices; we have this for immediate delivery; large quantities of each pattern. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311.

METEORS.—Duplan's 2378 in all colors. Murray Hill 2833. Mr. Friedman.

OVERCOATING.—Millbrook Oxford overcoating. Call Chelsea 9107.

PAULETTE.—Silk and cotton, 48-inch, all colors; immediate delivery; below market price. Allentown Silk Mills, 225 4th Av. Phone Stuyvesant 7610.

PAULETTE AND TRICOLETTE.—All silk, to sell at reasonable price. 'Call East New York 4429.

PAULETTES.—Colors; 30 to 48 inches; interesting price. Farragut 3647.

PEACH BLOOM.—F. & H.; all colors. Finkelstein, Mad. Square 7428.

PEACHBLOOM.—All shades, F. & H., also Duvet Superior. Weltzer, Mad. Sq. 8475.

PIECE GOODS.—Velour cloaking, 46-inch serge, 58-inch serge, broadcloth, checked velour, bolivias, polo, and other cloths. Tel Farragut 4262. Fifth floor, 38 West 26th.

PLUSH.—Hatters' plush, limited quantities, black and colors, below market prices. H. P., 807 Times Downtown.

PLUSHES.—Pearson, De Outre 8050, brown and beaver. Mr. Schweitzer, Madison Square 8388.

PLUSH COATS AND COATEES on hand for immediate delivery. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th St.

PLUSHES.—Seventeen-inch artificial silk millinery; immediate delivery. Gramercy 5573.

PLUSHES.—Pearsons 8050, all colors, also Blumenthal's Arctic Fox. Greeley 1120.

POIRET TWILL. — Gera, 50076 tricotines, Botany 6952, 4718, 2999. Madison Square 4622. Estelle.

POIRET TWILL. — Brown, good quality, cheap. Murray Hill 3778.

POLO.—Delands 1920, all colors; 9600, colors 16 and 18. Farragut 2980.

POLO CLOTH.—Harris & Stearns 850, and Lawrence 880; all shades; at opening prices. Madison Square 3661.

POLO CLOTH.—Deland's H 28, 38; Holmes 328, 9052; Stewart's 1009; Joel's 17, all colors. Greeley 4377.

POLOS.—Stevens 1075 and 6109, De Lands 9600. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989.

POLOS.—Lawrence 8502, 8400, 880; cheap. Kramer, Madison Square 9056.

POLO CLOTH.—Deland's 9600, shades 11 and 13; pekin and beaver. Stuyvesant 4846.

POLO CLOTH.—Deland's 9600, shade 11-13. Ehrlich Cloth Exchange, Chelsea 7640.

POLO TONES.—Pekin, brown, navy, all wool. Farragut 159. Stern.

POLO CLOTH.—Deland's 9600 and American 15085. Gramercy 5175.

POLO CLOTH.—Joel No. 17, Lamet, all colors, cheap. Greeley 1120.

POLO.—Lawrence 621, all colors; also 231 and 880. Lipschutz, Madison Square 5466.

POPLINS 8158, 6158; Scotia 0302, black and navy. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d St., Gram. 4481.

REMNANTS SILK SHIRTING, and satin striped crepe. Ashley Green, 120 West 40th.

SATEENS. — 80,000 yards Slater's, Delane, black, flat fold; reasonable. L 979 Times Harlem.

SATEENS.—Fancy, 36-inch, black and colors, to close out, cheap. Spring 9832.

SATINS.—Printed cotton back, also silk serge and fancy linings, below market price. Allentown Silk Mills, 225 4th Av. Phone Stuyvesant 7610.

FIVE MILLION FACE FAMINE IN POLAND

American Jewish Relief and Red Cross Societies Fighting Disease and Hunger.

MANY CHILDREN STUNTED

A New Malady Spreading Blindness Among War Refugees—Typhus Toll Is Heavy.

Five million people east of the River Bug in the new Poland are at the point of starvation, according to a statement made public yesterday by the American Jewish Relief Committee as a result of investigation by the American Red Cross and American Jewish Relief agents. The vast region, from which there has been practically no news in five years, has just been penetrated by the American Red Cross and the American Jewish Relief Committee's representatives.

"The war has left 5,000,000 destitute and stricken Jews in Eastern Europe," the statement says, "a number as great as the entire population of New York City, utterly helpless, in many cases sick, in every case hungry and dependent.

"East of the River Bug these people are living in devastated houses, in stalls of old stables, on roofless platforms built for refugee families, one family to a platform, in old freight cars, in holes in the ground, or under the open sky. They are weak from many months of semi-starvation, for they have gone for five years without one square meal. They are still terror-stricken from the war. Their number is being reduced every day by a series of the most terrible epidemics that ever swept any section of the world.

"Typhus, cholera and smallpox are all raging in the territory east of the River Bug. No estimate of the actual number of those smitten with typhus in Poland has yet been compiled, but it probably is greater than in Siberia, where the American Red Cross found 100,000 cases. Dirt and malnutrition are the two great causes of the epidemic of disease.

"All through Poland may be found children of eight or ten years old no larger than youngsters half their age ordinarily are. Two out of three infants do not survive their first year of life. The average child in the territory east of the Bug River has never tasted milk, even mother's milk. American Red Cross investigators say that an abnormal number of children are born blind, because of the malnutrition of their mothers. American Jewish relief investigators discovered a new eye-disease that had attacked thousands of children, beginning with constant blinking and ending in total blindness, resulting when long-continued starvation had affected the muscles of the eyes.

In the battle against disease and starvation which is going on in the territory east of the Bug River the American Red Cross is fighting the former with medicines and doctors and nurses and attempts toward cleanliness, while the American Jewish relief workers have entered the lists against hunger, with soup kitchens and milk stations, and Children's Relief Bureaus, established here and there, all through the vast stretch of territory.

"If all the people in the territory east of the Bug River could be fed properly at once, disease would soon disappear, doctors in this afflicted region say. If they could replace the rags which they have worn since the beginning of the war with fresh clothing, the epidemics would cease to spread. If their living places could be made habitable and clean, it would no longer be as it is today the most desolate expanse of land in the world. It is toward this end that the two great organizations, one of Gentiles and the other of Jews, are working hand-in-hand, differences of creed forgotten, in the great practical need that they face."

NEW CITY COLLEGE COURSES

Lectures to be Given on Taxation and on Children.

City College at the coming session will give a series of lectures to acquaint lawyers, accountants, and business men with Federal and State tax laws, and a course to make parents better acquainted with their children and their characteristics. The course on taxation will be given by Dr. Joseph J. Klein, and the one on children by Dr. Samuel B. Heckman.

The course on taxation will cover the history of income tax legislation, administration, and application to incomes of individuals, partnerships, corporations, and estates. The New York law will receive especial attention. The material for study in the course will be the law's regulations and return forms. The course will open on Oct. 13.

The course by Dr. Heckman will consider historical treatment of children and the present-day estimate of child life; the contribution of heredity to the child's nature; the laws of growth and disorders, characteristics of instinct and early behavior; the development of mentality and the first steps in learning; imagination and fear; play and its value; feelings of children; the moral nature of children; conduct and delinquency; facts of intelligence development; comparison of child traits with adult traits; individual variations; the physical and mental characteristics of exceptional children; methods of identifying variant children; treatment and provision for mentally defective children. The first lecture will be given on Oct. 7.

HEARING ON BROADWAY PLEA

Application to Close Subway Entrance in Front of Hotel McAlpin.

Transit Construction Commissioner John H. Delaney will hold a public hearing tomorrow morning on an application of the Broadway Association to close the entrance to the Broadway subway at the southeast corner of Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street, in front of the Hotel McAlpin. The application says that foot traffic at this point is greatly congested and that sufficient facilities for entering the subway are furnished by the stairway around the corner in Thirty-fourth Street.

The stairway complained of occupies one-half of the sidewalk space in front of the hotel. Counts of pedestrians passing the corner indicate that the flow of humanity at this point is so dense that at times persons are forced off the sidewalk into the roadway, which is usually crowded with vehicles. Various civic organizations have been invited to attend the hearing and express their views on the application.

WARNING TO GAS USERS.

Careful Examination of Heating Appliances Suggested.

The Public Service Commission has given out the following statement prepared by its chief gas engineer, William Merrifield, in the hope that it will reduce the number of accidents during the Winter from defective gas appliances:

"With the approach of cool weather the Public Service Commission considers it wise to inform the public of the necessity, in the interests of the safety of users of gas appliances, that such appliances and their connections should be carefully examined to see that they are in good condition. This applies to such equipment as is used for heating purposes, as the latter, not having been in service for several months, may have developed defects either in the appliance itself or in its connections. A little care exercised now will reduce to a minimum the possibility of accidents by leakage of gas and may be the means of saving human life."

NEED PROBATION OFFICERS.

Request of Courts for Additional Workers Is Indorsed.

The New York Probation and Protective Association issued a statement yesterday indorsing the request of the Magistrates' Court for thirty-two additional probation officers and the request of the Court of Special Sessions for eleven additional officers. The statement, which was prepared by George W. Alger, President of the Association, makes an appeal for higher pay for probation officers and gives statistics of the various domestic relation cases brought to the courts in this city.

The statement says that it has been estimated by Edwin J. Cooley, Chief Probation Officer of the Magistrates' Courts, that since 1912 the number of convictions in the Magistrates' Courts has increased 69 per cent. and the number on probation has increased 50 per cent. Over 3,000 deserting husbands, the statement says, were placed on probation during 1918, and in the thirty-one Magistrates' Courts 9,303 men and women were placed on probation. Frederic Kernochan, Chief Justice of the Court of Special Sessions, is quoted as saying that in 1913 there were 1,247 cases being supervised by probation officers, and today there are 2,732, yet no additional probation officers have been added to the force.

The statement concludes by saying that men are now being sent to prison and families deprived of money for food, clothing and rent because there are "too few officers to supervise adequately the persons released on probation."

TO BOOM 42D STREET.

Property Owners and Merchants Plan Campaign for October.

"Boost Forty-second Street," is the slogan of a campaign that the Forty-second Street Property Owners and Merchants' Association will carry on in October for the purpose of re-awakening interest in the city's greatest cross-town thoroughfare, to call attention to its beauty and wonders of architecture and to stimulate its trade. To quote President A. E. Thorne, the campaign is to introduce Father Knickerbocker to his greatest street.

Here are some of the interesting things about Forty-second Street that the Campaign Committee has gathered:

Forty-second Street is one of the greatest streets in the world on account of its mottled complexion of interests and industries.

The New York Central Terminal is the most costly and most beautiful structure of its kind in the world and is hedged by a group of hotels in Pershing Square which are the last word in modern architecture.

One hundred thousand persons daily arrive in and depart from the New York Central Terminal—approximately 30,000,000 a year exclusive of Sundays. For the year ending June 30, 1919, the number of tickets sold at the Forty-second Street stations of the subway and elevated were 70,930,934.

More parades pass the great artery than in any other part of the world; more autos, more pedestrians. More than 5,000,000 persons dine annually in the hotels, cafés and restaurants.

In this district in ten years $200,000,000 was expended in building above ground.

The Public Library at Fifth Avenue is the greatest library in the world and has the greatest collection of books in the world.

Among the officers of the Forty-second Street Property Owners' and Merchants' Association are: President, A. E. Thorne, President of the Oceanic Investing Company; Vice Presidents and Directors, John McE. Bowman, President of the Pershing Square group of hotels; Irving Bush, President of the Bush Terminal Company; A. E. Erlanger, Louis Stern, President of Stern Brothers; Travis H. Whitney, attorney; Charles Elliot Warren, President Lincoln National Bank; Edward Wise, President United Cigar Stores; W. V. Swords, Vice President Aeolian Company.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Special Master Philip J. McCook—Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.

Smith<N Y Cons RR.
Kellson<same.
Blech<same.
Schafinoff<same.
J. B. Schoenfeld<same
C Schoenfeld<same.
Naughton<same.
Engstrom<same.
M. Castellane<same
V. Castellano<same.
Bark<same.
Cestare<same.
Roberts<same.
Murphy<same.
Dilevan<same.
Chaims<same.
Dulk<same.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Criminal calendar.

Joseph Brennan, W. O'Brien and James B. O'Brien.
Edward Lockwood.
Sentences:
Robert F. Smith,
Ernest Mendicino,
A. C. Pederson, L. P. Pederson, and A. E. Pederson.
Motion for reduction of bail:
Joseph Siegel.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 823, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Cline <Horton, (for trial.)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

People<Hudson River Con RR.
Eastern Steel Co<Globe Ind Co.
Saranac Land & Timber Co<Roberts.
Rosenthal<Light.
Re Reisfeld.
Rottenberg<Englander.
Re Morris.
Schwartz & Co<Ainwell Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Wagner, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Melnick<Lepow.
Dimartino<Empire City Subway Co.
Geib<Firstenberg.
Slackman<Uneeda Steam Laundry Co.
Murphy<Atkinson.
Shonts<Brown.
Reilly<Goody.
Re UNY<Cohn.
Rose<Rose.
Forbes<Haylan et al.
United Electric Light & Power Co.<Dowling.
Forbes<Hylan, (2.)
Ehrgott<Ehrgott.
Re Leomtine Corp.
Brook<Trauer.
Saxe<Scott.
Doty<Doty.
McBride<Scranton & Wyoming Coal Co.
Milstein<NY & Queens Electric Light Co.
Carlson<Henry Steers
Rosenzweig<N Y Cons. R. R. Co.
Bunder<same.
Interborough R T Co<Connolly et al.
Urban<Topping Bros.
Frank<Frank.
Bryhard<N Y Cons R. R. Co.
Comora<Comora.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Finch<Cent RR Co.
Friedman<Bausher.
Cronk<Levy Dairy Co.
John Trageser Steam Copper Works<Clayton Ship & Boat Building Co.
Breen<Klein.
Chase<Kahnweiler.
Re Ammidown.
Piedmont Picture Corp<Tyrad Pictures.
Zeidner<Zeidner.
Stern<City of N. Y.
Goldfarb<Goldfarb.
Hillyer<Imbrie.
Ladies' Auxiliary of Adjutorul Bukaresster, &c., Cong<Goodman.
Bedford Mill<Berger.
Berndorff<Landsman.
Berlin<Alton.
Blum<same.
Goldman<Goldman.
Townley<Noble.
Milano<United States Garage.
Shidler<Shidler.
Schwartz<Geverts.
Met. Saving Bank<Kelly.
Feinberg<Appel.
Fittipaldi<Estate of M. H. Godstein, Inc.
Hooker Electrochemical Co<Chipman Chemical Eng Co.
Klein<Freed.
Martin<Martin.
Tanenbaum<Higgins.
Oehlbaum<Glickman.
New Netherlands Bk.<Kissell.
Bisschia<Armstrong.
Commonwealth Mortgage Co.<Le Roy Sargent & Co., (2.)
Polisck<Marshall.
Rogers Peet Co.<Hillman, (2.)
Landam<Landam.
Barbieri<Barbieri.
Morgan<Comprecht.
Weisman<Weisman.
Chamberlin<Chamberlin.
Matter of Bell.
Cullman<Thorne.
Lacconti<Gimbel Bros.
Farmers Loan & Trust Co.<Archibald.
Robinson<French.
Lanier<Lanier.
Morriss<National Drama Corp.

PART II.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.
PART III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM.—Parts II. and III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:
James A. Teter,
E. Bruckheimer,
Leta N. Clews,
S. Knowlton,
Re City of N. Y.
Roth<Commercial Advertising Co.
Tannenbaum<Goldman.
CNY<Offenhausen.
Kopp<Kopp.
Magee<Sollinger.
Feifer<Feifer.
Smith<Emile Brunel, Inc.
Roth<Harris, (2.)
Moers<Den Norske Handelsbank, Re Lyons.
Hagen<Jankovic.
Re People of State of NY<Phillips.
Ford<Town Taxi Co.
Roubashkin<Same.
Barrows, Hughes & Schuble, Inc.<Industrial Accept. Corp.
CNY<Kaselman.
Misthal<Branson.
Anan Realty Co.<Delancy Garage.
Greame<Greame.
Brocnan<Liquid Carbonic Co.
Flaes<Cohn.
Emigrant Ind. Saving Bank<Racey.
Lichtenfield<Lichtenfield.
Burrough<McWilliams.
Lincoln Trust Co.<Jackson.
Greenberg<Kanyon & Co.
Morrison<Hotel Rutledge.
Brown<Cleveland Trust Co.
Appell<Appell.
Rosenbaum<Hedges.
Harnett<Lerner.
Rotz Realty Co.<Taub.
Re Clancy.
City of NY<Bercowitz.
Froes Co.<Garrihues.
McCann<White Co.
Offenbacker<Black & White Cab Co.
Darienzo<same.
Craft<same.
Brianzi<Crane Co.
Lambert<Black & White Cab Co.
Cooper<same.
City of N. Y.<Massey.
Bracco<Bracco.
Bartucelli<Bartucelli.
Calder<Calder.
Lurie Woolen Co.<Cohen & Co.
Storch<Storch.
Loewenthal<Lowenthal.
Misthal<Branson.
Takata & Co.<Hayes.
Henschel<Henschel.
Rogers Peet Co.<Hillman.
Fasano<Sassani.
Williams<Diamond Carbonating Co.
Manning<Kinsella.
Kroder<Miller, (2.)
Person<Person.
Kaufman<Simon.
Leavitt<Isman.
Clarke<Clarke.
Re McDonough, (Semel.)
Re Chelsea Lumber<Aspegren.
Re Whittaker-Glessner<same.
Re Cantor<same.
Wills<Wills.
Neary<Gould.
Becker<Becker.
Durant<Durant.
McClure<McClure.
Re Greenhut Co.
Karber<Colonial Panama Corp.
Re Plunkett.
McCarthy<Ferrentino.
Urban<Topping Bros.
Rysakoff<Rybakoff.

Accountings of:
Jeremiah Reid,
Edward F Ryan,
Patrick Summers,
William C. Seldon,
Byron A Brooks,
Francis Weisbecker.
Estates of:
Terance Brennan,
Carl Frank,
Rudolph Herscovico,
Contested calendar:
Michael M Reynolds.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar to be called on Tuesday, Sept. 30.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Tierney, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business. Motions.

Estates of:
Bridget Caffisch,
Catharine Coscia,
Pasquale Grasso,
Catherine J. Leonard,
Sabina Beagan,
Alfred Iacapro,
Anna M. Ruchti.

Wills for probate:
John G. Bauer,
Carl Hahn,
Nellie McMahon,
Anna Mateshewitz,
Mary Manly.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM — (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.
Krausher<Schreckner.
Also for the hearing of motions and ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

Slater, S.—Calendar will be called on Tuesday.

Savings Bank<Kane—Max Altmayer. Matheson<Gilman Realty Co.—James A. Lynch. Fidelity Trust Co.<Rudinsky—Louis Jacobson. Benziger<Golden Neckwear Co.—Harold R. Lhowe.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT — Lehman, J. — Bertha Johnson<Annie Lubliner—John C. Hertle.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Mills, Rich, Blackmar, and Kelly, JJ.—Motion calendar at 1 P. M.

People, &c<Werthaiser.
Same<S. Reitano, &c.
Same<Saunders.
Same<Di Marcio.
Same<Cascia.
Same<Wansker.
Same<Smith.
Same<La Sala et al.
Same<Tax Com of New Rochelle.
Same<Lawler.
Re application of R. S. King.
Re J. W. Revere, decd.
Ccughlin<B H RR.
Robinson<Town of Somers, N. Y.
Reynolds et al<J. C. Scott et al, (2.)
G. A. Powers<R. D. Powers et al.
W. F. Norton et al<Atlantic Beach Realty Co.
Brown<Chase.
Segal<Englander.
Higgs et al<Streeter & Benson, &c.
Stemberg<Stemberg.
Lynaugh et al<B'klyn Builders Supply Co.
Herzberg<Berman.,
Schmidt<CNY et al.
Trent<same.
Vollweiller<same.
De Nicola<same.
Hesse<Bergold.
Rettenau<Rettenau.
Franklin Trust Co<Howard et al.
Stillerman et al<Handelman.
Miller<Teisey et al.
Dixon<Dixon.
Rositzke<Meyer et al.
Brown<Chase.
Re Blanchmeyer, decd.
Re petition of J. Hartwig, &c.
Kelly<Sengens.
Ebrusa<Siebrecht & Sons et al.
Simons<M. J. Johnson.
Re Landes & Krant.
L. B. & Co<Oboler et al.
Evans<Major.
Karsh<Schedler.
Westchester Land Exchange<Halsted et al
Re application of the Int Com of Y M C A et al, &c.

Non-enumerated day calendar.

Best<Voorhis.
N Y Life Ins Co<Tur.
Hayes<Hayes.
Vanderveer Crossings<Hochstein.
Goldfeder<Greenberg.
Smith<Koonz, (2.)
Renault<Renault.
Re Tolman Av.
Goldfeder<Greenberg.
Canzio<Elfenbein.
Weddle<Grzeczsnk.
Continental Producing Co<Shea.
Tutone<Cons RR.
County of Westchester<State Tax Com.
Hoysradt<Mfrs Finance Co.
Rothschild<Eickmeyer.
Cohen<Rothenberg.
Bassa<Clark.
Isene<Warren.
Delane<Tuthill.
Von Ohlmer<First Nat Bank.
Hammond<Hammond.
Kohl<Kohl.
Brown<Chase.
Wolf<Keefe.
Mandell<Spinelli.
Re Public Playground.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Clark, Kelby, and Manning, JJ.—Motion calender at 1 P. M.

Garrabation<Jarashaw.
Magnoni<Sheffield.
Path<Weissman.
Levine<Greenpoint Iron Fdy. Inc.
Cuck<Yonkers.
Abbott Garage<Colliery calendar at 1 P. M.
Paradise<Todd.
Kandel<Reicheck.
Bl... Inc<Levine and another.
McGovern, &c.
Pisani<Castellano.
Barnowski<Met Life Ins Co.
Philips<Nas E RR (3)
Goldstein<Regal Cleaners and Dyers, Inc, (2.)
Solomon<B F B Rty Corp.
Lasoff<Crandall.
Coulter<John Hancock Mut Life Ins Co.
Koven<Margolis.
Devermann<Bush Terminal Co.
Medlon<Barrett, &c.
Elflein & Sons<Hastedt.

Berger<Volk Film Co, Inc.
Alleyne<Alleyne.
Smith Bros Plumbing Co<Comisky.
Title Guarantee & Tr Co<Geyer.
Lichtenstein<Kaufman, &c.
L rocca and ano, &c<Cerulli.
Williams<Golden Eagle Assn.
Kruger<O'Leary.
Demondi<Glickstein and ano, &c.
Karpoff<Pine.
Thorpe<Gold.
Credit Co<Apfel.
Cohen and ano<Morse.
Ehrlich<Majestic Mfg Co.
Re Mrs. Ziegler.
Yung<McCabe.
Bradley<Abbott Garage, Inc.
Schwenmann<Sicker, &c.
Sakolsky<Champion Furniture Co.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.

Dohrmann<Parisetta.
Behlert<Salerno.
Penwick<Penwick.
Kings Co Trust Co (Svenson)<Field.
Goldwein<Scheib (2.)
Rice<Tunly.
Elss<Elss.
Carroll<Fundy Co.
Klie<Klie (2.)
Saboski<Saboski.
Re Lott Av (Metropolitan Trust Co.
Cameron<Anderson.
Re Cropsey Av (Iacino.)
Cohan<Kalmanson.
Hackwitz<Bausch.
Cioffi<Pisani.
Zennerman<Goodman.
Wiggins<Highland Pk Rty Co (2.)
Re New Utrecht Av (Gibraltar Cons Co.)
Re Yelles.
Gutgyzuzski<Monness.
Re Stieg.
Smith<Smith.
Re Purnell.
Benach<Benach.
Herrmansen<Miller Auto Exp.
Trabant<Trabant.
Re Bisgeier (Bklyn Builders S Co.)

Peo, &c<Rubin.
Margolies<Sindell.
Plschoff<Plschoff.
Garrison<Schuhmann (8.)
Schwartzman<Fitzgerald.
Re East 91st St.
Brown<Chase.
Martin<Werner Transfer Co.
Vendt<Smith & Sons.
Campbell<Hagerty.
Conroy<Waring.
Simpson<Lee (Thayer.)
Comiskey<Comiskey.
Simpson<Simpson.
Rohan<Gates.
Weaver<Savage.
Read<Read.
Hauser<Navahoe Rty.
Tricarico<Kline.
Arcuri<Campagnie gen'l Trans.
Grango<Dillard.
Weaver<Savage.
Kress<Kress.
Radnor Realty Corp<O'Halloran.
James<Peppard Rty.
Moore<Gt Atlantic & Pac Tea Co.
Lipstein<Lipstein.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Callaghan, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Charles E. Lembeke,
William J Heavey,
Jennie Brauer,
Magdalena Schwartz,
Elizabeth Cleverley,
Emanuel G L Bullard.
Anna Kelly,
Lina Muck.

Administrations of:
William C Dugan,
Pasquale Mallozzi,
Johanna Hauer.

Real Estate.

Investment Bargains

Taken Under Foreclosure by Bank and Will Be Sold to Pay a Very Large Net Return.

Full particulars on application.

William J. Roome, Inc.

177 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 3994

Munoz & Jiminez

Lawyers

Specializing in Real Estate Titles.

51 Habana Street,

Habana, Cuba.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

116 WEST 77TH STREET.

Lot 19x102; 4 story and basement dwelling, with extension; all improvements. Price $80,000, terms to suit. For inspection apply to

GREENFELD & SAFFIR,

1472 Broadway (Longacre Bldg.)

Real Estate Salesman.

An old established office which has for many years done a successful management business purposes broadening its field and desires man of high character, thoroughly experienced in brokerage work and of proven ability to take charge of the sales work; the right man will be given an opportunity to acquire an interest on an attractive basis; replies will be treated confidential; state nature of business experience fully and give character references. Address M. B., Box 123 Times.

FOR SALE

41 GREAT JONES ST.

5 Stories & Basement, 25x100.

Possession Feb. 1, 1920.

WM. H. WHITING & CO.,

41 Park Row. Tel. 5900 Cort.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Overlooking the Sound

Semi-bungalow, 8 room, bath, large grounds, sewer, water, gas, electricity; 27 minutes from Penn. Station; frequent train service; $3,000 cash; balance easy terms; bargain for quick buyer. Stethenson, 161 West 84th St. Greeley 3282.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BRONXVILLE

Within 10 minutes walk of the station; plot ½ acre; beautiful Colonial residence of brick and shingles; sleeping porches; wide verandas, breakfast porch; garage in connection with house; 3 baths; beautiful woodwork; brook. Price $37,500. Owner anxious to sell.

MOUNT VERNON

Here is an opportunity. Owner suddenly finds he must sell splendid home; plot 90x101; lawn covered with beautiful shrubbery; large veranda; house contains 10 rooms, 2 baths; electricity, hardwood trim; convenient to country club and two stations. Price $15,000. Any reasonable terms considered.

For $35,000 we offer a country gentleman's small estate, almost in the heart of the city, surrounded by restricted property. Stately forest trees covering the grounds, which consist of about ½ acre. Property may be divided so that residence can be sold with less land for $20,500—with still less land for $17,500. House contains 12 rooms, 3 baths; hot water heat; electricity; back stairs; large verandas, and open fireplaces.

On one of Mount Vernon's shaded Avenues, near station, churches and schools, is a home finished in mahogany, quartered oak, with beamed and panelled ceilings; hot water heat; electricity; many fireplaces; 9 rooms; two 50 ft. plots; garage. Property cost over $80,000. Owner anxious to sell for $20,000; offer considered.

CRESTWOOD

On the summit overlooking the hills of lower Westchester; new house; good sized plot; price $12,500; might consider rental at $115 per month. House contains living room with fireplace; dining room; kitchen; 4 rooms on 2d floor; 1 room on 3d floor.

PELHAM HEIGHTS

Most modern house just listed, on the Boulevard; lot 125 ft. frontage; house substantially constructed of stucco, having 9 rooms, 3 baths; garage; southern exposure. Owner asking $30,000; very anxious to sell; will consider offer.

PELHAM

For rent at $2,400, 8 minutes to station; lot 100x125; house of 9 rooms; 3 baths; splendid value; high ground.

Cooley Realty Company,

Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 3400-01.

BRONXVILLE

Eight minutes' walk from station. Hot water heat, all improvements. Garage. Six rooms, bath; near golf links. Plot 60x125. Occupancy October 15. Price $12,500. Other houses in vicinity.

Howard H. Seiter Co.

New York Office:

103 PARK AVE. Phone Van. 1866

LARCHMONT'S BEST BARGAINS

NEW 7 rooms, 3 baths, stucco; near school, stores and station; $15,000.

6 rooms and sun porch, hollow tile, with hollow tile garage; corner plot. A beauty; $13,500.

A good 6 room bungalow with garage, $7,500.

HOUSES to purchase are becoming more scarce every day; no time to lose.

H. M. OLCOTT 51 East 42d St., New York Tel. Murray Hill 2324.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE AT WOODMERE, L. I.

Immediate possession, with or without furnishings, a well-built, well-cared-for 22-room house. First-class material and workmanship throughout. Stuccoed walls. Tile roof, with copper leaders and gutters. Hardwood floors. Hot-water heat. Four baths. Fireproof garage for 2 cars; room with shower bath for chauffeur; tank for 250 gallons gasoline. The very attractive grounds have a frontage of 150 feet on Broadway and depth of 228 feet. Easy commuting distance, 35 minutes to Pennsylvania Station. Address M. J. Shanley, 207 West 43d St. Phone Bryant 8200.

FREEPORT

Nine and bath, hot water heat, 92x138 ft., fine location, $8,000, $2,500 cash. H. J. McCord, 34 South Grove St., Freeport. Phone 978. Open Sundays.

Note the exceptional location of properties to be sold and

Follow the Lead of the "Leaders"!!

Mr. Hyman Sonn, of Sonn Bros., has bought and sold everything in the shape of Real Estate from a single lot to million dollar sky-scrapers. He long has been one of the city's most successful operators and investors. His knowledge of Bronx values was capitalized by the Sound Realty Co. in purchasing lots on and near White Plains Road, known as the "Broadway of the Bronx," and on and adjacent to the White Plains Road Subway.

These purchases are included in the 1,000 lots shown on the above map now to be sold by the original holders and

20 Estates in Liquidation

For account of Sound Realty Co.

1000 BRONX LOTS

on and adjacent to the

WHITE PLAINS ROAD SUBWAY

N. Y., Westchester & B. R. R.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. (Har. div.)

Including valuable frontages directly on and adjacent to the subway and the N. Y., Westchester and B. R. R. stations, and in some of the fastest growing and most important thoroughfares in the Bronx.

50% @ 4½%—60% @ 5%—70% @ 5½% may remain on mortgage for 3 years.
Title Guarantee & Trust Co. policies free.

To be sold at **Absolute Auction**

TO-MORROW

and Wednesday, Oct. 1st

At 1 P. M. in Real Estate Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer

Send for Bookmap
31 Nassau St.
Tel. Rector 6500

Take West Farms subway train on either subway to 180th Street. Change to White Plains Road train. Get off at Allerton Ave. or 238th Street, where my representative will be waiting to show you the property.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, Auctioneer

THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST.

BROADWAY PROPERTY IS THE BEST

Particularly at a Subway Station

At a transfer point

OPPOSITE THE PARK

Directly on the Line of the City's Growth

That's the kind of Property to Buy!

249 LOTS on Broadway will be sold

Between 242d St. and 256th St. and Intersecting Streets

together with 24 buildings,

At an absolute

AUCTION SALE

of the Van Cortlandt Estate

October 14th

75% can remain on mortgage. Broadway is a completely finished street for which all assessments have been paid.

Send for map to

J. CLARENCE DAVIES, agent & auctioneer

149th St. & 3rd Ave. or 32 Nassau St.

Beekman, Menken & Griscom, 52 William St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

WILL TAKE LEASES ON

OLD DWELLINGS

IN THE BEST RESIDENTIAL SECTIONS OF THE CITY.

CHARLES N. WHINSTON,

2 Columbus Circle, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FIFTEEN MODERN HOMES

for year round living ready for occupancy now. $7,500 on easy terms buys a 7 room house with tiled bath and 1-3 acre; $10,500 a 10 room house with 3 baths, garage and 2-3 acre. Many prices, sizes and designs. Easy communication to N. Y. C. 900 ft. elevation. A little cash and your rent buys one. Call for details at Mountain Lakes, Inc., 170 Broadway, N. Y. City. Tel. 1321 Cort.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE

GREENWICH, CONN.

MOST EXCLUSIVE SECTION.

Five acres high land, three miles from station; attractive new building with outdoor sleeping porches; fully furnished and equipped for immediate use as school or sanatorium.

ADDRESS D 296 TIMES, or telephone Greenwich 348

VIRGINIA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BEST SITE IN NORFOLK HARBOR FOR SALE.

The Government has just released 200 acres of water front property in Norfolk Harbor. One mile of water front, several miles of railroad switches and 90 operatives' houses. Ample water supply and large quantities of wood pulp obtainable.

JOHN L. ROPER LUMBER COMPANY,

NORFOLK, VA.

To Sublease

A Ten-Room Apartment in

THE BELNORD

225 West 86th St., Cor. Broadway

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

APPLY ON PREMISES.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished

Manhattan Beach

Beautiful house and grounds for sale or to rent for 8 months. Partly furnished. Corner.

Ambert St. and Hampton Av., MANHATTAN BEACH, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

ENTIRE BLOCK COMPLETELY REMODELLED!

The Acme Improvement Co. Offers APARTMENTS

3 & 4 ROOMS

with real kitchens, on its extensively altered property at

Central Park West and 103d and 104th Sts.

Rentals $900-$1,600

per annum. Long leases. Agent on premises.

86TH, 331 WEST.

Luxurious modern suites, 2 and 3 Rooms and Bath. Maid service, gas, electricity. $1,200—$3,200

MANHATTAN—East Side.

15 East 48th St.

Exclusive Non-Housekeeping Apartments of

1, 2, 3 & 4 Rooms
1 & 2 Baths

$1,400 to $3,600

Superior Restaurant

Same management as

"Voisin" & "Elysee"

Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co.

505 Fifth Ave. Murray Hill 6960

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Furnished Apartments

172 Lexington Avenue

Unusual apartment on two floors, 5 rooms and bath, completely furnished, $200 per month.

Ashforth & Co., Inc., 501 5th Ave.

WHILE THE SERIES IS ON.

Daily articles on world's baseball series in The New York Times by Christy Mathewson.—Advt.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Five floor house with all modern improvements; good investment; price $20,500; $6,000 down, balance on mortgage. Oreste Marlani, 21½ King St., city.

50x100 plot, unrestricted, for garage or loft, between 34th and 40th Sts., 9th and 10th Avs. Call 459 9th Av. Greeley 228.

Private dwelling, 474 West 143d, near Amsterdam Av., for sale. Caretaker.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

To Close Estate.—Five-story and cellar brick, 25x100, built for storage; 473 Hudson Av., near Fulton St.; $25,000; your own broker, or J. A. Bolton, Lynbrook, L. I.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

We have a few choice plots for sale in restricted residential park, Westchester County, adjoining golf course, close to stations, trolleys, near beaches; will build to suit purchasers. A. F. L., 200 Times Downtown.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY, LONG ISLAND CITY; 2 BRICK APARTMENT HOUSES; OLD RENTS $2,100; SAVINGS BANK MORTGAGE $10,000; PRICE $20,000. ASHFORTH & CO., 501 5TH AV., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Three factories, 16,000 to 42,000 square feet; immediate possession; near ferry and railroad. S O 415 Times Downtown.

Desirable building lot, 80x200, in Glen Ridge; choice residential section. Address Owner, O 62 Times.

Acres to divide at Westfield. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Englewood and vicinity Real Estate. H. Weatherby & Co., Englewood, N. J.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

Virginia—For Sale or To Let.

AN ELEGANT VIRGINIA ESTATE.

Situated in the heart of the Old Dominion; 1,500 acres of very fertile land, highly productive in grass and cereals, now carrying over 250 head of stock; well fenced and watered; abundant timber; excellent orchard; Colonial type brick dwelling, modern conveniences; wonderful shade; perfect setting; outbuildings numerous and good; station, over macadamized road, 2½ miles; a splendid purchase at $100 per acre. Address H. W. Hilleary, President, Real Estate Investment Co., 815 Connecticut Av., Washington, D. C.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Hotel Wanted.—At least 100 rooms; must be modern and first-class; prefer all-year hotel near New York. Robert M. Crouch, Hotel Carrollton, Point Pleasant, N. J.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

RURAL LIFE CO., KINDERHOOK, N. Y.

HUDSON VALLEY FARMS.

112-acre Lake Farm.....$6,000
110-acre City Man's Farm.....12,000
250-acre General Farm, equipped.....25,000

One of the finest farms in Orange County; 225 acres with homestead, two farm houses, barns, &c; on state highway, village conveniences; is off

Late Copy Means Omission

Want advertisements are often omitted owing to late arrival of copy. For Sunday's New York Times announcements for the Classified Section should be in The Times Building not later than 2:30 Saturday.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let

New Jersey.

IF YOU CAN'T FIND AN APARTMENT, I have a house of 13 rooms, located on a plot: 200x150 feet; 1 hour from downtown New York, in the prettiest Jersey section; six bedrooms, 2 baths, huge sleeping porch; house is partly furnished, linens, pictures, four beds, (brass and mahogany), so that your present apartment furnishings will complete; perfection; rent $100 per month, with option to Summer months if desired. Telephone Bayday 5687.

For Sale—Modern one-family frame house, eleven rooms and bath, two toilets; hot water heat; coal and gas ranges; laundry and cold storage room in cellar; all improvements; house 38x42 feet; two lots 81x200 feet; room for garage; 30 minutes from New York to Greenville station on Central R. R. of N. J.; 3 minutes walk to station and trolley; price $11,000; mortgage $8,500 at 5 per cent. J. Hahn, 267 Princeton Av., Jersey City, N. J.

AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

Highest and best location, extensive view; house of 11 rooms, plot 125x400, at $10,500; for quick sale, immediate possession; full particulars either office.

E. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y. Rector 7718. Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 535

Illness compels surrender lease running till April, 7 rooms, bath, electricity, hot water, spacious grounds, large garden; monthly commutation $6; rent $35; occupancy Oct. 6-8; ideal for children. Phone or write J. R. Hurlburt, Waldwick, N. J.

Miscellaneous.

Immediately to rent, modern country house, unfurnished; four bedrooms, garage; electric light, steam heat; must be within easy reach New York. T 210 Times.

Country Houses Wanted.

House or high-class bungalow on the north shore of Long Island for next Summer, from about May 15 to Sept. 15; prefer 5 or 6 room house; give all particulars. R. J., 222 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Loft 50x100, light 3 sides, steam heat, elevator service, sprinkler system; immediate possession. Kruger, 90-92 Wooster St., near Spring.

Desk room and private offices with service in the handsomest building in the world. Inquire Suit 808, 51 East 42d St.

Lof s to let, 534 East 20th St., 3d floor, elevator; 38-184. Apply Estate John U. Brookman, 95 Bro dway.

Office space, about 2,500 square feet; will divide to suit building. 356 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Inquire room 25.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Store (small) to rent, Broadway, near 145th St.; suitable for millinery, shoes, or any other business. Telephone Audubon 124, between 8 and 9 P. M.

Offices very desirable, opposite Pennsylvania Hotel. 150 West 33d. Inquire on premises.

Desk room in private office. Call 12 to 2, Room 735, 170 Nassau St.

Three attractive small front offices; superior lighting; 10th floor, 450 4th Av.

Loft, 20x100; wonderful location, near Times Square; 216 West 42d St.

Warehouse space, 50 cents square foot. Alpha Warehouse, 47 Vesey St.

Desk and room in office. Burnot Mfg. Co., 64 Gold St., City.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

SPACE WANTED

BY IMPORTERS FOR OFFICE AND SHOWROOM, ABOUT 1,200 SQUARE FEET, ON BROADWAY, FRANKLIN TO JOHN, OR 3D DESIRABLE 4TH AV. TO 67TH; NOT OVER $3 PER SQUARE FOOT.

D 515 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

LOFT WANTED

4,000-5,000 square feet in elevator building; immediate possession. S. Sedren, 1,600 Broadway, 3d floor.

800 square feet or more wanted for offices, below Canal St., Manhattan; cash for assigned lease. D. A. Howell, 55 Liberty St., New York. Telephone 5793 Cortlandt.

Wanted—Strong building suitable for storage, south of Brooklyn Bridge and near Chelsea piers; give size, rental and particulars. M 660 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

9TH AV., 210.—Large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette, $125; small apartment, two rooms, itchenette, bath, $65; maid service included; all-night elevator. Call Sunday, Monday, Tuesday.

35TH ST., 28 EAST.—Two rooms and bath; $60; modern.

35TH ST., 29 EAST. (near Madison.)—Two rooms and bath, kitchenette, partially furnished; everything new; $150 per month; year's lease. Phone Madison Square 334.

70TH ST. (Corner Lexington Av., 163.)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished, $30 weekly up. Hotel Ruthledge.

81ST ST., 22 EAST.—Two-room apartment, bath; newly decorated; hotel service.

96TH ST., 21 EAST.—Two rooms, alcove, kitchenette, elevator; immediate; references; lease.

96TH ST., 19 EAST.—Artistic apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Pandiris.

96TH, 19 EAST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; lease furnished; may be seen week days, between 10 and 4. Lemberton.

54TH ST., 114 EAST, (near Park Av.)—3 furnished rooms, housekeeping; suitable for two gentlemen or couple; all conveniences. Phone 3886 Plaza. Bemler.

56TH ST., 51 EAST.—Parlor, bedroom, and bath, $75. Apt. 6. Rector 4682.

58TH ST., 120 EAST.—Six attractive rooms, 3d floor, elevator, $150 monthly; also four delightful rooms, apartment hotel, maid service, restaurant. Tel. 309 Lenox.

59TH ST., 22 EAST.—Three to four room elevator apartments, furnished or unfurnished, housekeeping.

63D ST., cor. Madison Av.—Apartment hotel; corner suite, 2 rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

A YOUNG married couple will share large 8-room, finely-furnished apartment with congenial couple or individual; most unusual opportunity; about $140; must call this afternoon. Turner, 260 Riverside Drive.

GRAMERCY PARK, 26.—Two rooms and bath, attractively furnished; all hotel service; $50, with meals for 2 persons per week and upward. Hotel Irving.

LEXINGTON AV., 505.—Five rooms, bath, kitchen, partly furnished, $110. Rhinc, 4150.

MADISON AV., 687, (62d.)—Artistically furnished bedrooms, bath, kitchen; no elevator; entire 3d floor; $175; lease year or season; call 10-4. Ford.

MADISON AV., 780, (66th St.)—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath, kitchen, $231 per month; year's lease; elevator; maid service. Apt. 9-A. Shown after 12.

MADISON AV., 785.—2 sunny, attractive rooms, bath, elevator, $130 per month; year's lease; maid service included. Apt 4-C. Shown after 12.

MADISON AV., (near 61st St.)—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated apartment, two large sunny rooms, kitchenette, bath; all latest improvements; seen any time. Deane.

PARK AV., 910.—Beautifully furnished twelve-room apartment; three master bedrooms, two baths, three maids' rooms, one bath, $1,200 month; better terms by years. 7-7 Plaza.

PARK AV., (80th vicinity.)—Modern building; seven rooms, two baths, beautifully furnished, $100; season, year. Van Vleck, 148 East 40th; Vanderbilt 3357, forenoons.

SEVERAL SMALL ROOMS for young gentlemen; adjoining bath; $40 to $45 per month; well located; references required. Y 389 Times.

SIXTIES, EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Exquisitely furnished apartment, six rooms, five hundred month; year lease only; no agents. 228 Rhinelander.

VERY DESIRABLE rooms and bath for gentlemen; Christian family; unusual; exclusive elevator service; $120 to $300 a month; references required. J 888 Times.

Furnished—West Side.

47TH ST., 162 WEST, (Sheridan Chambers.)—New and artistically furnished four-room apartment; quiet and light; $200. Kemper.

127TH ST., 749 WEST.—Artist will rent exceptionally large, well furnished, skylight studio, bedroom, bath and kitchen; Oct. 1. $275. Chelsea 3242.

107TH ST., 314 WEST.—Richly furnished five-room elevator modern apartment, complete, $125. Apartment 11. Phone Chelsea 4654.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

103 EAST 3D ST.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Will finish to order office, waiting room, and laboratory, $1,200 year; with two-room, kitchen, and bath apt. in rear, $1,600.

TWO ROOMS, KITCHEN, BATH.

Five wonderful apartments, immediate occupancy; $1,200-$1,800 year; act quickly. Agent on premises, 1-4 or

APARTMENT HEADQUARTERS, Room 626, 507 5th Av.

60TH AND 5TH AV.—Entire floor elegant private house, bath; immediate possession. Write M. T. T., 125 East 84th St.

67 EAST 93D ST.

Seven rooms and bath; all latest improvements; rent $100; ready Oct. 1.

93D ST., cor. Madison Av.—Apartment hotel; beautiful corner suite, 2 rooms and bath; unfurnished; $40 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

NEW APARTMENTS.
2 AND 3 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE, $65-$75-$85.

1,273 Lexington Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

167TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios; 1 and 3 room bachelor apartments; all improvements.

13 AND 26 WEST 43D ST.
TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE.
$45 PER MONTH.
APPLY WALTER J. SALMON, 13 WEST 42D ST.
PHONE VANDERBILT 47.

46TH ST., 100 WEST, (Hotel St. James.)—Sitting room, bedroom and bath; all large outside rooms; ample closet room; $1,300 from Oct. 1.

503, W.ST.—High-class elevator apartment, 9 rooms, 3 baths; $5,000 year. Silberson, 25 West 42d.

83D, 57 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, $1,200 to $1,800, also studio and doctor's office; new alteration; large rooms, additional side windows. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St. Phone 8300 Murray Hill.

54TH, 327 WEST.—Four rooms, house cooking, remodeled; would furnish; elevs or; $900-$1,000.

44 WEST 57TH ST.
TWO LARGE ROOMS AND BATH; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY, POSSESSION OCT. 1ST, 1919.

77TH, 32 WEST.—Handsome 2-room suite for bachelor; all improvements; high-class house; refe ences.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Entire floor, private residence; 2 rooms, bath; electricity; decorated to suit; owner resident; $1,300.

79TH, (63 Riverside Drive.)—Attractive two-room apartment; southern exposure; lease, $1,000.

79TH, (63 Riverside Drive.)—Attractive floor, three rooms, suitable one or two doctors; high-class private residence; improvements.

86TH, 320 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Entire floor in private residence, flooded with sunshine, southern exposure, $2,000 year, including maid service. Schuyler 6062.

86TH ST., 143 WEST.—Handsomely furnished kitchenette; apartment; service; yearly lease.

87TH, 327 WEST.—Attractive large 1, 2, 3 rooms, bath; single, ensuite.

87TH ST., 313 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room apartment, year's lease; $200 per month. Pearn.

90'S and 90'S.—Best selection of high class furnished apartments in town; call, write, phone. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d. Bryant 343-2361.

92D, 310 WEST.—Entire parlor floor; electricity, gas; maid service. Immediate occupancy.

92D, 70 WEST.—Parlor floors, 3 elegant rooms, bath, electricity; $160 monthly.

98TH ST., 50 WEST.—Luxurious newly furnished and decorated apartment, 2 rooms and bath, linen; 1st floor, rear apartment. Connce.

98TH ST., 240 WEST (corner Broadway.)—Attractive sunny 3-room apartment, well furnished; complete home. Riverside 8198, apartment 6B.

100TH, 255 WEST, (West End Av.)—2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, high-class, very attractive, sunny; to lease only; $150. Telephone Riverside 7427.

102D, 247 WEST.—To let furnished or unfurnished artist's studio, northern skylight; two exceptionally large rooms; $100 per month; meals if desired. Hamburger.

110TH, 214 WEST.—3-room apartment, beautifully furnished; $406 month, 8 months, 1 year. Academy 2501 Apt. 4.

112TH ST., 508 WEST.—Light and airy apartment, five rooms and bath, tastily furnished. Brown.

113TH, 617 WEST.—Six rooms, front, off Riverside, $2,160 year; immediate. Avalos.

114TH ST., 540 WEST.
Nonhousekeeping apartment, one or two rooms and bath; by the year.

115TH, 310 WEST.—3-room kitchenette apartment, top floor. S. W.

130'S. (Near Riverside Drive.)—Handsomely furnished elevator apartment of four rooms, bath, piano; $120. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

130TH ST., St. Nicholas Av.)—6 sunny rooms, furnished, elevator, yearly; possession Oct. 1. Hoyt, 2760 Trement.

APARTMENT—We positively have your ideal high-class furnished apartment; all prices, all sections; unquestionable best organization; best selection in town. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d. Bryant 343-2361.

ARTISTIC APARTMENTS FOR REFINED PEOPLE.

Furnished apartments of two and three rooms and kitchenette, bath; newly furnished by prominent New York decorator; references required; rents $125 monthly upward. Telephone Murray Hill 7490.

ARTISTICALLY FURNISHED APART.

Mahogany furniture, color scheme blue and rose, outside rooms, two bedrooms, living room, kitchen, bath, near Riverside Drive and subway station; also apartment with sleeping room. 600 West 139th.

BROADWAY, 2,731, (near 103d subway)—The Clemenceau; for 1 year from Oct. 1; 6 all sunny, medium sized, Broadway front; nicely furnished, newly decorated rooms; all night elevator; no children or dogs; small family of adults; references, $125-$130; also four room sunny apartment, $100-105. Call 10 or 5 o'clock.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 385.—Large living room, dining room and library, overlooking beautiful view park. 8 large master's bedrooms, maid's, 4th floor; elevator. Apt. 4-N. Inspected between 10-3.

CENTRAL PARK, 418 WEST.—Attractively furnished; six rooms and bath; all outside rooms; beautiful building. Riverside 4164, apartment 86.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 136 W. 72d. Col. 1077

CLIENTS WISH HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
F. R. WOOD & CO., INC.,
128 West 72d St. Columbus 6245.

DUPLEX STUDIO APARTMENT DE LUXE; elegantly furnished; finest studio building in New York; centrally located; main studio, 36x36; fireplace, balcony, &c.; eight rooms in all, with three baths; northern exposure, and southern exposures; electric grand Steinway piano; silver, linen, &c.; will rent for one year from Oct. 1. F 13 Times.

EXCLUSIVE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
F. R. WOOD & CO., INC.,
128 West 72d St. Columbus 6245.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to sublet, season or longer. Apply Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (90's, Overlooking Hudson.)—Five rooms, $200; particulars. Telephone Riverside 8098.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222.—Delightful corner suite fronting Hudson, with kitchen, piano. Male.

Six large outside rooms, butler's pantry; every improvement; attractively furnished; 7th floor, near Pennsylvania Hotel. Oct. 1, $200. Phone 2753 Greeley. 11 to 3.

WEST END AV.—(90's) high-class, nine rooms, 3 baths, $400; also three rooms, $175. Phone Riverside 8098.

6 ROOMS, EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENT. COL. MB 8 6246

6 ROOMS, 2 BATHS; LOWER EIGHTIES. Phone for appointment, Columbus 5676.

9 ROOMS, 3 or 4 master bedrooms; good location; possession at once. Telephone Columbus 6245.

Furnished—Westchester County.

FURNISHED, modern, six-room and bath apartment in two-family house near New Haven Station, Mount Vernon; occupancy Oct. 1; your best offer. L 976 Times Harlem.

Unfurnished—East Side.

47TH, 148 EAST.—To lease, unusually attractive, sunny, second floor private house; parquet floors, open fireplaces; suitable for bachelor or non-housekeeping; rent $42; maid service; references exchanged. Telephone Murray Hill 2468.

7 EAST 54TH ST.

Living room, bedroom, bath, and ample closet room; southern exposure; superintendent on premises; maid service available; breakfast served in rooms; rental $1,300. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 3700 John.

55TH, 33 WEST, (off 5th.)—Entire floors, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; decorated suite; immediate occupancy; $100-$175; references.

55TH, 116 EAST, (Park Av.)—Elegant large five-room apartment; extra maid's room if desired; rent $225 month; also four-room apartment, large rooms, $175 month; can be seen any time. Plaza 7318.

60TH ST., 42 EAST.—Bachelor apartment, furnished or unfurnished; large, sunny. Call 10 to 6. Phone 2974 Plaza.

65TH, 135 EAST.—Floor private dwelling, light housekeeping small family; no children.

75TH, 57 EAST.—Second floor in private house, near Park Av.; 3 exceptionally large rooms and bath; all modern improvements; no small children. Call after 11 o'clock.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

TO A GENTLEMAN, comfortable, large, light furnished room, with all conveniences, in private apartment. Telephone Madison Square 2060.

West Side.

50TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable furnished room for gentleman; electricity, running water.

57TH ST., 32 WEST.—Unfurnished large and handsome room.

58TH, 33 WEST.—Large light room, suitable 2 gentlemen, $9; electricity, Argersinger.

59TH, 1 WEST.—Suite two beautifully furnished rooms facing park; corner apartment; no other roomers; all conveniences; reasonable.

70TH, 326 WEST.—Large attractive room; private bath, electricity, steam; gentleman; permanent; immediate possession; $20 week. Columbus 9582.

72D ST., 40 WEST.—Furnished room, connecting bath; middle-aged couple or gentleman; with kitchen privileges; $18 per week. Give ref rences.

72D, West End.—Floors, 2-3 rooms, baths, electricity; $100 up; lease. Tel. Columbus 806.

74D, 164 WEST.—Attractive, large room, doctor's house; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

76TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large rooms, near bath; $14-$15; electricity; very exclusive.

79TH, 227 WEST.—Attractive, large 1, 2, 3 room bath, single, en suite.

86TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; $20 weekly; refined surroundings; lease.

86TH, 169 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; private family; choice locality.

81ST, 23 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, with, without private bath; elegant private house.

83D, 53 WEST.—Second front, beautifully furnished, adjoining bath, back parlor; references.

87TH, (Riverside.)—Furnished room, bath; electricity; use of kitchen. A 884 Times Annex.

88TH, 48 WEST.—Exceptionally large room private bath, telephone; 1, 2 gentlemen.

87TH, 44 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large front rooms; private bath; kitchenette privilege; phone; $17, $25 weekly; private family.

91ST, 20 WEST.—Ideal bachelor apartment, 2 rooms, beautifully furnished, Maher.

93D, 103 WEST.—Large room, private bath, kitchenette, electricity, steam heat, telephone extension; $25; also one suitable two gentlemen, adjoining bath, $15; both southern exposure.

96TH, 330 WEST.—Desirable bedroom and sitting room; elevator apartment; $20 weekly. Apply 2 to 4. Apt. 70.

100TH, 258 WEST.—Comfortable room, near bath; gentleman. Evenings, Inquire hallboy.

103D ST., 242 WEST.—Floor in refined home; private bath, references required.

111TH, 383 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; private family; $10 weekly. Apt. 12.

120TH, 423 WEST.—Elevator building, sublet four rooms and bath; light, well furnished; phone appointment. 7080 Morningside.

121ST, 412 WEST.—All conveniences, large, airy, well furnished; refined young man. Hellp rn.

144, 691 WEST, (near Subway.)—Large, comfortable; elevator; private family; references 213.

187TH, 718 WEST.—$40 month, large room, running water; high class elevator apartment with refined family; adults. Levy.

CONVENT AV., 492.—Parlor and bedroom, furnished, for two; improvements. Apt. 33.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223, (94th St.)—Rooms, single, double, newly decorated; high-class elevator apartment; references. Smith.

WEST END AV., 265.—Attractively furnished suites; large rooms with bath; small rooms with bath adjoining. Telephone Columbus 1335.

W. ST END AVE., 759, (corner 97th.)—2 high class desirable rooms; modern private house; references.

Brooklyn.

Brooklyn.—Nicely furnished, suitable for two, all conveniences, centrally located. Prospect 4187.

New Jersey.

Furnished rooms, with breakfast; references essential. 217 Hillcrest Av., Woodridge, N. J

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

76TH, 317 WEST.—Exceptionally large, elegant room, bath; French windows; north; light, suitable for artist or bachelor.

136TH, 551 WEST.—Very desirable room, bath; unique conveniences for refined people.

97TH, 317 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—1, 2, 3 rooms, bath; elegant private house; immediate possession.

100 D ST., 2-3 WEST.—Floor in refined home; private bath, references required.

107, RIVERSIDE.—One-two good outside rooms; business woman. A 64 Times.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Two Japanese gentlemen desire two large, well-furnished, sunny rooms with refined American family in high class apartment of all modern conveniences, between West 72d and 125th Sts., or anywhere on Riverside Drive; highest references; state particulars. 2 Hori oshi & Co., 71 Madison Av.

Lady of literary vocation and mature years, out most of day, desires moderate priced living quarters downtown. E. C. Riegel, 200 Fifth Av.

Young man, living out of town, desires room in town for music study, where piano will not be objectionable; highest references; $25 monthly. S. Quincy, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Furnished room wanted by young lady, (business woman,) with private family; full facilities; eating conveniences and price. W 673 Times Downtown.

A gentleman desires to secure for permanent occupancy a room and private bath; location preferred, 84th to 72d Sts.; highest references given. A 829 Times Annex.

Wanted, large room, neighborhood 86th St. West, by local students to install pianos. Mrs. Recon, Schuyler 5308

Gentleman, references, quiet room, good light, large closet; permanent; $5-$7; near 6th Av. L. O 64 Times

Young man wants single room, congenial family, below 90th St., West. L 75 Times.

Unfurnished.

36TH, 34 WEST.—2 rooms and private bath, with service, for bachelor. Inquire on premises any time.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH, (Corner Lexington Av., 163.)—Rooms, with meals, $17 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service; elevator, telephone for women exclusively. Hotel Ruthledge.

MADISON AV., 450.—Rooms with board; private bath; table guests.

West Side.

16 WEST 49TH ST.
Table Board for Particular People.

54 WEST 54TH.

Large room, with board; references.

78TH, 235 WEST.—Single room, private running water, steam heat, electricity, $15.

79TH, 114-120 WEST, (wide, parked street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors, sunroom and lounge; steam heat.

82D, 68 WEST.—Single room for gentlemen; home table; $18.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady, owning handsome home, 4 baths, desires few paying guests.

102D, 247 WEST.—Refined Jewish house offers exceptional accommodations to discriminating guests; highest grade food; conveniences. Hamburger.

120TH, 450 WEST.—High-class rooms and board; Hungarian cooking.

BOARD WANTED.

Refined young man wishes room, west side; board also; private family preferred; state terms. M 214 Times.

Invalid lady and nurse require room, bath, board, downstairs or elevator, city or vicinity. Phone Stuyvesant 5095.

By gentleman, room with private bath, with board, in high-class boarding house. B 893 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Richmond.

The Evelyn Lodge,
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard;
30 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown, N. Y.
Lovely Furnished, Excellent Chef & Service.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Water View.
Weekly $18 Up. Capacity 75. Booklet.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

Westchester County.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y. City comforts; music; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Booklet. Phone 1185 W. Plains.

New Jersey.

Couple with attractive home in Rutherford, N. J., will accommodate congenial lady or gentleman; bedroom and living room near bath; real home comforts; garage; $25 a week. B 898 Times Annex.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

25TH ST., 4 LEXINGTON AV. (n. e. corner, Hotel Belmont.)—Exceptionally nice, light rooms, with private bath, $10-$12 weekly.

30TH ST., (Cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $10 weekly and up. Room with use of bath, $12 weekly up. Room with private bath, $17 weekly up; cozy, comfortable. Hotel Ruthledge.

81ST ST., 22 EAST.—Two rooms, bath; attractive, newly decorated; full hotel service; leases only. Hampton Apt. Hotel.

35D., 135 EAST.—Attractive suite for bachelors; with or without breakfast. Jones.

56TH ST., 58 EAST.—Large, desirable front room for couple; also small room.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

GREAT DEMAND FOR WELL-FURNISHED APARTMENTS; EXCELLENT TENANTS WAITING. SIMS, PATTON, LARGE & SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D TEL. 7240 COLUMBUS.

Four or five rooms by refined Christian couple with 18 months child; about one hour's ride from Bloomfield, New Jersey; not to exceed $75 month; particulars. O 69 Times.

Wanted—Furnished apartments, all descriptions; most responsible tenants waiting; immediate action; unquestionably best organization in town; phone us now, save time. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d. Bryant 3661.

Wanted by two business women, modern two to four-room apartment, with kitchenette; below 69th St. preferred; $60 to $80; references. Box 72, Times, 2 Lector St.

Apartment, 7, 8 rooms, well furnished; 76th, 96th, west side; small family; reasonable; sublease or buy entire furniture. L. 238 Amsterdam Av.

IMMEDIATELY, BY PRIVATE FAMILY, 6 TO 8 ROOMS, WOULD PAY FROM $125 TO $400 A MONTH. ADDRESS MR. TURNER, BRETTON HALL HOTEL.

Refined couple wants three to five room nicely furnished apartment; excellent references furnished; write particulars. M 284 Times.

Two to four room apartment on floor wanted by two adults, east. Komroff, 148 East 30th

Family of four adults want desirable six to eight room furnished apartment; references; give details. M 285 Times.

Private apartment of one or two rooms for housekeeping, furnished, $50 to $70 monthly. A 36 Times.

I CAN rent your apartment; list now. E. M. Van Winkle, 136 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

Unfurnished.

Wanted, apartment, unfurnished, four bedrooms, anywhere within easy rail access of New York; willing to pay 12 months' rent in advance for suitable place; can occupy any time; can give any references required. M 205 Times.

Wanted at once, or within next two months, 3, 4, 5 or 6 room apartment, unfurnished; reasonable; west side; best references given. M 217 Times.

Refined married couple, Christians, no children, would rent 2 or 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, not over $45; desirable locality; references. D 344 Times.

Wanted—One or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished apartment, kitchenette and bath; vicinity 72d St.; references Telephone Cathedral 10370 or Hanover 6360.

Within 40 minutes Wall St.; good neighborhood; preferably Manhattan; three or four rooms, bath. Barclay 7618.

Naval officer and wife desire 2 room apartment; heat, bath; rent $30; city or Brooklyn. D 350 Times.

Wanted.—Four room and bath apartment in good location; about $75. Call Cathedral 8907.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

25TH ST., 4 LEXINGTON AV. (n. e. corner, Hotel Belmont.)—Exceptionally nice, light rooms, with private bath, $10-$12 weekly.

30TH ST., (Cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $10 weekly and up. Room with use of bath, $12 weekly up. Room with private bath, $17 weekly up; cozy, comfortable. Hotel Ruthledge.

81ST ST., 22 EAST.—Two rooms, bath; attractive, newly decorated; full hotel service; leases only. Hampton Apt. Hotel.

35D., 135 EAST.—Attractive suite for bachelors; with or without breakfast. Jones.

56TH ST., 58 EAST.—Large, desirable front room for couple; also small room.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New Jersey.

MAKE YOUR HOME IN THE COUNTRY. Special terms offered from October 1st to June the 15th.

MONMOUTH BEACH INN,
Monmouth Beach, N. J.

Direct connection from 23rd, Liberty or Penn. Sts. Delightful location, homelike atmosphere, best food; outdoor sports; fishing, skating, golf links nearby. Saturday informal dancing.

Parlor, bedroom, private bath, board for 2 persons, from $75 per week.

Bedroom, private bath and board for 2, $60 per week up; for one, $40 up; with running hot and cold water, for two, $35 up; one, $30. Extra cot and board for children under six, $14.

Tennis courts, library, open fireplaces in nearly every room.

Address: F. Schindl, phone Monmouth Beach 2278.

UNUSUAL.
ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43 So. Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.

A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers; 35 minutes from Broadway. Fine food, rich quality. Homelike atmosphere; artistically furnished.

Room with private bath and table board for one, $20 to $30.

Room with private bath and table board for two, $35 to $50.

Parlor, bedroom and private bath with table board for two, $45 to $65.

Suites of two bedrooms with private bath and board for three, $57 to $75.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT CHEMIST, where experience in industrial plant, college education, science teaching will be valued; anywhere. G 11 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, audited, disentangled, posted for firms without bookkeepers. Edna Hayes, Madison Square, 4912.

ATTENDANT, nurse, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting, wants position in doctor's office. T 216 Times.

BILL CLERK-ASST. BOOKKEEPER.—8 years' experience; high school graduate; accurate, energetic; $22. A 61 Times.

BILLING CLERK, Remington, Wahl; 5 yo rs' experience; $18. G 87 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—30; refined, intelligent, expert typist, correspondent; knowledge of all phases clerical work; banking, commercial experience; excellent references; $25. Box 29, 1508 2d Av.

BOOKKEEPER desires position with a reliable firm; one that appreciates a conscientious worker; 7 years' experience; salary $28 to $30. M 266 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Eight years' experience; double entry, controlling accounts, financial statements; knowledge stenography; A1 references; salary, $30 to $35. F 690 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; high school graduate; double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; exporting and importing knowledge; $25. E 769 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-SECRETARY
seeks opportunity use knowledge double entry, typing, correspondence, capacity, assume responsibility 10 years' experience; $35. C 272 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, three years' experience; knowledge stenography; $22; neat, accurate. E. Spodack, 764 Park Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, double entry, trial balance, monthly statements; take entire charge; high credentials; $30. B 397 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Firms without bookkeepers, let accounting firm, wide experience, excellent references, do your bookkeeping, low figure. N 852 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; trial balance, controlling account, stenography; competent take full charge of office. F 718 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; college training; capable taking hold of big propositions; salary $40. Primak, 1,199 Fulton Av., New York.

BOOKKEEPER—STENOGRAPHER.
Thoroughly experienced; double entry; trial balance; excellent references, $50. E 366 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist, 5 years' experience double entry, trial balance, con rolling accounts; $32. Levine, 886 Bedf. St.

BOOKKEEPER, three years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance; reference. C 238 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, double entry; experienced typist; capable; references. M 813 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry and general office routine. E 746 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ambitious; trial balance, wholesale, retail experience; $30. W 1222 Times Bro y.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, three years' experience; accurate; reliable; $18. M. 346 West 156th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant double entry, accurate, reliable; college graduate. O 65 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ten years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts; $30-$35. B Rosenblatt, 878 ... s 2d St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, six years' experience; conscientious worker; $30. F 583 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER 3 years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts. F 728 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, competent, assuming responsibility; $38. A 1 reference, N 28 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, desires change; competent take full charge; downtown busy office preferred; $30. O 9 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — 4 years' experience; high school graduate; thoroughly competent. 200 Tim s.

BOOKKEEPER, capable; 2 years' insurance experience; salary $18. L 983 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST. Christian, 8 years' experience; full charge; $25. D 302 Times.

CLERK.—Clerical work that is interesting; college graduate; attractive personality; commercial experience. G 12 Times.

COOK, with baby two years old, desires position in private family, either city or country; free Oct. 1. Address L. Lewinski, Woodmere, L. I.

COOK. — German-Hungarian; apartment; 385 Zerkle, 1702 1st Av. 1st floor, rear.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR with 4 years' experience; also competent bookkeeper; willing and able; salary $35. B 264 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR desires position, knowledge of bookkeeping; $18. T 240 Times.

COLORED WOMAN. — Maid, housework, chamberwork, attendant; apartments cleaned; nurse. Armstrong, 3 E. 131st St.

COST CLERK.—High school education; 4 years' experience; age 22; best references. D 343 Times.

DESIGNER and maker of gowns and wraps wishes position part time. Phone 5529 Plaza.

DRESSMAKERS.—Palmer sisters, 50 West 56th St.; gowns and frocks; any design; your material.

DRESSMAKER wishes work in private family; best references. Wright, 240 East 86th.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY.

Woman of strong character, crippled by accident, highly educated, with literary inclinations and faculty of expression, proficient in French and German, seeks employment in a secretarial capacity; she is willing to make herself useful in any or all ten calling for knowledge of the world, experience of political and literary movements, and tact in dealing with individuals; will accept moderate salary until her abilities are tested. Address Z 105 Times Annex.

FRENCH woman wants some washing to do at home; good hand laundress; good references for fine work. D 848 Times.

GOVERNESS-HOUSEKEEPER. — Executive position in household with motherless children to supervise; refined environment more important than salary; college graduate; highest references. B 830 Times.

GOVERNESS, willing to go to Havana for two girls. See Mrs. Otero, Hotel Ansonia, 16—104.

HOUSEWORKER.—Mother, daughter; New Rochelle. (Phone 2203,) Pelham, Larchmont. M. Mechanic St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—If necessary can act as hostess. O 67 Times.

LADY wishes to read aloud to invalids or lady. C 334 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, German and English, experienced and well recommended, desires position to children not under 3 years old. F. H., 440 5th Av.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—23, desires with children 2-5 years of age. Telephone Academy 3377, 208 West 104th, Apt. 3.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Business woman, with initiative and executive ability, experienced in bookkeeping and modern office methods and systems, desires a position with a first-class firm. N 869 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY,

highly qualified by experience and capabilities for position of exacting requirements; competent stenographer; good personality; highest credentials; minimum salary $40. F 820 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY

to busy executive, refined girl from Berkshires, thoroughly educated, experienced, tactful, resourceful, has initiative, can handle detail; excellent references. C 372 Times.

SECRETARY. — Refined woman, capable stenographer and bookkeeper, wishes responsible position in downtown office; $30. A 764 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced; high school graduate; refined, intelligent; exceptional ability; competent; $28. A 583 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER; high school graduate; highest credentials; four years' experience; thoroughly competent; salary, $28. F 719 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SECRETARY.—Capable young woman, engaged in war work in Washington and France, seeks position where her unusual qualifications can be utilized. B 380 Times.

SECRETARY, highly efficient; thoroughly understands import, export, manufacturing; correspondent; seven years' experience; highest credentials. L. 848 East 48th.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE

HELP WANTED—Female.

BILLING CLERK,
Moon-Hopkins billing machine; steady position; excellent chance for promotion. F 24 Times.

BILLING CLERKS on Underwood machine. Apply American Book Co., 100 Washington Square.

BILLING CLERK on Moon Hopkins billing machine. C. E. Hertlien, 334 4th Av.

BOOKKEEPER
For Stock Ledger.
Must have department or specialty store experience.
STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.
Employment Office 37th St. Entrance.

BOOKKEEPER.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED YOUNG LADY WHO UNDERSTANDS CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; NEAT AND LEGIBLE HANDWRITING ESSENTIAL; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. F 92 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT;
Permanent position for girl competent to post and take trial balance; good pay; fine chance for advancement; write only, stating experience and salary expected. Janssen, 82 Brown Place, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; UNDERSTAND CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; PERMANENT POSITION; GOOD FUTURE TO RIGHT PARTY. BOX 27, 1,019 ST. JAMES BLDG.

BOOKKEEPER (Assistant) and Stenographer.—Young lady; printing shop experience preferred. Reply, stating age, qualifications, and salary expected. M 488 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, typewriting experience, controlling accounts; good chance for advancement for a bright young lady with growing concern; state salary, references, and experience. F 89 Times.

BOOKKEEPER Wanted. — Thoroughly experienced; knowledge of typewriting; excellent opportunity; permanent position; positive advancement. Heyman Specialty Co., 343 Grove St., Jersey City.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT AND STENOGRAPHER. — EXPERIENCED; GOOD SALARY TO START. MARION 588 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER. — DOUBLE ENTRY. KNOWLEDGE STENOGRAPHY; GOOD PENMAN. J. FRIEDMAN, 79 CROSBY ST.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER wanted; reference; salary and experience; answer by mail. Pawnbroker, 279 Stanton St.

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer, experienced in wholesale dress house. Chic Made Dress Co., 33 West 54th.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, artist be experienced double entry system; references required. F 91 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of stenography; rapid advancement. Pauker Knitting Mills, 507 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Call in person Monday, 10 A. M. Philipsborn, 912 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, double entry. Call 9 morning, 2 Rector St., International Audit Co.

BUYER.—Young lady wanted as assistant buyer; one who is experienced in ladies' coats, suits, dresses, and waists; must have good references. Apply 9 to 12 A. M., Tannenhaus Bros., 184 5th Av.

BUYER.
Women's ready-to-wear; must know the market; those experienced in buying for out-of-town concerns only. D 349 Times.

CASHIER.
LEDGER CLERK, EXPERIENCE; STEADY; NATIONAL IMPERIAL WOOLENS INC., 900 BROADWAY.

CASHIERS, experienced; $14. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

CHAMBERMAID wanted; also a good laundress wanted; must be neat, willing, reliable girls; good home and good wages all the year if satisfactory; references required; Swedish or American preferred, in a private family of three adults. E 745 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID and Waitress in apartment, willing to do mending; two in family; other girl kept. Call Monday afternoon, between 1 and 4 o'clock, 25 East 30th St. Apartment 7A.

CHAMBERMAIDS wanted; only 11 rooms to care for. Hotel St. James, 109 West 45th. Bryant 3247.

CLERICAL WORK.
For office work, requiring no previous experience; school girls and graduates of grammar or high school will be carefully taught correct business methods; rapid advancement in position and salary; good pay to start; attractive business hours.
BELLAS HESS & CO.,
95 MORTON ST.,
Near Christopher St. Ferry.

CLERKS IN THE ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT OF THE NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.
HOURS 9 TO 5, SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY.
APPLY BETWEEN 1 AND 4 P. M. TO NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY, ROOM 705, 25 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

CLERKS
GOOD PAY, CONGENIAL SURROUNDINGS
Opportunity for Rapid Advancement.
For Intelligent Young Ladies Over 16.
Steady position; convenient to all Brooklyn, Jersey City and all local transit facilities. Call or write
F. M. LUPTON, Publisher,
80 LAFAYETTE ST., N. Y.

CLERICAL WORKERS who want to get out of a rut and learn profession which includes typewriting, offers an opportunity to do executive work, and pays up to $1,500 a year. Apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

CLERICAL.
Girls for clerical work in Subscription Department; 44½ hours a week; half day Saturday; unusually pleasant surroundings. Apply to
MISS CARLOCK,
The Butterick Publishing Co.,
326 Hudson St., N. Y. (2d floor.)
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

CLERICAL.
Young ladies to do clerical work in large wholesale house; must be neat and have good handwriting; splendid opportunity.
J. SAMSTAG & HILDER BROS.,
1,260 BROADWAY, CORNER 29TH ST.

CLERK. — DRESSMAKING HOUSE IN PLAZA DISTRICT REQUIRES NEAT, CAPABLE, AND WILLING GIRL, OVER 16, GOOD PENMAN AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; ONE HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING PREFERRED; BEGIN SALARY $16; RAPID ADVANCEMENT IF WORTHY. STATE EXPERIENCE, AGE, AND RELIGION. L 39 TIMES.

CLERKS.—YOUNG LADIES FOR OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SOME KNOWLEDGE OF OFFICE ROUTINE PREFERRED; ADVANCEMENT ACCORDING RESULTS SHOWN; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, IF ANY, IN DETAIL AND SALARY DESIRED. WRITE CORP., 200 EAST 23D.

CLERK.—Girl over 16 for clerical work; must be accurate at figures; convenient to parties living on the west side between 20th and 34th Sts. J 390 Times.

CLERKS, for publishing office; experience unnecessary; $10 start. W. M., P. O. Box 23, Station D, City.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT; permanent position; advancement assured; salary to start $12. Washington Mills, 56 Lispenard St.

COOK, who will help with housework, in apartment; other girl kept; two in family. Call Monday afternoon, between 1 and 4 o'clock, 25 East 30th St. Apartment 7A.

COOK.—Family of 2, wages $65. Apply Monday 9 to 11 and 2 to 4 at 37 West 69th St.

DEMONSTRATORS.—Ladies, for electric washing machine of New York electrical show. Call Bryant 9370 between 9-10 A. M.

DESIGNER.—Dress house seeks competent designer capable of originating the better kind of chic and smart styles; only thoroughly experienced will be considered. Apply Lenox Costume Co., 6 West 18th St.

DESIGNER ON WAISTS.
Versatile woman possessing good taste, not an avenue copyist, must have had experience with high class manufacturers; to such a woman we offer an exceptionally year round position. Apply
BERMAN & FRANK,
36 East 31st, near 4th Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

DESIGNER
ON HIGH CLASS BLOUSES.
SILK AND COTTON.
Excellent opportunity, steady position.
SON & ASH, 105 MADISON AV.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS for first-class positions good salary; chance for advancement; instruction on dictaphone given free of charge if necessary. Miss Charash, 280 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, with knowledge of stenography, to do editorial work for fraternity; must have good education; good salary; excellent opportunity for right party. Miss Charash, 280 Broadway, Room 523.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, experienced marine insurance; salary $20. Apply R. Buge, 16 Exchange Place.

ENTRY CLERK.
YOUNG GIRL TO KEEP RECORDS AND MAKE HERSELF GENERALLY USEFUL. APPLY
CLARK & WEINBERG,
634 5TH AVENUE.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY.
Girl for filing and assist in mailing dept.; permanent position; large wholesale cotton goods house. Address Box 1, Sta. A.

FILE CLERK;
must be familiar with card index filing.
STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.
Employment office, 37th St. entrance.

FILE CLERK, 18-25, bright, energetic, and refined; state age, experience, religion, and salary. M 497 Times Downtown.

FINISHERS ON DRESS MODELS; HOURS 9-5, 1 O'CLOCK SATURDAY; GOOD WAGES. 8 WEST 45TH, 5TH FLOOR.

FORELADY
EXPERIENCED ON LADIES'
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,
TO INSTRUCT OPERATORS.
EXCELLENT POSITION
FOR RIGHT PARTY.
D. E. SICHER & CO.
45-51 WEST 21ST.

GENERAL OFFICE WORK. — Young lady, bright and of good appearance, with Christian firm; must be accurate at figures; start $16; splendid chance for advancement. Call 9 A. M. 1,133 Broadway, corner 26th St., Room 812.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER Wanted.—A maid, (white,) who can cook; city references; three in family; no washing. Call before 10:30 A. M. and after 5 P. M., or by appointment, 468 Riverside Drive, Apt. 83.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted; two in family; good pay; steady place; reference required. Mrs. Jaqua, 159 West 118th St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER or housekeeper; no laundry; good wages. Call Apt. 8A, 500 West End Av., (84th St.)

GIRLS
AND
WOMEN.
WORK CONSISTS OF SELECTING AND WRAPPING ORDERS RECEIVED BY MAIL. NOT FACTORY WORK. APPLICANTS 16 TO 40 YEARS OF AGE CONSIDERED.
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY, AS WE WILL TRAIN YOU TO BECOME
ORDER PICKERS.
PACKERS,
STOCK KEEPERS,
PAY $12 PER WEEK TO START. ALSO POSITIONS FOR EXPERIENCED WORKERS IN ABOVE LINES.
A BONUS OF 10% IS PAYABLE XMAS.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM
STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GIRLS
between 16 and 23
who seek
A REAL OCCUPATION
and not just a job will find it worth their while to call at our
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
FOR
TELEPHONE OPERATORS,
1,158 BROADWAY, cor. 27TH ST., MANHATTAN.
This office is open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Courteous attendants will explain the opportunities in this worthwhile profession and its many comforts and conveniences.
Salary paid while learning.
You can also call "SPRING OFFICIAL" for information, or apply at the following branch offices:
BRONX.
453 E. Tremont Av., 12 M. to 9 P. M.
BROOKLYN.
81 Willoughby St., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
1,336 Broadway, 11 A. M. to 8 P. M.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRL.—About 18 years of age, to operate Graphotype machine for punching Addressograph plates; give full particulars as to experience and salary desired. F 559 Times Downtown.

GIRLS for filing and general office work in office of large corporation located in Times Square section; no experience necessary; state age, education, and salary expected. O 63 Times.

GIRLS.
Several good openings; excellent chance for advancement; light work; experience unnecessary; pay increased every six months. Smith Pharmacal Co., 323 East 34th St.

GIRLS AND WOMEN
FOR HANDSEWING ON LAMP SHADES; GOOD PAY; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; TRY AND BE CONVINCED.
MAIBRUNN CO.,
40 EAST 19TH ST.

GIRL, bright, willing, wanted to assist in cost department of large machinery house near Hamilton Ferry, Brooklyn; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 40, Station T, Brooklyn.

GIRLS FOR FILE WORK IN LARGE CORPORATION; ADVANCEMENT TO BRIGHT GIRLS. APPLY MONDAY, 10 A. M., 440 4TH AV., 10TH FLOOR.

GIRLS wanted to assist in mail order department; good salary; excellent chance for advancement. Century Music Co., 235 West 40th St.

GIRLS, make themselves generally useful, large stationery store; permanent position; good salary. Apply, 12-1, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau.

GIRL to assist with general office work; bright, energetic, and refined; state age, experience, religion, and salary. M 496 Times Downtown.

GIRL FOR FILING AND LIGHT OFFICE WORK; $9 TO START; CHRISTIAN HOUSE. 239 4TH AV., 11TH FLOOR.

GIRL wanted to answer telephone and assist in office; salary $15 to start. Morgan Steam Laundry Co., 38th St. and 11th Av.

GIRL or woman wanted for reboxing stock. Apply afternoon, Austin Walker Sales Co., 215 4th Av.

GIRL wanted for clerical work. Apply Mr. Addicks, 11th floor, 290 Broadway.

GIRL, easy office work; $9 week. Call 9 A. M., Room 705, 170 5th Av.

GIRL for general housework; small family. Thurlow, 15 East 10th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS.
STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,
have vacancies in various departments for GIRLS from 14 to 17 years old; good opportunity for advancement to those who are energetic and ambitious. Apply Superintendent's Office, 6th floor.

GIRL
FOR CLERICAL WORK.
Bright, quick, beginner; desirable, permanent position; advancement. Apply by letter.
AMERICAN MACHINE AND FOUNDRY CO.,
5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

GIRLS, DO YOU WANT TO BECOME TYPISTS?
If graduates of grammar or high school we will teach you "Touch System Typewriting" and pay you liberally while you learn, as you are doing work for us, and increase your salary when you graduate; classes are conducted during regular business hours. Address "P. H.," 113 Times.

GIRLS OVER 16
in assembling department; light, clear work on paper patterns; no experience necessary; in this department experienced girls earn $25; half day Saturday.
THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.,
64 West 23d St., N. Y.
McCreery Bldg., (3d floor.)

GIRLS,
15-18, FOR LIGHT OFFICE WORK IN A LARGE IMPORTING HOUSE; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; ADVANCEMENT; HOURS, 8:30 TO 5, SATURDAYS 12; STATE AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS T. L. W., P. O. Box 780, CITY HALL STATION.

GOVERNESS, of culture and refinement, take full charge of two little girls, ages 5-9; French, German, piano; best of references; liberal salary. Call mornings in person, Rentnez, 885 West End Av., City.

GOVERNESS, experienced French and English, to take charge of girl 8 years old. Apply Tuesday morning between 8:30 and 10 o'clock, Mrs. B. Golding, 420 Riverside Drive.

GOVERNESS, to take full charge of two boys 4 and 7. Call between 10-12, Mrs. Oppenheimer, Eldorado, 91st St., Central Park West.

GOVERNESS for two children, 9 and 11, at Lawrence, L. I.; capable of teaching French and German and assisting with lessons; $60. Rosenberg, 114 5th Av.

PLEASANT, PERMANENT POSITIONS, WITH HIGH PAY,
for
GIRLS AND WOMEN.
The National Cloak and Suit Company is a big retail mail order house—not a factory.
We occupy the big modern 16-story building on 7th Avenue, between 24th and 25th Sts., convenient to 23d St. station of the 7th Av. Subway, 6th Av. and 9th Av. Elevated, and 23d St. Crosstown line.
We aim to make the National one of the best places in the city for girls and women to work; we pay the best wages and offer the opportunity for quick advancement; besides, we pay a cash bonus every three months that increases your earnings rapidly.
In return we want only intelligent, earnest girls and women, who really want to get along and make more money.
At present we have open a number of positions that do not require experience, but that do give bright girls a chance to advance quickly.
Positins now open:
ORDER PICKING.
Selecting orders for customers; starting salary, $12 and bonus.
STOCK WORK.
Caring for stock, such as hosiery, underwear, etc.; starting salary, $12 and bonus.
EXAMINING.
Examining the quality of merchandise, such as shirtwaists, lingerie etc.; starting salary, $12 and bonus.
PARCEL WRAPPING.
Wrapping light parcels for customers; starting salary, $12 and bonus.
Mothers and fathers are urged to visit the National and see the working conditions here. Every department is clean and bright, well lighted and well ventilated. We have a splendid lunchroom, where good lunches are served at cost, and besides have rest rooms, library, and everything that will add to the employes' comfort.
Call after 8:30 A. M. Employment office open until 8 o'clock Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday nights for the benefit of those who cannot call during the day.
NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St.

HIGH SCHOOL GIRLS.
HALF DAY'S WORK EVERY DAY.
Girls having time off from school may report for work week days, 8:30 to 12:30 P. M., or from 1:30 to 5:30, and from 8:30 to 1 P. M. Saturdays, as part time workers; liberal salaries.
BELLAS HESS & CO.,
95 MORTON ST.,
Near Christopher St. Ferry.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES who desire positions leading to supervisory work and offering advancement to $1,500 a year, apply to Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

HOUSEWORKER.—Wanted, a maid, (white,) for housework, who can cook; city references; three in family; no washing; $40 per month. Telephone Morningside 6326 before 10:30 A. M. or after 5 P. M.

HOUSEWORKER.—Two in family; no washing; $50. Schulman, 109 East 19th St.

INTELLIGENT, ACTIVE MINDED YOUNG WOMEN
of mature judgment, to enter progressive organization and receive training as CLAIM ADJUSTERS.
Previous experience along these lines or knowledge of typing not necessary.
Environment is congenial; work is important, varied and interesting. The liberal co-operation which we will give you will enable you to advance as rapidly as your abilities develop.
Applicants should be at least 22 years of age and be capable of concentrating on serious work.
Salary $15 to start; in addition to salary, liberal bonus will be paid each three months for length of service.
Applicants will please call or phone (Chelsea 5600) as soon as possible and ask for Mr. Hetfield. All applications will be treated in strict confidence.
NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St.

KITCHEN AND DINING ROOM WORK.
The New York Telephone Company has openings for several women 35 years of age or under for general work in its employes' lunchrooms; wages $14 to $17. Apply 58 West Houston St., New York City, or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

Sunday Advertisements Early
Preference is given to advertisers who hand in their want announcements early for the Sunday edition of The New York Times. Copy should be received in The Times Building not later than 2:30 P. M. Saturday.

HELP WANTED—Female.

JUNIOR CLERKS.—Excellent opportunity to enter large organization; congenial surroundings; pleasant work; hours 9-5; half day Saturday. $40 per month to start, with opportunity for advancement; minimum age 18 years. Apply, office of Transit Construction Commissioner, Room 1105, 49 Lafayette St., New York City.

LADY'S MAID wanted; experienced, by Baltimore lady; one speaking French preferred; excellent wages; reference required. Apply between 10 and 12 A. M. Tuesday and Wednesday. Ask for Mrs. Morton Samuels, St. Regis Hotel, 5th Av. and 55th St.

LADY who has had magazine or any house-to-house experience; position pays over $100 a month salary and commission; no selling. Premier Service Co., 2,010 Broadway, Hammond U. Mann, Manager.

LADIES' MAID FOR COUPLE IN HOTEL. Must be neat sewer and packer and have references as maid to date. Reply with full details. F 80 Times.

LAUNDRESS, experienced, good manager. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th.

MAID, useful, in household of adults where there are other maids; good sewer; assist waitress in dining room; no nationality restrictions; references required. Call or telephone after 10 A. M., Monday, 4 East 94th St. Phone Lenox 734.

MAIDS, (2,) for general housework; good home, good wages, small family, in city; husband and wife accepted. Phone 2941 Morningside.

MAID, refined, French speaking; good server; willing to assist with two school boys; good wages. Call Apt. 8A, 500 West End Av., (84th St.)

MANAGER.—Advertising agency requires manager production department; experienced; exceptional opportunity. Scott & Scott Advertising Agency, 220 West 42d St.

MILLINERY.
R. H. MACY & CO., INC., require experienced saleswomen in in both their Trimmed and Untrimmed Millinery Department. Only those accustomed to the best New York clientele will be considered.
Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

MILLINERY COPYISTS AND PREPARERS.—YEARLY POSITIONS TO CAPABLE AMERICAN WORKERS; LIGHT, SANITARY WORKROOM; BEST SALARY; OPEN SHOP. APPLY ALL WEEK, GROSS-LEVINSKI CORP., 48 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERS wanted, experienced; salary $30. Kemp Millinery, 171 West 45th St.

MODELS.
SEVERAL TALL, ATTRACTIVE, AND STYLISH YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON GARMENTS IN OUR REPAIR SHOWROOM. APPLY ALL WEEK.
CLARK & WEINBERG,
634 5TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 18.
ATTRACTIVE, LADIES DRESS HOUSE. Steady all-year position to right party.
H. K. LANG & CO.,
139 WEST 20TH ST.

MODEL, attractive, size 36, for exclusive retail fur shop; must converse in Spanish fluently; also a knowledge of French desirable; good salary and permanent position. Apply, asking for Mr. Graves, A. Jaeckel & Co., 384 5th Av.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—To assist in care of two children at Cranford, N. J. Call R. D. Elder, Jr., 30 Broad St., N. Y. City.

NURSERY GOVERNESS
Wanted for three children, ages 8, 5, 4 years; Laurence, L. I. Write P. O. Box 533. Tel. Far Rockaway 2156.

NURSE, experienced, to take care of infant; reference required. Bower, Montauk Av., Bayside, L. I. Phone Bayside 956W.

NURSE.—Refined young girl to take care two boys 5½ years old. Call mornings, 26 West 120th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for boy five (5) years old at Forest Hills, L. I.; references required. A 859 Times Annex.

NURSE.—French or French-Swiss, for girl 5 years. Call 113 East 81st, Monday, 9-12.

NURSE for 2-year-old child. Thurlow, 15 East 10th St.

OFFICE CLERK, young lady; must be accurate at figures and fair penman; experience not necessary; moderate salary to start, with chance of advancement; address in own handwriting; state age and salary expected. A. 5-H, P. O. Box 833, City Hall Station.

OFFICE ASSISTANT TO TAKE CHARGE OF ORDER DEPARTMENT IN LARGE OFFICE; EXCEPTIONAL GOOD POSITION FOR THE RIGHT YOUNG LADY. BOX B. K., 209 CABLE BUILDING.

OFFICE GIRL seeking position with opportunity for advancement to handle mail, &c. Call Room 905, 154 Nassau St.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS WANTED AT ONCE. GOLDBURG FURNITURE AND CARPET CO., 163D ST. AND 3D AV.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, good penmanship necessary; three or four years' experience; salary to start $15. M 494 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in wholesale jewelry house; must be able to figure well. Call 3d floor, 1,328 Broadway.

PARCEL WRAPPERS
AND REGISTER CASHIERS.
MUST COME WELL RECOMMENDED.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

PLEASANT, PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH HIGH PAY
for
GIRLS AND WOMEN.
The National Cloak and Suit Company is a big retail mail order house, not a factory.
We occupy the big modern 16-story building on 7th Av., between 24th and 25th Sts.—convenient to 23d St. station of the 7th Av. subway, 6th and 9th Av. elevated, and 23d St. Crosstown line.
We aim to make the National one of the best places in the city for Girls and Women to work—we pay the best wages and offer the opportunity for quick advancement; besides we pay a cash bonus every three months that increases your earnings rapidly.
In return we want only intelligent, earnest girls and women who really want to get along and make more money.
At present we have open a number of positions that do not require experience but that do give bright girls a chance to advance quickly.
Positions now open:
TYPISTS,
FILE CLERKS,
TAKING ACCOUNT OF SALES,
STENCIL CUTTERS,
GENERAL OFFICE WORK.
Mothers and Fathers are urged to visit the National and see the working conditions here. Every department is clean and bright, well lighted and well ventilated. We have a splendid lunchroom where good lunches are served at cost and besides have restrooms, library, and everything that will add to the employes' comfort.
Call after 8:30 A. M. Employment Office open until 8 o'clock Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday nights for the benefit of those who cannot call during the day.
NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,
207 WEST 24TH ST.

SALESLADIES, experienced, for modern bakeries; excellent opportunity in growing business. Apply 2d floor, Times Building.

SALESLADY, experienced, for downtown bakery; good hours; $17 to $20. H. B. Cushman & Co., 40 Church St.

SALESLADY for candy department; experienced; salary, $16; chance for advancement. Gem Fountain Corp., 80 Wall St.

SALESLADIES for high-class ladies' handbag shop; good salary. May, 1,567 Broadway.

SALESLADIES.—12 and upward, according to sales; no experience necessary. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

SALESWOMEN
EXPERIENCED IN SELLING
TOILET GOODS,
NECKWEAR,
GLOVES,
SHOES,
INFANTS' WEAR.
Good salaries, steady positions.
AT WANAMAKER'S,
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SALESLADIES, experienced in sale of fancy goods, toilet articles, sundries, candy, cigars or other drug store merchandise; will also consider capable salespeople in other lines; good salaries and commission opportunities. Apply any day between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. to Employment Dept., Liggett-Riker-Hegeman Drug Stores, 151 Fifth Av.

SALESWOMEN.
CLOAKS AND SUITS.
GOOD SALARIES, STEADY POSITIONS
TO COMPETENT SALESWOMEN.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SALESWOMAN,
L. M. BLUMSTEIN,
West 125th St.,
require thoroughly experienced saleswoman for
STATIONERY DEPARTMENT.
GOOD OPPORTUNITY WITH GENEROUS SALARY TO COMPETENT CLERK.

SALESLADIES, experienced, for ladies' specialty shop. The Jewel, 104 Nassau St.

SALESLADY for bakery; experienced. Cushman, 772 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

SPECIAL ORDER CLERK
FOR SUIT DEPARTMENT.
Must have department or specialty store experience.
STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.
Employment Office 37th St. Entrance.

STENOGRAPHER and Correspondent.—Unusual opening for girl of intelligence; must have enough speed (either stenographer or stenotypist) to take minutes of small meetings and sufficient education to write clear and correct English, using the proper words to convey the thought; there is no dull routine work, but the position requires mental alertness; please state age, education, previous experience, giving names of employers, and salary desired; all communications held in strictest confidence. F 83 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.
For machinery company in Brooklyn, Christian firm; apply by letter, stating salary and references.
J. W. THOMAS
P. O. BOX 269, BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER.
Experienced capable girl for growing stock brokerage organization; good opportunity for advancement to better position if ambitious; state references and salary desired. Address "I," P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Bright, willing girl wanted for permanent position with large machinery house near Hamilton Ferry, Brooklyn; experience desirable, but not necessary; knowledge of filing would be an advantage; please state age, experience, and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 40, Station T, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER
Wanted by French export firm; must speak and write English and French fluently, have good experience; handle correspondence; salary to start, $25; state experience; reply in French. M 219 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Many high-class positions for stenographers with knowledge of the dictaphone; if you are not a dictaphone operator a demonstration of the machine will make you one; instruction free of charge. Inquire Miss Charash, 280 B'way, Room 523.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, Spanish-American; one who is efficient and experienced in mercantile line; references required; state salary expected and experience. Address Export Department, M 406 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.
Young lady, about 18, for downtown woolen house, with some commercial experience; $14 a week, half day Saturday all year. Stenographer, P. O. Box 24, Station A, New York City.

SEWERS; neat, easy work; good pay and steady employment in our clean and modern workroom of men's neckwear; no experience necessary. Meyer Bacharach & Friedheim, 21 East 22d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young girl, bright, for general office work, with some experience in corresponding and stenography; knowledge of Hungarian language preferred, but not essential. 178 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, 20 years of age, Underwood operator, at least one year's experience necessary; good speller and grammarian; steady position. Apply immediately. Topps, 50 Church St., Room 1877.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER, wholesale jewelry concern; pleasant surroundings; jewelry experience not essential; state past experience, references, and salary desired. M 507 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in advertising department of large daily newspaper; hours 2 to 10 P. M.; salary to start, $15; state age, experience, and telephone number. A 858 Times Annex.

STENCIL FILER.—Young woman with stencil filing experience in publishing house. Call at McGraw-Hill Company, 10th Av. at 36th St., 12th floor; ask for Mrs. French.

STENOGRAPHER.—Position in a downtown law office; either temporary or permanent; state salary, experience, and education. D 547 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; Bronxite preferred; quick, accurate; salary $18 start. A. R. Mosler & Co., Phone 1000 Woodlawn.

STENOGRAPHER with legal experience in downtown law office; state qualifications and salary expected. M 510 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and accurate, familiar with construction dept., desired; salary $18. Employment Dept., P. O. Box 361.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, neat, with toy manufacturer; splendid opportunity. Hesslein & Galtz, Inc., 536 West 23d St. Tel. 606 Chelsea.

STENOGRAPHER, first-class; must understand bookkeeping; good salary to right party; permanent position. Room 420, 51 Chambers St.

STENOGRAPHER with several years' experience to work in wholesale jeweler's office. M 490 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; must be efficient; $18 per week; advanced if satisfactory. Write C. H. O., 1,358 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—One out of school preferred; opportunity for advancement. Apply 9 A. M., Room 523, 25 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, competent and experienced. Apply Paul Wenger Co., 56 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for office; advancement; permanent; state details. M 506 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for advertising work; $15 to $16. Apply Electro Importing Co., 233 Fulton St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER for export-import concern; state experience and salary expected. D 545 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, energetic worker; must have experience. N. Y. Pressing Iron Co., 62 East 8th St.

STENOGRAPHER, quick, willing, accurate; good future; $50 month. Z 102 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, one with experience in lumber office and knowledge of French preferred. A 63 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experinced Remington, references; $18. The Paper Mill, Tribune Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be experienced; photo engraving or printing experience preferred; state salary. A 54 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST; also office experience. Nonpareil Shoe Co., 68 East 131st.

STENOGRAPHERS.
McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH.

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Call, 10 to 12, Monday, Suite 803, 15 West 44th St.

STENOGRAPHER in law office; state age, experience, salary expected. O 70 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, to take English and German dictation. A 789 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Law and real estate; good salary. 129 Front St., Room 703.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER.
Intelligent, educated young woman with good training, experience and personality.
Speed, accuracy, and ability to take charge of office detail are essential.
We provide every advantage—clean, bright surroundings, pleasant associations, medical service where necessary, rest rooms, library, and lunch room, with food sold practically at cost. Starting salary is very liberal, with splendid chance for advancement to more responsible and better-paying positions.
Apply in person after 8:30 A. M., or by letter. Employment office open until 8 o'clock Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday nights, for the benefit of those who cannot call during the day.
NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St.

STENOGRAPHERS
IN PUBLISHING HOUSE.
STEADY POSITION.
RAPID ADVANCEMENT.
Downtown, convenient to all Brooklyn, Jersey City, and local transit facilities.
F. M. LUPTON, PUBLISHER,
80 LAFAYETTE ST., N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER.
Young woman, fairly rapid at stenography and typewriting, to work as stenographer, to do filing and general office work in Purchasing Dept. of large printing house. Hours 9-5; Saturdays half holiday.
Apply Miss LYMAN, after 8:30 A. M.
52 East 19th St., New York.

SUBSCRIPTION CLERK. — Experienced young woman in publishing house who knows details of subscription work, filing, indexing, routing, etc.; state age, experience, education. Box 43, 1619 St. James Bldg.

TEACHER domestic science for large cottage home institution; one hour from New York City; splendid opportunity for valuable experience where initiative is evident; initial salary $1,000 per annum with room, board, and laundry. Apply Box A. A., Pleasantville, N. Y.

TEACHER, thorough English; two children; 10 to 12 daily. N 4 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—One that has had central experience; steady position; hours from 5:30 to 1:30 P. M.; state age and salary desired. Z 76 Times Annex.

TYPISTS.
GIRLS WHO ARE INTERESTED IN SECURING POSITIONS AS TYPISTS WITH A FAST-GROWING ORGANIZATION.
PAY TO START BASED ON ABILITY, AND CAPABLE BEGINNERS WILL BE GIVEN OPPORTUNITY TO QUALIFY.
CALL AT ONCE.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TYPIST,
using touch system, required for copying orders from customers' letters; previous experience not necessary; quick, accurate work will result in advancement; good salaries; attractive working conditions.
BELLAS HESS & CO.,
95 MORTON ST.,
Near Christopher St. Ferry.

TYPISTS
and
CLERICAL WORKERS.
PERMANENT; $12-$15 START, ACCORDING TO EXPERIENCE.
APPLY IN PERSON TO
AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO.,
5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

TYPIST AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER TO ACT AS BILL CLERK, USING ORDINARY TYPEWRITER; MUST BE RAPID AND ACCURATE; SALARY $21. 65 FRONT ST.

TYPEWRITER OPERATORS. — Experienced young women to address envelopes; permanent positions; $2.50 a 1,000. Call at McGraw-Hill Company, 10th Av. at 36th St.; ask for Mrs. French.

TYPIST.—Experienced, rapid Underwood operator in the billing department of a large organization; state full particulars and salary desired. Address T. L. W., P. O. Box 780, City Hall.

TYPIST.—High school graduate preferred; stenography unnecessary; hours 9 to 5, Saturday half day; initial salary, $15; state age, religion, experience. F 50 Times.

TYPIST, experienced, rapid, accurate, age 18 to 25; excellent opportunity for advancement; hours 9 to 4. Saturdays 12; salary $60-$65 a month. Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

TYPIST AND BILL CLERK
for large notion and fancy goods house; steady advancement. Berg Bros., 478 Broadway.

TYPIST at once for dictaphone work; instruction free; simple and pleasant work; apply surely this week. Miss Charash, Room 523, 280 Broadway.

TYPISTS, 2 accurate operators; salary to start $22; permanent position; start at once; only high grade operators need apply. Room 1006, 1,170 Broadway.

TYPIST and junior stenographer in large office, for general office work; chance for advancement; salary $14 to start; state age, experience. N 564 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, one who has had some experience in copying work; must be rapid and accurate; state age, experience, religion, and salary. M 498 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, for publishing office; salary $10, with extra bonus. W. M., P. O. Box 43, Station D, City.

TYPIST.—Young lady for purchasing department of electrical concern; no experience necessary. W. Watson, 17 Park Place.

TYPIST, accurate and neat; $15 to start. Apply before 12 o'clock, S. K. Friedman, 656 Broadway.

We can now employ a number of
YOUNG WOMEN,
21 to 35 years of age, as
NIGHT TELEPHONE OPERATORS.
Hours, 9:30 P. M. to 7 A. M.
Instruction is given in the daytime; salary $12 per week while learning.
The advantages of this occupation will be fully explained at our main Employment Office, 1,158 Broadway, corner of 27th St., Manhattan; open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
If you cannot visit this office call "SPRING OFFICIAL" for information, or apply at the following branch offices:
BRONX,
453 E. Tremont Av., 12 M. to 9 P

Early Copy Expedites Insertion.

Advertisements for the Classified Section of Sunday's New York Times should be received in the Times Building on Thursday and Friday, the latest time being 2:30 P. M. on Saturday.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS, BOYS, BOYS, BOYS, BOYS, BOYS, BOYS, BOYS, BOYS.

HOW ARE YOU GETTING ALONG?

Have you ever given this question considerable thought?

The largest telephone manufacturing concern in the world offers a few positions to boys who are 16 years of age or over.

A position with this company should be considered as a CAREER and not merely as a job.

If you are interested in this opportunity call Monday and Tuesday between 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. and talk things over with our employment representative.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 57 BETHUNE ST., or MR. W. E. BRILL, ROOM 1210, 195 BROADWAY.

BOYS

As stock clerks and in other branches of our business; an opportunity to learn proper business methods and train for bigger opportunities; permanent positions; liberal salaries.

BELLAS HESS & CO.,
95 Morton St.,
Near Christopher St. Ferry.

BOYS interested in telegraph work, who wish further training leading to work along electrical lines. Apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., near Canal and Broadway, New York.

BOY, 14-16 years, in the office of a large American import and manufacturing house; no experience necessary; splendid opportunity for promotion. Call Mr. Waltz, Arbuckle Brothers, 71 Water St., New York City.

BOYS WANTED.
Two bright, active boys for errands and general office work; good openings for reliable, industrious youths. Apply 16th floor, 50 Union Square, between 9-5

BOYS
to run errands and assist shipping department of wholesale dry goods house; splendid opportunity for advancement; state age, salary expected. X J 240 Times.

BOY,
about 15 years, to make himself generally useful in woolen house; also to carry small packages; one living uptown preferred; $10 to start. Mason & Hanson, 79 Spring St.

BOYS AS MESSENGERS; NOT NECESSARY TO WEAR UNIFORM; GOOD WAGES; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. POSTAL TELEGRAPH-CABLE CO., 253 BROADWAY.

BOY, 16 YEARS, IN OFFICE LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CAMPBELL, METZGER-JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

BOYS.—Wanted, 2 bright boys, by Christian house, to learn the woolen jobbing business. Apply G. A. Hagstrom, Room 1102, 30 5th Av., New York City.

BOYS, OVER 16; LARGE WHOLESALE MILLINERY HOUSE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT WORKERS. JUDKINS & McCORMICK, 10 WEST 20TH ST.

BOY, to make himself useful in salesroom of wholesale house; advancement to ambitious boy; salary to start, $12. Apply 135 Hudson St.

BOYS.—Downtown corporation wants office boys; salary $9 to start; splendid chance for advancement for bright boys. D 500 Times Downtown.

BOY or young man in dental supply business; excellent chance for advancement; references. Call, A.M., 50 Union Square, Room 1512.

BOY, 16, IN OFFICE LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CAMPBELL-METZGER-JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

BOYS, BOYS
in stock, by large manufacturing house; good opportunities. L. Steinthal & Bro., 906 Broadway.

BOY.—An excellent chance for boy of good address; splendid opportunities for advancement; hours 9 to 4:30; Saturday 12:30. Apply 100 Broadway, American Surety Co.

BOY, about 16 years of age, for office work, and make himself generally useful. Apply to Mr. Herts, Lexington Theatre, Lexington Av. and 51st St., Monday, at 10 A. M.

BOYS wanted in large insurance office; good chance to learn the business. Apply 3d floor, Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, 59 John St.

BOYS for office and errands; good pay; opportunity for advancement. Apply after 9 A. M. Garvin Machine Co., Spring and Varick Sts.

BOY wanted for office work in publishing house; nice position; salary $10; good chance for advancement. Call Art Dept., 20th floor, 354 4th Av., New York City.

BOY, about 16 years old, to begin as messenger in bank; advancement made from the ranks; state age. Write Box 42, 2,119 3d Ave.

BOY who is ambitious can secure good position with reputable bond house. Address "J.," P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

BOY over 16 years to run errands and make himself useful in wholesale house; good opportunity for bright party of good character. A. Jacobson & Bro., 319 5th Av.

BOY in office manufacturing concern; $12; chance for advancement. 385 Washington St., near Canal.

BOY in office of wholesale supply house; good chance for ambitious boy; salary to start, $12. Apply 135 Hudson St.

BOYS interested in telegraph work, who wish further training leading to work along electrical lines. Apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., near Canal and Broadway, New York.

CHEMIST Wanted.—In basic open-hearth steel works in Bridgeport, Conn., experienced chemist as assistant to chief chemist; must be thoroughly familiar with analyses required in laboratory of this character, and must be capable of testing not only steel, but all raw materials used in basic open-hearth practice; state experience and salary expected. Z 106 Times Annex.

CLERKS.—Senior; excellent opportunity for advancement; high school graduates with at least one year's experience in accountancy; none others need apply. Room 1048, 30 Broadway.

CLERK, junior, good opportunities for advancement, high school graduate preferred; ages 16 to 21; salary $50 a month. Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

CORRESPONDENT.—Polish banking and steamship experience preferred. Herz, 224 West 34th.

CUTTER thoroughly experienced on Adams winding and slitting machine; also other slitting machines; state previous experience and salary wanted; out-of-town position; position steady and possibility of advancement. Cincinnati Specialty Company, 316 East 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

DENTIST or dental technician in ethical radiographic laboratory; good opportunity for competent man. D 587 Times Downtown.

DENTAL RADIOGRAPHER WANTED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. F 94 TIMES.

DESIGNER
FOR INTERIOR DECORATIONS OF FURNISHINGS; YOUNG MAN WITH SOME PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF FURNISHING MATERIALS TO ACT AS ASSISTANT. APPLY THONET-WANNER, 396 MADISON AV.

DESIGNERS, experienced on lighting fixtures and working drawings. 150 East 40th St.

DRAFTSMEN,
experienced on machine and tool work; permanent, salaried positions; state rate and experience. P. O. Box 72, Brooklyn.

DIESINKERS, EXPERIENCED MEN; GOOD WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS. APPLY IN PERSON OR BY LETTER, PERSONNEL DEPARTMENT, WINCHESTER REPATING ARMS CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

DRAFTSMEN.—WE HAVE SEVERAL PERMANENT POSITIONS OPEN FOR DESIGNING DRAFTSMEN WHO HAVE TURBINE EXPERIENCE; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, DE LAVAL STEAM TURBINE CO., TRENTON, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN.—WE HAVE SEVERAL PERMANENT POSITIONS OPEN FOR DESIGNING DRAFTSMEN WHO HAVE TURBINE EXPERIENCE; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, DE LAVAL STEAM TURBINE CO., TRENTON, N. J.

DRAUGHTSMEN, experienced men, on structural steel shop detail drawing for buildings; also men for plan work on steel and reinforced concrete buildings. Purdy & Henderson Co., 45 East 17th.

DRAFTSMAN.—Wanted, structural steel draftsman. Apply Richmond Structural Steel Company, Richmond, Va.

DRUGGISTS, registered New York State, and juniors; to men who are ambitious to get ahead, who are willing to adapt themselves to our system, and who can produce results positions are offered in our stores that present excellent opportunities for rapid advancement; salary and commission. Apply any day, between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., to Employment Department, Liggett's Riker-Hegeman Drug Stores, 151 5th Av.

ENGINEERING DRAFTSMAN.—Permanent position with large corporation; state age, experience, and salary expected. W 672 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATING CLERK for plumbing and steam supplies business; must be experienced this line; state experience and wages wanted in application. A 792 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MANAGER.

A LARGE HOUSE HAVING A WELL-ESTABLISHED AND GROWING EXPORT BUSINESS WANTS AN EXPERIENCED MAN CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF IT AND DEVELOPING STILL FURTHER; KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH, SPANISH AND GERMAN DESIRABLE; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR A FIRST-CLASS MAN. ADDRESS, WITH FULL PARTICULARS, W 671 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPORT.

WANTED, BY LARGE CORPORATION, A YOUNG MAN WITH GOOD GENERAL EXPERIENCE IN THE EXPORT BUSINESS; KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH, SPANISH, CHEMICALS, AND ALLIED PRODUCTS DESIRABLE; GOOD OPENING FOR THE RIGHT PARTY. WRITE, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, TO W 670 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPORT MANAGER.—A manufacturer of a well-known household specialty wants a man to take charge of their export department; must have experience in export field and be able to read and answer foreign correspondence; replies will be held strictly confidential; state age, experience, and salary required; good opportunity. F 722 Times Downtown.

FLOOR MANAGER.

Young man about 25 years of age.

Must be neat and of pleasing address.

Must have had experience with exclusive department or specialty store.

Excellent opportunity and permanent connection to one who qualifies.

STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.
Employment Office, 37th St. entrance.

FOREMAN AND MANAGER WANTED for muslin underwear plant; one who can teach beginners; big opportunity to right party. Write or call
BIRKENFELD, STRAUSS & CO.
65 WOOSTER ST.

FURNITURE SALESMAN, installment house, Worcester, Mass., to start at once; permanent position; excellent salary. Call or phone before 11 Monday morning, Room 838, Hotel Commodore.

GRINDERS,
Cutters and production grinders on internal and external work; steady positions, with the highest prevailing rate of wages. Apply in person after 8:30 A. M.
EISEMANN MAGNETO CORPORATION,
68 93d St., 4th floor, Brooklyn.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS.

HALF DAY'S WORK EVERY DAY.

Boys having time off from school may report for work weekdays, 8:30 to 12:30 P. M., or from 1:30 to 5:30 and from 8:30 to 1 P. M. Saturdays as part time workers; liberal salaries.

BELLAS HESS & CO.,
95 MORTON ST.,
Near Christopher St. Ferry.

JUNIOR CLERKS; excellent opportunity to enter large organization; congenial surroundings, pleasant work; hours 9—5, half day Saturday; $40 per month to start, with opportunity for advancement; minimum age 15 years. Apply office of Transit Construction Commission, Room 1105, 49 Lafayette St., New York City.

LEDGER CLERK wanted in wholesale jewelry house; salary to start $16; chance for advancement. Call 3d floor, 1,328 Broadway.

MACHINIST TRADE.
Practical instruction; lathe, blueprints, $35; toolmaking, milling mechanics. School, 4 West 125th St.

MANAGER OF SHIRT FACTORY.
We want a man who thoroughly understands the details and management of our Rhode Island plant, where we manufacture a better grade of shirts; state your experience and knowledge of the shirt business; what you have done and are doing, also your age and salary expected. D 529 Times Downtown.

MAN Wanted.—A hustling, energetic, experienced man to take charge of and look after branch shirt and overall factories and develop production; to a man who can produce results we will make salary interesting; state age and experience. Address Z 109 Times Annex.

MAN, experienced, wanted by established first class shipyard, to obtain orders for the construction of schooners and other wooden craft; five references, connections, and compensation expected. Y 477 Times Annex.

MECHANICS.—Automobile mechanics; good pay; permanent position; work Freeport, L. I.; must be all-round men, with shop references. Apply Bates. Phone Freeport 1252.

MESSENGERS.—New York Stock Exchange firm requires services of several wide-awake young men to act as messengers; good chance for advancement; in writing state full particulars. D 561 Times Downtown.

MESSENGERS.—BOYS AS MESSENGERS; NOT NECESSARY TO WEAR UNIFORM; GOOD WAGES, EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. POSTAL TELEGRAPH CABLE CO., 253 BROADWAY.

MONOTYPE COMBINATION OPERATOR, experienced, able to take care of plant of 2 casters and 4 keyboards; must be a non-union man, with best of character and references for steady position out of town, where there is no labor trouble of any kind; salary $45 flat. Q. J., 201 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
Young man about 18-19 with some knowledge as bill clerk and general office experience; $14 a week start. Office Assistant, P. O. Box 24, Station A, N. Y. City.

OFFICE BOY wanted by an American steamship company; must be neat appearing and quick; right opportunity for ambitious boy. Reply, stating age, salary, experience, if any. Box 770 Times, 2 Rector St.

OFFICE BOYS, (3); neat; good chance for advancement; good hours and pay. Otis Elevator Co., 26th St., 11th Av. Inquire Mr. Bauer.

OFFICE BOY by large manufacturing company; fine future opportunity to grow into business; salary $9 to start. N 562 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—A large corporation requires the services of two energetic boys; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call third floor, 2 West 35th St.

OFFICE BOY.—Exporter's office; light errands; good opportunity; bring references. Call before 10 A. M., 150 Nassau, Room 2101.

OFFICE BOY by large insurance company; good chance for advancement. P. O. Box 43, City Hall Station, N. Y.

OFFICE CLERK, boy about 16; neat, good penman; must be grammar school graduate; salary $11. D 538 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MEN WANTED.
VACANCIES
AVAILABLE AT ONCE
for
200 TICKET AGENTS,
75 CONDUCTORS,
50 TRAIN GUARDS,
and
50 STATION GATEMEN.
GOOD PAY,
STEADY WORK
for
STEADY, ABLE-BODIED MEN.
THE AGE LIMIT,
21 TO 45 YEARS
for
CONDUCTORS,
GUARDS,
and
GATEMEN;
30 TO 45 YEARS
for
TICKET AGENTS.
MINIMUM HEIGHT FOR
CONDUCTORS,
GUARDS,
AND GATEMEN,
5 FEET 7½ INCHES.
UNLESS YOUR PAST RECORD WILL STAND INVESTIGATION DO NOT APPLY.
APPLY WEEKDAYS,
between 8:30 A. M. and 3 P. M.,
at
40 STATE STREET, BROOKLYN.
BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO.

OFFICE BOY.—Opportunity for advancement in Christian importing house; salary $10. Birdson Bros., 391 Washington St.

OFFICE BOY, neat, accurate, good penman. Call P. S. S. & Co., 20 East 20th St.

PACKER,
married man, about 35 years, as assistant packer in downtown woolen house; $18; state experience. Packer, P. O. Box 24, Station A, New York City.

PACKER AND PORTER; experienced; large wholesale dry goods house; permanent position; good pay for honest, reliable man. Address Box 1, Station A.

PATTERN MAKERS AND MARKERS FOR HOUSE AND PORCH DRESSES, CAPABLE MAN TO TAKE COMPLETE CHARGE OF CUTTING ROOM; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. F 96 TIMES.

PATTERN MAKERS, EXPERIENCED ON METAL WORK; GOOD PAY TO START WITH; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. Z 64 TIMES ANNEX.

PHOTOGRAPHER, caller out, experienced in camp work; liberal salary. E. L. Jenkins & Co., 122 Front St.

PORTERS
WANTED.
GOOD
PAY.
BROKAW BROTHERS,
887 7TH AVENUE.

PORTER WANTED AT ONCE.—GOLDBURG FURNITURE & CARPET CO., 163D ST. AND 3D AV.

PRINTING ESTIMATOR'S ASSISTANT wanted by large, modern, general printing plant; may try wide-awake beginner or ambitious order clerk; must be accurate, good at figures, and have varied printing office experience; give details, age, experience, salary wanted, and references. A 779 Times Downtown.

PUBLIC SCHOOL GRADUATES
who wish to earn a good salary while learning a profession which offers permanent work and regular advancement, apply Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (near Canal and Broadway,) New York.

RUG STOCK KEEPER.—Must be over 25 years old; to take charge stock of rug and drapery department retail furniture store, Worcester, Mass.; permanent position; good salary. Call or phone before 11 Monday morning. Room 838, Hotel Commodore.

SAMPLE CLERK wanted for dry goods department of Christian export house; state experience, references, and salary desired. Z 110 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.

We have now removed to new and spacious quarters in the Fitzgerald Building, 1,482 Broadway, where we have every facility at hand for the transaction of business and splendid appointments.

We are taking on a few more high-grade salesmen to complete our present force. We want to hear from men who are really high-grade salesmen whether they have stock selling experience or not. The proposition we are offering is the sale of stock on real live leads on a strict commission basis of 15%. The offering is a first-class investment opportunity.

An indication of the earning possibilities on our proposition may be gained from the fact that we took a man who was a stenographer and had never sold anything in his life, but who had characteristics of successful salesmanship together with grit and determination, and he is now drawing over $170 as his second week's commissions.

If you are willing to refer to your past or present employers and have first-class personal references and can furnish a bond, come in and see our sales manager, Mr. Montgomery, between 2 P. M. and 5 P. M., any day this week. L. Wormser & Co., Fitzgerald Bldg., 1,482 Broadway, N. Y. C.

SALESMEN
to carry line of silk waists
FOR ALL TERRITORIES.
WE SPECIALIZE IN GEORGETTES.
$7.50 UP.
This is an exception opportunity
for men with established following.
Only producers willing work strict commission basis. Apply, stating full particulars as to experience, lines handled, and present connections, in strict confidence. Box 28, 1619 St. James Bldg.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for energetic, clean salesmen who can represent the Scientific American; new selling plan; liberal commission; experienced magazine salesmen investigate; territory, New York, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, New Jersey. Apply E. B. Oliver, 168 Market St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN.—Wonderful opportunity; meritorious proposition; article in constant need; live wire will make $3,500 to $5,000; commission basis. Call 10 to 3, Select Prods Sales Corp., 131 Bible House, Astor Place, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—One or two capable lot salesmen, experienced selling from map or blueprint; well established and reliable real estate developers; will pay liberal commission, with opportunity of interest in the business. Call between 1 and 4, Room 1100, 1,270 B'way.

SALESMAN.—Live wire, acquainted with hardware jobbers and dealers in New England territory, by manufacturers of hardware specialty; drawing account and commission; state fully all particulars. Z 107 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, male or female, fine ladies' neckwear for retail trade, city and vicinity; experienced only need apply; good opportunity for right party; commission. Write W. L., 412, 1,777 B'way.

SALESMEN.—Two experienced, neat appearing house to house men to represent Women's Home Companion and The American Magazine; $1 per order commission. Room 305 Eagle Bldg., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—Wholesale butter and egg concern has opening for aggressive salesman selling best grade in Greater New York; commission or salary; give references; confidential. E 712 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Good opportunity for those thoroughly acquainted with clubs, hotels, restaurants, institutions, to sell food matter; commercial basis. D 492 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, in retail commercial stationery store; inside position; good salary, with opportunity for advancement. Call any day after 11 A. M., Goldsmith Bros., stationers, 77 Nassau St.

SALESMEN.

MODERN FINNANCIAL INSTITUTIONS SUCH AS WE ARE MAKE IT POSSIBLE FOR SUCCESSFUL SECURITY SALESMEN TO MAKE UPWARDS OF $10,000 PER YEAR. WE HAVE OPENINGS FOR SEVERAL HIGH GRADE, CLEAN CUT, AGGRESSIVE MEN. THOSE WHO HAVE SUCCESSFUL SALES RECORDS. IN ADDITION TO LARGE EARNINGS THOSE WHO MAKE GOOD WILL BECOME BRANCH MANAGERS IN THE NEAR FUTURE. REMUNERATION BASED UPON COMMISSIONS. REPLIES TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. G 63 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—The advertiser manufactures a very well-known line of Automobile Accessories, and their goods are carried in stock by all of the reliable dealers in this country. We now have two of our territories open and are looking for real salesmen to represent us in each of them. These men must be willing to travel; used to hard work; and above all, they must come to us with successful records of sales for others. If they are made of the right stuff we are prepared to offer them a proposition on either salary or commission basis that will bring these men big earnings. We prefer, of course, men experienced in selling Automobile Accessories, but we will not turn down a real salesman, even though he lacks this experience. Apply Benford Auto Products Inc., Pearl St., near South, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMEN
FOR
SPECIAL WORK.
The Export Manufacturers of U. S., Inc., 140 Broadway, N. Y., require several energetic men capable of placing before manufacturers, wholesalers and other concerns The Export Register, adirectory of export commission houses of the United States; to the proper men we offer exclusive sales arrangements and commission sufficiently large to permit a wide margin of profit; men who are conversant with the selling of directories and books are offered an exceptional money-making proposition. D 421 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced in sale of patent medicines, toilet articles, fancy goods, sundries, perfumes, cigars or drug store merchandise; will also consider capable salesman in other lines; good salary and commission, opportunities. Apply any day, between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., to Employment Department Liggett - Riker - Hegeman's Drug Stores, 151 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—COLLIER'S NATIONAL WEEKLY WANTS A FEW MORE CLEAN CUT EDUCATED YOUNG MEN ABOUT 25 YEARS OLD TO CALL ON HOMES AND OFFICES AND TAKE ORDERS FOR THEIR PHOTOGRAPHIC HISTORY OF THE WAR; 500 VIEWS GIVEN WITH A SUBSCRIPTION TO COLLIER'S; BIG COMMISSION; OUR DEMONSTRATOR WILL TAKE YOU OUT AND SHOW YOU HOW TO EARN $10 OR MORE EVERY DAY. 244 5TH AVENUE, 9TH FLOOR.

SALES MANAGER with knowledge of advertising; must have organizing ability; full opportunity to apply constructive ideas; able to go on road to increase sales and find new dealers; knowledge of stoves and furnaces desirable, but not necessary; salary will grow as fast as you do; sell yourself by letter; state age, experience, education, married or single, and all details. Address P. O. Box 1592 Philadelphia, Penn.

SALESMAN, or salesmanager, for New York office by a recognized general amusement weekly; one who can be developed into director of staff of advertising solicitors; must prove high sales record of advertising ability that makes other salesmen respond and produce; experience and executive ability absolutely essential; state salary and age. F 40 Times.

SALESMAN.—Representative of large Western corporation wants a high-class salesman for exclusive Eastern territory in connection with sale of its business courses; excellent opportunity for specialty man or one who has made good with high-priced encyclopedia or books; not a book proposition; good for $100-$175 weekly to right man; commission only. F 84 Times.

SALESMAN to represent an old house to the retail drug trade; must have experience in the metropolitan district and good reference; good salary to the right man. M 504 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, one who has had experience silk piece goods dyer; excellent opportunity for a man of proven ability; commission or salary. Write M. K., Room 1401, 299 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Cotton goods firm wants experienced salesmen to call on retail trade in New York, New England, Middle West, and South; commission basis. Z 111 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in commercial stationery lines, for builder; give age, experience, and where employed. J 406 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced motor truck salesman for Newark territory; good references required; commission. Sterling Motor Truck Co., 48 Orange St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, for high-class beaded embroidery; good wages and commission; steady position assured for right man. Berstein, 108 West 23d St.

SALESMAN, experienced on leather goods, wanted for New York City and State; commission basis or salary. Royal Empire Leather Goods Co., 67 Greene St., New York.

SALESMEN.—SALESMEN—Shirts; good retail following; South and West; high-class silk house; commission basis. Address confidential, Z 90 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—First-class furnishing salesmen; steel hires; no others need apply; good salary. Joseph Hilton, 334 5th Av.

SALESMEN for most reliable motor truck on market, co-operation to close sales; liberal commission. 261 Broadway, Room 402.

SECURITY SALESMEN.—WE HAVE IMMEDIATE OPENING FOR TWO ACTIVE SALESMEN IN NEWARK; MUST HAVE CHARACTER, INITIATIVE, ABILITY TO RECOGNIZE OPPORTUNITY AND MERIT WILL BRING SUBSTANTIAL PROMOTION WITH OLD-ESTABLISHED NEW YORK BANKING HOUSE. ADMISSION BY INTERVIEW BY APPOINTMENT. B 320 TIMES.

SERVANT Wanted.—Japanese, capable of cooking and taking care of five-room apartment; family of three; must furnish best of references; excellent salary and good home for one who can qualify. Z 10 Times Annex.

SEWING MACHINE adjuster, experienced on Singer and Wheeler & Wilson power sewing machines used on leather; steady work with advancement; state experience and salary expected start. N 565 Times Downtown.

SHEET IRON WORKERS.—Several wanted; competent, experienced men; steady positions; good pay. Apply New York Engineering Co., foot of Babcock Pl., Yonkers, N. Y.

SHIPPING ROOM ASSISTANTS.—Wholesale house; boys who want to connect with good house; must be workers; good salary and bonus paid. National Whalebone Co., 25 West 45th St., New York.

SHIPPING CLERK.—EXPERIENCED FOR DRESS MANUFACTURING CONCERN; ONE WITH ABILITY TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF SHIPPING DEPARTMENT. BOX B. J. 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Experienced young man for shipping department of advertising agency; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary $15 to $18. Call or write Room 1005, 79 Fifth Av.

SHIPPING CLERK WANTED AT ONCE. GOLDBURG FURNITURE & CARPET CO., 163D ST. AND 3D AV.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, not afraid of work; must come well recommended. The Beebe-Howes Co., 74 Leonard St.

SHOE SALESMEN.

A large Women's Retail Specialty House requires the services of experienced

SHOE SALESMEN.

Young, snappy men of good address and appearance are preferred; proper qualifications can command excellent wages besides commission on sales and opportunities for quick advancement. Reply, giving previous experience.

T 182 Times.

SHOW CARD WRITERS.
Permanent positions in the biggest show card house in the world; we want experienced men; no slackers; no amateurs; bring samples to Binger Co., Binger Bldg., 43 West 13th St. Ask for Mr. Beck.

SOLICITOR to sell language courses; must have personality, aggressive, to call on business people; salary and commission. Ask for Mr. Gureff, Cortina Academy, 12 East 46th St.

STENOGRAPHERS

for machinery company in Brooklyn; Christian firm. Apply by letter, stating salary and references,

J. W. THOMAS,
P. O. BOX 269, BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED. — SPANISH, (AMERICAN,) BY LACE IMPORTING AND EXPORTING HOUSE; ABLE TO TAKE DICTATION IN ENGLISH AND TRANSLATE INTO SPANISH; GOOD TYPIST. COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE; SALARY ABOUT $20; SPECIFY AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE. WRITE S. A., 104 EAST 14TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER. — Bright young man, about 20, experienced in export business preferred. Address with full particulars D 562 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist to act as assistant in credit department of a manufacturing concern, preferably between 20 and 25 years of age; state experience and salary expected. Box 50, 1619 St. James Bldg.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Progressive, high-grade investment house desires the services of a gentleman with ability, able to present proposition of the highest type, now paying dividends; applicant must be live wire, able to make upwards of $10,000 per year; leads furnished; salary and commission. E 715 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN; telephone experience required but not essential; commission basis only; good leads furnished. Apply Room 1201, 347 5th Av.

STOCK SALESMEN, with telephone experience; live leads furnished; salary and commission. Apply 132 Nassau St., Room 1222.

SUPERINTENDENT wanted, active, for large ladies' hat factory; good position for right party. E. Elger & Bros., 593 Broadway.

TYPIST.

EXPERIENCED, RAPID UNDERWOOD OPERATOR IN THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT OF A LARGE ORGANIZATION; HOURS 8:30 TO 5, SATURDAYS 12; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; STATE FULL PARTICULARS AND SALARY DESIRED. ADDRESS T. L. W., P. O. BOX 780, CITY HALL STATION.

WATCHMAN, night. Call Monday morning with references, Central Park Riding Academy, 934 7th Av.

WATCHMAN, night, accustomed to switchboard and janitor service; references. Woman's Club, 133 West 40th St.

WINDOW DRESSERS.—Windows used for photographing varieties and merchandise; trimmer who has initiative and creative ability will find a good position with excellent future. Apply before 11 A. M., Mr. Cosgrave, the Binger Co., 43 West 13th St.

WINDOW DRESSER
for exclusive clothing;
best only need apply.
MOE LEVY & SON,
119 WALKER ST.

X-RAY DENTAL OPERATOR WANTED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. F 96 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, must have glove experience, to sell house trade on floor of large wholesale glove house; exceptional opportunity for a bright youth who wishes to advance himself; state age, salary expected, experience, and references; steady position. J 340 Times.

YOUNG MEN, BETWEEN THE AGES OF 16 AND 20, AS PAGES IN THEATRE ENTERPRISE; PERMANENT POSITIONS, GOOD PAY, AND EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR BRIGHT BOYS OF GOOD CHARACTER AND REFINEMENT. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, TO T. M., BOX 90, ROOM 1201, 228 WEST 42D ST.

YOUNG MAN
FOR STOCK ROOM WORK.
MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING HARDWARE AND TOOLS.
AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO.,
5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

YOUNG MEN, 16 to 25, who desire positions leading to supervisory work and offering advancement to $1,500 a year. Apply to Western Union, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., near Canal and Broadway.

YOUNG MAN,
Large wholesale house wants the services of a bright young man to take charge of mailing department; one with some knowledge of advertising preferred; good future; give full particulars as to age, experience and salary expected in first letter. J. B., 374 Times.

YOUNG MEN,
We are looking for 2 or 3 young men to learn our business; no experience necessary; good prospects for future; $12 start; state age and particulars. B. J., 373 Times.

YOUNG MAN as clerk in a manufacturing concern, one with some experience in handling and packing stationery preferred; must be good penman and reckoner; state experience and salary expected. Address E 753 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 16 or 17 years of age, in the shipping and stock room of a manufacturing concern; one who will make himself generally useful; state salary expected, experience, if any. 751 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to learn power sewing machine adjusting; opportunity to learn; steady position, with advancement; one with some experience preferred; state age, experience, starting salary desired. N 563 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, STRONG, LIGHT PORTER WORK, MAKE HIMSELF GENERALLY USEFUL IN STOCK DEPARTMENT LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; PERMANENT POSITION. CAMPBELL-METZGER-JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

YOUNG MEN, (2,) to make themselves generally useful in the New York office of large Western dry goods jobbing house; good opportunity to learn. Apply Room 903, 377 Broadway.

YOUNG BOY wanted, about 15 or 16, for office work; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary to begin with. N 502 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly experienced in accounts, to take complete charge of books of manufacturing concern; Christian firm; write full qualifications and salary expected. D 580 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN,
about 17 years, to assist in stock of woolen house; no experience necessary; $12 week start. Stock Clerk, P. O. Box 24, Station A, New York City.

YOUNG MAN to learn the commercial stationery business; rapid advancement; state age and present or former employer. Y. M., 475 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced only, selling silks to large retail trade; salary or commission; state full particulars. R. F., 281 Times.

YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS OFFICE AND ROUTINE FACTORY WORK; GOOD POSITION. J. M. JACOBS & CO., 131 EAST 23D ST.

YOUNG MAN for shipping and delivery; must be well recommended; state age, salary, and experience. Apply to Garfunkel & Gerth, 14th floor, 7 West 45th St.

YOUNG MAN, quick and accurate at figures, general office work; state experience. Box 294 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN about 17 for general office work; stenographer preferred. Address Y 1221 Times, Bronx.

Instruction.

ARE YOU IN THE RIGHT POSITION?
Thousands are in wrong positions. They do not know their capabilities. A vocational analysis will determine your qualifications and the vocation in which you will achieve greatest success. Our staff will gladly explain details to those desirous of solving their vocational problems. Booklet "K" sent on request. Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., (at 15th St.,) N. Y. Tel. Chelsea 4054.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN.—Big demand; we train you by mail for high-salaried hotel position; get twenty years' experience in few months; quick advancement, big pay; fine living, interesting work, exceptional opportunities; send for free book today. Lewis Hotel Training School, 39 Mather Building, Washington, D. C.

Business Preparation, Penmanship, Spelling, Business Arithmetic, Composition, Bookkeeping, Stenography for young men. Small classes; expert teachers; nominal fees. Send for prospectus. Y. M. H. A. Evening School, 92d St. and Lexington Av. Phone 828 Lenox

GET A BETTER POSITION
by learning to operate Burroughs bookkeeping or calculating machines; positions pay well; short course; day and evening classes. Burroughs School for Operators, 51 Chambers St., opposite City Hall.

$25
This Week Pays for Short Course Stenography and Typewriting; 35th Year; Day or Night; Full Term; Position Guaranteed. Telegraphy. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

POSITION GUARANTEED.
$25 This Week, Day or Night, Pays for Complete Short Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

ACCOUNTANCY CLASSES
now forming, day or early evening sessions; write for informative booklet "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ENGLISH grammar, evening classes. Blanchard School, 44 West 50th. Phone 2621 Circle

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

Learn motion picture and studio photography; earn $35 to $200 weekly; day, evening; easy payments. Brumel, 1,269 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Bank, commercial, $22, $25, $40; clerk, shipping, wholesale grocery experience, $25; stenographers, $100, with Spanish, $40; factory manager, Asia metal office furniture, $5,000 and expenses; factory manager, South American hosiery mill, salary and commission. Associated Services Agency, 1,482 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ABBOTT-DETROIT for sale; snappy six-cylinder runabout; wire wheels; newly painted; slip covers; five new tires. J. K., Room 503, 74 Broadway.

ALEXANDER G. HARRIS.
The Most Talked of Car of the Day.
C A D I L L A C.
I have to offer for immediate delivery:
Series 57, 4-Passenger.
Series 57, 4-Passenger, Westinghouse Springs.
Series 57, 7-Passenger Touring.
Series 57, Victoria Coupe.
Series 57, Town Car, Velour Upholstery.
Series 57, Touring Sedan.
Also 1918 NASH Sedan, almost new.
1,700 Broadway. Phone Circle 1582.

AUTO BARGAINS.
Fiat 1918 Brougham. | National Sedan, 1919
Hudson run., 1917. | Davis tour., 1917.
Chalmers run., 1917. | Mitchell tour., 1917.
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ZENITH MOTOR CO., 808 7TH AV.

AUTOS; THE BEST IN N. Y.
Fair and honest prices! No profiteering! Tires in great variety; prices low! Biggest house of its kind anywhere.
Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway. Established 1899.

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CADILLAC 1919, 4-pass., wire wheels.
PACKARD 2-25 Sedan; like new.
CADILLAC 1910 VICTORIA, wire wheels.
PEERLESS 1918 SEDAN, elegant condition.
SIMPLEX LIMOUSINE, practically new.
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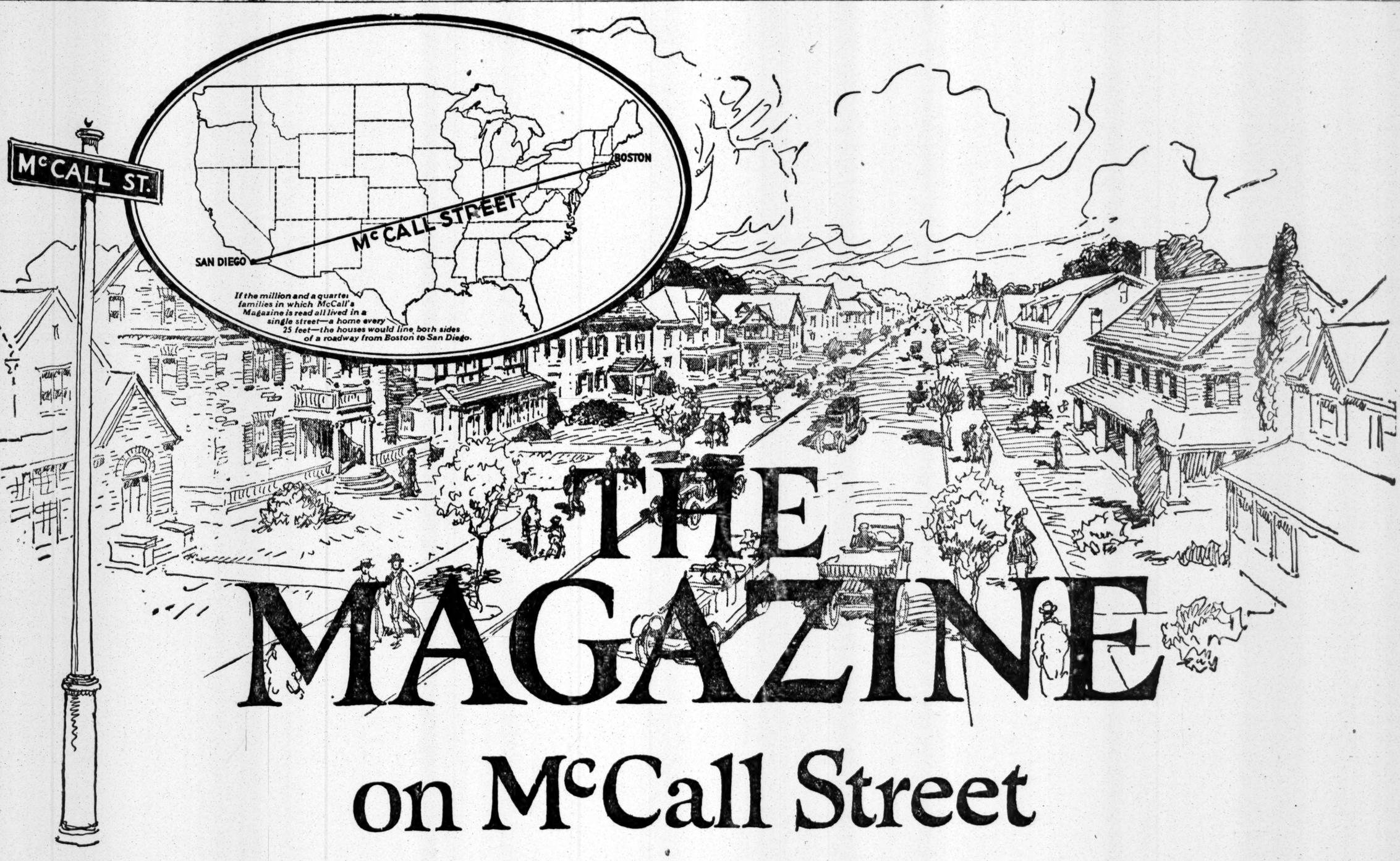
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McCALL STREET
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McCall's is THE magazine in one million, three hundred thousand American homes.

The people in these homes live on the street we call McCall Street—the street which, with a house every 25 feet, would sweep across the continent, from Boston to San Diego.

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Lillian M. Gunn, Instructor in Foods and Cookery at Columbia University, offers to housewives of McCall Street the advice of a practical housewife and scientific authority.

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